



SEATTLE CITY COUNCIL

Legislative Summary

CB 118679

Record No.: CB 118679

Type: Ordinance (Ord)

Status: Passed

Version: 2

Ord, no: Ord 125044

In Control: City Clerk

File Created: 04/19/2016

Final Action: 05/27/2016

Title: AN ORDINANCE relating to the Seattle Preschool Program; amending Ordinances 124509 and 124749, by amending the action plan and the implementation plan; and ratifying and confirming certain prior acts.

Date

Notes:

Filed with City Clerk:

Mayor's Signature:

Sponsors: Harrell

Vetoed by Mayor:

Veto Overridden:

Veto Sustained:

Attachments: Att A - Amendments to SPP Action Plan Version 2, Att B - SPP Action Plan Version 3, Att C - Amendments to SPP Implementation Plan Version 2, Att D - SPP Implementation Plan Version 2

Drafter: donnie.grabowski@seattle.gov

Filing Requirements/Dept Action:

History of Legislative File

Legal Notice Published:

☐ Yes

☐ No

Ver- sion:	Acting Body:	Date:	Action:	Sent To:	Due Date:	Return Date:	Result:
1	Mayor	04/26/2016	Mayor's leg transmitted to Council	City Clerk			
	Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was Mayor's leg transmitted to Council. to the City Clerk						
	Notes:						
1	City Clerk	04/26/2016	sent for review	Council President's Office			
	Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was sent for review. to the Council President's Office						
	Notes:						
1	Council President's Office	05/06/2016	sent for review	Education, Equity, and Governance Committee			
	Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was sent for review. to the Education, Equity, and Governance Committee						
	Notes:						

Legislative Summary Continued (CB 118679)

- 1 Full Council 05/09/2016 referred Education, Equity,
and Governance
Committee
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was referred. to the Education, Equity, and Governance Committee
Notes:
- 1 Education, Equity, and 05/18/2016 pass as amended Pass
Governance Committee
Action Text: The Committee recommends that Full Council pass as amended the Council Bill (CB).
In Favor: 3 Chair Harrell, Member Juarez, Alternate Burgess
Opposed: 0
- 2 Full Council 05/23/2016 passed Pass
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was passed by the following vote, and the President signed the Bill:
Notes:
In Favor: 8 Councilmember Bagshaw, Councilmember Burgess, Councilmember
González , Council President Harrell, Councilmember Herbold,
Councilmember Johnson, Councilmember Juarez, Councilmember
O'Brien
Opposed: 0
- 2 City Clerk 05/25/2016 submitted for Mayor
Mayor's signature
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was submitted for Mayor's signature. to the Mayor
Notes:
- 2 Mayor 05/27/2016 Signed
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was Signed.
Notes:
- 2 Mayor 05/27/2016 returned City Clerk
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was returned. to the City Clerk
Notes:
- 2 City Clerk 05/27/2016 attested by City
Clerk
Action Text: The Ordinance (Ord) was attested by City Clerk.
Notes:
-

CITY OF SEATTLE
ORDINANCE 125044
COUNCIL BILL 118679

AN ORDINANCE relating to the Seattle Preschool Program; amending Ordinances 124509 and 124749, by amending the action plan and the implementation plan; and ratifying and confirming certain prior acts.

WHEREAS, by Ordinance 124509, The City of Seattle (City) placed before voters a proposition to authorize the City to levy regular property taxes for up to four years in excess of the 101 percent limitation and any other limitations on levies in chapter 84.55 RCW for the purpose of providing City services, including a demonstration of preschool for certain three-year-old children and all four-year-old children; and

WHEREAS, Ordinance 124509 also approved an Action Plan that spelled out the broad contours of the Seattle Preschool Program, but provided in Section 1.B. that the Action Plan may be amended through future council ordinance; and

