



SEATTLE CITY COUNCIL

Legislative Summary

CB 118893

Record No.: CB 118893

Type: Ordinance (Ord)

Status: Passed

Version: 2

Ord. no: Ord 125272

In Control: City Clerk

File Created: 12/05/2016

Final Action: 03/10/2017

Title: AN ORDINANCE relating to land use and zoning; amending Sections 3.58.040, 3.58.060, 23.22.062, 23.24.040, 23.24.045, 23.40.002, 23.41.004, 23.41.012, 23.41.014, 23.44.010, 23.44.012, 23.44.014, 23.44.016, 23.44.022, 23.45.510, 23.45.512, 23.45.514, 23.45.518, 23.45.524, 23.45.528, 23.45.536, 23.45.570, 23.47A.004, 23.47A.005, 23.47A.008, 23.47A.009, 23.47A.012, 23.47A.016, 23.47A.022, 23.48.020, 23.48.025, 23.48.085, 23.48.220, 23.48.245, 23.48.420, 23.49.008, 23.49.011, 23.49.015, 23.49.019, 23.49.028, 23.49.058, 23.49.164, 23.50.020, 23.53.006, 23.53.015, 23.53.030, 23.54.015, 23.54.030, 23.54.040, 23.55.014, 23.55.015, 23.55.020, 23.66.140, 23.66.338, 23.71.044, 23.73.008, 23.73.009, 23.73.014, 23.73.015, 23.76.004, 23.76.006, 23.76.060, 23.84A.024, 23.84A.032, 23.84A.036, 23.84A.038, 23.86.006, 23.86.007, 23.86.028, and 25.11.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code; and repealing Section 22.202.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code, to correct typographical errors, correct section references, clarify regulations, and make minor amendments.

Date

Notes:

Filed with City Clerk:

Mayor's Signature:

Vetoed by Mayor:

Veto Overridden:

Veto Sustained:

Sponsors: Johnson

Attachments: Full Text: CB 118893 v2

Drafter: bonita.chinn@seattle.gov

Filing Requirements/Dept Action:

History of Legislative File

Legal Notice Published:

☐ Yes

☐ No

Ver- sion:	Acting Body:	Date:	Action:	Sent To:	Due Date:	Return Date:	Result:
1	Mayor	12/27/2016	Mayor's leg transmitted to Council	City Clerk			
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was Mayor's leg transmitted to Council. to the City Clerk Notes:							

- 1 City Clerk 12/27/2016 sent for review Council President's Office
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was sent for review. to the Council President's Office
Notes:
- 1 Council President's Office 01/04/2017 sent for review Planning, Land Use, and Zoning Committee
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was sent for review. to the Planning, Land Use, and Zoning Committee
Notes:
- 1 Full Council 01/17/2017 referred Planning, Land Use, and Zoning Committee
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was referred. to the Planning, Land Use, and Zoning Committee
Notes:
- 1 Planning, Land Use, and Zoning Committee 01/19/2017 discussed
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was discussed.
Notes:
- 1 Planning, Land Use, and Zoning Committee 02/07/2017 discussed
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was discussed in Committee.
Notes:
- 1 Planning, Land Use, and Zoning Committee 02/24/2017 pass as amended Pass
Action Text: The Committee recommends that Full Council pass as amended the Council Bill (CB).
Notes:
In Favor: 2 Chair Johnson, Member Herbold
Opposed: 0
- 2 Full Council 03/06/2017 passed Pass
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was passed by the following vote, and the President signed the Bill:
In Favor: 8 Councilmember Bagshaw, Councilmember Burgess, Councilmember González , Councilmember Herbold, Councilmember Johnson, Councilmember Juarez, Councilmember O'Brien, Councilmember Sawant
Opposed: 0
- 2 City Clerk 03/07/2017 submitted for Mayor's signature Mayor
- 2 Mayor 03/10/2017 Signed
- 2 Mayor 03/10/2017 returned City Clerk
- 2 City Clerk 03/10/2017 attested by City Clerk
Action Text: The Ordinance (Ord) was attested by City Clerk.
Notes:
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CITY OF SEATTLE
ORDINANCE 125272
COUNCIL BILL 118893

AN ORDINANCE relating to land use and zoning; amending Sections 3.58.040, 3.58.060, 23.22.062, 23.24.040, 23.24.045, 23.40.002, 23.41.004, 23.41.012, 23.41.014, 23.44.010, 23.44.012, 23.44.014, 23.44.016, 23.44.022, 23.45.510, 23.45.512, 23.45.514, 23.45.518, 23.45.524, 23.45.528, 23.45.536, 23.45.570, 23.47A.004, 23.47A.005, 23.47A.008, 23.47A.009, 23.47A.012, 23.47A.016, 23.47A.022, 23.48.020, 23.48.025, 23.48.085, 23.48.220, 23.48.245, 23.48.420, 23.49.008, 23.49.011, 23.49.015, 23.49.019, 23.49.028, 23.49.058, 23.49.164, 23.50.020, 23.53.006, 23.53.015, 23.53.030, 23.54.015, 23.54.030, 23.54.040, 23.55.014, 23.55.015, 23.55.020, 23.66.140, 23.66.338, 23.71.044, 23.73.008, 23.73.009, 23.73.014, 23.73.015, 23.76.004, 23.76.006, 23.76.060, 23.84A.024, 23.84A.032, 23.84A.036, 23.84A.038, 23.86.006, 23.86.007, 23.86.028, and 25.11.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code; and repealing Section 22.202.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code, to correct typographical errors, correct section references, clarify regulations, and make minor amendments.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Section 3.58.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 120479, is amended as follows:

3.58.040 Term of office; recusal ((-))

A. Each member shall serve for a term of two ~~((2))~~ years, with ~~((the term of office staggered so that the terms of one third (1/3) of the members shall expire each year))~~ four members' terms ending in one year and five members' terms ending in the next consecutive year. Members are eligible for reappointment to one additional two-year term. A person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term. ~~((Any member of the Commission may be appointed to succeed himself or herself.))~~ The membership of the Commission shall not be limited to residents of the City or residents of the state.

B. No member of the Commission, during his or her term of office and for six ~~((6))~~ months thereafter, shall be individually eligible for employment by, or to contract with, the

1 City in connection with any capital improvement project reviewed by this Commission, and
2 no member shall be involved in such capital improvement project work during such time. If a
3 member's employer, or a firm in which a member is a partner or has an ownership interest, is
4 under contract or under consideration for a contract with the City during his or her term of
5 office, the member shall divulge this information in a meeting of the Commission, and shall
6 recuse himself or herself from any and all deliberations regarding such project until project
7 completion or until the member's employer or firm is no longer under consideration for
8 contract on such project.

9 Section 2. Section 3.58.060 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
10 96977, is amended as follows:

11 **3.58.060 Organization—Quorum—Support staff ((:))**

12 The Chairman of the Commission shall be designated by the Mayor, subject to
13 confirmation by the City Council, to serve ~~((from October 1st of each year))~~ for a period of
14 one ~~((+1))~~ year. The Commission shall elect ~~((such))~~ other officers as it may deem necessary
15 and shall adopt ~~((such))~~ administrative procedures as ~~((are))~~ required to accomplish the
16 purposes of this ~~((chapter))~~ Chapter 3.58. Five ~~((5))~~ appointive members shall constitute a
17 quorum. ~~((Transactions))~~ Actions constituting Commission recommendations ~~((must))~~ shall
18 secure the approval of the majority of those present. The City shall provide appropriate staff,
19 and one ~~((+1))~~ staff representative ~~((of which))~~ shall serve as Executive Secretary of the
20 Commission and be responsible for all records. ~~((He))~~ The Executive Secretary of the
21 Commission shall prepare and distribute agenda for Commission meetings. ~~((He))~~ The
22 Executive Secretary of the Commission shall advise and arrange for ~~((such))~~ compensation
23 and reimbursement of expenses as may be authorized.

Section 3. Section 22.202.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 124945, is repealed:

((22.202.070 Transfers

~~Monies deposited in the accounts established in Sections 22.202.050 and 22.202.060 may be transferred by ordinance to other funds for purposes other than purposes listed in Sections 22.202.050 and 22.202.060.))~~

Section 4. Section 23.22.062 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124475, is amended as follows:

23.22.062 Unit lot subdivisions

A. The provisions of this Section 23.22.062 apply exclusively to the unit subdivision of land for residential development including single-family dwelling units, townhouse, rowhouse, and cottage housing developments, and existing apartment structures built prior to January 1, 2013, but not individual apartment units, in all zones in which these uses are permitted, or any combination of the above types of residential development as permitted in the applicable zones.

* * *

Section 5. Section 23.24.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124378, is amended as follows:

23.24.040 Criteria for approval

A. The Director shall, after conferring with appropriate officials, use the following criteria to determine whether to grant, condition, or deny a short plat:

1. Conformance to the applicable Land Use Code provisions, as modified by this ~~((chapter))~~ Chapter 23.24;

2. Adequacy of access for pedestrians, vehicles, utilities, and fire protection as provided in Section 23.53.005, Access to lots, and Section 23.53.006, Pedestrian access and circulation;

3. Adequacy of drainage, water supply, and sanitary sewage disposal;

4. Whether the public use and interests are served by permitting the proposed division of land;

5. Conformance to the applicable provisions of Section 25.09.240, Short subdivisions and subdivisions, in environmentally critical areas;

6. Whether the proposed division of land is designed to maximize the retention of existing trees;

7. Conformance to the provisions of Section 23.24.045, Unit lot subdivisions, when the short subdivision is for the purpose of creating separate lots of record for the construction and/or transfer of title of single-family dwelling units, townhouse, rowhouse, and cottage housing developments, ~~((as permitted in Single-Family, Residential Small Lot, and Lowrise zones, and for single-family dwelling units in Lowrise zones,))~~ existing apartment structures built prior to January 1, 2013, but not individual apartment units, or any combination of the above types of residential development, as permitted in the applicable zones; and ((;))

~~8. ((Conformance to the provisions of Section 23.24.046, Multiple single-family dwelling units on a single-family lot, when the short subdivision is for the purpose of creating two or more lots from one lot with more than one existing single-family dwelling unit.~~

1 9.)) Every lot except unit lots and lots proposed to be platted for individual
2 live-work units in zones where live-work units are permitted, shall conform to the following
3 standards for lot configuration, unless a special exception is authorized under subsection
4 23.24.040.B:

5 a. If a lot is proposed with street frontage, then one lot line shall abut
6 the street for at least 10 feet; and

7 b. No lot shall be less than 10 feet wide for a distance of more than 10
8 feet as measured at any point; and

9 c. No proposed lot shall have more than six separate lot lines. The lot
10 lines shall be straight lines, unless the irregularly shaped lot line is caused by an existing right-
11 of-way or an existing lot line; and

12 d. If the property proposed for subdivision is adjacent to an alley, and
13 the adjacent alley is either improved or required to be improved according to the standards of
14 Section 23.53.030, then no new lot shall be proposed that does not provide alley access,
15 except that access from a street to an existing use or structure is not required to be changed to
16 alley access. Proposed new lots shall either have sufficient frontage on the alley to meet
17 access standards for the zone in which the property is located or provide an access easement
18 from the proposed new lot or lots to the alley that meets access standards for the zone in
19 which the property is located.

20 B. Special Exception. The Director may modify the standards of subsection
21 ((23.24.040.A.9)) 23.24.040.A.8, as a Type II special exception decision, if the applicant
22 demonstrates that the proposed plat meets the following criteria:

1. The property has one of the following conditions not created by the applicant:

a. Natural topographic features or natural obstructions prevent the platting of one or more lots according to the standards of subsection ((23.24.040.A.9)) 23.24.040.A.8;

b. Location of existing principal structures that are retained on lots existing prior to the proposed platting require a platting configuration of one or more lots that cannot reasonably meet the standards of subsection ((23.24.040.A.9)) 23.24.040.A.8;

c. Location of existing easements or feasibility of access to portions of the property prevents the configuration of proposed plat lines that meet the standards of subsection ((23.24.040.A.9)) 23.24.040.A.8.

2. Modification of the standards of subsection ((~~23.24.040.A.9~~)) 23.24.040.A.8 shall be the minimum necessary to allow platting of lots that each contain a building area for development meeting the development standards of the zone in which the proposed plat is located.

3. Lots created under the special exception standards of this subsection 23.24.040.B shall not have a configuration that requires a variance from setbacks and yard requirements of the Land Use Code or a variance or exception from the Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas for any development that may be proposed on the lots.

* * *

Section 6. Section 23.24.045 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124475, is amended as follows:

23.24.045 Unit lot subdivisions

1 A. The provisions of this Section 23.24.045 apply exclusively to the unit subdivision of land
2 for residential development including single-family dwelling units, townhouse, rowhouse, and
3 cottage housing developments, and existing apartment structures built prior to January 1,
4 2013, but not individual apartment units, in all zones in which these uses are permitted, or any
5 combination of the above types of residential development as permitted in the applicable
6 zones.

7 * * *

8 Section 7. Section 23.40.002 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
9 Ordinance 123649, is amended as follows:

10 **23.40.002 Conformity with regulations required**

11 A. The establishment or change of use of any structures, buildings or premises, or any
12 part thereof, requires approval according to the procedures set forth in Chapter 23.76,
13 Procedures for Master Use Permits and Council Land Use Decisions, except:

14 1. establishment of an urban farm ((;)) or community garden that does not
15 include major marijuana activity as defined in Section 23.84A.025, that is permitted outright
16 under the provisions of this Title 23 applicable to the lot;

17 2. as permitted in subsections 23.47A.004.E and 23.47A.004.F;

18 3. keeping of animals as permitted under Section 23.42.052;

19 4. reinstatement of a use interrupted by a temporary use authorized pursuant to
20 Section 23.42.040; and

21 5. for uses located entirely within public rights-of-way.

22 * * *

Section 8. Section 23.41.004 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 125163, is amended as follows:

23.41.004 Applicability

A. Design review required

1. Design review is required for any new multifamily, commercial, or industrial development proposal that exceeds one of the following thresholds in Table A for 23.41.004:

Table A for 23.41.004 Thresholds for Design Review		
	Zone	Threshold
a.	Lowrise 2 (LR2) and Lowrise 3 (LR3)	8 dwelling units or 4,000 square feet of non-residential gross floor area
b.	Midrise (MR)	20 dwelling units or 4,000 square feet of non-residential gross floor area
c.	Highrise (HR)	20 dwelling units or 4,000 square feet of non-residential gross floor area
d.	Neighborhood Commercial (NC1, NC2, NC3)	4 dwelling units or 4,000 square feet of non-residential gross floor area
e.	Commercial (C1, C2)	4 dwelling units or 12,000 square feet of non-residential gross floor area, located on a lot in an urban center or urban village ¹ , or on a lot that abuts or is across a street or alley from a lot zoned single-family, or on a lot located in the area bounded by: NE 95th St., NE 145th St., 15th Ave. NE, and Lake Washington
f.	Seattle Mixed (SM)	20 dwelling units or 12,000 square feet of non-residential gross floor area
g.	Industrial Commercial (IC) zone within all designated urban villages and urban centers	12,000 square feet of non-residential gross floor area
h.	Master Planned Community (MPC) ²	20 dwelling units or 12,000 square feet of non-residential gross floor area
i.	All zones – congregate residences, and residential uses in which more than 50 percent of dwelling units are small efficiency dwelling units ³	Developments containing at least 5,000 but less than 12,000 square feet of gross floor area are subject to Streamlined Design Review (SDR) pursuant to Section

Table A for 23.41.004
Thresholds for Design Review

	23.41.018. Developments containing at least 12,000 but less than 20,000 square feet of gross floor area are subject to Administrative Design Review (ADR) pursuant to Section 23.41.016. Developments containing 20,000 square feet or more of gross floor area are subject to Design Review pursuant to Chapter 23.41.
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Footnotes to Table A for 23.41.004 ((:))

¹ Urban centers and urban villages are identified in the Seattle Comprehensive Plan.

² If an application in a Master Planned Community zone does not include a request for departures, the applicable design review procedures are in Section 23.41.020. If an application in a Master Planned Community zone includes a request for departures, then the applicable design review procedures are in Section 23.41.014.

³ When a congregate residence or development in which more than 50 percent of dwelling units are small efficiency dwelling units is subject to more than one design review threshold, the gross square footage threshold on line i shall apply.

1 2. Design review is required for all new Major Institution development
2 proposals that exceed any applicable threshold listed in this subsection 23.41.004.A, unless
3 the structure is located within a Major Institution Overlay (MIO) district.

4 3. Design review is required for all new development proposals located in the
5 Downtown zones listed in Table B for 23.41.004 that exceed any of the following thresholds
6 in Table B for 23.41.004:

Table B for 23.41.004

Thresholds for Downtown Design Review

DOC1, DOC2, or DMC zones

Use	Threshold
Non-residential	50,000 square feet of gross floor area
Residential	20 dwelling units

DRC, DMR, DH1 or DH2 zones, or PMM zone outside the Pike Place Market Historical District

Use	Threshold
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Table B for 23.41.004 Thresholds for Downtown Design Review	
Non-residential	20,000 square feet of gross floor area
Residential	20 dwelling units

Non-residential	20,000 square feet of gross floor area
Residential	20 dwelling units

1 4. Design review is required for all new development proposals exceeding 120
2 feet in width on any single street frontage in the Stadium Transition Area Overlay District as
3 shown in Map A for 23.74.004, and all new development proposals exceeding 12,000 square
4 feet of non-residential gross floor area and electing to add extra floor area above the base FAR
5 that are located in an IC 85-160 zone.

6 5. Streamlined administrative design review (SDR) to protect trees. As
7 provided in Sections 25.11.070 and 25.11.080, SDR pursuant to Section 23.41.018 is required
8 for any new development proposals in LR, MR, and commercial zones if an exceptional tree,
9 as defined in Section 25.11.020, is located on the lot and is not proposed to be preserved, if
10 design review would not otherwise be required by this subsection 23.41.004.A.

11 6. Design review pursuant to Section 23.41.014 is required for projects that are
12 eligible for design review under any provision of this Section 23.41.004 and that are
13 participating in the Living Building Pilot Program authorized by Section 23.40.060.

14 7. SDR pursuant to Section 23.41.018 is required for all new developments that
15 include at least three townhouse units, if design review is not otherwise required by this
16 subsection 23.41.004.A.

17 ~~((8. Except for development within the boundaries of a Master Planned~~
18 ~~Community, design review pursuant to Section 23.41.014 is required for a development~~
19 ~~proposal if the proposal is (a) for three or more attached or detached dwelling units or 2,000~~
20 ~~square feet or more of non-residential gross floor area; and (b) on a lot that is abutting one or~~
21 ~~more qualifying lots and the combined size of development proposals on the subject lot and~~

~~abutting qualifying lot or lots exceeds thresholds in Table A or Table B to Section 23.41.004.~~

~~For purposes of the preceding sentence, a “qualifying lot” is a lot for which, on the day a complete application is submitted for a development proposal on the subject lot: (a) a complete Master Use Permit or building permit application for a development proposal that does not exceed thresholds in Table A or B to Section 23.41.004 is or has been submitted; and (b) a certificate of occupancy for the development has not been issued or, for a project where no certificate of occupancy is required, the final inspection pursuant to any issued building permit has not been completed. If complete applications for development proposals are submitted for the subject lot and qualifying lot on the same day, design review is required for both development proposals.~~

9.)) 8. Design review pursuant to Section 23.41.014 is required for any project seeking to participate in the Living Building Pilot Program, including a development proposal for an existing structure.

* * *

Section 9. Section 23.41.012 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118854, is amended as follows:

23.41.012 Development standard departures

* * *

B. Departures may be granted from any Land Use Code standard or requirement, except for the following:

1. Procedures;
2. Permitted, prohibited, or conditional use provisions, except that departures may be granted from development standards for required street-level uses;

1 3. Residential density limits;

2 4. In Downtown zones, provisions for exceeding the base FAR or achieving
3 bonus development as provided in Chapter 23.49, Downtown Zoning;

4 5. In Downtown zones, the minimum size for Planned Community
5 Developments as provided in Section 23.49.036;

6 6. In Downtown zones, the average floor area limit for stories in residential use
7 in Table B for 23.49.058;

8 7. In Downtown zones, the provisions for combined lot developments as
9 provided in Section 23.49.041;

10 8. In Downtown Mixed Commercial zones, tower spacing requirements as
11 provided in subsection 23.49.058.F;

12 9. In the Downtown Mixed Commercial 160 zone, minimum floor-to-floor
13 height for street-level uses required as a condition of the additional height allowed by
14 subsection 23.49.008.E;

15 10. Downtown view corridor requirements, provided that departures may be
16 granted to allow open railings on upper-level roof decks or rooftop open space to project into
17 the required view corridor, provided such railings are determined to have a minimal impact on
18 views and meet the requirements of the Building Code;

19 11. In SM-SLU zones, floor area limits for all uses provided in subsections
20 23.48.245.A, 23.48.245.B.1, 23.48.245.B.2, and 23.48.245.B.3, except that departures of up to
21 a five percent increase in floor area limit for each story may be granted for structures with
22 non-residential uses meeting the requirements of subsections 23.48.245.B.1.d.1 and
23 23.48.245.B.1.d.2;

1 12. The provisions of Chapter 23.58A, except that departures may be granted
2 from the requirements of subsections 23.48.021.C.1.b.2, 23.48.021.C.1.b.3.a,
3 23.48.021.C.1.b.4, and 23.48.021.C.1.b.5, if the applicant demonstrates that the amenity to be
4 provided according to Section 23.58A.040 better achieves the intent of the Downtown
5 Amenity Standards for that amenity feature;

6 13. In SM-SLU zones, provisions limiting the number of towers permitted per
7 block provided for in Section 23.48.245;

8 14. In ~~((the))~~ SM-SLU zones, provisions for upper-level setbacks provided for
9 in Section 23.48.245;

10 15. FAR; except that in the Pike/Pine Conservation Overlay District shown on
11 Map A for 23.73.004, departures from the development standards for allowing floor area
12 exemptions from FAR calculations in subsection 23.73.009.C and for retaining a character
13 structure on a lot in Section 23.73.015 are not considered departures from FAR limits;

14 16. Maximum size of use;

15 17. Structure height, except that:

16 a. Within the Roosevelt Commercial Core building height departures up
17 to an additional 3 feet may be granted for properties zoned NC3-65 ~~((;))~~ (Map A for
18 23.41.012, Roosevelt Commercial Core);

19 b. Within the Ballard Municipal Center Master Plan area building
20 height departures may be granted for properties zoned NC3-65 ~~((;))~~ (Map B for 23.41.012,
21 Ballard Municipal Center Master Plan Area). The additional height may not exceed 9 feet, and
22 may be granted only for townhouses that front a mid-block pedestrian connection or a park
23 identified in the Ballard Municipal Center Master Plan;

1 c. In Downtown zones building height departures may be granted for
2 minor communication utilities as set forth in subsection 23.57.013.B;

3 d. Within the Uptown Urban Center building height departures up to 3
4 feet of additional height may be granted if the top floor of the structure is set back at least 6
5 feet from all lot lines abutting streets;

6 e. Within the Queen Anne Residential Urban Village and
7 Neighborhood Commercial zones as shown on Map C for 23.41.012, Upper Queen Anne
8 Commercial Areas, building height departures up to 3 feet of additional height may be granted
9 if the top floor of the structure is set back at least 6 feet from all lot lines abutting streets;

10 f. Within the PSM 85-120 zone in the area shown on Map A for
11 23.49.180, departures may be granted from development standards that apply as conditions to
12 additional height, except for FAR and provisions for adding bonus floor area above the base
13 FAR; and

14 g. Within the Pike/Pine Conservation Overlay District shown on Map A
15 for 23.73.004, departures may be granted from development standards that apply as conditions
16 to additional height in subsections 23.73.014.A and 23.73.014.B, and the provision for
17 receiving sites for TDP in subsection 23.73.024.B.5;

18 18. Quantity of parking required, minimum and maximum parking limits, and
19 minimum and maximum number of drive-in lanes, except that within the Ballard Municipal
20 Center Master Plan area departures may be granted from the minimum parking requirement
21 up to a 30 percent maximum reduction for ground-level retail uses that abut established mid-
22 block pedestrian connections through private property as identified in the “Ballard Municipal
23 Center Master Plan Design Guidelines, 2013”;

- 1 19. Provisions of the Shoreline District, Chapter 23.60A;
- 2 20. Standards for storage of solid-waste containers;
- 3 21. The quantity of open space required for major office projects in Downtown
- 4 zones as provided in subsection 23.49.016.B;
- 5 22. Noise and odor standards;
- 6 23. Standards for the location of access to parking in Downtown zones;
- 7 24. Provisions of Chapter 23.52, Transportation Concurrency and
- 8 Transportation Impact Mitigation;
- 9 25. Provisions of Chapter 23.53, Requirements for Streets, Alleys, and
- 10 Easements, except that departures may be granted from the access easement standards in
- 11 Section 23.53.025;
- 12 26. Affordable housing production conditions within the MPC-YT zone,
- 13 pursuant to Section 23.75.085;
- 14 27. Limits on floor area for uses within the MPC-YT zone, as provided in
- 15 Sections 23.75.085 and 23.75.090 or as applicable under Section 23.75.040;
- 16 28. Limits on number, distribution, and gross floor area per story for highrise
- 17 structures within the MPC-YT zone, as provided in Section 23.75.120 or as applicable under
- 18 Section 23.75.040;
- 19 29. Definitions;
- 20 30. Measurements;
- 21 31. Lot configuration standards in subsections 23.22.100.C.3,
- 22 ((23.24.040.A.9)) 23.24.040.A.8, and 23.28.030.A.3, which may be modified as authorized in
- 23 those provisions;

1 32. Standards for structural building overhangs in Section 23.53.035 and
2 structural encroachments permitted in setbacks provided in lieu of dedication of right-of-way
3 under subsection 23.53.015.D.1.b;

4 33. Within the Pike/Pine Conservation Overlay District shown on Map A for
5 23.73.004, the requirement that all character structures on a lot be retained in order to qualify
6 as a TDP receiving site in subsection 23.73.024.B, the exception allowing additional FAR for
7 non-residential uses in subsection 23.73.009.B, the FAR exemption for residential uses in
8 subsection 23.73.009.C.3, the exception to floor area limits in subsections 23.73.010.B.1 and
9 23.73.010.B.2, the exception for width and depth measurements in subsection 23.73.012.B, or
10 the exception for an additional 10 feet in height as provided for in subsection 23.73.014.B.

11 a. Departures may, however, be granted under the following
12 circumstances:

13 1) The character structure is neither a designated Seattle
14 Landmark nor listed in a rule promulgated by the Director according to Section 23.73.005;
15 and

16 2) The departure is for demolishing a wood-frame character
17 structure originally built as a single-family residence or single-family accessory structure; or

18 3) The departure is for demolishing a character structure that is
19 determined to have insufficient value to warrant retention when the following applies:

20 a) The structure lacks a high degree of architectural
21 integrity as evidenced by extensive irreversible exterior remodeling; or

22 b) The structure does not represent the Pike/Pine
23 neighborhood's building typology that is characterized by the use of exterior materials and

1 design elements such as masonry, brick, and timber; multi-use loft spaces; very high and
2 fully-glazed ground-floor storefront windows; and decorative details including cornices,
3 emblems, and embossed building names; or

4 c) Demolishing the character structure would allow for
5 more substantial retention of other, more significant character structures on the lot, such as a
6 structure listed in a rule promulgated by the Director according to Section 23.73.005; or
7 would allow for other key neighborhood development objectives to be achieved, such as
8 improving pedestrian circulation by providing through-block connections, developing arts and
9 cultural facilities, or siting publicly-accessible open space at key neighborhood locations.