WHEREAS, on November 4, 2014, the City's voters approved that proposition; and

WHEREAS, a major focus of the Action Plan is to narrow the opportunity and achievement gap that is present in Seattle's educational system, and the Action Plan recognizes that on average, children from low-income families and children of color have fewer opportunities to become appropriately prepared for the social and academic challenges of the K-12 system than their peers; and

WHEREAS, in Seattle Public Schools, students of color meet third grade reading standards at a rate 31 percent lower than white students; they are suspended or expelled at three times the rate of their white peers in grades six through 12; and they graduate on-time at a rate 24 percent lower than white students; and

1 WHEREAS, as the City continues to refine the Seattle Preschool Program to meet the needs of
2 the community and its children, narrowing the achievement gap should remain an
3 essential outcome of the program; and

4 WHEREAS, the Mayor is proposing to amend the requirement that all children in a Seattle
5 Preschool Program be Seattle residents; and

6 WHEREAS, the Mayor is also proposing to accelerate the timeline for adopting an alternative
7 curriculum approval process; and

8 WHEREAS, Section 8 of Ordinance 124509 states that the Implementation Plan shall be
9 approved by future ordinance prior to implementation; and

10 WHEREAS, Section 8 of Ordinance 124509 also states that the ordinance that adopts the initial
11 Implementation Plan shall identify when the City Council will be required to approve
12 changes by ordinance; and

13 WHEREAS, Section 2 of Ordinance 124749 states that changes to the Implementation Plan must
14 be approved by the City Council via ordinance when the Mayor proposes expanding or
15 restricting eligibility for access; and

16 WHEREAS, the Implementation Plan adopted by Ordinance 124749 further states on page 5 that
17 changes to the Seattle Preschool Program Implementation Plan will require approval by
18 the City Council via ordinance when the Mayor proposes to reorder or modify the
19 priorities for student selection and enrollment; and

20 WHEREAS, the Mayor is proposing to modify the student selection and enrollment provisions of
21 the Implementation Plan;

22 NOW, THEREFORE,

23 **BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:**

1 Section 1. Ordinance 124509 is amended by amending Attachment A to Ordinance
2 124509, the Seattle Preschool Program Action Plan (Action Plan), as shown by Attachment A to
3 this ordinance. Attachment B to this ordinance shows the full text of the amended Action Plan.

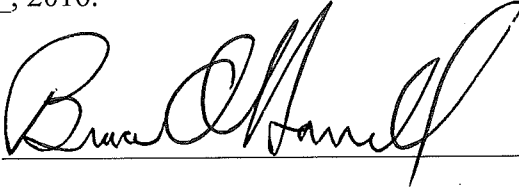
4 Section 2. Ordinance 124749 is amended by amending Attachment A to Ordinance
5 124749, the Seattle Preschool Program Implementation Plan (Implementation Plan), as shown by
6 Attachment C to this ordinance. Attachment D to this ordinance shows the full text of the
7 amended Implementation Plan.

8 Section 3. The Department of Education and Early Learning (DEEL) shall submit a
9 report to the City Council upon the conclusion of the Seattle Preschool Program enrollment
10 process each year containing the demographic information for the children who were enrolled.
11 The report shall include demographic information for each of the following groups: children
12 grandfathered into the program, provider agency-selected children, and DEEL-enrolled children.

13 Section 4. Any act consistent with the authority of this ordinance taken prior to its
14 effective date is ratified and confirmed.

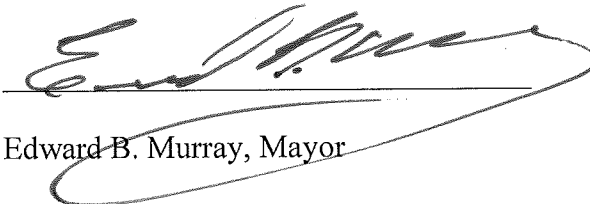
15 Section 5. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by
16 the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it
17 shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.
18

1 Passed by the City Council the 23rd day of MAY, 2016, and
2 signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this
3 23rd day of MAY, 2016.

4 
5 _____

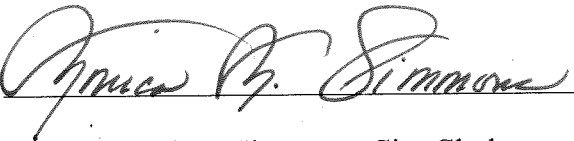
6 President _____ of the City Council

7
8 Approved by me this 27th day of May, 2016.

9
10 
11 _____

12 Edward B. Murray, Mayor

13 Filed by me this 27th day of May, 2016.

14 
15 _____

16 Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk

17
18
19 (Seal)
20

- 1 Attachments:
- 2 Attachment A – Amendments to the Seattle Preschool Program Action Plan
- 3 Attachment B – Amended Seattle Preschool Program Action Plan
- 4 Attachment C – Amendments to the Seattle Preschool Program Implementation Plan
- 5 Attachment D – Amended Seattle Preschool Program Implementation Plan

DELETED = ((~~strikethrough~~))

ADD = **Bold and underline**

Action Plan, p. 11, Organizational Eligibility

To be eligible to contract with the City to provide preschool through this program, qualified organizations will need to meet the following criteria:

- They must be licensed by the Washington State Department of Early Learning to provide preschool services (or exempt from licensing requirements by virtue of being a public school or institution of higher education).
- They must participate in the Early Achievers Program, hold a rating of Level 3 or above, and meet minimum requirements for the Classroom Assessment Scoring System (CLASS) and the Early Childhood Environment Rating Scale-Revised (ECERS-R) scores as determined through the Implementation Planning process.

In order to participate in the program, organizations must commit to ((:

- ~~Providing two or more preschool classrooms~~
- ~~Ensuring that all children in contracted classrooms are Seattle residents~~
- ~~Adhering~~) **adhering to the program standards listed herein, and to ensuring that no more than 15 percent of the children enrolled in contracted classroom slots are ineligible for the Seattle Preschool Program. Ineligible children enrolled in contracted classroom slots will not receive direct support from program funds.**

Action Plan, p. 14, Curricula

Providers will be required to adopt the approved curricula as detailed in the Implementation Plan.

~~After 2018, a~~ **A curriculum waiver process will be considered for high-quality providers. At a minimum, the curriculum waiver process should include the input of a panel of early learning curriculum experts, and should attempt to align with the curriculum waiver process being developed by the State of Washington. It is expected that agencies requesting a curriculum waiver will: have a rating of Level 4 or above in the Early Achievers Program, use an evidence-based curriculum that includes a tool for assessing the fidelity of implementation, and have an intensive, agency-managed plan for instructional support. The curriculum waiver process may approve no more than three additional curricula for use by Seattle Preschool Program provider agencies, without seeking authorization from the City Council.**