10 b. In addition to the provisions of subsection
11 ((23.41.012.B.32.a)) 23.41.012.B.33.a, the following provisions apply:

12 1) At least one character structure shall be retained on
13 the lot if: subsection 23.73.009.C.3 regarding the FAR exemption for residential uses,
14 subsection 23.73.010.B.2 regarding increases in the floor area limits, subsection 23.73.012.B
15 regarding the exception from width and depth measurements, or subsection 23.73.014.B
16 regarding the exception allowing for an additional 10 feet in height are being used by the
17 development proposal.

18 2) No character structures are required to be retained on
19 the lot if: subsection 23.73.009.B regarding the exception to allow additional FAR for non-
20 residential uses, subsection 23.73.010.B.1 regarding increases in the floor area limits, or
21 Section 23.73.024 for the use of TDP on a lot that is an eligible TDP receiving site under the
22 provisions of subsection 23.73.024.B are the only provisions being used by the development
23 proposal;

1 34. In pedestrian-designated zones, provisions for residential uses at street
2 level, as provided in subsection 23.47A.005.C.1, except that a departure may be granted to
3 allow residential uses at street level to occupy, in the aggregate, no more than 50 percent of
4 the street-level street-facing facade;

5 35. In pedestrian-designated zones, provisions for transparency requirements,
6 as provided in subsection 23.47A.008.B, except that departures may be granted to reduce the
7 required transparency from 60 percent to no less than 40 percent of the street-facing facade;

8 36. In pedestrian-designated zones, provisions for height requirements for
9 floor-to-floor height, as provided in subsection 23.47A.008.B, except that departures to allow
10 a mezzanine with less than the minimum floor-to-floor height may be granted provided that
11 the outer edge of the mezzanine floor is at least 15 feet from the exterior wall facing a
12 principal pedestrian street; ((and))

13 37. The provisions of Chapter 23.58B and Chapter 23.58C((:)) ;

14 38. Area-specific development standards for Lake City, identified in subsection
15 23.47A.009.E, except departures may be requested if the development provides at least one of
16 the following features:

17 a. A usable open space that:

18 1) abuts the street,

19 2) is no more than 4 feet above or 4 feet below the adjacent
20 sidewalk grade,

21 3) has a minimum width equal to 30 percent of the width of the
22 street-facing facade or 20 feet, whichever is greater, and

4) has a minimum depth of 20 feet measured from the abutting street lot line.

b. An east-west through-block pedestrian passageway that:

1) has a minimum width of 20 feet and provides direct and continuous passage between the north/south rights-of-way abutting the lot; and

2) is designed to provide safe pedestrian use, including signage
identifying the passageway; and

39. For lots 40,000 square feet or greater in size, area-specific development standards for Ballard identified in subsections 23.47A.009.F.2, 23.47A.009.F.3, and 23.47A.009.F.4.b, except that departures may be requested if the development provides at least one of the following features:

a. A usable open space that:

1) abuts the street,

2) is no more than 4 feet above or 4 feet below the adjacent sidewalk grade,

3) has a minimum width equal to 30 percent of the width of the street-facing facade or 20 feet, whichever is greater, and

4) has a minimum depth of 20 feet measured from all street lot lines.

b. A separation between structures that:

1) has a minimum east-west dimension width of 20 feet,

grades, and 2) is no more than 4 feet above or below the adjacent sidewalk

1 3) is either developed as:

2 a) a north-south through block pedestrian passageway;

3 b) a woonerf;

4 c) an amenity area that is available for public use and not
5 counting towards the minimum requirement of 23.47A.024; or

6 d) a combination thereof.

7 * * *

8 Section 10. Section 23.41.014 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
9 Ordinance 123392, is amended as follows:

10 **23.41.014 Design review process**

11 * * *

12 C. Guidelines ~~((Priorities.))~~ priorities

13 1. Based on the concerns expressed at the early design guidance public meeting
14 or in writing to the Design Review Board, ~~((the Board shall identify any guidelines that may~~
15 ~~not be applicable to the site and identify those))~~ the applicable guidelines of highest priority to
16 the neighborhood, referred to as the “guideline priorities,” shall be identified. The Board shall
17 incorporate any community consensus regarding design ~~((;))~~ expressed at the meeting into its
18 guideline priorities, to the extent the consensus is consistent with the design guidelines and
19 reasonable in light of the facts of the proposed development.

20 2. The Director shall distribute a copy of the guideline priorities applicable to
21 the development to all those who attended the early design guidance public meeting, to those
22 who sent in comments or otherwise requested notification, and to the project proponent.

3. The project proponent is encouraged to meet with the Board and the public for early resolution of design issues, and may hold additional optional meetings with the public or the Board. The Director may require the proponent to meet with the Board if the Director believes that such a meeting may help to resolve design issues.

* * *

F. Director's ~~((Decision))~~ decision

1. A decision on an application for a permit subject to design review shall be made by the Director. The Director may condition a proposed project to achieve compliance with design guidelines and to achieve the purpose and intent of this ~~((chapter))~~ Chapter 23.41. For applications accepted into the Living Building Pilot Program established under Section 23.40.060, the Director may also condition a proposed project to achieve the purpose and intent of the Living Building Pilot Program.

~~2. ((Projects Subject To Design Review Must Meet All Codes And Regulatory requirements applicable to the subject site, except as provided in Section 23.41.012.~~

~~3.))~~ The Director's design review decision shall be made as part of the overall Master Use Permit decision for the project. The Director's decision shall consider the recommendation of the Design Review Board. Except for projects accepted in the Living Building Pilot Program established in Section 23.40.060, if four or more members of the Design Review Board are in agreement in their recommendation to the Director, the Director shall issue a decision that makes compliance with the recommendation of the Design Review Board a condition of permit approval, unless the Director concludes that the recommendation of the Design Review Board:

a. Reflects inconsistent application of the design review guidelines; or

b. Exceeds the authority of the Design Review Board; or

c. Conflicts with SEPA conditions or other regulatory requirements

applicable to the site; or

d. Conflicts with the requirements of state or federal law.

* * *

Section 11. Section 23.44.010 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

23.44.010 Lot requirements

* * *

B. Exceptions to minimum lot area requirements. The following exceptions to minimum lot area requirements are allowed, subject to the requirements in subsection 23.44.010.B.2, and further subject to the requirements in subsection 23.44.010.B.3 for any lot less than 3,200 square feet in area:

1. A lot that does not satisfy the minimum lot area requirements of its zone may be developed or redeveloped under one of the following circumstances:

a. "The Seventy-Five/Eighty Rule." The Seventy-Five/Eighty Rule exception may be applied to allow separate development of lots already in existence in their current configuration, or new lots resulting from a full subdivision, short subdivision or lot boundary adjustment. In order to qualify for this exception, the lot must have an area at least 75 percent of the minimum required for the zone and also at least 80 percent of the mean area of the lots within the same block front, subject to the following provisions:

* * *

7) New lots created pursuant to subsection 23.44.010.B.1.a shall comply with the following standards:

a) For a lot that is subdivided or short platted, the configuration requirements of subsections 23.22.100.C.3 and ((23.24.040.A.9)) 23.24.040.A.8 or with the modification provisions of subsections 23.22.100.D and 23.24.040.B, as applicable; or

b) For an existing lot that is reconfigured under the provisions of Chapter 23.28, the configuration requirements of subsection 23.28.030.A.3 or with the modification provisions of subsection 23.28.030.A.4.

* * *

d. "The Historic Lot Exception." The historic lot exception may be applied to allow separate development of lots already in existence if the lot has an area of at least 2,500 square feet, and was established as a separate building site in the public records of the county or City prior to July 24, 1957, by deed, platting, or building permit. The qualifying lot shall be subject to the following provisions:

1) A lot is considered to have been established as a separate building site by deed if the lot was held under separate ownership from all abutting lots for at least one year after the date the recorded deed transferred ownership.

2) If two contiguous lots have been held in common ownership at any time after January 18, 1987, and a principal structure extends onto or over both lots, neither lot qualifies for the exception. If the principal structure does not extend onto or over both lots, but both lots were required to meet development standards other than parking requirements in effect at the time the structure was built or expanded, neither lot qualifies for

1 the exception unless the vacant lot is not needed to meet current development standards other
2 than parking requirements. If the combined property fronts on multiple streets, the orientation
3 of the principal structure shall not be considered when determining if it could have been built
4 to the same configuration without using the vacant lot or lots as part of the principal
5 structure's building site.

6 * * *

7 3. Special exception review for lots less than 3,200 square feet in area. A
8 special exception Type II review as provided for in Section 23.76.004 is required for separate
9 development of any lot with an area less than 3,200 square feet that qualifies for any lot area
10 exception in subsection 23.44.010.B.1. The special exception application shall be subject to
11 the following provisions:

12 a. The depth of any structure on the lot shall not exceed two times the
13 width of the lot. If a side yard easement is provided according to subsection 23.44.014.D.3,
14 the portion of the easement within 5 feet of the structure on the lot qualifying under this
15 provision may be treated as a part of that lot solely for the purpose of determining the lot
16 width for purposes of complying with this subsection ((23.44.010.B.2.e)) 23.44.010.B.3.a.

17 * * *

18 D. Lot coverage exceptions

19 1. Lots abutting alleys. For purposes of computing the lot coverage only:

20 a. The area of a lot with an alley or alleys abutting any lot line may be
21 increased by one-half of the width of the abutting alley or alleys.

22 b. The total lot area for any lot may not be increased by the provisions
23 of this Section 23.44.010 by more than ((10)) ten percent.

2. Special structures and portions of structures. The following structures and portions of structures are not counted in lot coverage calculations:

a. Access bridges.

1) Uncovered, unenclosed pedestrian bridges 5 feet or less in width and of any height necessary for access,

2) Uncovered, unenclosed vehicular bridges no wider than 12 feet for access to one parking space or 18 feet for access to two parking spaces and of any height necessary for access;

b. Barrier-free access. Ramps or other access for the disabled or elderly that comply with Washington State Building Code, Chapter 11;

c. Decks. Decks or parts of a deck that are 36 inches or less above existing grade;

d. Freestanding structures and bulkheads. Fences, freestanding walls, bulkheads, signs and other similar structures;

e. Underground structures. An underground structure, or underground portion of a structure;

f. Eaves and gutters. The first 36 inches of eaves and gutters that project from principal and accessory structures;

g. Solar collectors and swimming pools. Solar collectors that comply with Section 23.44.046 and swimming pools that comply with Section 23.44.044.

Section 12. Section 23.44.012 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124475, is amended as follows:

23.44.012 Height limits

A. Maximum height established. The provisions of this Section ((23.42.012))
23.44.012 apply, except as provided elsewhere in the Land Use Code for specific types of
structures or structures in particular locations.

1. Except as provided in subsections 23.44.012.A.2 and 23.44.012.A.3, the
maximum permitted height for any structure not located in a required yard is 30 feet.

* * *

Section 13. Section 23.44.014 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
Ordinance 124952, is amended as follows:

23.44.014 Yards

* * *

D. Exceptions from standard yard requirements. No structure shall be placed in a
required yard except pursuant to the following:

* * *

8. Access ((Bridges)) bridges. Uncovered, unenclosed access bridges are
permitted as follows:

a. ((pedestrian)) Pedestrian bridges 5 feet or less in width, and of any
height necessary for access, are permitted in required yards, except that in side yards an access
bridge must be at least 3 feet from any side lot line.

b. A driveway access bridge is permitted in the required yard abutting
the street if necessary for access to parking. The vehicular access bridge shall be no wider
than 12 feet for access to one parking space or 18 feet for access to two or more parking

spaces and of any height necessary for access. The driveway access bridge may not be located closer than 5 feet to an adjacent property line.

* * *

17. Stormwater management

a. Above-grade green stormwater infrastructure (GSI) features are allowed without yard restrictions if:

- 1) Each above-grade GSI feature is less than 4.5 feet tall, excluding piping;
- 2) Each above-grade GSI feature is less than 4 feet wide; and
- 3) The total storage capacity of all above-grade GSI features is no greater than 600 gallons.

b. Above-grade GSI features larger than what is allowed in subsection 23.44.014.D.17.a are allowed within a required yard if:

- 1) Above-grade GSI features do not exceed ~~((10))~~ ten percent coverage of any one yard area;
- 2) No portion of an above-grade GSI feature is located closer than ~~((2.5))~~ 3 feet from a side lot line;
- 3) No portion of an above-grade GSI feature is located closer than 20 feet from a rear lot line or centerline of an alley abutting the rear lot line; and
- 4) No portion of an above-grade GSI feature is located closer than 15 feet from the front lot line.

* * *

Section 14. Section 23.44.016 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124378, is amended as follows:

23.44.016 Parking and garages

* * *

B. Access to ~~((Parking-))~~ parking

1. Vehicular access to parking from an improved street, alley, or easement is required if parking is required pursuant to Section 23.54.015.

2. Access to parking is permitted through a required yard abutting a street only if the Director determines that one of the following conditions exists:

a. There is no alley improved to the standards of ~~((Section))~~ subsection 23.53.030.C, and there is no unimproved alley in common usage that currently provides access to parking on the lot or to parking on adjacent lots in the same block; or

b. Existing topography does not permit alley access; or

c. ~~((A portion of the alley abuts))~~ At least 50 percent of alley frontage abuts property in a nonresidential zone; or

d. The alley is used for loading or unloading by an existing nonresidential use; or

e. Due to the relationship of the alley to the street system, use of the alley for parking access would create a significant safety hazard; ~~((or))~~

f. Parking access must be from the street in order to provide access to a parking space that complies with the Washington State Building Code, Chapter 11 ~~((or))~~ ; or

g. Providing alley access would require removal of a tree on private property that is an exceptional tree or a tree greater than 2 feet in diameter measured 4.5 feet

1 above the ground, provided that a permanent covenant meeting the standard in subsection
2 25.11.050.C is recorded and all other applicable criteria for tree protection in Chapter 25.11
3 are met.

4 * * *

5 D. Parking and garages in required yards

6 * * *

7 10. Lots with downhill yards abutting streets. Parking, either open or enclosed
8 in an attached or detached garage, for one two-axle or one up to four-wheeled vehicle may be
9 located in a required yard abutting a street if the following conditions are met:

10 a. The existing grade slopes downward from the street lot line that the
11 parking faces;

12 b. For front yard parking, the lot has a vertical drop of at least 20 feet in
13 the first 60 feet, measured along a line from the midpoint of the front lot line to the midpoint
14 of the rear lot line;

15 c. Parking is not permitted in required side yards abutting a street;

16 d. Parking in a rear yard complies with subsections 23.44.016.D.2,
17 23.44.016.D.5, and 23.44.016.D.6; and

18 e. Access to parking is permitted through the required yard abutting the
19 street by subsection 23.44.016.B. ((; and))

20 ~~((f. A driveway access bridge is permitted in the required yard abutting~~
21 ~~the street if necessary for access to parking. The access bridge shall be no wider than 12 feet~~
22 ~~for access to one parking space or 18 feet for access to two or more parking spaces. The~~

1 ~~driveway access bridge may not be located closer than 5 feet to an adjacent property line and~~
2 ~~shall not be included in lot coverage calculations.))~~

3 * * *

4 E. Standards for garages if allowed in required yards. Garages that are either detached
5 structures or portions of a principal structure for the primary purpose of enclosing a two-axle
6 or four-wheeled vehicle may be permitted in required yards according to the following
7 conditions:

8 1. Maximum coverage and size

9 a. Garages, together with any other accessory structures and other
10 portions of the principal structure, are limited to a maximum combined coverage of 40 percent
11 of the required rear yard. In the case of a rear yard abutting an alley, rear yard coverage shall
12 be calculated from the centerline of the alley.

13 b. Garages located in side or rear yards shall not exceed 1,000 square
14 feet in area.

15 c. In front yards, the area of garages is limited to 300 square feet with
16 14-foot maximum width if one space is provided, and 600 square feet with 24-foot maximum
17 width if two spaces are provided. Access driveway bridges permitted under subsection
18 ((23.44.016.D.10.f)) 23.44.014.D.8.b shall not be included in this calculation.

19 * * *

20 3. Separations. Any detached garage located in a required yard, including
21 projecting eaves and gutters, shall be separated from ((its)) a principal structure by a minimum
22 of 5 feet including eaves and gutters of all structures. This requirement does not apply to

terraced garages that comply with subsection 23.44.016.D.9.b ~~((and attached garages permitted in rear yards by subsection 23.44.016.D.5))~~.

4. Roof eaves and gutters of a garage located in a required yard may extend a maximum of 18 inches from the exterior wall of the garage. Such roof eaves and gutters are excluded from the maximum coverage and size limits of subsection 23.44.016.E.1 ~~((and the separation requirements of subsection 23.44.016.E.3, except that all portions of a detached garage, including projecting eaves and gutters, shall be separated by at least 5 feet from all portions of a principal structure, including any eaves and gutters of the principal structure))~~.

* * *

Section 15. Section 23.44.022 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124952, is amended as follows:

23.44.022 Institutions

* * *

D. General ~~((Provisions.))~~ provisions

1. New or expanding institutions in single-family zones shall meet the development standards for uses permitted outright in Sections 23.44.008 through 23.44.016 unless modified elsewhere in this subsection 23.44.022.D or in a Major Institution master plan.

2. The establishment of a child care center in a legally established institution devoted to the care or instruction of children, ~~((which does not))~~ or establishment of a shelter for homeless youths and young adults in a legally established institution devoted to the care or instruction of children, shall not be considered a new use or an expansion of the institutional use if the shelter occupants are enrolled students of the institution and if the use does not

1 violate any condition of approval of the existing institutional use (~~((and does not require~~
2 ~~structural))~~ or require expansion (~~((shall not be considered a new use or an expansion of the~~
3 ~~institutional use))~~ of the existing structure.

4 3. Institutions seeking to establish or expand on property that is developed with
5 residential structures may expand their campus up to a maximum of 2 1/2 acres. An institution
6 campus may be established or expanded beyond 2 1/2 acres if the property proposed for the
7 expansion is substantially vacant land.

8 * * *

9 Section 16. Section 23.45.510 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the
10 ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118914, is amended as follows:

11 **23.45.510 Floor area ratio (FAR) limits**

12 * * *

13 B. FAR limits in LR zones. FAR limits apply in LR zones as shown in Table A for
14 23.45.510, provided that if the LR zone designation includes an incentive zoning suffix, then
15 (~~((the applicant shall comply with Chapter 23.58A, Incentive Provisions, to obtain))~~ gross floor
16 area (~~((exceeding that allowed by the FAR shown in the suffix designation))~~ may exceed the
17 base FAR as identified in the suffix designation, up to the limits shown in Table A for
18 23.45.510, if the applicant complies with Chapter 23.58A, Incentive Provisions. In LR zones
19 the following standards apply to the calculation of gross floor area for application of FAR
20 limits:

21 1. Exterior corridors, breezeways, and stairways that provide building
22 circulation and access to dwelling units or sleeping rooms are included in gross floor area.

2. Balconies, patios, and decks that are associated with a single dwelling unit or sleeping room and that are not used for common circulation, and ground-level walking paths, are excluded from gross floor area.

3. Common walls separating individual rowhouse and townhouse dwelling units are considered to be exterior walls.

* * *

D. FAR limits in MR and HR zones. FAR limits apply to all structures and lots in MR and HR zones as shown in Table B for 23.45.510, provided that if the MR ~~((and))~~ or HR zone ~~((designations include))~~ designation includes an incentive zoning suffix, then ~~((the applicant shall comply with Chapter 23.58A, Incentive Provisions, to obtain))~~ gross floor area ~~((exceeding that allowed by the FAR shown in the suffix designation))~~ may exceed the base FAR as identified in the suffix designation, up to the limits in Table B for 23.45.510, if the applicant complies with Chapter 23.58A, Incentive Provisions.

Table B for 23.45.510

Floor area ratios (FAR) in MR and HR zones¹

	MR	HR
Base FAR	3.2	8 on lots 15,000 square feet or less in size; 7 on lots larger than 15,000 square feet
Maximum FAR, allowed pursuant to Chapter 23.58A and Section 23.45.516	4.25	13 for structures 240 feet or less in height; 14 for structures over 240 feet

Footnotes to Table B for 23.45.510

¹The maximum FAR limit for MR zones with a mandatory housing affordability suffix is shown in subsection 23.48.517.B.2.

* * *

Section 17. Section 23.45.512 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118914, is amended as follows:

23.45.512 Density limits—LR zones

* * *

B. Density exception for certain types of low-income multifamily residential uses

1. The exception in this subsection 23.45.512.B applies to low-income disabled multifamily residential uses, low-income elderly multifamily residential uses, ~~((and))~~ low-income elderly/low-income disabled multifamily residential uses, and other low-income residential uses, operated by a public agency or a private nonprofit corporation, if they do not qualify for the higher FAR limit shown in Table A for 23.45.510.

2. The uses listed in subsection 23.45.512.B.1 shall have a maximum density of one dwelling unit per 400 square feet of lot area if a majority of the dwelling units are designed for and dedicated to tenancies of at least three months, and the dwelling units remain in low-income disabled multifamily residential use, low-income elderly multifamily residential use, ~~((or))~~ low-income elderly/low-income disabled multifamily residential use, or other low-income residential uses, for the life of the structure.

* * *

G. Adding units to existing structures

1. One additional dwelling unit may be added to an existing residential ~~((use))~~ structure regardless of the density restrictions in subsections 23.45.512.A, 23.45.512.B, 23.45.512.C, and 23.45.512.D. An additional unit is allowed only if the proposed additional unit is to be located entirely within an existing structure, and no additional floor area to accommodate the new unit is proposed to be added to the existing structure.

2. For the purposes of this subsection 23.45.512.G, “existing residential ((uses)) structures” are those that were established under permit as of October 31, 2001, or for which a permit has been granted and the permit has not expired ((on)) October 31, 2001.

Section 18. Section 23.45.514 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118914, is amended as follows:

23.45.514 Structure height

* * *

F. For apartments in LR2 zones, and for all residential uses in LR3 zones, the applicable height limit is increased 4 feet above the height shown on Table A for 23.45.514 for a structure that includes a story that is partially below-grade, provided that:

1. This height exception does not apply to portions of lots that are within 50 feet of a single-family zone boundary line, unless the lot in the LR zone is separated from a single-family zoned lot by a street;

2. The number of stories above the partially below-grade story is limited to three stories for residential uses with a 30-foot height limit and to four stories for residential uses with a 40-foot height limit;

3. On the street-facing facade(s) of the structure, the story above the partially below-grade story is at least 18 inches above the elevation of the street, except that this requirement may be waived to accommodate units accessible to the disabled or elderly, consistent with the Seattle Residential Code, Section R322, or the Seattle Building Code, Chapter 11; and

4. The average height of the exterior ((~~façades~~)) walls of the portion of the story that is partially below-grade does not exceed 4 feet, measured from existing or finished grade, whichever is less.

* * *

J. Rooftop features

* * *

5. In MR and HR zones, the following rooftop features may extend 15 feet above the applicable height limit set in subsections 23.45.514.B and ((F)) 23.45.514.G, if the combined total coverage of all features does not exceed 20 percent of the roof area, or 25 percent of the roof area if the total includes screened mechanical equipment:

- a. Stair penthouses, except as provided in subsection 23.45.514.J.6;
- b. Mechanical equipment;
- c. Play equipment and open-mesh fencing that encloses it, if the fencing is at least 5 feet from the roof edge;
- d. Chimneys;
- e. Sun and wind screens;
- f. Penthouse pavilions for the common use of residents;
- g. Greenhouses and solariums, in each case that meet minimum energy standards administered by the Director;
- h. Wind-driven power generators; and
- i. Minor communication utilities and accessory communication devices, except that height is regulated according to the provisions of Section 23.57.011.

* * *

8. In order to protect solar access for property to the north, the applicant shall either locate the rooftop features listed in this subsection (~~((23.56.514.J))~~ 23.45.514.J.8 at least ~~((10))~~ 15 feet from the north (~~((edge of the roof))~~ lot line, or provide shadow diagrams to demonstrate that the proposed location of such rooftop features would shade property to the north on January 21st at noon no more than would a structure built to maximum permitted bulk:

- a. Solar collectors;
- b. Planters;
- c. Clerestories;
- d. Greenhouses and solariums that meet minimum energy standards administered by the Director;
- e. Minor communication utilities and accessory communication devices, permitted according to the provisions of Section 23.57.011;
- f. Play equipment;
- g. Sun and wind screens;
- h. Penthouse pavilions for the common use of residents.

* * *

Section 19. Section 23.45.518 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124952, is amended as follows:

23.45.518 Setbacks and separations

A. LR zones. Required setbacks for the LR zones are shown in Table A for 23.45.518.

Table A for 23.45.518 Required Setbacks in LR Zones Measured in Feet

All LR zones	Category of residential use			
Setback ¹	Cottage housing developments and single-family dwelling units	Rowhouse developments	Townhouse developments	Apartments
Front	7 average; 5 minimum	5 minimum	7 average; 5 minimum	5 minimum
Rear	0 with alley; 7 if no alley	0 with alley; With no alley: 7 average; 5 minimum	7 average; 5 minimum	10 minimum with alley; 15 minimum if no alley
Side setback for facades 40 feet or less in length ¹	5	0 where abutting another rowhouse development ³ , otherwise 3.5, except that on side lot lines that abut a single-family zone, the setback is 5	5	5
Side setback for facades greater than 40 feet in length ²	5 minimum	0 where abutting another rowhouse development ³ , otherwise 3.5, except that on side lot lines that abut a single-family zone, the setback is 7 average; 5 minimum	7 average; 5 minimum	7 average; 5 minimum

Footnote to Table A for 23.45.518:

1 Additions to existing nonconforming structures shall be set back a sufficient distance so that the addition complies with setback standards

2 Portions of structures that qualify for the FAR exemption in subsection 23.45.510.E.5 are not considered part of the facade length for the purposes of determining the side setback requirement.

3 If the side facades of rowhouse developments on abutting lots are not joined, then a 3.5 foot setback is required, except the side setback may be reduced to zero if the abutting lot contains a rowhouse development and an easement is provided along the shared lot line of the abutting lot sufficient to leave a 3.5 foot separation between the principal structures of the abutting rowhouse developments

1

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* * *

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C. HR zones. Minimum setbacks for HR zones are shown in Table C for 23.45.518.

4

~~((Table C for 23.45.518: HR Setbacks (see also Exhibit B for 23.45.518)))~~

Table C for 23.45.518

HR Setbacks (see also Exhibit B for 23.45.518)

Setbacks for structures 85 feet in height or less

Structures 85 feet in height or less are subject to the setback provisions of the MR zone in subsection ((23.45.518.A)) 23.45.518.B.