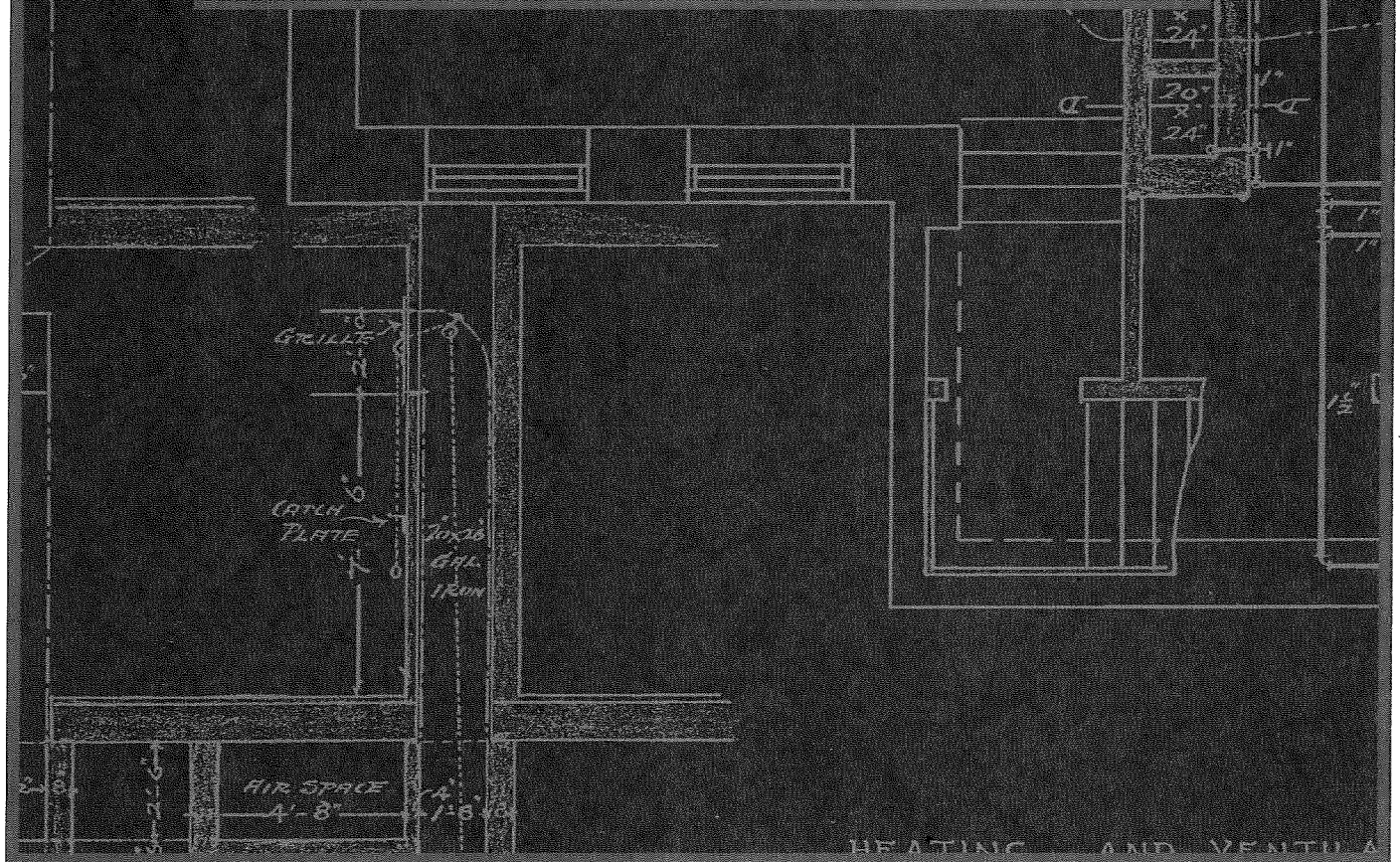
SEATTLE PRESCHOOL PROGRAM ACTION PLAN

A blueprint for narrowing the
opportunity and achievement gap



City of Seattle

As amended May 2016



INDEX



“There is nothing more morally important that I will do as Mayor in the next four years than creating a high quality preschool program for three- and four-year-olds in Seattle.”

- Mayor Ed Murray

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INTRODUCTION

“A LARGE BODY OF SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE HAS SHOWN THAT THE FUNDAMENTAL ARCHITECTURE OF THE BRAIN IS ESTABLISHED BEFORE A CHILD ENTERS KINDERGARTEN. THESE EARLY YEARS OF A CHILD’S LIFE ARE AN IMPORTANT WINDOW OF OPPORTUNITY FOR SOCIAL AND COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT.

The right environments, experiences, and investments in these years can produce a lifetime of benefits. Failure to adequately support young children combined with the adversity that all too many children face can lead to academic failure, troubled lives, low wages, and poor health in later years.