Setbacks for structures greater than 85 feet in height

Lot line abutting a street	For portions of a structure: • 45 feet or less in height: 7-foot average setback; 5-foot minimum setback, except that no setback is required for frontages occupied by street level uses or dwelling units with a direct entry from the street; • Greater than 45 feet in height: 10-foot minimum setback
Lot line abutting an alley	Rear lot line abuts an alley: For portions of a structure: • 45 feet or less in height: no setback required; • Greater than 45 feet in height: 10-foot minimum setback.
Lot line that abuts neither a street nor alley	For portions of a structure: • 45 feet or less in height: 7-foot average setback; 5-foot minimum setback, except that no setback is required for portions abutting an existing structure built to the abutting lot line; • Greater than 45 feet in height: 20-foot minimum setback.

* * *

H. Projections permitted in required setbacks and separations

1. Cornices, eaves, gutters, roofs, and other forms of weather protection may project into required setbacks and separations a maximum of 4 feet if they are no closer than 3 feet to any lot line.

2. Garden windows and other features that do not provide floor area may project a maximum of 18 inches into required setbacks and separations if they ((are)) :

- a. are a minimum of 30 inches above the finished floor;
- b. are no more than 6 feet in height and 8 feet wide; and
- c. combined with bay windows and other features with floor area, make up no more than 30 percent of the area of the facade.

3. Bay windows and other features that provide floor area may project a maximum of 2 feet into required setbacks and separations if they ~~((are))~~ :

- a. are no closer than 5 feet to any lot line;
- b. are no more than 10 feet in width; and
- c. combined with garden windows and other features included in subsection 23.45.518.H.2, make up no more than 30 percent of the area of the facade.

4. Unenclosed decks up to 18 inches above existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, may project into required setbacks or separations to the lot line.

5. Unenclosed porches or steps

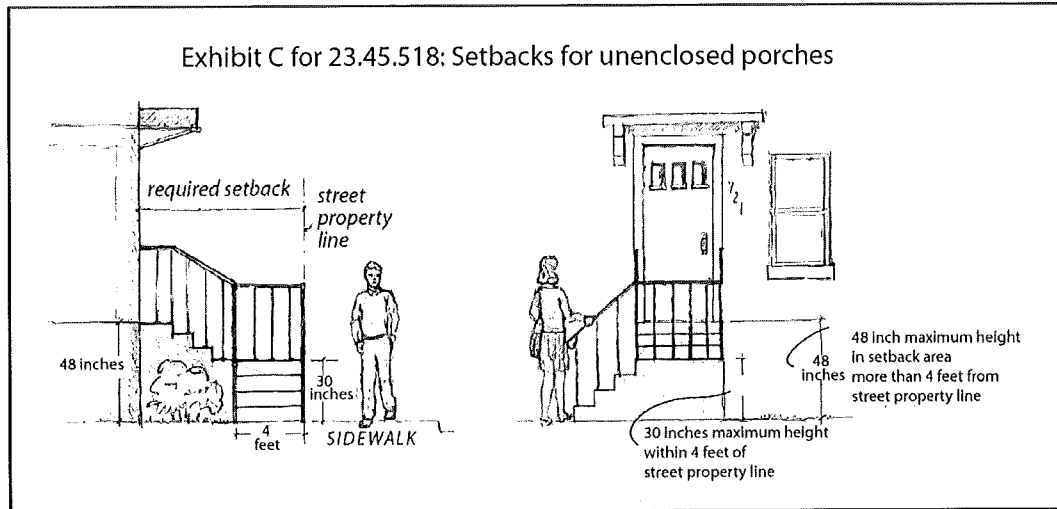
- a. ~~((If setbacks are required pursuant to subsection 23.45.518.A.1, unenclosed))~~ Unenclosed porches or steps no higher than 4 feet above existing grade, or the grade at the street lot line closest to the porch, whichever is lower, may extend to within 4 feet of a street lot line, except that portions of entry stairs or stoops not more than 2.5 feet in height from existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, excluding guard rails or hand rails, may extend to a street lot line. See Exhibit C for 23.45.518.

- b. Unenclosed porches or steps no higher than 4 feet above existing grade may project into the required rear setback or required separation between structures a maximum of 4 feet provided they are a minimum of 5 feet from a rear lot line.

- c. Unenclosed porches or steps permitted in required setbacks and separations shall be limited to a combined maximum width of 20 feet.

Exhibit C for 23.45.518

Setbacks for unenclosed porches



((b)) d. Permitted porches or steps may be covered, provided that no portions of the cover-structure, including any supports, are closer than 3 feet to any lot line.

6. Fireplaces and chimneys may project up to 18 inches into required setbacks or separations.

* * *

K. Exceptions for existing single-family structures.

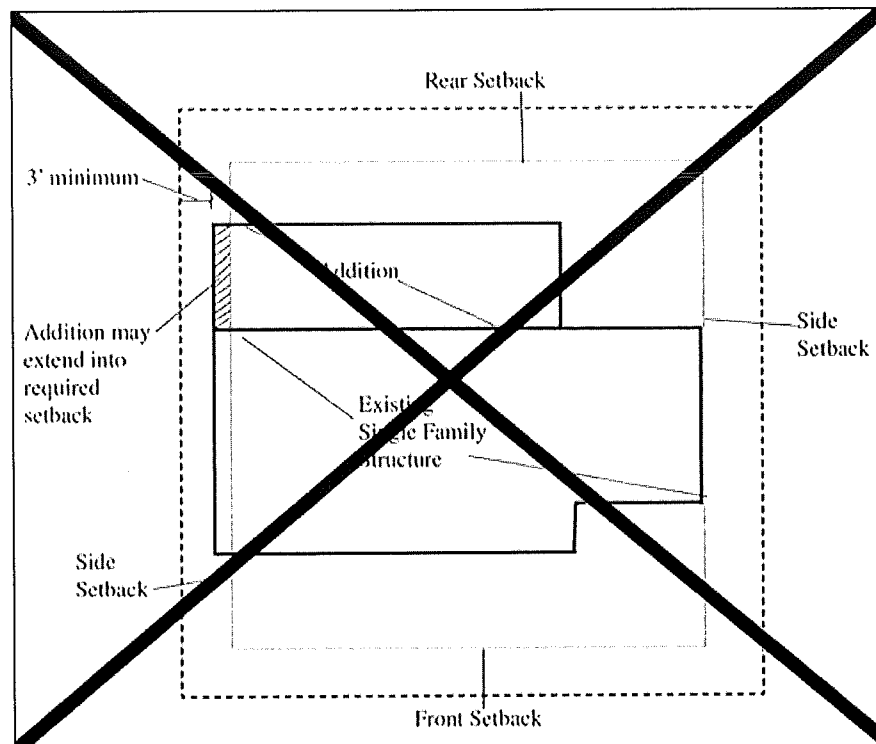
1. In all multifamily zones, certain additions to a single-family dwelling unit may extend into a required side setback if the structure is already nonconforming with respect to that setback, and if the presently nonconforming section is at least 60 percent of the total width of the respective facade of the structure prior to the addition. The line formed by the nonconforming wall of the structure shall be the limit to which any additions may be built, which may extend up to the height limit and may include basement additions (Exhibit D for 23.45.518), provided that additions shall be at least 3 feet from the side lot line.

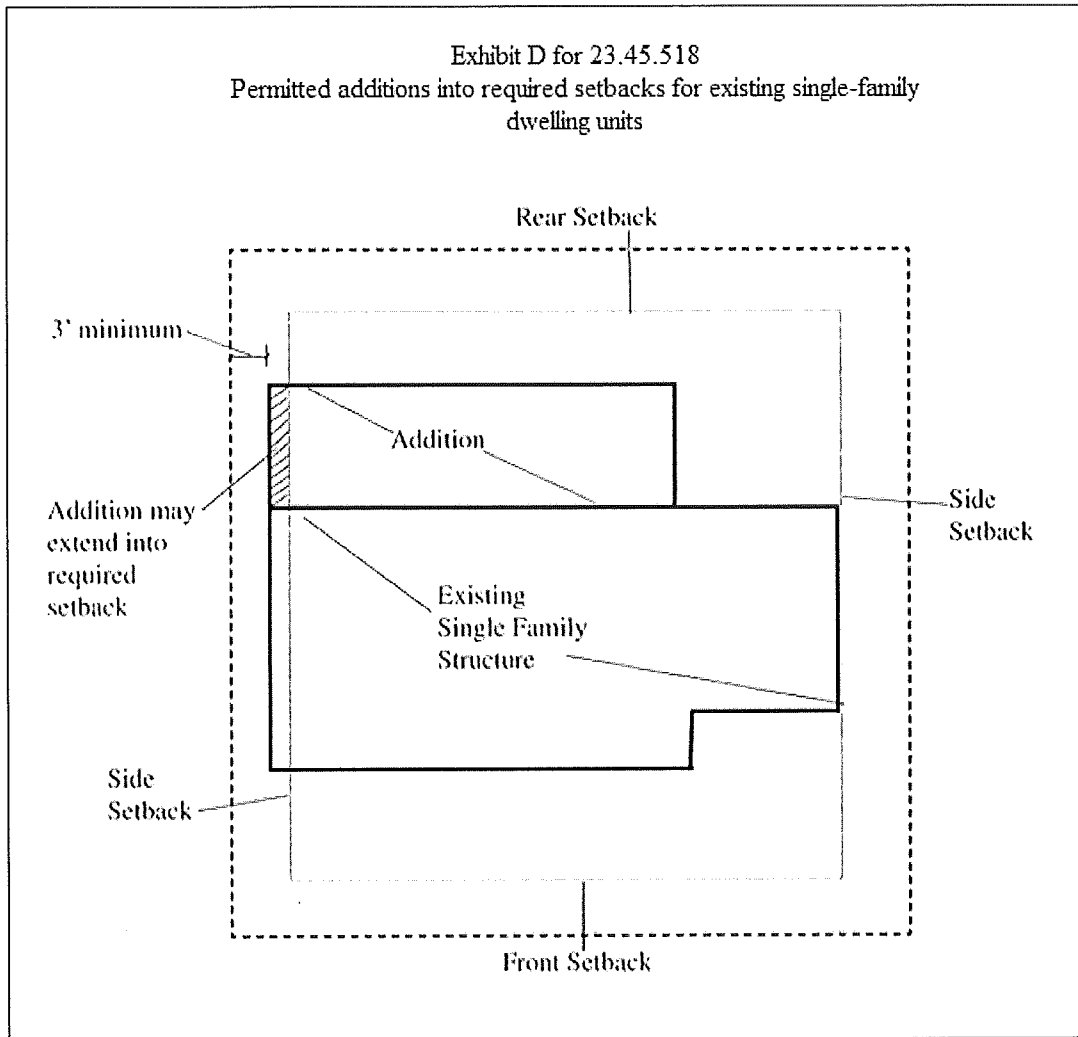
2. An existing single-family dwelling unit in a Lowrise zone may be converted to a multifamily use without conforming to setback standards for apartments in subsection 23.45.518.A, provided that the building envelope is not changed. For the purposes of this

subsection 23.45.518.K.2, “existing single-family dwelling unit” is one that was established under permit as of October 31, 2001, or for which a permit has been granted and the permit has not expired on October 31, 2001.

Exhibit D for 23.45.518 ((~~Permitted Additions Into Required Setbacks for Existing Single-Family Dwelling Units~~))

Permitted additions into required setbacks for existing single-family dwelling units





* * *

Section 20. Section 23.45.524 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124608, is amended as follows:

23.45.524 Landscaping standards

A. Landscaping requirements

1. Standards. All landscaping provided to meet requirements under this Section 23.45.524 shall meet standards promulgated by the Director to provide for the long-term health, viability, and coverage of plantings. These standards may include, but are not limited

to, the type and size of plants, number of plants, spacing of plants, depth and quality of soil, use of drought-tolerant plants, and access to light and air for plants.

2. Green Factor requirement

a. Landscaping that achieves a Green Factor score of 0.6 or greater, determined as set forth in Section 23.86.019, is required for any lot within an LR zone if ~~((development is proposed that has more than one dwelling unit, or a congregate residence))~~ construction of more than one new dwelling unit or a congregate residence is proposed on the site. The addition of any new dwelling unit that does not increase the floor area on the site is exempt from the Green Factor requirement. Vegetated walls may not count towards more than 25 percent of a lot's Green Factor score.

b. Landscaping that achieves a Green Factor score of 0.5 or greater, determined as set forth in Section 23.86.019, is required for any lot within an MR or HR zone if ~~((development is proposed that has more than one dwelling unit or a congregate residence))~~ construction of more than one new dwelling unit or a congregate residence is proposed on the site. The addition of any new dwelling unit that does not increase the floor area on the site is exempt from the Green Factor requirement.

* * *

Section 21. Section 23.45.528 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 123495, is amended as follows:

23.45.528 Structure width and depth limits for lots ~~((in Midrise zones))~~ greater than 9,000 square feet in ~~((size))~~ Midrise zones

The width and depth limits of this Section 23.45.528 apply to lots ~~((in MR zones that are))~~ greater than 9,000 square feet in ~~((lot area))~~ MR zones.

A. The width of principal structures shall not exceed 150 feet.

B. Structure depth ((:))

1. The depth of principal structures shall not exceed 75 percent of the depth of the lot, except as provided in subsection 23.45.528.B.2.

2. Exceptions to structure depth limit. To allow for front setback averaging and courtyards as provided in Section 23.45.518, structure depth may exceed the limit set in subsection 23.45.528.B.1 if the total lot coverage resulting from the increased structure depth does not exceed the lot coverage that would have otherwise been allowed without use of the courtyard or front setback averaging provisions.

Section 22. Section 23.45.536 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124952, is amended as follows:

23.45.536 Parking location, access, and screening

A. Off-street parking spaces are required to the extent provided in Chapter 23.54, Quantity and ((design standards for access and off-street parking)) Design Standards for Access, Off-Street Parking, and Solid Waste Storage.

B. Location of parking

1. If parking is required, it shall be located on the same lot as the use requiring the parking, except as otherwise provided in this subsection 23.45.536.B.

2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection 23.45.536.B, surface parking may be located anywhere on a lot except:

- a. between a principal structure and a street lot line;
- b. in the required front setback or side street side setback; and
- c. within 7 feet of any street lot line.

3. Parking in a structure. Parking may be located in a structure or under a structure, provided that no portion of a garage that is higher than 4 feet above existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, shall be closer to a street lot line than any part of the ~~((first floor))~~ street-level, street-facing facade of the structure in which it is located;

* * *

Section 23. Section 23.45.570 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

23.45.570 Institutions

A. General ~~((Provisions:))~~ provisions

1. The establishment of new institutions, such as religious facilities, community centers, private schools, and child care centers in multifamily zones, is permitted pursuant to Section 23.45.504.

2. Public schools are permitted as regulated in Chapter 23.51B.

3. If the expansion of an existing institution meets all development standards of this Section 23.45.570, it is permitted outright. Expansions not meeting development standards may be permitted as administrative conditional uses subject to the requirements of Section 23.45.506. Structural work that does not increase usable floor area or seating capacity and does not exceed the height limit is not considered expansion. Such work includes but is not limited to roof repair or replacement, and construction of uncovered decks and porches, bay windows, dormers, and eaves. The establishment of a child care center in a legally established institution devoted to the care or instruction of children or establishment of a shelter for homeless youths and young adults in a legally established institution devoted to the care or instruction of children, are not considered new uses or an expansion of the institutional

1 use, if shelter occupants are enrolled students of the institution and ~~((that does not))~~ if these
2 uses do not require expansion of the existing structure or violate any condition of approval of
3 the existing institutional use ~~((is not considered an expansion of the use))~~.

4 4. The provisions of this Chapter 23.45 apply to Major Institution uses as
5 provided in Chapter 23.69, Major Institution Overlay District.

6 * * *

7 Section 24. Section 23.47A.004 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
8 Ordinance 124969, is amended as follows:

9 **23.47A.004 Permitted and prohibited uses**

10 A. All uses are permitted outright, prohibited, or permitted as a conditional use
11 according to Table A for 23.47A.004 and this Section 23.47A.004, except as may be
12 otherwise provided pursuant to subtitle III, Division 3, Overlay Districts, of this Title 23.

13 * * *

14 I. The terms of Table A for 23.47A.004 are subject to any applicable exceptions or
15 contrary provisions expressly provided for in this Title 23.

Table A for 23.47A.004

Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone ((1)) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
A. AGRICULTURAL USES					
A.1. Animal husbandry	A	A	A	A	P
A.2. Aqua-culture	10	25	P	P	P
A.3. Community garden	P	P	P	P	P
A.4. Horticulture	10	25	P	P	P
A.5. Urban farm ²	P	P	P	P	P

Table A for 23.47A.004

Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone(((1))) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
B. CEMETERIES	X	X	X	X	X
C. COMMERCIAL USES (((2))) ³					
C.1. Animal shelters and kennels	X	X	X	X	P
C.2. Eating and drinking establishments					
C.2.a. Drinking establishments	CU-10	CU-25	P	P	P
C.2.b. Restaurants	10	25	P	P	P
C.3. Entertainment uses					
C.3.a. Cabarets, adult (((3))) ⁴	X	P	P	P	P
C.3.b. Motion picture theaters, adult	X	X	X	X	X
C.3.c. Panoramas, adult	X	X	X	X	X
C.3.d. Sports and recreation, indoor	10	25	P	P	P
C.3.e. Sports and recreation, outdoor	X	X	X(((4))) ⁵	P	P
C.3.f. Theaters and spectator sports facilities	X	25	P	P	P
C.4. Food processing and craft work ²	10	25	25	P	P
C.5. Laboratories, research and development	10	25	P	P	P
C.6. Lodging uses	X(((5))) ⁶	CU-25(((5))) ⁶	P	P	P

Table A for 23.47A.004
Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone(((1))) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
C.7. Medical services (((6))) ⁷	10(((7))) ⁸	25	P	P	P
C.8. Offices	10	25	P	35(((8))) ⁹	35(((8))) ⁹
C.9. Sales and services, automotive					
C.9.a. Retail sales and services, automotive	10(((9))) ¹⁰	25(((9))) ¹⁰	P(((9))) ¹⁰	P	P
C.9.b. Sales and rental of motorized vehicles	X	25	P	P	P
C.9.c. Vehicle repair, major automotive	X	25	P	P	P
C.10. Sales and services, general ²					
C.10.a. Retail sales and services, general ²	10	25	P	P	P
C.10.b. Retail sales, multi-purpose	10(((10))) ¹¹	50	P	P	P
C.11. Sales and services, heavy					
C.11.a. Commercial sales, heavy	X	X	25	P	P
C.11.b. Commercial services, heavy	X	X	X	P	P
C.11.c. Retail sales, major durables	10	25	P	P	P
C.11.d. Retail sales and services, non-household	10	25	P	P	P

Table A for 23.47A.004

Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone(((1))) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
C.11.e. Whole-sale show-rooms	X	X	25	25	P
C.12. Sales and services, marine					
C.12.a. Marine service stations	10	25	P	P	P
C.12.b. Sales and rental of large boats	X	25	P	P	P
C.12.c. Sales and rental of small boats, boat parts and accessories	10	25	P	P	P
C.12.d. Vessel repair, major	X	X	X	S	S
C.12.e. Vessel repair, minor	10	25	P	P	P
D. HIGH-IMPACT USES	X	X	X	X	X
E. INSTITUTIONS					
E.1. Institutions not listed below	10	25	P	P	P
E.2. Major institutions subject to the provisions of Chapter 23.69	P	P	P	P	P
E.3. Religious facilities	P	P	P	P	P
E.4. Schools, elementary or secondary	P	P	P	P	P
F. LIVE-WORK UNITS (((1))) ¹²	P	P	P	P	P
G. MANUFACTURING USES					
G.1. Manufacturing, light ²	X	10	25	P	P

Table A for 23.47A.004

Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone(((1))) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
G.2. Manufacturing, general	X	X	X	P	P
G.3. Manufacturing, heavy	X	X	X	X	X
H. PARKS AND OPEN SPACE	P	P	P	P	P
I. PUBLIC FACILITIES					
I.1. Jails					
I.1.a. Youth Service Centers	X	X	P(((12))) ¹³	X	X
I.1.b. All other jails	X	X	X	X	X
I.2. Work-release centers	CCU-10	CCU-25	CCU	CCU	CCU
J. RESIDENTIAL USES (((13)))¹⁴					
J.1. Residential uses not listed below	P	P	P	P	CU(((14))) ¹⁵
J.2. Caretaker's quarters	P	P	P	P	P
J.3. Congregate residence	X/P(((15))) ¹⁶	X/P(((15))) ¹⁶	P/X(((16))) ¹⁷	P/X(((16))) ¹⁷	P/X(((16))) ¹⁷
K. STORAGE USES					
K.1. Mini-warehouses	X	X	25	40	P
K.2. Storage, outdoor	X	X	X(((17))) ¹⁸	P	P
K.3. Warehouses	X	X	25	25	P
L. TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES					
L.1. Cargo terminals	X	X	X	S	P
L.2. Parking and moorage					
L.2.a. Boat moorage	S	S	S	S	S
L.2.b. Dry boat storage	X	25	P	P	P

Table A for 23.47A.004
Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone(((1))) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
L.2.c. Parking, principal use, except as listed below (((18))) ¹⁹	X	25	P	P	P
L.2.c.i. Park and pool lots (((18))) ¹⁹	P(((19))) ²⁰	P	P	P	P
L.2.c.ii. Park and ride lots (((18))) ¹⁹	X	X	CU	CU	CU
L.2.d. Towing services	X	X	X	P	P
L.3. Passenger terminals	X	X	25	P	P
L.4. Rail transit facilities	P	P	P	P	P
L.5. Transportation facilities, air					
L.5.a. Airports (land-based)	X	X	X	X	X
L.5.b. Airports (water-based)	X	X	X	X	S
L.5.c. Heliports	X	X	X	X	X
L.5.d. Heli-stops	X	X	CCU	CCU	CU
L.6. Vehicle storage and maintenance					
L.6.a. Bus bases	X	X	X	CCU	CCU
L.6.b. Railroad switchyards	X	X	X	X	X
L.6.c. Railroad switchyards with a mechanized hump	X	X	X	X	X

Table A for 23.47A.004

Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone(((1))) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
L.6.d. Transportation services, personal	X	X	P	P	P
M. UTILITY USES					
M.1. Communication utilities, major (((20))) ²¹	X	X	X	CCU	CCU
M.2. Communication utilities, minor (((20))) ²¹	P	P	P	P	P
M.3. Power plants	X	X	X	X	X
M.4. Recycling	X	X	X	P	P/CU(((21))) ²²
M.5. Sewage treatment plants	X	X	X	X	X
M.6. Solid waste management	X	X	X	X	X
M.7. Utility services uses	10	25	P	P	P

KEY

A = Permitted as an accessory use only

CU = Administrative Conditional Use (business establishment limited to the multiple of 1,000 square feet of any number following a hyphen, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010)

CCU = Council Conditional Use (business establishment limited to the multiple of 1,000 square feet of any number following a hyphen, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010)

P = Permitted

S = Permitted in shoreline areas only

X = Prohibited

10 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 10,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

20 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 20,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

25 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 25,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

35 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 35,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

40 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 40,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

Table A for 23.47A.004
Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone(((1))) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
50 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 50,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010					
((Footnotes to Table A for 23.47A.004 —(1) In pedestrian-designated zones, a portion of the street-level street-facing facade of a structure along a designated principal pedestrian street may be limited to certain uses as provided in subsection 23.47A.005.D. In pedestrian-designated zones, drive-in lanes are prohibited (Section 23.47A.028). —(2) For commercial uses with drive-in lanes, see Section 23.47A.028. —(3) Subject to subsection 23.47A.004.H. —(4) Permitted at Seattle Center. —(5) Bed and breakfasts in existing structures are permitted outright with no maximum size limit. —(6) Medical services over 10,000 square feet within 2,500 feet of a medical Major Institution Overlay boundary require conditional use approval, unless they are included in a Major Institution Master Plan or dedicated to veterinary services. —(7) Medical service uses that are located in an urban center or urban village, which are in operation at such location before August 1, 2015, and that routinely provide medical services on a reduced fee basis to individuals or families having incomes at or below 200% of the poverty guidelines updated periodically in the Federal Register by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services under the authority of 42 USC 9902 (2), are limited to 20,000 square feet. This provision does not apply to medical service uses that are subject to a Major Institution Master Plan. —(8) Office uses in C1 and C2 zones are permitted up to the greater of 1 FAR or 35,000 square feet as provided in subsection 23.47A.010.D. Office uses in C1 and C2 zones are permitted outright with no maximum size limit if they meet the standards identified in subsection 23.47A.010.D. —(9) Gas stations and other businesses with drive-in lanes are not permitted in pedestrian-designated zones (Section 23.47A.028). Elsewhere in NC zones, establishing a gas station may require a demonstration regarding impacts under Section 23.47A.028. —(10) Grocery stores meeting the conditions of subsection 23.47A.010.E are permitted up to 23,000 square feet in size. —(11) Subject to subsection 23.47A.004.G. —(12) Permitted pursuant to subsection 23.47A.004.D.7. —(13) Residential uses may be limited to 20 percent of a street-level street-facing facade pursuant to subsection 23.47A.005.C. —(14) Residential uses are conditional uses in C2 zones under subsection 23.47A.006.A.3, except as otherwise provided above in Table A for 23.47A.004 or in that subsection 23.47A.006.A.3. —(15) Congregate Residences that are owned by a college or university, or are a sorority or fraternity, or are owned by a not for profit entity or charity, or are licensed by the State and provide supportive services; are permitted outright. All others are prohibited. Supportive					

Table A for 23.47A.004

Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone(((1))) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
services include meal service, cleaning service, health services or similar.					
—(16) Congregate Residences that are owned by a college or university, or are a sorority or fraternity, or are owned by a not for profit entity or charity, or are licensed by the State and provide supportive services; are permitted outright. All others are permitted only in locations within urban villages and urban centers. Supportive services include meal service, cleaning service, health services or similar.					
—(17) Permitted at Seattle Center, see Section 23.47A.011					
—(18) In pedestrian-designated zones, surface parking is prohibited adjacent to principal pedestrian streets pursuant to subsection 23.47A.032.B.2.					
—(19) Permitted only on parking lots existing at least five years prior to the establishment of the park and pool lot.					
—(20) See Chapter 23.57, Communications regulations, for regulation of communication utilities.					
—(21) A recycling use that is located on the same development site as a solid waste transfer station may be permitted by administrative conditional use, subject to the requirements of subsection 23.47A.006.A.7.))					

Footnotes to Table A for 23.47A.004

¹ In pedestrian-designated zones, a portion of the street-level street-facing facade of a structure along a designated principal pedestrian street may be limited to certain uses as provided in subsection 23.47A.005.D. In pedestrian-designated zones, drive-in lanes are prohibited (Section 23.47A.028).

² In addition to the provisions in this Chapter 23.47A, uses that entail major marijuana activity are subject to the requirements of Section 23.42.058.

³ For commercial uses with drive-in lanes, see Section 23.47A.028.

⁴ Subject to subsection 23.47A.004.H.

⁵ Permitted at Seattle Center.

⁶ Bed and breakfasts in existing structures are permitted outright with no maximum size limit.

⁷ Medical services over 10,000 square feet within 2,500 feet of a medical Major Institution Overlay boundary require conditional use approval, unless they are included in a Major Institution Master Plan or dedicated to veterinary services.

⁸ Medical service uses that are located in an urban center or urban village, which are in operation at such location before August 1, 2015, and that routinely provide medical services on a reduced fee basis to individuals or families having incomes at or below 200 percent of the poverty guidelines updated periodically in the Federal Register by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services under the authority of 42 USC 9902 (2), are limited to 20,000 square feet. This provision does not apply to medical service uses that are subject to a Major Institution Master Plan.

⁹ Office uses in C1 and C2 zones are permitted up to the greater of 1 FAR or 35,000 square feet as provided in subsection 23.47A.010.D. Office uses in C1 and C2 zones are permitted

Table A for 23.47A.004

Uses in Commercial zones

Uses	Permitted and prohibited uses by zone(((1))) ¹				
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
outright with no maximum size limit if they meet the standards identified in subsection 23.47A.010.D.					
¹⁰ Gas stations and other businesses with drive-in lanes are not permitted in pedestrian-designated zones (Section 23.47A.028). Elsewhere in NC zones, establishing a gas station may require a demonstration regarding impacts under Section 23.47A.028.					
¹¹ Grocery stores meeting the conditions of subsection 23.47A.010.E are permitted up to 23,000 square feet in size.					
¹² Subject to subsection 23.47A.004.G.					
¹³ Permitted pursuant to subsection 23.47A.004.D.7.					
¹⁴ Residential uses may be limited to 20 percent of a street-level street-facing facade pursuant to subsection 23.47A.005.C.					
¹⁵ Residential uses are conditional uses in C2 zones under subsection 23.47A.006.A.3, except as otherwise provided above in Table A for 23.47A.004 or in that subsection 23.47A.006.A.3.					
¹⁶ Congregate Residences that are owned by a college or university, or are a sorority or fraternity, or are owned by a not for profit entity or charity, or are licensed by the State and provide supportive services; are permitted outright. All others are prohibited. Supportive services include meal service, cleaning service, health services or similar.					
¹⁷ Congregate Residences that are owned by a college or university, or are a sorority or fraternity, or are owned by a not for profit entity or charity, or are licensed by the State and provide supportive services; are permitted outright. All others are permitted only in locations within urban villages and urban centers. Supportive services include meal service, cleaning service, health services or similar.					
¹⁸ Permitted at Seattle Center, see Section 23.47A.011.					
¹⁹ In pedestrian-designated zones, surface parking is prohibited adjacent to principal pedestrian streets pursuant to subsection 23.47A.032.B.2.					
²⁰ Permitted only on parking lots existing at least five years prior to the establishment of the park and pool lot.					
²¹ See Chapter 23.57, Communications regulations, for regulation of communication utilities.					
²² A recycling use that is located on the same development site as a solid waste transfer station may be permitted by administrative conditional use, subject to the requirements of subsection 23.47A.006.A.7.					

* * *

Section 25. Section 23.47A.005 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 125125, is amended as follows:

23.47A.005 Street-level uses

* * *

C. Residential uses at street level

1. In all NC and C zones, residential uses may occupy, in the aggregate, no more than 20 percent of the street-level street-facing facade in the following circumstances or locations:

a. In a pedestrian-designated zone, facing a designated principal pedestrian street; or

b. In all NC and C1 zones within the Bitter Lake Village Hub Urban Village, except lots abutting Linden Avenue North, north of North 135th Street; or

c. Within a zone that has a height limit of 85 feet or higher, except as provided in subsection 23.47A.005.C.2; or

d. Within an NC1 zone, except as provided in subsection 23.47A.005.C.2; or

e. In all NC and C1 zones within the Northgate Overlay District, except as provided in Section 23.71.044; or

f. In all NC and C1 zones within the areas shown on Maps A through D for 23.47A.005 at the end of this Chapter 23.47A when facing an arterial street.

2. Subsection 23.47A.005.C.1 notwithstanding, there is no restriction on the location of residential uses in the following circumstances:

a. Within a very low-income housing project existing as of May 1, 2006, or within a very low-income housing project replacing a very low-income housing project existing as of May 1, 2006, on the same site; or

b. The residential use is an assisted living facility or nursing home and private living units are not located at street level; or

c. Within the Pike/Pine Conservation Overlay District, for street-facing facades that do not face a designated principal pedestrian street, as shown on Map A for 23.73.008; or

d. In a structure existing on January 1, 2012, that is within an NC1 zone but not located in an area defined in Maps A through D for 23.47A.005, at the end of this Chapter 23.47A, a live-work space may be converted to an accessory dwelling unit if the residential use is established, if the area proposed to be converted meets the minimum housing standards of Chapter 22.206, and if the area proposed to be converted meets the owner occupancy requirement of subsection 23.44.041.C; or

e. Within a structure that:

1) is developed and owned by the Seattle Housing Authority;

and

2) is located on a lot zoned NC1 or NC3 that was owned by the Seattle Housing Authority as of January 1, 2009.

3. Additions to, or on-site accessory structures for, existing single-family structures are permitted outright.

4. Where residential uses at street level are limited to 20 percent of the street-level, street-facing facade, such limits do not apply to residential structures separated from the street lot line by an existing structure meeting the standards of this Section 23.47A.005 and Section 23.47A.008, or by an existing structure legally nonconforming to those standards.

* * *

Section 26. Section 23.47A.008 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124770, is amended as follows:

23.47A.008 Street-level development standards

* * *

D. Where residential uses are located along a street-level street-facing facade, the following requirements apply unless exempted by subsection 23.47A.008.G:

1. At least one of the street-level street-facing facades containing a residential use shall have a visually prominent pedestrian entry; and

2. The floor of a dwelling unit located along the street-level street-facing facade shall be at least 4 feet above or 4 feet below sidewalk grade or be set back at least 10 feet from the sidewalk. An exception to the standards of this subsection 23.44.008.D.2 may be granted as a Type I decision if the following criteria are met:

a. An accessible route to the unit is not achievable if the standard is applied or existing site conditions such as topography make access impractical if the standard is applied;

b. The floor is at least 18 inches above average sidewalk grade or 4 feet below sidewalk grade, or is set back at least 10 feet from the sidewalk; and

c. The visually prominent pedestrian entry is maintained.

* * *

Section 27. Section 23.47A.009 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118914, is amended as follows:

23.47A.009 Standards applicable to specific areas

1 A. Resolution of standards conflicts. To the extent there is a conflict between this
2 Section 23.47A.009 and other sections of Title 23, the provisions of this Section 23.47A.009
3 apply.

4 B. West Seattle Junction Hub Urban Village. The following provisions apply to
5 development in the NC3 85(4.75) zone ((-)) :

6 1. Lot coverage limit. The maximum lot coverage permitted for principal and
7 accessory structures shall not exceed 80 percent on lots 40,000 square feet in size or greater.

8 2. The total permitted FAR is as identified in subsection 23.47A.013.E.

9 3. Maximum width of structures. The maximum width of all portions of a
10 structure measured parallel to a north-south street lot line is 275 feet.

11 4. Setback and separation requirements

12 a. The following standards apply to structures greater than 250 feet in
13 width measured parallel to a north-south street lot line:

14 1) A minimum separation of 30 feet is required between
15 structures that are adjacent to the same north-south street lot line; and

16 2) A minimum setback of 15 feet is required from side lot lines
17 that are not street side lot lines and that separate lots that abut the same north-south street lot
18 line; and

19 3) Structures permitted in required setback and separation areas
20 pursuant to ((~~subsections 23.47A.009.B.4.a and 23.47A.009.B.4.b~~)) this subsection

21 23.47A.009.B.4.a and subsection 23.47A.009.B.4.b are subject to subsection 23.47A.014.E. In
22 addition:

1 a) Decks with open railings may project up to 5 feet into
2 the required setback or separation area if they are no lower than 20 feet above existing or
3 finished grade. Decks may cover no more than 20 percent of the total setback or separation
4 area.

5 b) Unenclosed porches or steps for residential units no
6 higher than 4 feet above the grade at the street lot line closest to the porch are permitted.

7 b. A setback of at least 10 feet from the street lot line is required along
8 non-arterial north-south avenues for at least 25 percent of the lot frontage or 100 feet of the lot
9 frontage, whichever is less.

10 c. Required setback and areas separating structures identified in
11 subsections 23.47A.009.B.4.a and 23.47A.009.B.4.b shall include landscaping, paving, and
12 lighting. Sidewalks for pedestrian access, plazas, or other approved amenity or landscaped
13 areas are permitted in required setback or separation areas.

14 d. Upper-level setback requirements along SW Alaska Street

15 1) Structures exceeding 65 feet in height on lots abutting SW
16 Alaska Street between 38th Avenue SW and California Avenue SW shall maintain a
17 minimum setback of 10 feet for that portion of the structure between 45 feet and 55 feet in
18 height.

19 2) For portions of a structure above 55 feet in height, an
20 additional minimum setback is required at a rate of at least 1 foot of setback for every 5 feet of
21 height that exceeds 55 feet, up to the maximum allowable height.

22 3) Structures located within 100 feet of Fauntleroy Way SW are
23 exempt from the upper-level setback requirement.

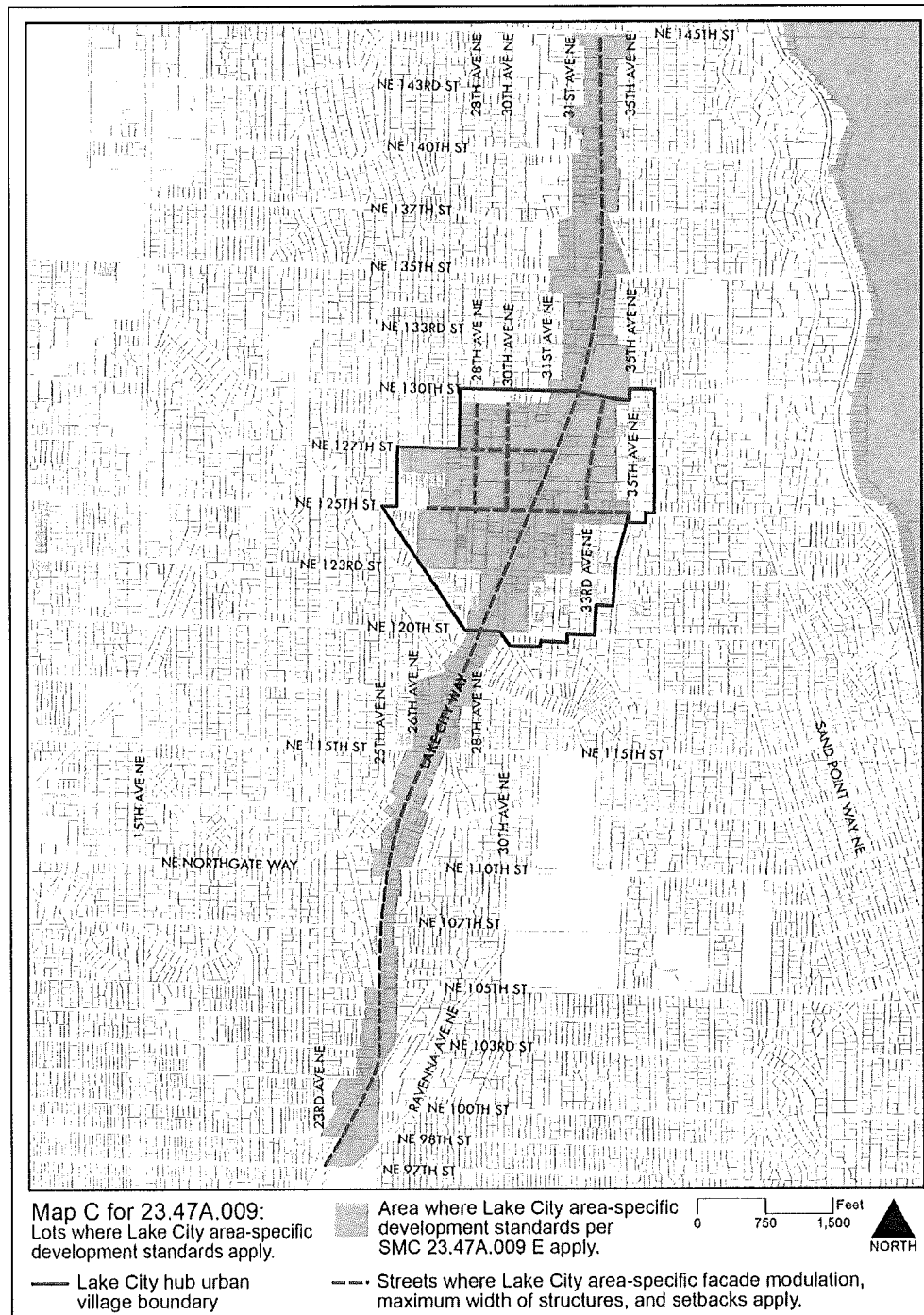
1 4) Heights in this subsection 23.47A.009.B.4.d shall be
2 measured from the middle of the street lot line along SW Alaska Street.

3 * * *

4 E. Lake City. The following provisions apply to development proposed on lots
5 that are 40,000 square feet in size or greater and located in NC zones as shown on Map C for
6 23.47A.009.

Map C for 23.47A.009

Lots where Lake City area-specific development standards apply



1 1. Maximum lot coverage

2 a. The maximum lot coverage permitted for principal and accessory
3 structures is 80 percent of the lot area.

4 b. Lot coverage exceptions. The following structures or portions of
5 structures are not counted in the lot coverage calculation ((τ)) :

6 1) Portions of a structure that are below grade or that do not
7 extend more than 4 feet above the finished grade.

8 2) The first 18 inches of overhead horizontal building
9 projections of an architectural or decorative character, such as cornices, eaves, sills, and
10 gutters.

11 3) Ramps or other devices that provide access for the disabled
12 and elderly and that meet the standards of the Seattle Building Code.

13 4) The first 4 feet of unenclosed porches or steps for residential
14 units.

15 c. In the portion of the lot that is not covered by structures, owners are
16 encouraged to provide improvements at-grade that enhance the usability and livability of the
17 lot for occupants and visitors, such as pedestrian circulation areas, landscaping, lighting,
18 weather protection, art, or other similar improvements.

19 2. Facade modulation

20 a. Facade modulation requirements apply to all portions of a structure
21 up to a height of 35 feet and located within 10 feet of a street lot line on streets designated by
22 Map C for 23.47A.009.

b. The maximum width of any unmodulated facade is 100 feet. Facades longer than 100 feet shall be modulated by stepping back the facade from the street lot line for a minimum depth of 10 feet and a minimum width of 15 feet.

c. Facade modulation requirements do not apply to portions of a structure that are below grade or that do not extend more than 2 feet above the finished grade at the lot line.

3. Maximum structure width

a. On streets designated by Map C for 23.47A.009, the maximum allowed structure width is 250 feet.

b. Structure width limits do not apply to portions of a structure that are below grade or that do not extend more than 2 feet above the finished grade at the lot line.

4. Upper-level setbacks

a. On streets designated by Map C for 23.47A.009, a setback with an average depth of 10 feet from abutting street lot lines is required for portions of a structure above a height of 45 feet. The maximum depth of a setback that can be used to calculate the average setback is 20 feet.

b. A setback with an average depth of 15 feet from abutting street lot lines is required for portions of a structure above a height of 65 feet. The maximum depth of a setback that can be used to calculate the average setback is 25 feet.

~~((5. The requirements contained in subsections 23.47A.009.E.1, 23.47A.009.E.2, 23.47A.009.E.3, and 23.47A.009.E.4 may be waived or modified if at least one of the following features are provided and approved through a design review process pursuant to Chapter 23.41:~~

1 a. ~~A useable open space that abuts the street, is no more than 4 feet~~
2 ~~above or 4 feet below the adjacent sidewalk grades, has a minimum width equal to 30 percent~~
3 ~~of the width of the street-facing facade or 20 feet, whichever is greater; and has a minimum~~
4 ~~depth of 20 feet measured from the abutting street lot line.~~

5 b. ~~A separation between structures that serves as an east-west through-~~
6 ~~block pedestrian passageway that:~~

7 1) ~~Has a minimum width of 20 feet and provides a direct and~~
8 ~~continuous connection between the north/south rights-of-way abutting the lot; and~~

9 2) ~~Is designed to provide safe pedestrian use, including a clear~~
10 ~~pathway demarcated as a pedestrian zone.~~

11 6)) 5. Structures permitted in required setbacks are subject to subsection
12 23.47A.014.E.

13 F. Ballard Hub Urban Village. The following provisions apply to development
14 proposed in NC zones within the Ballard Hub Urban Village.

15 1. Maximum lot coverage on lots 40,000 square feet in size or greater:

16 a. The maximum lot coverage permitted for principal and accessory
17 structures is 80 percent of the lot area.

18 b. Lot coverage exceptions. The following structures or portions of
19 structures are not counted in the lot coverage calculation ((-)) :

20 1) Portions of a structure that are below grade or that do not
21 extend more than 4 feet above the existing or finished grade, whichever is lower.

2) The first 18 inches of overhead horizontal building
projections of an architectural or decorative character, such as cornices, eaves, sills, and
((gutter,)) gutters.

3) Ramps or other devices that provide access for the disabled
and elderly and that meet the standards of the Seattle Building Code ((5)) .

4) The first 4 feet of unenclosed porches or steps for residential
units.

c. In the 20 percent of the lot that remains uncovered, as required by
this subsection 23.47A.009.F.1, not more than ten parking spaces may be provided, and
applicants are encouraged to provide elements at-grade that enhance the usability and
livability of the lot for residents and tenants such as pedestrian circulation areas, landscaping,
lighting, weather protection, art, or other similar features.

2. Facade modulation

a. Facade modulation requirements apply to all portions of a street-
facing facade of a structure up to a height of 45 feet located within 10 feet of a street lot line,
according to provisions of subsection 23.47A.009.F.2.c.

b. The maximum width of any unmodulated street-facing facade is 100
feet. Facades longer than 100 feet shall be modulated at no greater than 100-foot intervals by
stepping back the facade from the street lot line for a minimum depth of 10 feet and a
minimum width of 15 feet.

c. Facade modulation requirements do not apply to portions of a
structure that are below grade or that do not extend more than 2 feet above the existing or
finished grade at the street lot line, whichever is lower.

3. Maximum structure width

a. The maximum allowed structure width is 250 feet.

b. Structure width limits do not apply to portions of a structure that are below grade or that do not extend more than 2 feet above the existing or finished grade at the street lot line, whichever is lower.

4. Setback requirements

a. Street-level setbacks

1) In the area shown on Map D for 23.47A.009, portions of a structure up to 10 feet above the abutting sidewalk grade facing 15th Avenue NW shall be set back from the street lot line by a minimum depth of 6 feet up to a maximum depth of 10 feet.

2) The provisions of subsection 23.47A.009.F.2 do not apply to the area described in subsection 23.47A.F.4.a.1.

b. Upper-level setbacks

1) A setback with an average depth of 10 feet from all abutting street lot lines is required for portions of a structure above a height of 45 feet. The maximum depth of a setback that can be used for calculating the average setback is 20 feet.

2) A setback with an average depth of 15 feet from all street lot lines is required for portions of a structure above a height of 65 feet. The maximum depth of a setback that can be used for calculating the average setback is 25 feet.

~~((5. For lots 40,000 square feet in size or greater the requirements contained in subsections 23.47A.009.F.2, 23.47A.009.F.3, and 23.47A.009.F.4.b may be waived or modified pursuant to Chapter 23.41, Design Review, only if one or more of the following features are provided to offset the bulk of the project:~~

1 a. ~~A usable open space that abuts the street, is no more than 4 feet~~
2 ~~above or 4 feet below the adjacent sidewalk grades, has a minimum width equal to 30 percent~~
3 ~~of the width of the street-facing facade or 20 feet, whichever is greater, and a minimum depth~~
4 ~~of 20 feet measured from all street lot lines.~~

5 b. ~~A separation between structures that serves as a north-south through-~~
6 ~~block pedestrian passageway, a woonerf that is approved through a design review process~~
7 ~~pursuant to Chapter 23.41, Design Review, an approved amenity area, or a combination~~
8 ~~thereof that has a minimum east-west dimension width of 20 feet and is no more than 4 feet~~
9 ~~above or below the adjacent sidewalk grades.~~

10 6))5. Structures permitted in required setback and separation areas according to
11 this subsection 23.47A.009.F are subject to subsection 23.47A.014.E.

12 * * *

13 Section 28. Section 23.47A.012 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the
14 ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118914, is amended as follows:

15 **23.47A.012 Structure height**

16 * * *

17 C. Rooftop features

18 * * *

19 7. The rooftop features listed in this subsection 23.47A.012.C.7 shall be
20 located at least 10 feet from the north ~~((edge of the roof))~~ lot line unless a shadow diagram is
21 provided that demonstrates that locating such features within 10 feet of the north ~~((edge of the~~
22 ~~roof))~~ lot line would not shade property to the north on January 21st at noon more than would
23 a structure built to maximum permitted height and FAR:

- a. Solar collectors;
- b. Planters;
- c. Clerestories;
- d. Greenhouses and solariums;
- e. Minor communication utilities and accessory communication devices, permitted pursuant to the provisions of Section 23.57.012;
- f. Non-firewall parapets;
- g. Play equipment.

* * *

Section 29. Section 23.47A.016 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124952, is amended as follows:

23.47A.016 Landscaping and screening standards

* * *

D. Screening and landscaping requirements for specific uses. When there is more than one use that requires screening or landscaping, the requirement that results in the greater amount applies.

1. Surface parking areas

a. Landscaping requirements for surface parking areas are established in Table C for 23.47A.016.

Table C for 23.47A.016 Landscaping requirements for surface parking areas	
Number of parking spaces	Required landscaped area
20 to 50	18 square feet, per parking space
51 to 99	25 square feet, per parking space
100 or more	35 square feet, per parking space

1) Each landscaped area shall be no smaller than 100 square feet and must be protected by permanent curbs or structural barriers.

2) No part of a landscaped area shall be less than 4 feet in width or length except those parts of landscaped areas created by turning radii or angles of parking spaces.

3) No parking space shall be more than 60 feet from a required landscaped area.

b. The landscaped area may include bioretention facilities.

c. Trees in surface parking areas

1) One tree is required for every ten parking spaces.

2) Trees shall be selected in consultation with the Director of Transportation.

d. Screening of surface parking areas

1) Three-foot-high screening is required along street lot lines.

2) Surface screening is required for parking abutting or across an alley from a lot in a residential zone or abutting a lot that is zoned both commercial and residential if the commercial zoned portion of the abutting lot is less than 50 percent of the width or depth of the lot. Such parking shall ~~((must))~~ have 6-foot-high screening along the abutting lot line and a 5-foot-deep landscaped area inside the screening (see Exhibit A for 23.47A.016).

* * *

Section 30. Section 23.47A.022 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 122311, is amended as follows:

23.47A.022 Light and glare standards ((.))

* * *

E. Glare diagrams that clearly identify potential adverse glare impacts on residential zones and on arterials shall be required when:

1. Any structure is proposed to have a facade of reflective coated glass or other highly reflective material, and/or new or expanded structures greater than ~~((sixty-five-))~~ 65 ~~((.))~~ feet in height are proposed to have more than ~~((thirty-))~~ 30 ~~((.))~~ percent of a facade composed of clear or tinted glass; and

2. The facade(s) surfaced or composed of materials referred to in subsection 23.47A.022.E.1 above either:

a. ~~((Are))~~ are oriented toward and are less than ~~((two-hundred-))~~ 200 ~~((.))~~ feet from any residential zone, and/or

b. ~~((Are))~~ are oriented toward and are less than ~~((four-hundred-))~~ 400 ~~((.))~~ feet from ~~((a-major))~~ any arterial with more than ~~((fifteen-thousand-))~~ 15,000 ~~((.))~~ vehicle trips per day, according to Seattle Department of Transportation data.

* * *

Section 31. Section 23.48.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, amended by the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118914, is amended as follows:

23.48.020 Floor area ratio (FAR)

A. General provisions

1. All gross floor area not exempt under subsection 23.48.020.D counts toward the gross floor area allowed under the FAR limits.

2. The applicable FAR limit applies to the total non-exempt gross floor area of all structures on the lot.

3. If a lot is in more than one zone, the FAR limit for each zone applies to the portion of the lot located in that zone.

B. FAR limits. The FAR limits for SM zones, excluding ~~((SM zones in specific geographic areas as set forth in the applicable subchapter of this Chapter 23.48))~~ zones designated SM-SLU, SM-D, and SM-NR, are shown in Table A for 23.48.020.

Table A for 23.48.020
SM FAR limits

Zone	FAR limits for all uses	
	Base	Maximum ¹
SM 40	3	3.5
SM 65	3.5	5
SM 85 ²	4.5	6
SM 125	5	8
SM 160	5	9
SM 240	6	13

Footnotes to Table A for 23.48.020

¹See subsection 23.48.020.C for requirements for achieving maximum FAR.

²In the SM 85 zone within the area shown on Map A for 23.48.020, residential uses are exempt from FAR calculations.

* * *

Section 32. Section 23.48.025 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118914, is amended as follows:

23.48.025 Structure height

* * *

C. Rooftop features

* * *

4. The following rooftop features may extend up to 15 feet above the maximum height limit, so long as the combined total coverage of all features listed in this

subsection 23.48.025.C.4, including weather protection such as eaves or canopies extending from rooftop features, does not exceed 20 percent of the roof area, or 25 percent of the roof area if the total includes stair or elevator penthouses or screened mechanical equipment:

- a. Solar collectors;
- b. Stair penthouses;
- c. Mechanical equipment;
- d. Atriums, greenhouses, and solariums;
- e. Play equipment and open-mesh fencing that encloses it, as long as the fencing is at least 15 feet from the roof edge;
- f. Minor communication utilities and accessory communication devices, except that height is regulated according to the provisions of Section 23.57.012; and
- g. Covered or enclosed common amenity area for structures exceeding a height of 125 feet.

5. For structures greater than 85 feet in height, elevator penthouses up to 25 feet above the height limit are permitted. If the elevator provides access to a rooftop designed to provide usable open space or common recreation area, elevator penthouses and mechanical equipment up to 45 feet above the height limit are permitted, provided that all of the following are satisfied:

- a. The structure must be greater than 125 feet in height; and
- b. The combined total coverage of all features gaining additional height listed in this subsection 23.48.025.C does not exceed limits listed in 23.48.025.C.4.

6. Greenhouses that are dedicated to food production are permitted to extend 15 feet above the applicable height limit, as long as the combined total coverage of all features

gaining additional height listed in this subsection 23.48.025.C does not exceed 50 percent of the roof area.

7. At the applicant's option, the combined total coverage of all features listed in subsections 23.48.025.C.4 may be increased to 65 percent of the roof area, provided that all of the following are satisfied:

a. All mechanical equipment is screened; and

b. No rooftop features are located closer than 10 feet to the roof edge.

8. In order to protect solar access for property to the north, the applicant shall either locate the rooftop features listed in this subsection 23.48.025.C.8 at least 10 feet from the north (~~edge of the roof~~) lot line, or provide shadow diagrams to demonstrate that the proposed location of such rooftop features would shade property to the north on January 21(~~st~~) at noon no more than would a structure built to maximum permitted bulk:

a. Solar collectors;

b. Planters;

c. Clerestories;

d. Atriums, greenhouses, and solariums;

e. Minor communication utilities and accessory communication devices according to the provisions of Section 23.57.012;

f. Nonfirewall parapets; and

g. Play equipment.