Families who wish to provide good early educational experiences for their children frequently find it difficult to do on their own. Quality preschool programs are expensive, and working parents that need long hours of child care may conclude that a good early education is out of reach. In Seattle, over a quarter of all 3- and 4-year-olds live in families with incomes below 200% of federal poverty level (\$47,700 for a family of four in 2014). Families struggling to make ends meet may find they have limited child care options. ...

The evidence of the importance of early education for brain development and lifetime success combined with the inadequate quality of much early care and education has inspired numerous public policy initiatives to support high-quality, universal preschool. Yet in most states the vast majority of 3- and 4-year-olds have no access to public preschool programs. Increasingly, local communities, including Boston, San Antonio, and Washington, D.C., have been unwilling to wait for state or federal government action and have moved ahead with their own programs.

On September 23, 2013, Seattle City Council joined these cities by unanimously passing...Resolution 31478, which endorsed voluntary, high-quality preschool for all 3- and 4-year-old children. ... The ultimate goal of this program is to offer every family the opportunity to enroll their children in a preschool program that will provide strong support for each child’s learning and development in partnership with parents and caregivers. This will better prepare Seattle’s children to succeed in school and enhance equal opportunity for later life success.”

BERK in partnership with Columbia City Consulting, Dr. Ellen Frede and Dr. W. Steven Barnett,
Recommendations for Seattle’s Preschool for All Action Plan, 2014

THE SEATTLE CONTEXT

Over the last decade, it has become clear that the education “gap” is about more than achievement on standardized tests. From the time children enter school, there is a “preparedness gap.” While some children have ample opportunities to develop school-ready social and pre-academic skills, many others do not. The education “gap” is about opportunity. In Seattle, it is our goal to ensure that every child has the opportunity to thrive in school and life.

On average, children from low-income families and children of color have fewer opportunities to become appropriately prepared for the social and academic challenges of the K-12 system than their peers. Due at least in part to this opportunity gap, in Seattle today, economic and racial disparities persist in third grade reading levels, fourth grade math levels, and high school graduation rates. According to former President of the American Educational Research Association, professor, and researcher Gloria Ladson-Billings, the “historical, economic, sociopolitical, and moral decisions and policies that characterize our society have created an education debt”¹ — a debt formed by annually compounding disparities.

We must address these disparities now, for the sake of our children and our children’s children. Social justice cannot wait as more debt accrues. Now is the time to create opportunities for success. Now is the time to close the opportunity and preparedness gaps.

We now know that disparities linked to family income and race evident early in life can persist throughout a student’s academic career. Here in Washington, the Washington Kindergarten Inventory of Developing Skills (WaKIDS) is used to gather information about children’s developing skills as they enter kindergarten.

AS A FINANCIAL INVESTMENT,
THE RATE OF RETURN FOR
FUNDING HIGH-QUALITY
PRESCHOOL IS ESTIMATED TO
RANGE BETWEEN \$3 TO \$7
FOR EVERY \$1 INVESTED.

Observations are completed in six domains: social-emotional, physical, language, cognitive, literacy, and math. WaKIDS data show that of the over 38,000 children who were assessed in the 2013-14 school year, almost 60% of children entered kindergarten below expected levels in one or more of these domains and almost 29% were below expected levels in three or more domains. These deficits were more pronounced for children from low-income families than peers from higher-income families.

Until race and family income no longer predict aggregate school performance, investments must be made to

THE SEATTLE CONTEXT

ameliorate these inequities. **Research shows that attending a high-quality preschool program can make a positive difference in a child's life, irrespective of the child's socioeconomic background, race, or gender. For this reason and others, the City of Seattle is dedicated to ensuring all children have high-quality early learning opportunities.**

Over the last decade, it has become clear from both scientific and economic perspectives that investments in high-quality learning lead to better academic and life outcomes for children and families. High-quality early learning helps prepare children to enter school with the skills they need to succeed.