9. Screening. Rooftop mechanical equipment and elevator penthouses shall be screened with fencing, wall enclosures, or other structures.

10. For height limits and exceptions for communication utilities and accessory communication devices, see Section 23.57.012.

Section 33. Section 23.48.085 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118914, is amended as follows:

23.48.085 Parking and loading location, access and curb cuts

* * *

D. Parking and loading access. If a lot abuts more than one right-of-way, the location of access for parking and loading shall be determined by the Director, depending on the classification of rights-of-way, according to the following:

1. Access to parking and loading shall be from the alley when the lot abuts an alley improved to the standards of subsection 23.53.030.C and use of the alley for parking and loading access would not create a significant safety hazard as determined by the Director.

2. If the lot does not abut an improved alley, or use of the alley for parking and loading access would create a significant safety hazard as determined by the Director, parking and loading access may be permitted from the street. If the lot abuts more than one street, the location of access is determined by the Director, as a Type I decision, after consulting with the Director of Transportation. For SM zone designations in the SM-SLU, SM-NR, and SM-U geographic areas with pedestrian street classifications, unless the Director otherwise determines under subsection 23.48.085.D.3, access is allowed only from a right-of-way in the category preferred among the categories of rights-of-way abutting the lot, according to the ranking set forth below, from most to least preferred (a portion of a street that is included in more than one category is considered as belonging only to the least preferred of the categories in which it is included):

- a. An undesignated street;
- b. Class 2 Pedestrian Street;
- c. Class 1 Pedestrian Street;
- d. Neighborhood Green Street.

3. The Director may allow or require access from a right-of-way other than one indicated as the preferred category in this subsection 23.48.085.D if, after consulting with the Director of Transportation, the Director finds that an exception to the access requirement is warranted. The Director shall base the decision on granting an exception on any of the following: whether and to what extent alternative locations of access would enhance pedestrian safety and comfort, facilitate transit operations, facilitate the movement of vehicles, minimize the on-street queuing of vehicles, enhance vehicular safety, or minimize hazards. Curb cut controls on designated Neighborhood Green Streets shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, but generally access from Neighborhood Green Streets is not allowed if access from any other right-of-way is possible.

4. If a street or alley vacation is proposed, the Director shall consult with the Seattle Design Commission on how the location and extent of proposed curb cuts affects or impacts the public realm and how those impacts have been reduced.

* * *

Section 34. Section 23.48.220 of the Seattle Municipal Code, adopted by Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:

23.48.220 Floor area ratio (FAR) in South Lake Union Urban Center

A. General provisions

1. Except as otherwise specified in this subsection 23.48.220.A, FAR limits for specified SM zones within the South Lake Union Urban Center are as shown in Table A for 23.48.220.

Table A for 23.48.220 FAR Limits for Specified Zones in South Lake Union Urban Center			
Zone	FAR limits for non-residential uses		Maximum FAR for structures that do not exceed the base height limit and include residential use ¹
	Base FAR	Maximum FAR	
SM-SLU/R 55/85	NA	NA	4.5
SM-SLU 85/65-125	4.5	6	4.5
SM-SLU 85/65-160	4.5	7	4.5
SM-SLU 160/85-240	4.5 ²	7	6
SM-SLU 85-240	0.5/((1.5)) ³	NA	6
SM-SLU 240/125-400	5 ²	7	10
Footnotes to Table A for 23.48.220 NA (not applicable) refers to zones where uses are not subject to an FAR limit. ¹ All portions of residential structures that exceed the base height, including portions restricted to the podium height limit, are exempt from FAR limits. ² In the SM-SLU 160/240, and SM-SLU 240/400 zones, an additional increment of 0.5 FAR above the base FAR is permitted on lots meeting the requirements of subsection 23.48.220.A.7. ³ The ((1.5)) ³ FAR limit applies to religious facilities. For all other non-residential uses, the 0.5 FAR limit applies.			

2. FAR for development including a mix of residential and non-residential uses

((:))

a. For zones included on Table A for 23.48.220, development including a mix of non-residential uses and residential uses that do not exceed the base height limit for residential use shall:

1) obtain extra floor area for any chargeable non-residential floor area above the base FAR for non-residential uses as prescribed in Table A for 23.48.220; and

2) not exceed the lower of the maximum FAR for non-residential uses in Table A for 23.48.220 or the maximum FAR for structures that do not exceed the base height limit and include any residential use in Table A for 23.48.220.

* * *

6. In all SM-SLU zones, a development that includes a residential structure or a portion of ~~((the))~~ a structure as a residential tower is exempt from FAR requirements as to that structure or portion of a structure, and the ~~((applicable))~~ FAR limits for ~~((all other portions of the))~~ permitted non-residential uses in that structure or portion of a structure shall be applied based on ~~((the total lot area minus))~~ the lot area required for the residential tower development, to meet the upper-level floor area limit of subsection 23.48.245.A. ~~((For the portion of the lot with the residential tower and podium, the FAR limit for permitted non-residential uses in a residential tower or podium that is also a mixed-use structure shall be based on the area of the portion of the lot occupied by the residential tower and podium))~~ The FAR limits for the remainder of the development shall be applied based on an assumed lot area of the total lot area minus the lot area required for the portion of the development that is a residential tower.

* * *

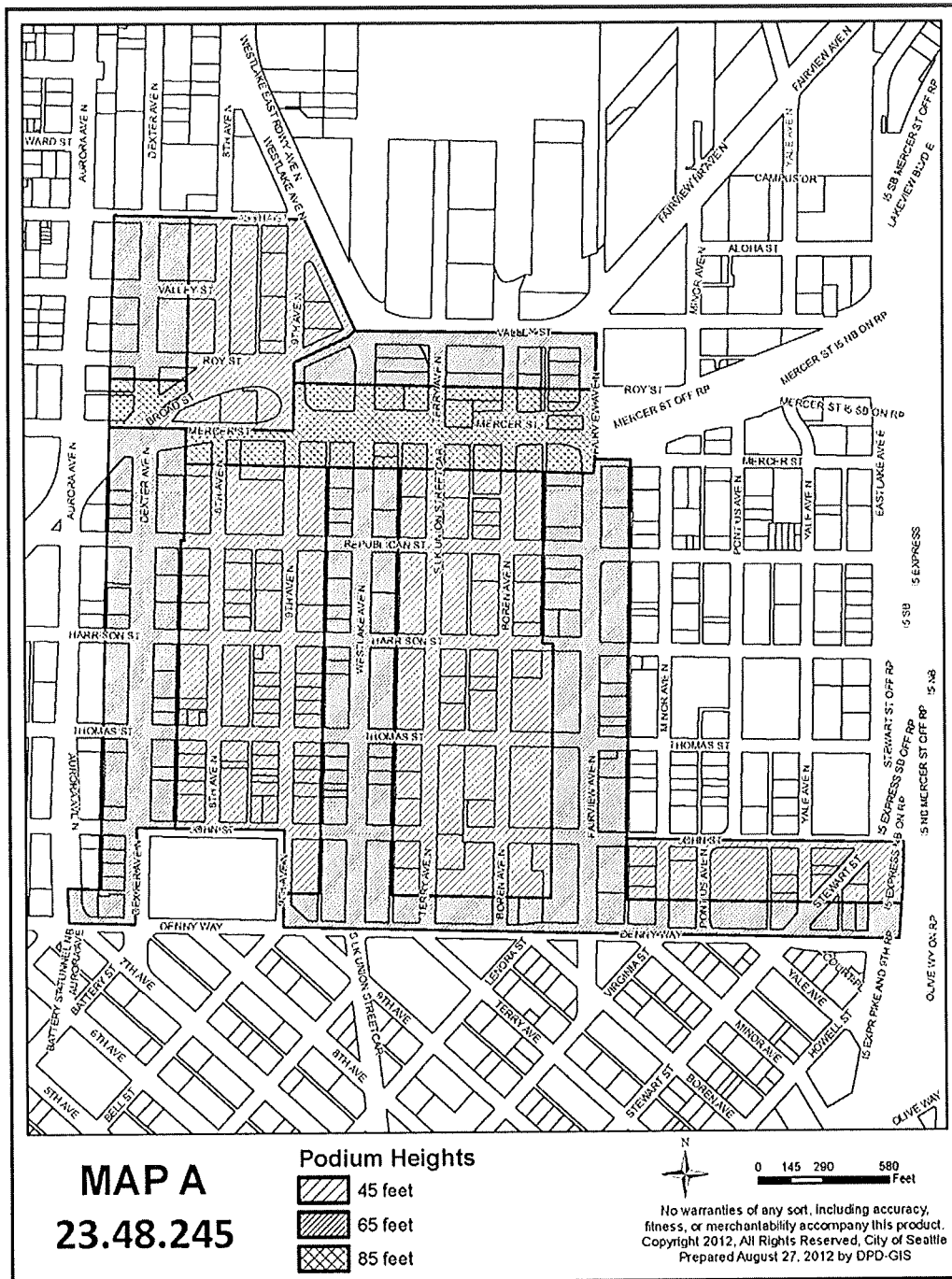
Section 35. Section 23.48.245 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:

23.48.245 Upper-level development standards in South Lake Union Urban Center

* * *

Map A for 23.48.245

Podium Heights



Section 36. Section 23.48.420 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:

23.48.420 Floor area ratio (FAR) in North Rainier

Table A for 23.48.420 FAR Limits in North Rainier		
Zone	FAR limits for ((non-residential)) <u>all</u> uses	
	Base FAR	Maximum FAR
SM-NR 65	3.5	5
SM-NR 55/75	2.0 ¹	No limit
SM-NR 85	4.5 ((²))	6
SM-NR 125	5	8
Footnotes to Table A for ((23.48.020)) 23.48.420 ¹ Floor area that exceeds an FAR of 2.0 must be obtained by providing public benefits through the incentive zoning program as per Chapter 23.58A. ((² In the SM-NR 85 zone residential use is not subject to the base FAR limit.))		

Within zones that have an incentive zoning suffix, the number in the suffix within parentheses is the base FAR.

Section 37. Section 23.49.008 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

23.49.008 Structure height

The following provisions regulating structure height apply to all property in Downtown zones except the DH1 zone. Structure height for PSM, IDM₂ and IDR zones is regulated by this Section 23.49.008, and by Sections 23.49.178, 23.49.208, and 23.49.236.

A. Base and maximum height limits

1. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 23.49.008, maximum structure heights for Downtown zones are as designated on the Official Land Use Map.

In certain zones, as specified in this Section 23.49.008, the maximum structure height may be allowed only for particular uses or only on specified conditions, or both. If height limits are specified for portions of a structure that contain specified types of uses, the

1 applicable height limit for the structure is the highest applicable height limit for the types of
2 uses in the structure, unless otherwise specified.

3 2. Except in the PMM zone, the base height limit for a structure is the lowest of
4 the maximum structure height or the lowest other height limit, if any, that applies pursuant to
5 this Title 23 based upon the uses in the structure, before giving effect to any bonus for which
6 the structure qualifies under this Chapter 23.49 and to any special exceptions or departures
7 authorized under this Chapter 23.49. In the PMM zone the base height limit is the maximum
8 height permitted pursuant to urban renewal covenants.

9 3. In zones listed below in this subsection 23.49.008.A.3, the applicable height
10 limit for portions of a structure that contain non-residential and live-work uses is shown as the
11 first figure after the zone designation (except that there is no such limit in DOC1), and the
12 base height limit for portions of a structure in residential use is shown as the first figure
13 following the “/”. The third figure shown is the maximum residential height limit. Except as
14 stated in subsection 23.49.008.D, the base residential height limit is the applicable height limit
15 for portions of a structure in use if the structure does not use the bonus available under Section
16 23.49.015, and the maximum residential height limit is the height limit for portions of a
17 structure in residential use if the structure uses the bonus available under Section 23.49.015:

18 DOC1 Unlimited/450 unlimited

19 DOC2 500/300-500

20 DMC 340/290-400

21 DMC 240/290-400.

22 4. A structure in a DMC 340/290-400 zone on a lot comprising a full block that
23 abuts a DOC1 zone along at least one street frontage may gain additional structure height of

30 percent above the maximum residential height limit if the structure uses the bonus available under Section 23.49.015, or 35 percent above 340 feet if that bonus is not used, in either case under the following conditions:

a. Only one tower is permitted on the lot;

b. Any additional floor area above the maximum height limit for non-residential or live-work use, as increased under this subsection 23.49.008.A.4, is occupied by residential use;

c. The average residential gross floor area and maximum residential floor area of any story in the portion of the tower permitted above the base residential height limit do not exceed the limits prescribed in subsection 23.49.058.E.1;

d. Any residential floor area allowed above the base residential height limit under this provision is gained through voluntary agreements to provide low-income or moderate-income housing according to Section 23.49.015;

e. At least 35 percent of the lot area, or a minimum of 25,000 square feet, whichever is greater, is in open space use substantially at street level meeting the following standards, and subject to the following allowances for coverage:

1) The location and configuration of the space shall enhance solar exposure, allow easy access to entrances to the tower serving all tenants and occupants from streets abutting the open space, and allow convenient pedestrian circulation through all portions of the open space. The open space shall be entirely contiguous and physically accessible. To offset the impact of the taller structure allowed, the open space shall have frontage at grade abutting sidewalks, and be visible from sidewalks, on at least two streets. The elevation of the space may vary, especially on sloping lots where terracing the space

facilitates connections to abutting streets, provided that grade changes are gradual and do not significantly disrupt the continuity of the space, and no part of the open space is significantly above the grade of the nearest abutting street. The Director may allow greater grade changes, as necessary, to facilitate access to transit tunnel stations.

2) Up to 20 percent of the area used to satisfy the open space condition to allowing additional height may be covered by the following features: permanent, freestanding structures, such as retail kiosks, pavilions, or pedestrian shelters; structural overhangs; overhead arcades or other forms of overhead weather protection; and any other features approved by the Director that contribute to pedestrian comfort and active use of the space. The following features within the open space area may count as open space and are not subject to the percentage coverage limit: temporary kiosks and pavilions, public art, permanent seating that is not reserved for any commercial use, exterior stairs and mechanical assists that provide access to public areas and are available for public use, and any similar features approved by the Director.

f. Open space used to satisfy the condition to allowing additional height in this Section 23.49.008 is not eligible for a bonus under Section 23.49.013.

g. Open space used to satisfy the condition to allowing additional height in this Section 23.49.008 may qualify as common recreation area to the extent permitted by subsection 23.49.011.B and may be used to satisfy open space requirements in subsection 23.49.016.C.1 if it satisfies the standards of ~~((that))~~ subsection 23.49.016.C.1.

h. No increase in height shall be granted to any proposed development that would result in significant alteration to any designated feature of a ((landmark))

1 Landmark structure, unless a certificate of approval for the alteration is granted by the
2 Landmarks Preservation Board.

3 5. In a DRC zone, the base height limit is 85 feet, except that, subject to the
4 conditions in subsection 23.49.008.A.6:

5 a. The base height limit is 150 feet if any of the following conditions is
6 satisfied:

7 1) all portions of a structure above 85 feet contain only
8 residential use; or

9 2) at least 25 percent of the gross floor area of all structures on a
10 lot is in residential use; or

11 3) a minimum of 1.5 FAR of eating and drinking
12 establishments, retail sales, and service or entertainment uses, or any combination thereof, is
13 provided on the lot.

14 b. For residential floor area created by infill of a light well on a
15 Landmark structure, the base height limit is the lesser of 150 feet or the highest level at which
16 the light well is enclosed by the full length of walls of the structure on at least three sides. For
17 the purpose of this subsection 23.49.008.A.5.b a light well is defined as an inward modulation
18 on a non-street facing facade that is enclosed on at least three sides by walls of the same
19 structure, and infill is defined as an addition to that structure within the light well.

20 * * *

21 Section 38. Section 23.49.011 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
22 Ordinance 125163, is amended as follows:

23 **23.49.011 Floor area ratio**

A. General standards

1. The base and maximum floor area ratio (FAR) for each zone is provided in

Table A for 23.49.011.

Table A for 23.49.011 Base and maximum floor area ratios (FARs)		
Zone designation	Base FAR	Maximum FAR
Downtown Office Core 1 (DOC1)	6	20
Downtown Office Core 2 (DOC2)	5	14
Downtown Retail Core (DRC)	3	5
Downtown Mixed Commercial (DMC)	4 in DMC 65 4.5 in DMC 85 5 in DMC 125, DMC 160, DMC 240/290-400, and DMC 340/290-400 3 in DMC 85/65-150	4 in DMC 65 4.5 in DMC 85 5 in DMC 160, except 8 for hotels 7 in DMC 125 and DMC 240/290-400 10 in DMC 340/290-400 5 in DMC 85/65-150
Downtown Mixed Residential/Residential (DMR/R)	1 in DMR/R 85/65 1 in DMR/R 125/65 1 in DMR/R 240/65	1 in DMR/R 85/65 2 in DMR/R 125/65 2 in DMR/R 240/65
Downtown Mixed Residential/Commercial (DMR/C)	1 in DMR/C 85/65 1 in DMR/C 125/65 2 in DMR/C 240/125 2.5 in DMR/C 65/65-85 2.5 in DMR/C 65/65-150	4 in DMR/C 85/65 4 in DMR/C 125/65 5 in DMR/C 240/125 4 in DMR/C 65/65-85 4 in DMR/C 65/65-150
Pioneer Square Mixed (PSM)	NA ⁽¹⁾	NA ⁽¹⁾
International District Mixed (IDM)	3, except as stated below ^{((*)} ⁽²⁾ 6 for hotels ^{((**))} ⁽³⁾ in IDM 75-85 and IDM 75/85-150	3, except as stated below 6 for hotels ^{((**))} ⁽³⁾ in IDM 75-85 and IDM 75/85-150 6 in IDM 150/85-150
International District Residential (IDR)	1	2 if 50 percent or more of the total gross floor area on the lot is in residential use
International District Residential/Commercial (IDR/C)	3, except hotels 6 for hotels ^{((**))} ⁽³⁾	3, except hotels 6 for hotels ^{((**))} ⁽³⁾
Downtown Harborfront 1 (DH1)	NA	NA

Downtown Harborfront 2 (DH2)	2.5	Development standards regulate maximum FAR
Pike Market Mixed (PMM)	7	7

Footnotes to Table A for 23.49.011

⁽¹⁾NA = Not Applicable, except in Section 23.49.180.E.

^{((*)}⁽²⁾ In the IDM 150/85-150 zone, hotel uses are subject to the base FAR of 3 FAR.

^{((**))}⁽³⁾ Hotel use may be combined with up to 3 FAR of other chargeable floor area, up to a total of 6 FAR.

2. Chargeable floor area shall not exceed the applicable base FAR except as expressly authorized pursuant to this Chapter 23.49.

* * *

1. ~~((Chargeable floor area in excess of the base FAR in the PSM 85-120 zone may be gained only in accordance with Section 23.49.180))~~ Additional floor area in the PSM 85-120 zone is subject to subsection 23.49.180.E.

* * *

Section 39. Section 23.49.015 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124680, is amended as follows:

23.49.015 Bonus residential floor area in DOC1, DOC2, and DMC zones outside South Downtown for voluntary agreements for low-income housing and moderate-income housing

* * *

B. Voluntary agreements for housing

1. The voluntary agreement shall commit the applicant to provide or contribute to low-income housing or moderate-income housing, or both, in an amount as set forth in this subsection 23.49.015.B. The quantities in this subsection 23.49.015.B are based on findings of an analysis that quantifies the linkages between new market-rate units in high-rise residential structures in DOC1, DOC2, and DMC zones and the demand that residents of such units

1 generate for low-income housing and moderate-income housing. The amount of such housing
2 and income levels served, and the amount of any cash payment, shall be determined as
3 follows:

4 a. For the performance option, the applicant shall provide, as low-
5 income housing or moderate-income housing, net rentable floor area equal to 11 percent of the
6 net residential floor area sought as bonus development, computed by multiplying the
7 following sum by an efficiency factor of 80 percent: (i) the total square footage of gross
8 residential floor area to be developed on the lot above the base height limit for residential use
9 under Section 23.49.008, plus (ii) the excess, if any, in each tower to be developed on the lot,
10 of (X) the total number of square feet of gross residential floor area between the height of 85
11 feet and the base height limit, over (Y) the product of the “average residential gross floor area
12 limit of stories above 85 feet if height does not exceed the base height limit for residential
13 use” as provided in Table B for 23.49.058, column 2, multiplied by the number of stories with
14 residential use in each tower above 85 feet and below the base height limit. All low-income
15 housing or moderate-income housing provided under the performance option shall be on the
16 lot where the bonus development is used or an adjacent lot. The adjacent lot must be within
17 the block where the bonus development is used and either abut the lot where bonus
18 development is used, or be separated only by public right-of-way. All rental housing provided
19 under the performance option shall be low-income housing.

20 b. For the payment option, the applicant shall pay the lesser of the
21 following:

1 1) an amount that equals the approximate cost of developing the
2 same number and quality of housing units that would be developed under the performance
3 option, as determined by the Director; or

4 2) in DMC zones:

5 a) ~~((a) in DMC zones, \$8.00))~~ Eight dollars per square
6 foot of gross residential floor area sought as bonus development between the height of 85 feet
7 and the base height limit for residential use under Section 23.49.008, ~~\$12((-00))~~ per square
8 foot of the gross residential floor area of the first four stories above the base height limit for
9 residential use, ~~\$16((-00))~~ per square foot of gross residential floor area of the next three
10 stories, and ~~\$20((-00))~~ per square foot of gross residential floor area of the higher stories, not
11 to exceed an average of \$15.15 per square foot of gross residential floor area sought as bonus
12 development; and

13 ~~((b))~~ ~~((in DMC zones))~~ after ~~((the effective date of the~~
14 ~~ordinance introduced as Council Bill 117908))~~ January 18, 2014, \$11.45 per square foot of
15 gross residential floor area sought as bonus development between the height of 85 feet and the
16 base height limit for residential use under Section 23.49.008, \$17.17 per square foot of the
17 gross residential floor area of the first four stories above the base height limit for residential
18 use, \$22.89 per square foot of gross residential floor area of the next three stories, and \$28.62
19 per square foot of gross residential floor area of the higher stories, not to exceed an average of
20 \$21.68 per square foot of gross residential floor area sought as bonus development; and

21 ~~((b))~~ 3) in DOC1 and DOC2 zones:

1 ((f))a) ~~((in DOC1 and DOC2 zones,))~~ \$15.15 per square
2 foot of gross residential floor area sought as bonus development above the base height limit
3 for residential use under Section 23.49.008~~((:)); and~~

4 ((f))b) ~~((in DOC1 and DOC2 zones after the effective
5 date of the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 117908))~~ after January 18, 2014, \$21.68 per
6 square foot of gross residential floor area sought as bonus development above the base height
7 limit for residential use under Section 23.49.008.

8 c. The amount of the alternative cash contribution, as provided in this
9 subsection 23.49.015.B.1.b and made at the time specified in subsection 23.49.015.C, shall be
10 based on the amount that is in effect when vesting of a Master Use Permit occurs under
11 23.76.026. The full amount must be paid to the City in cash, except that if the City shall
12 approve by ordinance the acceptance of specific real property in lieu of all or part of the cash
13 payment, the Director of Housing may accept the real property.

14 2. Each low-income housing unit provided as a condition to the bonus allowed
15 under this ~~((section))~~ Section 23.49.015 shall serve only households with incomes at or below
16 ~~((eighty-))80((+))~~ percent of median income at the time of their initial occupancy. Each
17 moderate-income housing unit provided as a condition to the bonus allowed under this
18 ~~((section))~~ Section 23.49.015 shall serve only as owner-occupied housing for households with
19 incomes no higher than median income at the time of their initial occupancy. For rental
20 housing, housing costs, including rent and basic utilities, shall not exceed ~~((thirty-))30((+))~~
21 percent of ~~((eighty-))80((+))~~ percent of median income, adjusted for the average size of family
22 expected to occupy the unit based on the number of bedrooms, all as determined by the
23 Housing Director, for a minimum period of ~~((fifty-))50((+))~~ years. For owner-occupied

1 housing, the initial sale price shall not exceed an amount determined by the Housing Director
2 to be consistent with affordable housing for a moderate-income household with the average
3 family size expected to occupy the unit based on the number of bedrooms, and the units shall
4 be subject to recorded instruments satisfactory to the Housing Director providing for sales
5 prices on any resale consistent with affordability on the same basis. The Housing Director
6 may promulgate rules specifying the method of determining affordability, including eligible
7 monthly housing costs. The Housing Director may also promulgate rules for determining
8 whether units satisfy the requirements of this ~~((section))~~ Section 23.49.015 and any
9 requirements relating to down-payment amount, design, quality, maintenance, and condition
10 of the low-income housing or moderate-income housing.

11 3. For purposes of this ~~((section))~~ Section 23.49.015, housing may be
12 considered to be provided by the applicant seeking bonus development under the performance
13 option if the housing satisfies all of the following conditions:

14 ~~((i))~~ a. It is committed to serve an eligible income group, and for a
15 time period, referred to in this ~~((section))~~ Section 23.49.015 pursuant to an agreement between
16 the housing owner and the City.

17 ~~((ii))~~ b. The agreement required by subsection ~~((i))~~ 23.49.015.B.3.a
18 is executed and recorded prior to the issuance of the ~~((master use permit))~~ Master Use Permit
19 to establish the use for the project using the bonus development, but except when subsection
20 ~~((iii)(B))~~ 23.49.015.B.3.c.2 below applies, no earlier than one ~~((1))~~ year prior to issuance
21 of that ~~((master use permit))~~ Master Use Permit.

22 ~~((iii))~~ c. Either:

1 ((A)) 1) the Certificate of Occupancy for the new low-income
2 housing or moderate income housing, or both, must be issued within three ((3)) years of the
3 date the Certificate of Occupancy is issued for the project using the bonus development,
4 unless the Housing Director approves an extension based on delays that the applicant or
5 housing developer could not reasonably have avoided, or

6 ((B)) 2) only in the case of low-income housing on a lot
7 adjacent to the project using bonus development, which housing is subject to a regulatory
8 agreement related to long-term City financing of low-income housing and was developed
9 under a Master Use Permit issued pursuant to a decision that considered the housing together
10 with a project then proposed on that adjacent site, a final Certificate of Occupancy for the
11 low-income housing was issued within five ((5)) years of the building permit issuance for
12 the project proposed for bonus development on the adjacent lot.

13 ((iv)) d. If the low-income housing or moderate-income housing is not
14 owned by the applicant, then the applicant made a financial contribution to the low-income
15 housing or moderate-income housing, or promised such contribution and has provided to the
16 City an irrevocable, unconditional letter of credit to ensure its payment, in form and content
17 satisfactory to the Housing Director, in either case in an amount determined by the Housing
18 Director to be, when reduced by the value of any expected benefits to be received for such
19 contribution other than the bonus development, approximately equal to the cost of providing
20 units within the project using the bonus development, and the owner of the low-income
21 housing or moderate-income housing has entered into a linkage agreement with the applicant
22 pursuant to which only the applicant has the right to claim such housing for purposes of bonus

development under this ~~((section))~~ Section 23.48.915 or any other bonus under this ~~((title))~~

Title 23.