The High/Scope Perry Preschool longitudinal study documents better life outcomes for children who received one year of high-quality preschool education. Forty years after participation, benefits for participants have been shown to include higher incomes and educational attainment and lower rates of incarceration as compared with non-participating peers. James Heckman, Nobel laureate and economist at the University of Chicago writes:

“Longitudinal studies demonstrate substantial positive effects of early environmental enrichment on a range of cognitive and non-cognitive skills, schooling achievement, job performance and social behaviors, long after the interventions ended.”² More recent independent studies have confirmed the tangible academic and social benefits of high-quality preschool implemented on a large scale in Boston, Tulsa, New Jersey, and other jurisdictions.

In addition to providing benefits for individuals and families, high-quality early childhood education programs have been shown to be profitable investments for society as a whole. As a financial investment, the rate of return for funding high-quality preschool is estimated to range between \$3 and \$7 for every \$1 invested. The best current evidence suggests that for every dollar spent, the average impact on cognitive and achievement outcomes of quality preschool is larger than the average impact of other well-known educational interventions.³

Over the last few years states and cities have begun to respond to these scientific and economic imperatives by focusing on early childhood education. States including New Jersey, Oklahoma, and Georgia and cities such as Boston and San Antonio are investing in preschool programs. Washington State has also invested in early learning by creating the Department of Early Learning and developing a Quality Rating and Improvement System, known as Early Achievers, to help early learning programs offer high-quality care by providing resources for preschool and child care providers to support children's learning and development.

In Seattle, we have learned from many of these efforts. We are streamlining the City's current early learning functions and investments into a single organizational unit. Over the past eight months we have developed a

THE SEATTLE CONTEXT

proposal for the Seattle Preschool Program, focusing on evidence-based approaches to support beneficial outcomes for children, their families, and our city as a whole.

In support of this effort, we have relied on advice and planning support from numerous engaged community members and experts in the field. The City contracted with BERK, in partnership with noted local experts, John Bancroft and Tracey Yee, as well as national experts, Dr. Ellen Frede and Dr. W. Steven Barnett, to develop a set of research-based recommendations for Seattle's Preschool Program.

Drafts of these recommendations were reviewed by eleven national and local experts in education. Over 100 representatives from Seattle's early learning communities participated on six workgroups. Outreach meetings were held with over 60 community groups and attended by hundreds of Seattleites.

Feedback gathered through workgroups and outreach has been used by the consultants to contextualize their recommendations and will continue to inform the City throughout the implementation of the Seattle Preschool Program.

¹ Ladson-Billings, G. (2006). From the achievement gap to the education debt: Understanding achievement in U.S. schools. *Educational Researcher*, 35(7), 3-12.

² Heckman, J. J. (2008). Schools, skills, and synapses. *Economic Inquiry*, 46(3), 289-324.

³ Yoshikawa, H., Weiland, C., Brooks-Gunn, J., Burchinal, M., Espinosa, L., Gormley, W., ... Zaslow, M. J. (2013). Investing in our future: The evidence base for preschool education. Policy brief, Society for Research in Child Development and the Foundation for Child Development. Retrieved from the Foundation for Child Development website: [fcd-us.org/sites/default/files/Evidence Base on Preschool Education FINAL.pdf](http://fcd-us.org/sites/default/files/Evidence%20Base%20on%20Preschool%20Education%20FINAL.pdf)

MAYOR MURRAY'S PROPOSAL

With Seattle context in mind, Mayor Murray will transmit legislation to City Council proposing the following:

- » A four-year, \$58 million levy to fund a demonstration phase of the Seattle Preschool Program that will build toward serving 2,000 children in 100 classrooms by 2018.
- » The cost will be \$43.36 a year or \$3.61 a month to the average homeowner in Seattle.
- » The plan is anchored in evidence-based practice, acknowledging that program quality is vital to success.
- » The program will be provided through a mixed-delivery system, with classrooms offered by Seattle Public Schools and community providers.
- » The program will be voluntary for providers and participants.
- » The program will have the ultimate goal of serving all eligible and interested 4-year-olds and all 3-year-olds from families making less than 300% of the federal poverty level in Seattle.
- » Tuition will be free for children from families earning at or below 300% of the federal poverty level.
- » Tuition will be on a sliding scale for families earning more than 300% of the federal poverty level with at least some level of subsidy for all families.
- » The program establishes high standards for teacher education and training and fully supports teachers in attaining these standards through tuition assistance and embedded professional development.
- » Staff compensation levels are designed to attract and retain well-prepared teachers and to provide fair compensation for a traditionally poorly compensated sector of our economy.
- » The program creates a feedback loop to inform programmatic improvement through ongoing, independent evaluation.

This proposal is built on the high-quality parameters of the BERK Recommendations and those of City Council Resolution 31478. The implementation schedule is realistic, so that the necessary quality is truly achieved before the Seattle Preschool Program is expanded. Lessons learned through the four-year demonstration phase of the Seattle Preschool Program will guide our actions in coming years as we work toward achieving our goal of expanding access to affordable, high-quality preschool to Seattle's three- and four-years-olds.

This Administration looks forward to working with partners across the educational continuum to collaborate in making other strategic, evidence-based investments to eradicate the opportunity, achievement, and preparedness gaps.

CORE GUIDING PRINCIPLES

The plan is evidence-based. If implemented with fidelity, it will **narrow, even eliminate, the opportunity and preparedness gaps** and deliver significant academic gains for the children of Seattle.

REFLECTED IN:

- ☒ Curricula that is proven effective, play-based, and focused on social-emotional and academic development
- ☒ Staff education and professional development requirements
- ☒ Classroom size and dosage of instruction

The plan will demonstrate **meaningful collaboration and key partnerships** with Seattle Public Schools, the Washington State Department of Early Learning, community-based preschool providers, early childhood development providers, and other stakeholders to deliver an effective and coordinated program that leverages existing resources.

REFLECTED IN:

- ☒ Use of the State of Washington's Department of Early Learning Quality Rating and Improvement System, known as Early Achievers
- ☒ Head Start and Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program (ECEAP) collaborations
- ☒ A partnership agreement with Seattle Public Schools

The plan includes a **realistic and practical timeline** to achieve and sustain high-quality preschool.

REFLECTED IN:

- ☒ Quality before quantity approach – 2,000 kids enrolled by 2018
- ☒ 4-year levy demonstration phase
- ☒ Goal of serving all eligible and interested children within 20 years

CORE GUIDING PRINCIPLES

The program will be **affordable for low- and middle-income families**, ensuring that cost will not be a barrier to participation in high-quality preschool.

REFLECTED IN:

- ☒ Sliding scale for tuition
- ☒ Families earning at or below 300% of the Federal Poverty Level (\$71,550 for a family of four in 2014) will receive free tuition for each child enrolled
- ☒ Families earning more than 300% of the Federal Poverty Level will pay a per child tuition fee based on the family's total household size and income
- ☒ Within any given household size, families with higher incomes will pay a progressively higher share of the per child tuition fee
- ☒ Families with total household income at or above 760% of the Federal Poverty Level will be limited to a 5% tuition credit per child

The plan calls for **ongoing monitoring and evaluation** to ensure we meet our school readiness, quality, and achievement goals.

REFLECTED IN:

- ☒ A comprehensive evaluation strategy for the program, designed with independent evaluation experts
- ☒ Ongoing assessments of classroom quality, which includes making full use of existing assessment infrastructure
- ☒ Use of developmentally-appropriate, performance-based assessments
- ☒ External evaluations of implementation and outcomes

The Seattle Preschool Program is **voluntary**. It is voluntary for families and it is voluntary for providers.

CORE GUIDING PRINCIPLES

The plan provides for the **support and resources** to meet the high-quality standards and expectations of the program.