* * *

Section 40. Section 23.49.019 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124952, is amended as follows:

23.49.019 Parking quantity, location, and access requirements and screening and landscaping of parking areas

* * *

H. Standards for location of access to parking. This subsection 23.49.019.H does not apply to Pike Market Mixed, Pioneer Square Mixed, International District Mixed, and International District Residential zones except that subsection 23.49.019.H.1 applies to International District Mixed and International District Residential zones to the extent stated in subsection 23.66.342.D.

1. Curb cut location

a. If a lot abuts an alley, alley access is required, except as provided in subsection 23.49.019.H.1.c.

b. If a lot does not abut an alley and abuts more than one right-of-way, the location of access is determined by the Director as a Type I decision after consulting with the Director of Transportation. Unless the Director otherwise determines under subsection 23.49.019.H.1.c, access is allowed only from a right-of-way in the category, determined by the classifications shown on Map 1B and Map 1F of the Downtown Overlay Maps or another map identified in a note to Map 1F, that is most preferred among the categories of rights-of-way abutting the lot, according to the ranking set forth below, from most to least preferred (a

portion of a street that is included in more than one category is considered as belonging only to the least preferred of the categories in which it is included):

- 1) Access street;
- 2) Class II pedestrian street/Minor arterial;
- 3) Class II pedestrian street/Principal arterial;
- 4) Class I pedestrian street/Minor arterial;
- 5) Class I pedestrian street/Principal arterial;
- 6) Principal transit street;
- 7) Designated green street.

c. The Director may allow or require access from a right-of-way other than one indicated by subsection 23.49.019.H.1.a or 23.49.019.H.1.b if, after consulting with the Director of Transportation on whether and to what extent alternative locations of access would enhance pedestrian safety and comfort, facilitate transit operations, facilitate the movement of vehicles, minimize the on-street queuing of vehicles, enhance vehicular safety, or minimize hazards, and, for hotel use, improve passenger loading safety or increase visibility of vehicular access for guests arriving by car, the Director finds that an exception to the general policy is warranted. The Director may approve an exception for hotel use and impose conditions to minimize any adverse impacts to the pedestrian environment or street operations, including but not limited to allowing one-way driveways that are less than the minimum width otherwise required. Curb cut controls on designated green streets shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, but generally access from green streets is not allowed if access from any other right-of-way is possible.

d. If a street or alley vacation is proposed, the Director shall consult with the Seattle Design Commission on how the location and extent of proposed curb cuts affects or impacts the public realm and how those impacts have been reduced.

2. Curb cut width and number. The width and number of curbcuts shall comply with Section 23.54.030, Parking space standards.

* * *

Section 41. Section 23.49.028 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 122273, is amended as follows:

23.49.028 Keeping of animals and pet daycare centers ((-))

A. Animals that are not being kept in connection with animal husbandry or animal service uses ~~((may be kept as an accessory use on any lot in a downtown zone according to the following:~~

~~1. Up to three (3) small animals per business establishment or dwelling unit may be kept in downtown zones.~~

2. That type of swine commonly known as the Vietnamese, Chinese, or Asian Potbelly Pig (*Sus scrofa bittatus*) shall be permitted as a small animal provided such swine is no greater than twenty-two (22) inches in height at the shoulder and no more than one hundred fifty (150) pounds in weight. No more than one (1) such swine may be kept per business establishment or dwelling unit)) are regulated by Section 23.42.052.

* * *

Section 42. Section 23.49.058 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 125173, is amended as follows:

23.49.058 Downtown Office Core 1 (DOC1), Downtown Office Core 2 (DOC2), and Downtown Mixed Commercial (DMC) upper-level development standards

* * *

C. Facade modulation

1. In DOC 1, DOC 2, and DMC zones, except the DMC 160 zone, facade modulation is required above a height of 85 feet above the sidewalk for any portion of a structure located within 15 feet of a street lot line. No modulation is required for portions of a facade set back 15 feet or more from a street lot line.

2. In the DMC 160 zone, facade modulation is required above a height of 60 feet above the sidewalk for any portion of a structure located within 15 feet of a street lot line. No modulation is required for portions of a facade set back 15 feet or more from a street lot line.

3. The maximum length of a facade without modulation is prescribed in Table A for 23.49.058. This maximum length shall be measured parallel to each street lot line, and shall apply to any portion of a facade, including projections such as balconies, that is located within 15 feet of street lot lines.

Table A for 23.49.058 Modulation Requirements for DOC1, DOC2, and DMC Zones, Except DMC 160 Zone	
Elevation <u>in feet</u>	Maximum length of unmodulated facade within 15 feet of street lot line <u>in feet</u>
0 to 85 ((feet))	No limit
((86)) Greater than 85, up to 160 ((feet))	155 ((feet))
((161)) Greater than 160, up to 240 ((feet))	125 ((feet))

((241)) Greater than 240, up to 500 ((feet))	100 ((feet))
Above 500 ((feet))	80 ((feet))
Modulation Requirements for DMC 160 Zone	
0 to 60 ((feet))	No limit
Above 60 ((feet))	125 ((feet))

4. Any portion of a facade exceeding the maximum length of facade prescribed on Table A for 23.49.058 shall be set back a minimum of 15 feet from the street lot line for a minimum distance of 60 feet before any other portion may be within 15 feet of the street lot line.

* * *

Section 43. Section 23.49.164 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 123589, is amended as follows:

23.49.164 Downtown Mixed Residential, maximum width, depth, and separation requirements

* * *

D. ((~~Facade Width Limits and Separation Requirements~~)) Facade width limits and separation requirements in South Downtown. On a lot in a DMR/C zone in South Downtown, the following standards apply:

1. For the portion of a structure 65 feet in height or less, the maximum width of a street-facing facade is 250 feet.

2. For the portion of a structure above 65 feet in height, the maximum width of a street-facing facade is 120 feet.

3. At all levels above 65 feet in height, separate structures on a lot and separate portions of the same structure must be separated at all points by a minimum horizontal

1 distance of 20 feet, or as specified in subsections 23.49.164.D.4 and 23.49.164.D.5 for
2 structures separated by a mid-block corridor.

3 4. At all levels above 45 feet and up to 85 feet in height, structures separated
4 by a mid-block corridor must be separated at all points by a minimum horizontal distance of
5 45 feet, unless subsection 23.49.164.D.6 applies.

6 5. At all levels above 85 feet in height, structures separated by a mid-block
7 corridor must be separated at all points by a minimum horizontal distance of 55 feet, unless
8 subsection 23.49.164.D.6 applies.

9 6. If a mid-block corridor abuts a side lot line that is not a street lot line, at all
10 levels above 45 feet structures on that lot must set back from that side lot line at all points by a
11 minimum horizontal distance of 45 feet.

12 7. Waiver or modification of requirements, limits, and standards

13 a. For developments in the International Special Review District, the
14 Director may waive or modify the requirements, limits and standards referred to in subsection
15 23.49.164.D.2 and 23.49.164.D.3 as a Type I decision if, upon consultation with the Director
16 of Neighborhoods, the Director determines that waiving or modifying a requirement, limit or
17 standard will increase availability of affordable housing meeting the provisions of subsection
18 23.49.164.D.7.b and will better meet the goals and objectives of Section 23.66.302.

19 b. For purposes of this subsection 23.49.164.D.7, housing is affordable
20 if it receives public funding and/or an allocation of federal low-income housing tax credits,
21 and is subject to a regulatory agreement, covenant or other legal instrument recorded on the
22 property title and enforceable by The City of Seattle, Washington State Housing Finance
23 Commission, State of Washington, King County, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban

1 Development, or other similar entity as approved by the Director of Housing, which restricts
2 at least 40 percent of the units to occupancy by households earning no greater than 60 percent
3 of median income, and controls the rents that may be charged, for a minimum period of 40
4 years.

5 Section 44. Section 23.50.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
6 Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

7 **23.50.020 Structure height exceptions and additional restrictions**

8 A. Rooftop features. Where a height limit applies to a structure, except as provided in
9 subsections 23.50.024.C.4, 23.50.024.D.4, 23.50.024.E.4, and 23.50.024.F.3, the provisions in
10 this subsection 23.50.020.A apply to rooftop features:

11 * * *

12 5. Greenhouses that are dedicated to food production are permitted to extend
13 15 feet above the applicable height limit if the combined total coverage of all features gaining
14 additional height does not exceed 50 percent of the roof area. Greenhouses allowed under this
15 subsection 23.50.020.A.5 shall be located at least 10 feet from the north (~~edge of the roof~~)
16 lot line unless a shadow diagram is provided that demonstrates that locating such features
17 within 10 feet of the north (~~edge of the roof~~) lot line would not shade property to the north
18 on January 21(~~st~~) at noon more than would a structure built to maximum permitted height
19 and FAR.

20 * * *

21 Section 45. Section 23.53.006 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
22 Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

23 **23.53.006 Pedestrian access and circulation**

* * *

D. Outside Urban Centers and Urban Villages. Outside of Urban Centers and Urban Villages, sidewalks are required on an existing street in any of the following circumstances, except as provided in subsection 23.53.006.F.

1. In any zone with a pedestrian designation, sidewalks are required if new lots are created through the platting process including full and short subdivisions (~~and unit lot subdivisions, and~~) or if development is proposed.

2. On streets designated on Map A for 23.50.016, sidewalks are required if new lots are created through the platting process, including full and short subdivisions (~~and unit lot subdivisions, and~~) or if development is proposed. Sidewalks are required only for the portion of the lot that abuts the designated street.

3. On arterials, except in IG1 and IG2 zones and on lots in IB zones that are not directly across the street from or abutting a lot in a residential or commercial zone, sidewalks are required if new lots are created through the platting process, including full and short subdivisions (~~and unit lot subdivisions, and~~) or if development is proposed. Sidewalks are required only for the portion of the lot that abuts the arterial.

* * *

Section 46. Section 23.53.015 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

23.53.015 Improvement requirements for existing streets in residential and commercial zones

* * *

D. Exceptions

* * *

3. Exceptions from required street improvements. As a Type 1 decision, the Director, in consultation with the Director of Transportation, may waive or modify the requirements for paving and drainage, dedication, setbacks, grading, no-protest agreements, landscaping, and curb installation if one or more of the following conditions are met. The waiver or modification shall provide the minimum relief necessary to accommodate site conditions while maximizing access and circulation.

a. Location in an environmentally critical area or buffer, disruption of existing drainage patterns, or removal of natural features such as significant trees or other valuable and character-defining mature vegetation makes widening and/or improving the right-of-way impractical or undesirable.

b. The existence of a bridge, viaduct, or structure such as a substantial retaining wall in proximity to the project site makes widening and/or improving the right-of-way impractical or undesirable.

c. Widening the right-of-way and/or improving the street would adversely affect the character of the street, as it is defined in an adopted neighborhood plan or adopted City plan for green streets, boulevards, or other special rights-of-way, or would otherwise conflict with the stated goals of such a plan.

d. Widening and/or improving the right-of-way would preclude vehicular access to an existing lot.

e. Widening and/or improving the right-of-way would make building on a lot infeasible by reducing it to dimensions where development standards cannot reasonably be met.

1 f. One or more substantial principal structures on the same side of the
2 block as the proposed project are located in the area needed for future expansion of the right-
3 of-way and the structure(s)' condition and size make future widening of the remainder of the
4 right-of-way unlikely.

5 g. Widening and/or improving the right-of-way is impractical because
6 topography would preclude the use of the street for vehicular access to the lot, for example
7 due to an inability to meet the required ((20)) 15 percent maximum driveway slope.

8 h. Widening and/or improving the right-of-way is not necessary
9 because it is adequate for current and potential vehicular traffic, for example, due to the
10 limited number of lots served by the development or because the development on the street is
11 at zoned capacity.

12 Section 47. Section 23.53.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
13 Ordinance 124919, is amended as follows:

14 **23.53.030 Alley improvements in all zones**

15 A. General requirements((;))

16 1. The regulations in this Section 23.53.030 are not intended to preclude the
17 use of Chapter 25.05 ((of the Seattle Municipal Code, the Seattle SEPA Ordinance,)) to
18 mitigate adverse environmental impacts.

19 2. ((Subsection 23.53.030.G contains exceptions from the standards
20 requirements for alley improvements, including exceptions for projects that are smaller than a
21 certain size and for special circumstances, such as location in an environmentally critical area.

3.)) Detailed requirements for alley improvements are located in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual, which is adopted by joint rule of the Director and the Director of Transportation.

* * *

Section 48. Section 23.54.015 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

23.54.015 Required parking

* * *

B. Parking requirements for specific zones

1. Parking in downtown zones is regulated by Section 23.49.019 and not by this Section 23.54.015.

2. Parking in the MPC-YT zone is regulated by Section 23.75.180 and not by this Section 23.54.015.

3. Parking for major institution uses in the Major Institution Overlay District is regulated by Sections 23.54.015 and 23.54.016.

4. Parking in the Northgate Overlay District is regulated by Chapter 23.54 except as modified by Section 23.71.016.

5. No parking is required for single-family residential uses on lots in any residential zone that are less than 3,000 square feet in size or less than 30 feet in width where access to parking is permitted through a required yard or setback abutting a street according to the standards of subsections 23.44.016.B.2, 23.45.536.C.2, or 23.45.536.C.3.

6. No parking is required for urban farms or community gardens in residential zones.

* * *

K. Bicycle parking. The minimum number of off-street parking spaces for bicycles required for specified uses is set forth in Table D for 23.54.015. In the case of a use not shown on Table D for 23.54.015, there is no minimum bicycle parking requirement. The minimum requirements are based upon gross floor area of the use in a structure, or the square footage of the use when located outside of an enclosed structure, or as otherwise specified.

1. After the first 50 spaces for bicycles are provided, additional spaces are required at 1/2 the ratio shown in Table D for 23.54.015, except for rail transit facilities; passenger terminals; and park and ride lots. ~~((Spaces within dwelling units or on balconies do not count toward the bicycle parking requirement.))~~

2. Required bicycle parking shall be provided in a safe, accessible and convenient location. Bicycle parking hardware shall be installed so that it can perform to its manufacturer's specifications and any design criteria promulgated by the Director of Transportation, allowing adequate clearance for bicycles and their riders. Directional signage shall be installed when bike parking facilities are not clearly visible from the street or sidewalk. If any covered automobile parking is provided, all required long-term bicycle parking shall be covered. If located off-street, bicycle and automobile parking areas shall be separated by a barrier or painted lines.

3. Long-term parking for bicycles shall be for bicycles parked four hours or more. Short-term parking for bicycles shall be for bicycles parked less than four hours.

4. Bicycle parking required for residential uses shall be located on-site.

5. Bicycle parking required for small efficiency dwelling units and congregate residence sleeping rooms is required to be covered for weather protection. If the required,

covered bicycle parking is located inside the building that contains small efficiency dwelling units or congregate residence sleeping rooms, the space required to provide the required bicycle parking shall be exempt from Floor Area Ratio (FAR) limits. Covered bicycle parking that is provided beyond the required bicycle parking shall not be exempt from FAR limits.

6. Bicycle parking facilities shared by more than one use are encouraged.

7. Bicycle parking facilities required for non-residential uses shall be located on the lot or in a shared bicycle parking facility within 100 feet of the lot, except as provided in subsection 23.54.015.K.8.

8. Bicycle parking may be located in a facility within 100 feet of the lot that is not a shared bicycle parking facility, or public bicycle parking may be provided in the right-of-way, subject to approval by the Director of Transportation, in lieu of providing required on-site bicycle parking, if the Director determines that:

a. Safe, accessible, and convenient bicycle parking accessory to a non-residential use cannot be provided on-site or in a shared bicycle parking facility within 100 feet of the lot, without extraordinary physical or financial difficulty;

b. The bicycle parking in the right-of-way is equivalent to bicycle parking that would otherwise be required on-site, and takes into consideration the cost of materials, equipment and labor for installation;

c. The bicycle parking in the right-of-way is located within sufficient proximity to serve the bicycle parking demand generated by the project; and

d. Construction of the bicycle parking is completed before issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the development.

9. Bicycle parking spaces within dwelling units, other than a private garage, or on balconies do not count toward the bicycle parking requirement.

* * *

**Table D for 23.54.015
Parking for Bicycles¹**

Use		Bike parking requirements	
		Long-term	Short-term
A. COMMERCIAL USES			
A.1.	Eating and drinking establishments	1 per 12,000 square feet	1 per 4,000 square feet; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO ²
A.2.	Entertainment uses	1 per 12,000 square feet	1 per 40 seats and 1 per 1,000 square feet of non-seat area; 1 per 20 seats and 1 per 1,000 square feet of non-seat area in UC/SAO ²
A.3.	Lodging uses	1 per 20 rentable rooms	2
A.4.	Medical services	1 per 12,000 square feet	1 per 4,000 square feet; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO ²
A.5.	Offices and laboratories, research and development	1 per 4,000 square feet; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO ²	1 per 40,000 square feet
A.6.	Sales and services, general	1 per 12,000 square feet	1 per 4,000 square feet; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO ²
A.7.	Sales and services, heavy	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per 40,000 square feet
B. INSTITUTIONS			
B.1.	Institutions not listed below	1 per 4,000 square feet; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO ²	1 per 40,000 square feet
B.2.	Child care centers	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per 40,000 square feet
B.3.	Colleges	A number of spaces equal to 10 percent of the maximum	None

		students present at peak hour plus 5 percent of employees	
B.4.	Community clubs or centers	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per 4,000 square feet
B.5.	Hospitals	1 per 4,000 square feet; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO ²	1 per 40,000 square feet
B.6.	Libraries	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per 4,000 square feet; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO ²
B.7.	Museums	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per 4,000 square feet
B.8.	Religious facilities	1 per 12,000 square feet	1 per 40 seats or 1 per 1,000 square feet of non-seat area
B.9.	Schools, elementary	1 per classroom	None
B.10.	Schools, secondary (middle and high)	2 per classroom	None
B.11.	Vocational or fine arts schools	A number of spaces equal to 10 percent of the maximum students present at peak hour plus 5 percent of employees	None
C. MANUFACTURING USES		1 per 4,000 square feet	None
D. RESIDENTIAL USES			
D.1.	Congregate residences ³	0.75 per sleeping room	None
D.2.	Multi-family structures	1 per 4 dwelling units or 0.75 per small efficiency dwelling unit	None
E. TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES			
E.1.	Park and ride lots	At least 20 ⁴	None
E.2.	Principal use parking except park-and-ride lots	1 per 20 auto spaces	None
E.3.	Rail transit facilities and passenger terminals	At least 20 ⁴	None

Footnote to Table D for 23.54.015((÷))

¹If a use is not shown on this Table D for 23.54.015, there is no minimum bicycle parking requirement.

²For the purposes of this Table D for 23.54.015, UC/SAO means urban centers or the Station Area Overlay District.

³For congregate residences that are owned by a not-for-profit entity or charity, or that are licensed by the State and provide supportive services for seniors or persons with disabilities, the Director shall have the discretion to reduce the amount of required bicycle parking if it can be demonstrated that residents are less likely to travel by bicycle.

⁴The Director may require more bicycle parking spaces based on the following factors: Area topography; pattern and volume of expected bicycle users; nearby residential and employment density; proximity to the Urban Trails system and other existing and planned bicycle facilities; projected transit ridership and expected access to transit by bicycle; and other relevant transportation and land use information.

Section 49. Section 23.54.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

23.54.030 Parking space standards

All parking spaces provided, whether required by Section 23.54.015 or not, and required barrier-free parking, shall meet the standards of this Section 23.54.030, except that parking for residential and live-work uses provided in excess of the quantity required by Section 23.54.015 is exempt from the requirements of subsections 23.54.030.A and 23.54.030.B.

* * *

F. Curb cuts. The number of permitted curb cuts is determined by whether the parking served by the curb cut is for residential or nonresidential use, and by the zone in which the use is located. If a curb cut is used for more than one use or for one or more live-work units, the requirements for the use with the largest curb cut requirements shall apply.

* * *

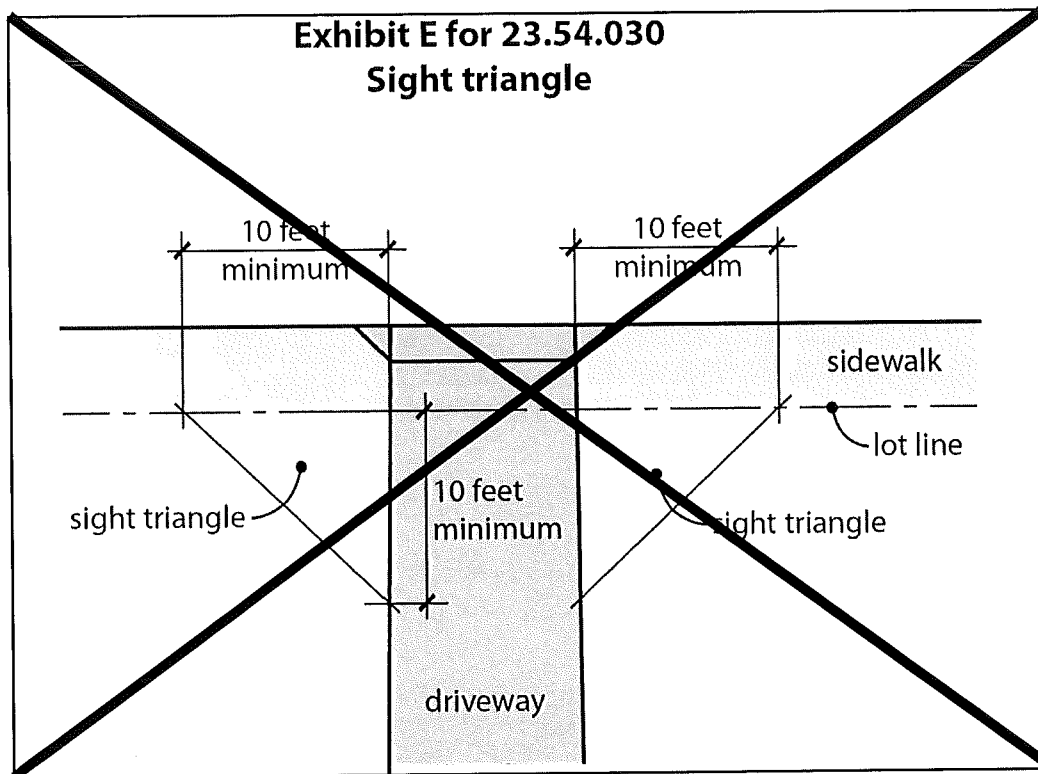
7. Curb cuts are not allowed on streets if alley access to a lot is feasible but has not been provided.

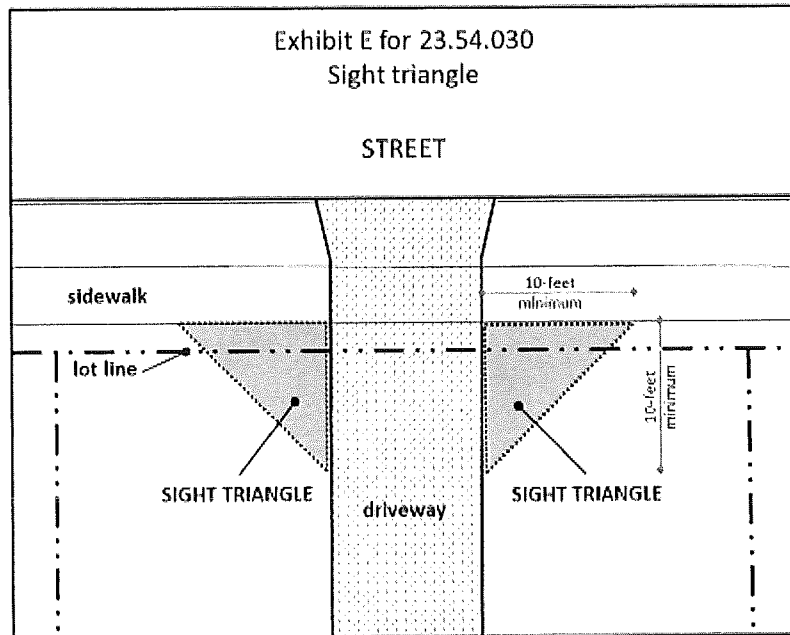
G. Sight triangle

1 1. For exit-only driveways and easements, and two way driveways and
2 easements less than 22 feet wide, a sight triangle on both sides of the driveway or easement
3 shall be provided, and shall be kept clear of any obstruction for a distance of 10 feet from the
4 intersection of the driveway or easement with a driveway, easement, sidewalk, or curb
5 intersection if there is no sidewalk, as depicted in Exhibit E for 23.54.030.

6 **Exhibit E for 23.54.030**

7 **Sight triangle**





2. For two way driveways or easements 22 feet wide or more, a sight triangle on the side of the driveway used as an exit shall be provided, and shall be kept clear of any obstruction for a distance of 10 feet from the intersection of the driveway or easement with a driveway, easement, sidewalk, or curb intersection if there is no sidewalk. The entrance and exit lanes shall be clearly identified.

3. The sight triangle shall also be kept clear of obstructions in the vertical spaces between 32 inches and 82 inches from the ground.

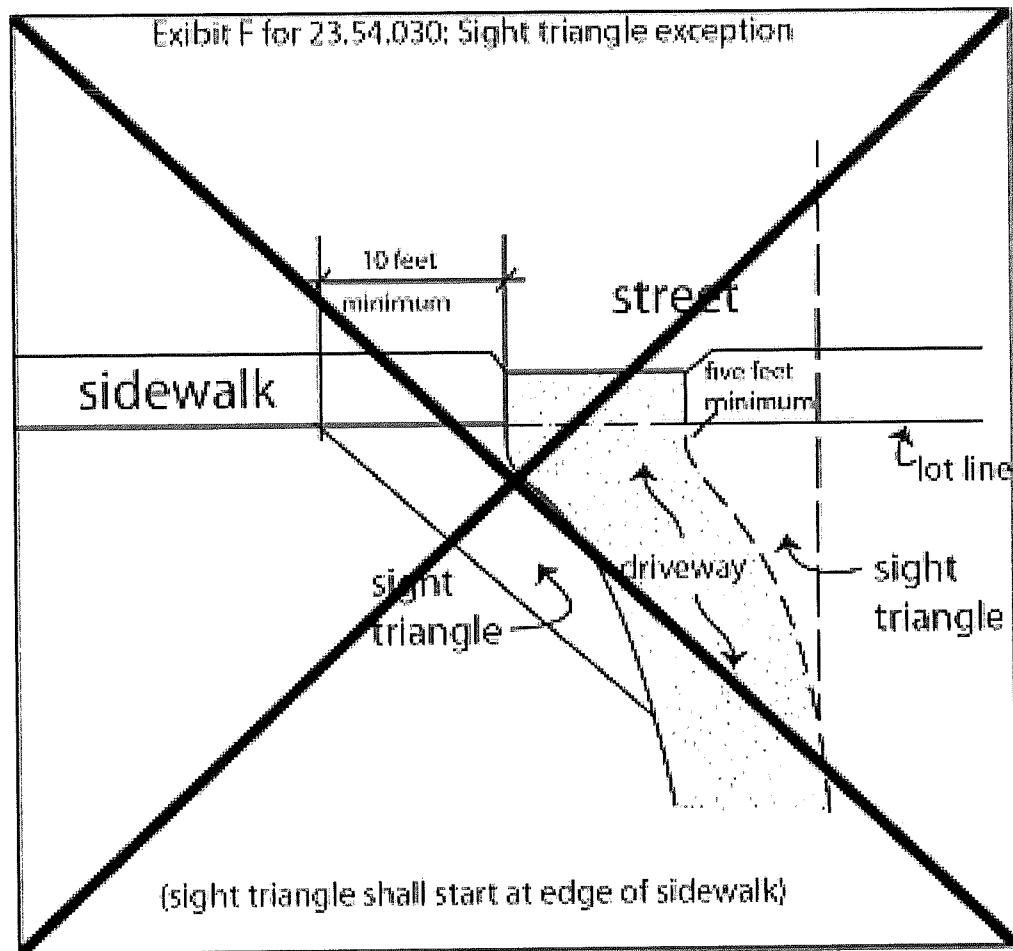
4. When the driveway or easement is less than 10 feet from the lot line, the sight triangle may be provided as follows:

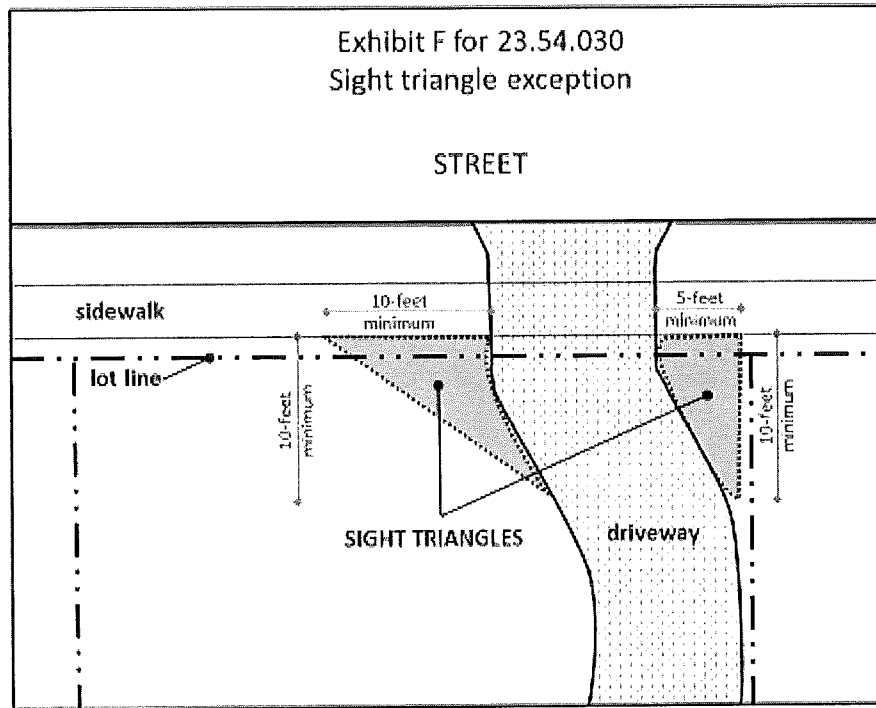
a. An easement may be provided sufficient to maintain the sight triangle. The easement shall be recorded with the King County Recorder; or

- 1 b. The driveway may be shared with a driveway on the neighboring lot;
2 or
3 c. The driveway or easement may begin 5 feet from the lot line, as
4 depicted in Exhibit F for 23.54.030.

5 **Exhibit F for 23.54.030**

6 **Sight triangle exception**





5. An exception to the sight triangle requirement may be made for driveways serving lots containing only residential uses and fewer than three parking spaces, when providing the sight triangle would be impractical.

6. In all Downtown, Industrial, Commercial 1, and Commercial 2 zones, the sight triangle at a garage exit may be provided by mirrors and/or other approved safety measures.

7. Sight triangles are not required for one-way entrances into a parking garage or surface parking area.

8. Sight triangles are not required when access to parking is provided from an alley.

* * *

Section 50. Section 23.54.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124608, is amended as follows:

23.54.040 Solid waste and recyclable materials storage and access

* * *

I. The Director, in consultation with the Director of Seattle Public Utilities, has the discretion to ~~((grant departures from))~~ modify the requirements of this Section 23.54.040 as a Type I decision, if the applicant proposes alternative, workable measures that meet the intent of this Section 23.54.040 and if either:

1. The applicant can demonstrate difficulty in meeting any of the requirements of this Section 23.54.040; or

2. The applicant proposes to construct or expand a structure, and the requirements of this Section 23.54.040 conflict with opportunities to increase residential densities and/or retain ground-level retail uses.

Section 51. Section 23.55.014 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124919, is amended as follows:

23.55.014 Off-premises signs ~~((:))~~

* * *

F. Registration of ~~((Advertising Signs))~~ advertising signs. Each owner of an off-premises advertising sign shall file a written report with the Director on or before July 1 of each year. The report shall be submitted on a form supplied by the Director. The owner shall identify the number and location of advertising signs maintained by the owner in the City at any time during the previous year and provide such other information as the Director deems necessary for the inspection of signs and for the administration and enforcement of this

1 Section 23.55.014. The owner shall pay a fee to the Director at the time the written report is
2 filed. The amount of the fee is ~~((Forty Dollars (\$40)))~~ established by Section 22.900E.010 for
3 each sign face identified in the report. SDCI shall assign a registration number to each sign
4 face, and the sign number shall be displayed on the face of the billboard frame in figures
5 which are a minimum of 8 inches tall. It is unlawful to maintain a sign face ~~((which))~~ that has
6 not been registered as required by this Section 23.55.014. Notwithstanding any other
7 provision of this code, any person who maintains an unregistered sign face is subject to an
8 annual civil penalty of \$5,000 for each unregistered sign face.

9 * * *

10 Section 52. Section 23.55.015 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
11 Ordinance 124105, is amended as follows:

12 **23.55.015 Sign kiosks and community bulletin boards**

13 * * *

14 C. Development ~~((Standards for Sign Kiosks))~~ standards for sign kiosks

15 1. Design and ~~((Construction.))~~ construction

16 a. The design of any sign kiosk shall comply with the design principles
17 for sign kiosks approved by the Seattle Design Commission, or shall be reviewed and
18 recommended by the Commission.

19 b. The design of any sign kiosk adjacent to a park, playground, or
20 publicly owned community center shall also be reviewed and must be approved by the Seattle
21 Department of Parks and Recreation for aesthetic compatibility with existing signs and the
22 design of the park, playground, or community center.

23 c. The design of any sign kiosk in a special review district established

1 in ((SMC)) Chapters 23.66, 25.16, 25.20, 25.22, and 25.24 shall also be reviewed and must be
2 approved by the board for that district for compliance with the standards of that district.

3 d. The sign kiosk shall be in sections with maximum dimensions of
4 ((seven-))7(()) feet high, ((three-))3(()) feet wide measuring from the centers of the
5 supporting posts on either side of the sections, and ((six-))6(()) inches deep, with a
6 maximum of four (((4))) sections. No more than ((two-))2(()) feet of additional height will
7 be allowed for artistic decoration on top of the kiosk, with additional width not to exceed the
8 width of the kiosk structure. The Seattle Design Commission may approve a different style or
9 different dimensions, which shall not exceed the maximum height dimension and the
10 maximum overall size set out above.

11 e. Lights, changing image signs, and message board signs shall not be
12 placed on any part of a sign kiosk that is visible from the street. Flashing signs and chasing
13 signs are prohibited on any part of a kiosk. Any lighting fixtures used within kiosks or used
14 externally to illuminate kiosks shall be fully shielded. The maximum illumination level at the
15 kiosk shall be ((five-))5(()) foot-candles (fc) maintained at ground level.

16 f. Materials used in constructing sign kiosks shall minimize reflective
17 glare from natural or artificial illumination.

18 g. The design of any kiosk structure shall not be likely to be mistaken
19 for any traffic control device and shall comply with ((SMC)) Sections 11.50.500 through
20 11.50.560.

21 h. All sign kiosks shall be designed, constructed and maintained in
22 accordance with ((SMC Chapter 22,)) Section ((3204,)) 3107 of the 2015 Seattle Building
23 Code ((provisions governing signs)).

* * *

Section 53. Section 23.55.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 123046, is amended as follows:

23.55.020 Signs in single-family zones

* * *

D. The following signs are permitted in all single-family zones:

1. Electric, externally illuminated or nonilluminated signs bearing the name of the occupant of a dwelling unit, not exceeding 64 square inches in area;

2. Memorial signs or tables, and the name of buildings and dates of building erection if cut into a masonry surface or constructed of bronze or other noncombustible materials;

3. Signs for public facilities indicating danger and/or providing service or safety information;

4. National, state, and institutional flags;

5. For any nonresidential use allowed in the zone except for elementary or secondary schools, one electric or nonilluminated double-faced identifying wall or ground sign not to exceed 15 square feet of area per sign face on each street frontage;

6. On-premises directional signs not exceeding 8 square feet in area. One such sign is permitted for each entrance or exit to a surface parking area or parking garage;

7. For elementary or secondary schools, one electric or nonilluminated double-faced identifying sign, not to exceed 30 square feet of area per sign face on each street frontage, provided that the signs shall be located and landscaped so that light and glare impacts on surrounding properties are reduced, and so that any illumination is controlled by a

timer set to turn off by 10 p.m.;

8. One nonilluminated sign bearing the name of a home occupation not exceeding 64 square inches in area.

* * *

Section 54. Subsection 23.66.140.C of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was last amended by Ordinance 125163, is amended as follows:

23.66.140 Height

* * *

C. Rooftop features and additions to structures

* * *

4. Height limits for rooftop features

* * *

j. Enclosed rooftop recreational spaces for new structures

1) If included on new structures, enclosed rooftop recreational spaces and solar collectors may exceed the maximum height limit by up to 15 feet. The applicant shall make a commitment that the proposed development will meet the green building standard and shall demonstrate compliance with that commitment, all in accordance with Chapter 23.58D, and meet a Green Factor requirement of .30 or greater according to the provisions of Section 23.86.019. Each enclosed rooftop recreational space shall include interpretive signage explaining the sustainable features employed on or in the structure. Commercial, residential, or industrial uses shall not be established within enclosed rooftop recreational spaces that are allowed to exceed the maximum height limit under this subsection 23.66.140.C.4.j.

2) Elevator penthouses serving an enclosed rooftop recreational space may exceed the maximum height limit by up to 20 feet.

3) Enclosed rooftop recreational spaces, mechanical equipment, and elevator and stair penthouses shall not exceed 35 percent of the roof area.

4) Enclosed rooftop recreational spaces, mechanical equipment, and elevator and stair penthouses shall be set back a minimum of 30 feet from all streets and 3 feet from all alleys. Solar collectors shall be set back as provided in subsections 23.66.140.C.4.c and 23.66.140.C.4.d.

5) Owners of structures with enclosed rooftop recreational spaces permitted pursuant to this subsection 23.66.140.C.4.j shall submit to the Director, the Pioneer Square Preservation Board, and the Director of Neighborhoods a report documenting compliance with the ~~((LEED Gold rating))~~ commitment and Green Factor requirements set forth in ~~((Chapter 23.58D))~~ subsection 23.66.140.C.4.j.1.

* * *

Section 55. Section 23.66.338 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 123589, is amended as follows:

23.66.338 Signs

A. The intent of the standards in this ~~((section))~~ Section 23.66.338 is:

1. To encourage signs that by their design, location, and number are consistent with the goals and objectives of the International Special Review District, and the Union Station Corridor where applicable, and in particular the Asian character of the area;

2. To promote effective communication of sign messages by avoiding undue proliferation;

3. To enhance views and sightlines into and down streets; and

4. To reduce driver distraction and visual blight.

B. Business establishments may erect signs, including banners and flags that are signs,
((as defined in subsection 23.84A.036)) if the Director of Neighborhoods determines the
proposed sign meets the standards in this Section 23.66.338 and issues a certificate of
approval, except as provided in subsection 23.66.338.H.

* * *

Section 56. Section 23.71.044 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
Ordinance 122311, is amended as follows:

**23.71.044 Standards for residential uses in commercial zones within the Northgate
Overlay District ((:))**

* * *

B. When permitted, structures with residential uses exceeding 20((%)) percent of the
street-level street-facing facade are subject to the following development standards:

1. In all C and NC zones with a height limit of ((thirty (30))) 40 feet or less, the
development standards for residential structures in Lowrise 3 zones, except that no front
setback is required.

2. ((In all C and NC zones with a height limit of forty (40) feet, the
development standards for residential structures in Lowrise 4 zones, except that no front
setback is required.

3.)) In all C and NC zones with a height limit of ((sixty-five (-))65((-)) feet, the
development standards for residential structures in Midrise zones, except that no front setback
is required.

* * *

Section 57. Section 23.73.008 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124503, is amended as follows:

23.73.008 Street-level uses

A. Street-level uses on principal pedestrian streets. Along designated principal pedestrian streets shown on Map A for 23.73.008, provisions for street-level uses are established in Chapter 23.47A, except as modified by this Section 23.73.008.

B. Space for small commercial uses at street level

1. Except as provided in subsection 23.73.008.B.3, all structures that include more than 5,000 square feet of commercial uses at street level, excluding the floor area of performing arts theaters, arts facilities, and parking and access, shall include commercial spaces at street level for small, individual business establishments that average 2,000 square feet or less in size, according to Table A for 23.73.008.

Table A for 23.73.008 Commercial Space for Small Business Establishments	
Total amount of square feet in commercial use at street level as calculated in subsection 23.73.008.B	Number of required commercial spaces for individual business establishments averaging 2,000 square feet or less in size
Up to 5,000 square feet	0
More than 5,000 square feet, up to 8,000 square feet	1
More than 8,000 square feet, up to 12,000 square feet	2
More than 12,000 square feet, up to 16,000 square feet	3
More than 16,000 square feet	4, plus 1 additional space for each additional 4,000 square feet above 16,000 square feet, up to a maximum of 8

2. The commercial space requirement of subsection 23.73.008.B.1 applies to the total size of a business establishment, except that if a business establishment includes

more than one principal use, each principal use within the business establishment may qualify as a small business establishment.

3. For projects that retain a character structure as provided in Section 23.73.015, in addition to any excluded floor area specified in subsection 23.73.008.B.1, floor area meeting the following conditions is not required to comply with subsection 23.73.008.B.1:

a. The floor area is occupied by street-level commercial uses or other uses excluded from the requirement for small commercial spaces in subsection 23.73.008.B.1 and is within the original street-level footprint of the retained character structure; and

b. The original street-level of the character structure was designed as a large space for use as automobile retail sales and service, warehouse, manufacturing, or large retail or commercial space.

c. Original facade openings providing transparency at the street-level remain unobstructed by interior improvements to retain visual access to interior space for pedestrians on the abutting sidewalk, even if the resulting amount of transparency exceeds what is otherwise required in subsection 23.47A.008.B.2.

* * *

Section 58. Section 23.73.009 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124503, is amended as follows:

23.73.009 Floor area ratio

* * *

B. Non-residential uses are limited to a maximum of 2 FAR, except that for development on a lot that meets one of the following conditions, the FAR limits for non-

residential uses in Section 23.47A.013 for the underlying zone applies:

1. A character structure has not existed on the lot since January 18, 2012; or

2. For lots that include a character structure, all character structures on the lot are retained according to Section 23.73.015, unless a departure is approved through the design review process to allow the removal of a character structure based on the provisions of subsection ~~((23.41.012.B.32))~~ 23.41.012.B.33. If the lot includes a character structure that has been occupied by residential uses since January 18, 2012, the same amount of floor area in residential uses shall be retained in that structure, unless a departure is approved through the design review process to allow the removal of the character structure based on the provisions of subsection ~~((23.41.012.B.32))~~ 23.41.012.B.33. The owner of the lot shall execute and record in the King County real property records an agreement to provide for the maintenance of the required residential uses for the life of the project.

C. In addition to the floor area exempt under the provisions of the underlying zone, the following floor area is exempt from the calculation of gross floor area subject to an FAR limit:

1. The following street-level uses complying with the standards of Section 23.47A.008 and subsection 23.73.008.B:

- a. General sales and services;
- b. Major durables retail sales;
- c. Eating and drinking establishments;
- d. Museums;
- e. Religious facilities;
- f. Libraries; and

1 g. Automotive retail sales and service uses located within an existing
2 structure or within a structure that retains a character structure as provided in Section
3 23.73.015.

4 2. Floor area used for theaters or arts facilities, which for the purposes of this
5 Section 23.73.009 only, may be operated either by for-profit or not-for-profit organizations.

6 3. All floor area in residential use in a development that retains all character
7 structures on the lot as provided in Section 23.73.015, or that uses the transfer of development
8 potential (TDP) on a lot that is a TDP receiving site according to Section 23.73.024, unless a
9 departure is approved through the design review process to allow the removal of a character
10 structure based on the provisions of subsection ((~~23.41.012.B.32~~)) 23.41.012.B.33.

11 * * *

12 Section 59. Section 23.73.014 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
13 Ordinance 124503, is amended as follows:

14 **23.73.014 Height exceptions**

15 A. Height exception for street-level uses. In zones with a mapped height limit of 65
16 feet, an additional 4 feet of height above the height limit of the zone is allowed for structures
17 that include uses listed as required street-level uses in subsection 23.47A.005.D.1 or live-work
18 use if the following conditions are met:

19 1. The floor-to-ceiling height of the street-level uses or live-work units located
20 at street level is 13 feet or more, except when a character structure is retained according to
21 Section 23.73.015, the floor-to-ceiling height of the portion of the street-level story above the
22 footprint of the character structure need not exceed the original floor-to-ceiling height of the
23 character structure;

2. The additional height will not permit an additional story to be built beyond the number that could be built under a 65-foot height limit; and

3. The transparency requirements for street-facing facades in subsection ~~((23.47A.008.A.2))~~ 23.47A.008.B.2 are met for the portion of the street-facing facades between 2 feet and 12 feet above the sidewalk. Only clear or lightly-tinted glass shall be considered transparent. For a character structure that is retained in a new project according to Section 23.73.015, measurement for required transparency of the street-facing facades of the character structure shall be according to the provisions of subsection 23.86.026.B.

* * *

Section 60. Section 23.73.015 of the Seattle Municipal Code, adopted by Ordinance 124503, is amended as follows:

23.73.015 Retention and demolition of character structures

A. For provisions in this Chapter 23.73 that require a portion of a character structure to be retained in order to earn incentives, in addition to the provisions of the applicable section, the minimum requirements for retaining a character structure are as follows:

1. All street-facing facades of the character structure shall be maintained for the life of the project, and original facade openings that provide transparency at the street-level shall remain unobstructed to retain visual access to interior spaces for pedestrians on the abutting sidewalk, even if the resulting amount of transparency exceeds what is otherwise required in subsection 23.47A.008.B.2;

2. All portions of the new structure above the height of the street-facing facades of the character structure shall be set back a minimum of 15 feet from the street-facing facades of the character structure, except:

a. Projections such as unenclosed balconies, bay windows, cornices, belt courses; and eaves, gutters, and other forms of weather protection may project a maximum of 18 inches into the required setback; and

b. On through lots that are bounded on three or more sides by a street and that are less than 170 feet wide measured between streets, a setback is not required from the narrowest abutting street that is not shown as a Principal Pedestrian Street on Map A for 23.73.008.

3. The original floor-to-ceiling height of the street-level story of the character structure is maintained, allowing for adjustments to provide access to persons with disabilities.

4. If it is determined at any time that the character structure's street-facing facade cannot be maintained as required under subsection 23.73.015.A.1, the Design Review Board shall review any proposed changes to the facade before changes are made. If the proposed facade changes are not approved through the design review process the incentives may not be used.

* * *

Section 61. Section 23.76.004 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124747, is amended as follows:

23.76.004 Land Use Decision Framework

* * *

Table A for 23.76.004

LAND USE DECISION FRAMEWORK¹

**Director's and Hearing Examiner's Decisions Requiring Master Use Permits
TYPE I**

Director's Decision

(Administrative review through land use interpretation as allowed by Section 23.88.020²)

*	Application of development standards for decisions not otherwise designated Type II, III, IV, or V
*	Uses permitted outright
*	Temporary uses, four weeks or less
*	Renewals of temporary uses, except for temporary uses and facilities for light rail transit facility construction and transitional encampments
*	Intermittent uses
*	Interim use parking authorized under subsection 23.42.040.G
*	Uses on vacant or underused lots pursuant to Section 23.42.038
*	Transitional encampment interim use
*	Certain street uses
*	Lot boundary adjustments
*	Modifications of features bonused under Title 24
*	Determinations of significance (EIS required) except for determinations of significance based solely on historic and cultural preservation
*	Temporary uses for relocation of police and fire stations
*	Exemptions from right-of-way improvement requirements
*	Special accommodation
*	Reasonable accommodation
*	Minor amendment to a Major Phased Development permit
*	Determination of public benefit for combined lot FAR
*	Determination of whether an amendment to a property use and development agreement is major or minor
*	Streamlined design review decisions pursuant to Section 23.41.018; if no development standard departures are requested, and design review decisions in an MPC zone pursuant to Section 23.41.020 if no development standard departures are requested
*	Shoreline special use approvals that are not part of a shoreline substantial development permit
*	Adjustments to major institution boundaries pursuant to subsection 23.69.023.B
*	Determination that a project is consistent with a planned action ordinance
*	Decision to approve, condition, or deny, based on SEPA policies, a permit for a project determined to be consistent with a planned action ordinance
*	Other Type I decisions that are identified as such in the Land Use Code
TYPE II	
Director's Decision	
(Appealable to Hearing Examiner or Shorelines Hearing Board ³)	
*	Temporary uses, more than four weeks, except for temporary relocation of police and fire stations
*	Variances
*	Administrative conditional uses
*	Shoreline decisions, except shoreline special use approvals that are not part of a shoreline substantial development permit ³
*	Short subdivisions
*	Special exceptions
*	Design review decisions, except for streamlined design review pursuant to Section 23.41.018 if no development standard departures are requested, and except for design review decisions in an MPC zone pursuant to Section 23.41.020 if no development standard departures are requested
*	Light rail transit facilities
*	The following environmental determinations:
	1. Determination of non-significance (EIS not required)

	2. Determination of final EIS adequacy
	3. Determinations of significance based solely on historic and cultural preservation
	4. A decision to condition or deny a permit for a project based on SEPA policies, except for a project determined to be consistent with a planned action ordinance
*	Major Phased Developments
*	Downtown Planned Community Developments
*	Other Type II decisions that are identified as such in the Land Use Code
	TYPE III Hearing Examiner's Decision (No Administrative Appeal)
*	Subdivisions (preliminary plats)
	COUNCIL LAND USE DECISIONS TYPE IV (Quasi-Judicial)
*	Amendments to the Official Land Use Map (rezones), except area-wide amendments and correction of errors
*	Public projects that require Council approval
*	Major Institution master plans, including major amendments, renewal of a master plan's development plan component, and master plans prepared pursuant to subsection 23.69.023.C after an acquisition, merger, or consolidation of major institutions
*	Major amendments to property use and development agreements
*	Council conditional uses
*	Other decisions listed in subsection 23.76.036.A
	TYPE V (Legislative)
*	Land Use Code text amendments
*	Area-wide amendments to the Official Land Use Map
*	Corrections of errors on the Official Land Use Map due to cartographic and clerical mistakes
*	Concept approvals for the location or expansion of City facilities requiring Council land use approval
*	Major Institution designations and revocations of Major Institution designations
*	Waivers or modifications of development standards for City facilities
*	Adoption of or amendments to Planned Action Ordinances
*	Other decisions listed in subsection 23.76.036.C
Footnotes for Table A for 23.76.004(=:)	
¹ Sections 23.76.006 and 23.76.036 establish the types of land use decisions in each category. This Table A for 23.76.004 is intended to provide only a general description of land use decision types.	
² Type I decisions are subject to administrative review through a land use interpretation pursuant to Section 23.88.020 if the decision is one that is subject to interpretation.	
³ Shoreline decisions, except shoreline special use approvals that are not part of a shoreline substantial development permit, are appealable to the Shorelines Hearings Board along with all related environmental appeals.	

* * *

Section 62. Section 23.76.006 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the

ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118854, is amended as follows:

23.76.006 Master Use Permits required

A. Type I, II, and III decisions are components of Master Use Permits. Master Use Permits are required for all projects requiring one or more of these decisions.

* * *

C. The following are Type II decisions:

1. The following procedural environmental decisions for Master Use Permits and for building, demolition, grading, and other construction permits are subject to appeal to the Hearing Examiner and are not subject to further appeal to the City Council (supplemental procedures for environmental review are established in Chapter 25.05, Environmental Policies and Procedures):

- a. Determination of Non-significance (DNS), including mitigated DNS;
- b. Determination that a final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is adequate; and
- c. Determination of Significance based solely on historic and cultural preservation.

2. The following decisions are subject to appeal to the Hearing Examiner (except shoreline decisions and related environmental determinations that are appealable to the Shorelines Hearings Board):

- a. Establishment or change of use for temporary uses more than four weeks not otherwise permitted in the zone or not meeting development standards, including the establishment of temporary uses and facilities to construct a light rail transit system for so long as is necessary to construct the system as provided in subsection 23.42.040.F, but

1 excepting temporary relocation of police and fire stations for 24 months or less;

2 b. Short subdivisions;

3 c. Variances, provided that the decision on variances sought as part of a
4 Council land use decision shall be made by the Council pursuant to Section 23.76.036;

5 d. Special exceptions, provided that the decision on special exceptions
6 sought as part of a Council land use decision shall be made by the Council pursuant to Section
7 23.76.036;

8 e. Design review decisions, except for streamlined design review
9 decisions pursuant to Section 23.41.018 if no development standard departures are requested
10 pursuant to Section 23.41.012, and except for design review decisions in a MPC zone
11 pursuant to Section 23.41.020 if no development standard departures are requested pursuant to
12 Section 23.41.012;

13 f. Administrative conditional uses, provided that the decision on
14 administrative conditional uses sought as part of a Council land use decision shall be made by
15 the Council pursuant to Section 23.76.036;

16 g. The following shoreline decisions, provided that these decisions shall
17 be made by the Council pursuant to Section 23.76.036 when they are sought as part of a
18 Council land use decision (supplemental procedures for shoreline decisions are established in
19 Chapter 23.60A):

20 1) Shoreline substantial development permits;

21 2) Shoreline variances; and

22 3) Shoreline conditional uses;

23 h. Major Phased Developments;

i. Determination of project consistency with a planned action ordinance,
only if the project requires another Type II decision;

j. Establishment of light rail transit facilities necessary to operate and
maintain a light rail transit system, in accordance with the provisions of Section 23.80.004;

k. Downtown planned community developments;

l. Establishment of temporary uses for transitional encampments,
except transitional encampment interim uses provided for in subsection 23.76.006.B.2;

m. Determination of requirements according to subsections
23.58B.025.A.4 and 23.58C.030.A.3; and

n. Except for projects determined to be consistent with a planned action ordinance,
decisions to approve, condition, or deny based on SEPA policies if such decisions are
integrated with the decisions listed in subsections 23.76.006.C.2.a. through 23.76.006.C.2.l;
provided that, for decisions listed in subsections 23.76.006.C.2.c, 23.76.006.C.2.d,
23.76.006.C.2.f, and 23.76.006.C.2.g that are made by the Council, integrated decisions to
approve, condition, or deny based on SEPA policies are made by the Council pursuant to
Section 23.76.036.

* * *

Section 63. Section 23.76.060 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
Ordinance 123913, is amended as follows:

23.76.060 Expiration and extension of Council land use decisions

* * *

E. Extensions. The Council may extend the time limits on Type IV land use decisions
for ~~((no more than))~~ two years or such other time as the Council may determine appropriate,

1 upon an applicant's filing an application to the Department at least 120 days before the
2 approval's expiration. The Council may request a recommendation on the extension
3 application from the Director, but the Hearing Examiner hearing and recommendation
4 requirements of Section 23.76.052 do not apply. Notice of applications for extensions of Type
5 IV land use decisions and an opportunity to comment shall be provided pursuant to
6 subsections 23.76.012.B.1 or B.2, and subsection 23.76.012.B.3, and notice and an
7 opportunity to comment shall also be provided to the parties of record in the Council's
8 original Type IV land use proceeding and to those persons who were provided written notice
9 of the Hearing Examiner's recommendation on the original Type IV application to the extent
10 reasonably practicable.

11 1. The Council may not extend the time limit for a Type IV land use decision
12 for a project that is not in conformance with applicable regulations, including land use and
13 environmentally critical areas regulations, in effect at the time application for an extension is
14 made.

15 2. In deciding whether to grant an extension, the Council shall consider:

16 a. The reason or basis for the application for the extension and whether
17 it is reasonable under the circumstances;

18 b. Whether changed circumstances in the area support an extension;

19 c. Whether additional time is reasonably necessary to comply with a
20 condition of approval adopted by the Council that is required to be fulfilled prior to expiration
21 of the Council land use decision.

22 Section 64. Section 23.84A.024 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
23 Ordinance 124475, is amended as follows:

23.84A.024 “L”

* * *

“Lot line, front” means, in the case of a lot with frontage on a single street, the lot line separating the lot from the street, and in the case of a lot with frontage on more than one street other than a through lot, the lot line separating the lot from any abutting street, provided the other lot line(s) that abut streets are considered to be either side street lot line(s) or the rear lot line according to the definitions of those terms. In the case of a through lot, the lot lines separating the lot from the streets that are parallel or within 15 degrees of parallel to each other are both front lines. For new development on a lot with no street frontage, the front lot line shall be the lot line designated by the project applicant in accordance with Section 23.86.010. If the area of the front yard based on a front lot line determined according to this definition is less than 20 percent of the total lot area and is less than 1,000 square feet in area, the Director may designate a different lot line as the front lot line in order to provide structural setbacks, building separations, and open space that are more consistent with those of other lots that are within 100 feet of the property.

* * *

Section 65. Section 23.84A.032 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124919, is amended as follows:

23.84A.032 “R”

* * *

“Residential use” means any one or more of the following:

* * *

22. “Townhouse development” means a multifamily residential use that is not a

rowhouse development, and in which:

a. each dwelling unit occupies space from the ground to the roof of the structure in which it is located;

b. no portion of a dwelling unit occupies space above or below another dwelling unit, except for an attached accessory dwelling unit and except for dwelling units constructed over a shared parking garage; and

c. each dwelling unit is attached along at least one common wall to at least one other dwelling unit or live-work unit, with habitable interior space on both sides of the common wall, or abuts another dwelling unit or live-work unit on a common lot line.

* * *

Section 66. Section 23.84A.036 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124457, is amended as follows:

23.84A.036 “S”

* * *

“Sign, message board” means an electric sign that has a reader board for the display of information, such as time, temperature, ((ef)) or public service or commercial messages, that can be changed through the turning on and off of different combinations of light bulbs within the display area.

* * *

Section 67. Section 23.84A.038 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118914, is amended as follows:

23.84A.038 “T”

* * *

from calculation of gross floor area. The exempt gross floor area of such partially below-grade stories is measured as follows:

1. determine the elevation 4 feet below the ceiling of the partially below-grade story, or 4 feet below the roof surface if there is no next floor above the partially below-grade story;

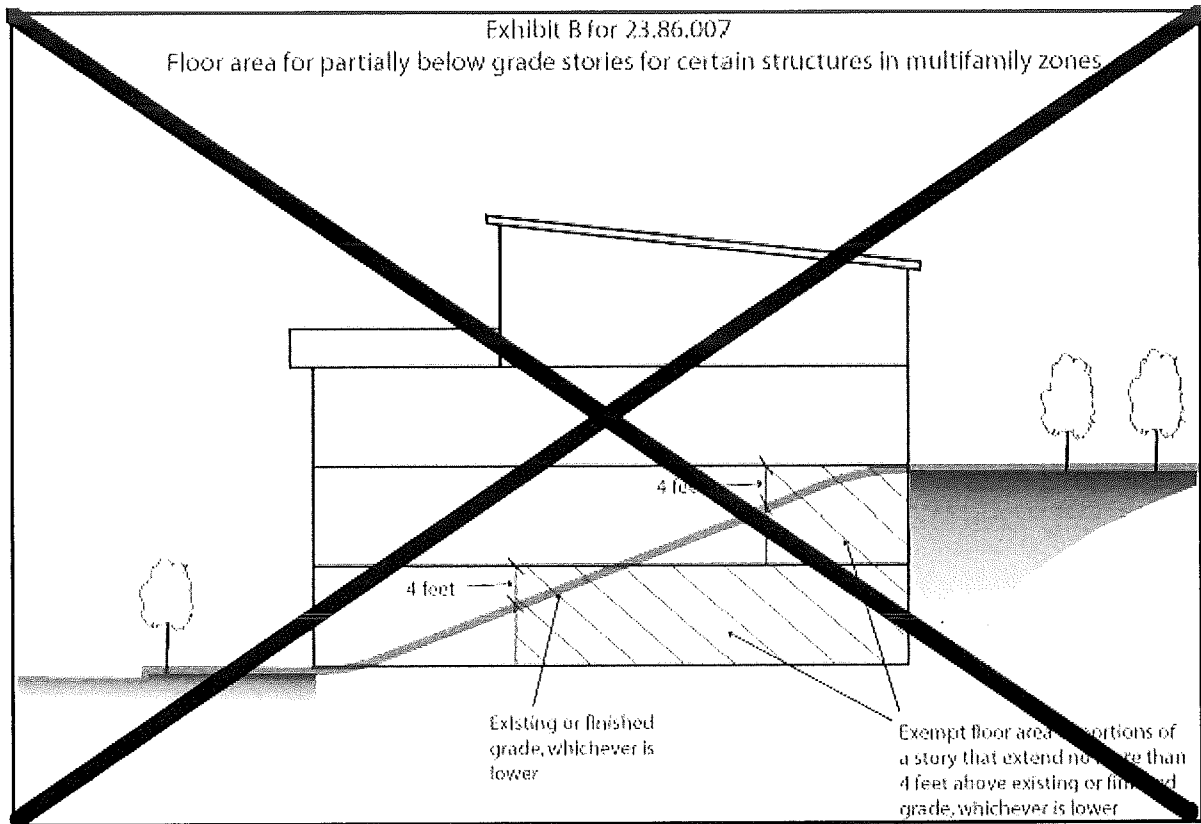
2. determine the points along the exterior wall of the story where the elevation determined in subsection 23.86.007.B.1 above intersects the abutting corresponding existing or finished grade elevation, whichever is lower;

3. draw a straight line across the story connecting the two points on the exterior walls;

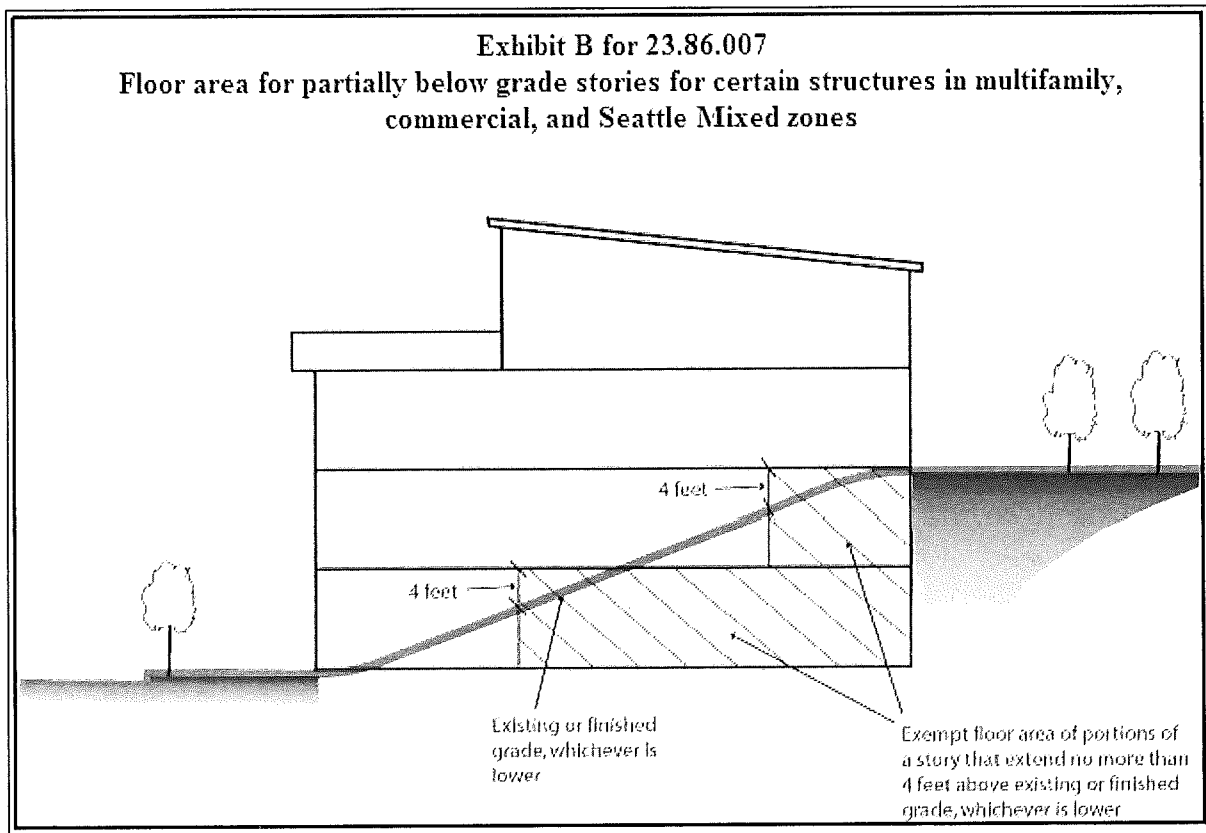
4. the gross floor area of the partially below-grade story or portion of a partially below-grade story is the area of the story that is at or below the straight line drawn in subsection 23.86.007.B.3 above, excluding openings required by the Building Code for egress. (See Exhibit B for 23.86.007).

Exhibit B for 23.86.007

Floor area for partially below grade stories for certain structures in multifamily, commercial, and Seattle Mixed zones



1



2

* * *

Section 70. Section 23.86.028 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124503, is amended as follows:

23.86.028 Blank facades

In zones where blank facades are required to be limited, the following provisions shall be used to determine the percent and length of blank facades.

A. Percent of blank facades

1. Blank facades shall be measured in an area between 2 feet and 8 feet above the elevation of the lot line at the sidewalk as depicted in Exhibits A and B for 23.86.028.

Areaways, stairways and other excavations at the lot line shall not be considered in measuring the elevation of the street lot line. When sidewalk widening is required according to Section 23.49.022, the elevation of the line establishing the new sidewalk width shall be used rather than the street lot line.

2. When the blank facade is limited for facades which abut bonused public open spaces, the measurement of facade transparency shall be from the elevation of the public open space.

Exhibit A for 23.86.028 ((Percent of and Length of Blank Facades))

Percent of blank facade

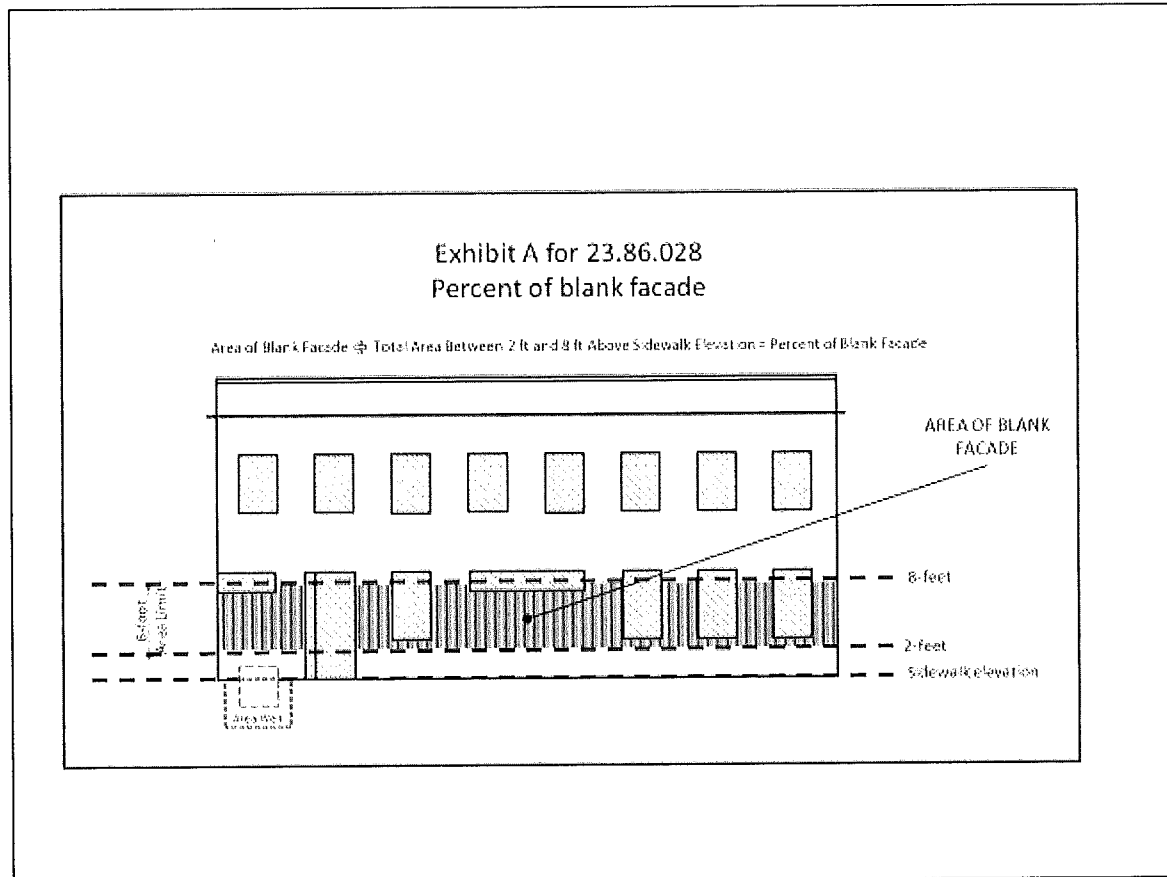
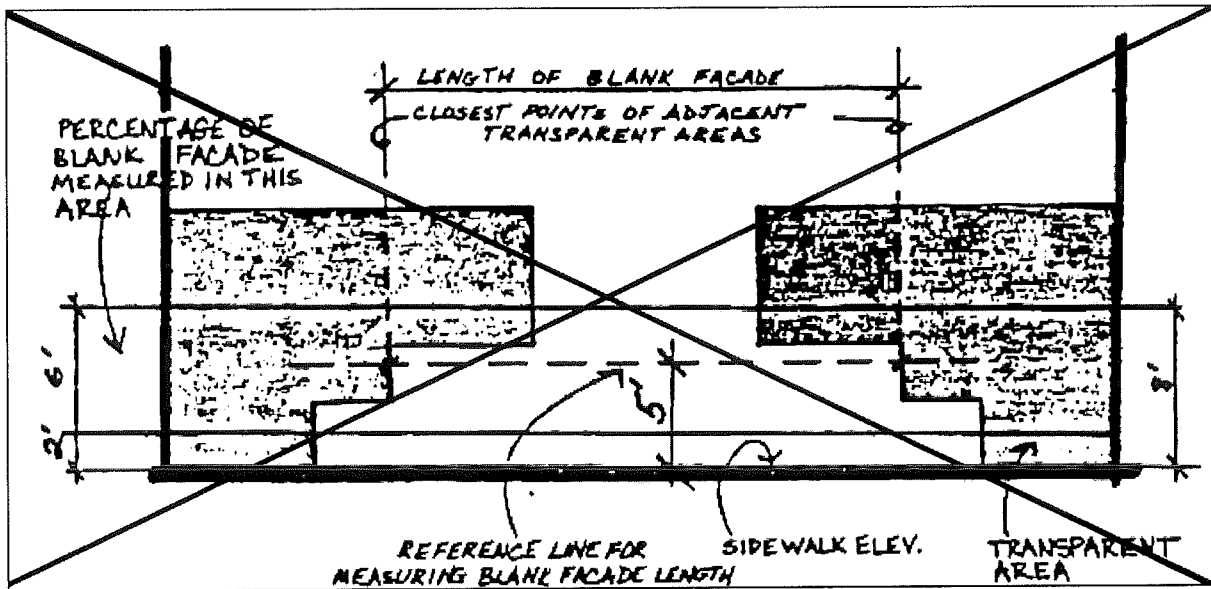
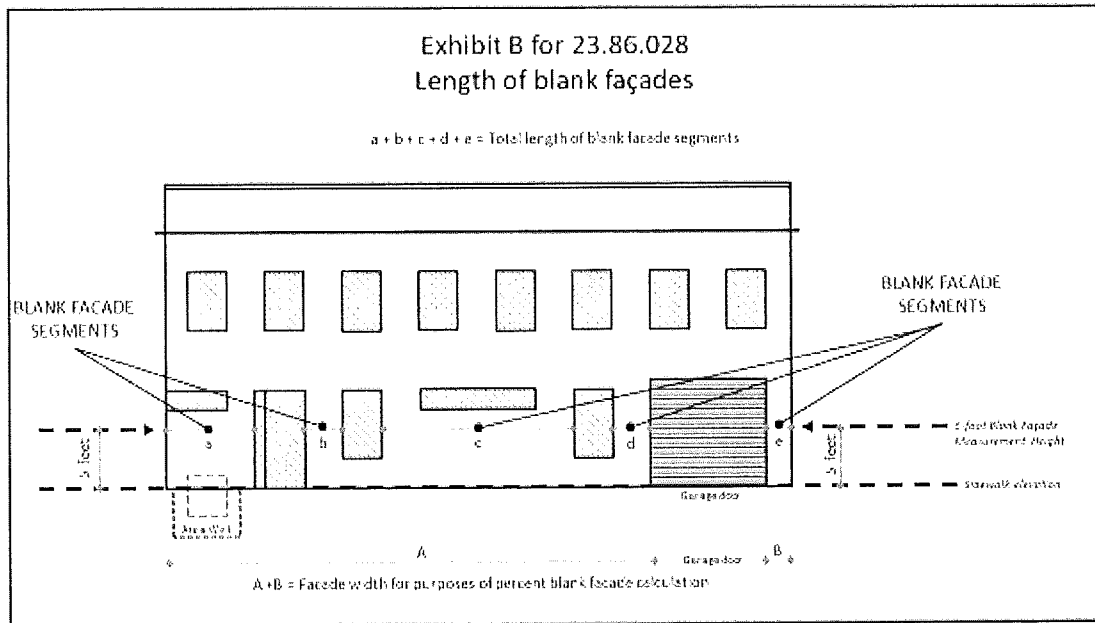


Exhibit B for 23.86.028

Length of blank facades



B. Length of blank facades. The length of a blank facade located within the area established in subsection ((23.83.028.A)) 23.86.028.A shall be measured between the closest points of adjacent transparent areas, at 5 feet above the elevation of the lot line at the sidewalk, as depicted in Exhibit B for 23.86.028.

C. The following shall not be counted in determining the length of blank facades:

1. Garage doors, as depicted in Exhibit ((A))B for 23.86.028; and
2. The full length of landmark designated structures, and character structures retained according to Section 23.73.015.

Section 71. Section 25.11.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 123495, is amended as follows:

25.11.070 Tree protection on sites undergoing development in Lowrise zones

The provisions in this Section 25.11.070 apply in Lowrise zones.

A. Exceptional trees

1. If the Director determines that there is an exceptional tree located on the lot of a proposed development and the tree is not proposed to be preserved, the development shall go through streamlined design review as provided in Section 23.41.018 if the project falls below the ~~((thresholds))~~ thresholds for design review established in Section 23.41.004.

2. The Director may permit the exceptional tree to be removed only if the total floor area that could be achieved within the maximum permitted FAR and height limits of the applicable Lowrise zone according to ~~((SMC))~~ Title 23~~((, the Land Use Code,))~~ cannot be achieved while avoiding the tree protection area through the following:

a. Development standard adjustments permitted in Section 23.41.018 or the departures permitted in Section 23.41.012.

b. An increase in the permitted height as follows under subsection 25.11.070.A.3.

3. In order to preserve an exceptional tree, the following exceptions are allowed:

a. ~~((for))~~ For a principal structure with a base height limit of 40 feet that is subject to the pitched roof provisions of ~~((Section))~~ subsection 23.45.514.D, the Director may permit the ridge of a pitched roof with a minimum slope of 6:12 to extend up to a height of 50 feet if the increase is needed to accommodate, on an additional story, the amount of floor area

1 lost by avoiding development within the tree protection area and the amount of floor area on
2 the additional story is limited to the amount of floor area lost by avoiding development within
3 the tree protection area.

4 ((e)) b. Parking ((Reduction)) reduction. A reduction in the parking
5 quantity required by Section 23.54.015 and the standards of Section 23.54.030 may be
6 permitted in order to protect an exceptional tree if the reduction would result in a project that
7 would avoid the tree protection area.

8 * * *
9

Section 72. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.

Passed by the City Council the 6th day of March, 2017,
and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 6th day of March, 2017.

ROB JOHNSON

President Pro Tem of the City Council

Approved by me this 10th day of March, 2017.

Ed Murray

Edward B. Murray, Mayor

Filed by me this 10th day of MARCH, 2017.

Monica Martinez Simmons

Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk

(Seal)

STATE OF WASHINGTON -- KING COUNTY

--SS.

347794

No.

CITY OF SEATTLE, CLERKS OFFICE

Affidavit of Publication

The undersigned, on oath states that he is an authorized representative of The Daily Journal of Commerce, a daily newspaper, which newspaper is a legal newspaper of general circulation and it is now and has been for more than six months prior to the date of publication hereinafter referred to, published in the English language continuously as a daily newspaper in Seattle, King County, Washington, and it is now and during all of said time was printed in an office maintained at the aforesaid place of publication of this newspaper. The Daily Journal of Commerce was on the 12th day of June, 1941, approved as a legal newspaper by the Superior Court of King County.

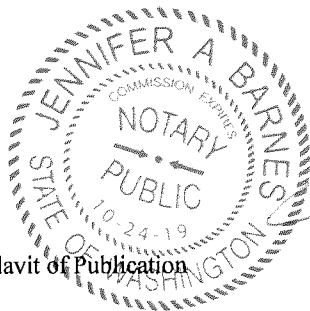
The notice in the exact form annexed, was published in regular issues of The Daily Journal of Commerce, which was regularly distributed to its subscribers during the below stated period. The annexed notice, a

CT:125271-274 TITLE ONLY

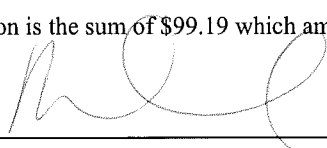
was published on

03/23/17

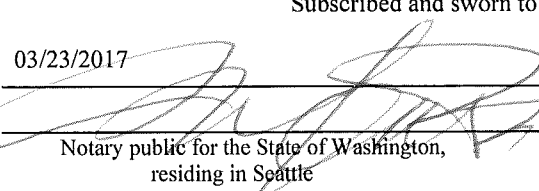
The amount of the fee charged for the foregoing publication is the sum of \$99.19 which amount has been paid in full.



Affidavit of Publication


Subscribed and sworn to before me on

03/23/2017


Notary public for the State of Washington,
residing in Seattle

State of Washington, King County

City of Seattle

The full text of the following legislation, passed by the City Council on March 6, 2017, and published below by title only, will be mailed upon request, or can be accessed at <https://seattle.legistar.com/Legislation.aspx>. For information on upcoming meetings of the Seattle City Council, please visit <http://www.seattle.gov/council/calendar>. Contact: Office of the City Clerk at (206) 684-8344.

Ordinance 125271

AN ORDINANCE relating to the West Seattle Stadium; and authorizing the Superintendent of Parks and Recreation to execute a 12-year lease, plus an option to extend, with the West Seattle Sportsmen's Club to operate the Roger Dahl Rifle Training Range at the West Seattle Stadium.

Ordinance 125272

AN ORDINANCE relating to land use and zoning; amending Sections 3.58.040, 3.58.060, 23.22.062, 23.24.040, 23.24.045, 23.40.002, 23.41.004, 23.41.012, 23.41.014, 23.44.010, 23.44.012, 23.44.014, 23.44.016, 23.44.022, 23.45.510, 23.45.512, 23.45.514, 23.45.518, 23.45.524, 23.45.528, 23.45.586, 23.45.570, 23.47A.004, 23.47A.005, 23.47A.008, 23.47A.009, 23.47A.012, 23.47A.016, 23.47A.022, 23.48.020, 23.48.025, 23.48.085, 23.48.220, 23.48.245, 23.48.420, 23.49.008, 23.49.011, 23.49.015, 23.49.019, 23.49.028, 23.49.058, 23.49.164, 23.50.020, 23.53.006, 23.53.015, 23.53.080, 23.54.015, 23.54.030, 23.54.040, 23.55.014, 23.55.015, 23.55.020, 23.66.140, 23.66.338, 23.71.044, 23.73.008, 23.73.009, 23.73.014, 23.73.015, 23.76.004, 23.76.006, 23.76.060, 23.84A.024, 23.84A.032, 23.84A.036, 23.84A.038, 23.86.006, 23.86.007, 23.86.028, and 25.11.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code; and repealing Section 22.202.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code, to correct typographical errors, correct section references, clarify regulations, and make minor amendments.

Ordinance 125273

AN ORDINANCE relating to The City of Seattle's Office of Labor Standards; adding a new Section 3.15.007 to the Seattle Municipal Code; amending Ordinance 125207, which adopted the 2017 Budget, changing appropriations for the Office of Labor Standards and authorizing cash transfers to support appropriations changes; and establishing a special Office of Labor Standards Subfund to guarantee annual funding of The City of Seattle's Office of Labor Standards from the City's existing business license tax revenues.

Ordinance 125274

AN ORDINANCE appropriating money to pay certain audited claims and ordering the payment thereof.

Date of publication in the Seattle Daily Journal of Commerce, March 23, 2017.

3/23(347794)