REFLECTED IN:

- ☑ Competitive salaries for Seattle Preschool Program teachers
- ☑ Coaches and training for teachers and instructors
- ☑ Tuition support for education and certifications
- ☑ Range of pathways and portals for providers to access support and resources

Beyond classroom instruction, the initial phase **will include an additional set of policies, services, and program elements**, that may be modified or enhanced in future phases of the program.

REFLECTED IN:

- ☑ Setting a 15- to 20-year full implementation goal of serving 80% of all 4-year-olds and all 3-year-olds from families earning less than 300% of the federal poverty level in Seattle
- ☑ Use of Seattle's Race and Social Justice Initiative toolkit and the provision of funding for consultant services to review workforce capacity, identify the needs of refugee and immigrant communities, and offer strategies to create pathways to high-quality early learning opportunities
- ☑ Screenings for developmental and behavioral concerns
- ☑ The provision and leveraging of mental health resources so that teachers can meet the needs of all children

PROGRAM STANDARDS

Organizational Model

The City of Seattle will build and manage a preschool program that utilizes a mixed-delivery approach. The City will contract with organizations that meet program standards and expectations, as outlined herein and in the Implementation Plan (which will be developed by the City of Seattle's Office for Education to detail the standards presented here). The City anticipates partnering with:

- Seattle Public Schools
- Community-based preschool providers
- Hub organizations that provide administrative support to a variety of cooperating providers

After initial program start-up, the City will work to develop a Family Child Care (FCC) Pilot to assess whether and how partnering with FCC providers can be implemented in a way that achieves, in a cost-effective manner, the same quality standards as other types of providers.

Organizational Eligibility

To be eligible to contract with the City to provide preschool through this program, qualified organizations will need to meet the following criteria:

- They must be licensed by the Washington State Department of Early Learning to provide preschool services (or exempt from licensing requirements by virtue of being a public school or institution of higher education).
- They must participate in the Early Achievers Program, hold a rating of Level 3 or above, and meet minimum requirements for the Classroom Assessment Scoring System (CLASS) and the Early Childhood Environment Rating Scale-Revised (ECERS-R) scores as determined through the Implementation Planning process.

In order to participate in the program, organizations must commit to adhering to the program standards listed herein, and to ensuring that no more than 15 percent of the children enrolled in contracted classroom slots are ineligible for the Seattle Preschool Program. Ineligible children enrolled in contracted classroom slots will not receive direct support from program funds.

PROGRAM STANDARDS

Contracting Priorities

Contracting with Seattle Public Schools will be a priority. Additionally, priority will be given to qualified organizations meeting the standards listed herein that:

- Have the capacity to provide more preschool classrooms for the program.
- Make care available before and after preschool classroom hours, on holidays, and over the summer.
- Provide dual language programs.
- Have higher ratings in Early Achievers and higher scores in CLASS and ECERS-R.
- Are located in areas with the lowest academic achievement as reflected in 3rd grade reading and 4th grade math performance on Measures of Student Progress (MSP) or subsequently adopted assessments, as well as those with high concentrations of low-income households, English language learners, and incoming kindergartners.
- Provide preschool services through Head Start or Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program (ECEAP).
- Have existing contracts with the City to provide preschool services.

Teacher-Student Ratio and Class Size

- The maximum class size is 20, with a ratio of 1 adult for every 10 children. In the average classroom, we anticipate one Lead Teacher and one Instructional Assistant.
- In classrooms where more than 6 of the students are considered to be members of a “special population” as defined in the Implementation Plan (for example, children in foster/kinship care or other areas of child welfare system, English language learners, children who receive special education services), additional instructional staff support will be provided for the classroom.

PROGRAM STANDARDS

Student eligibility

The program will be open to Seattle residents who:

- Are 4-years-old on August 31st prior to the beginning of a school year of enrollment, or
- Are 3-years-old on August 31st from families with income equal to 300% of Federal Poverty Level or below.

As the program is ramping up, priority will be given to:

- Children who are currently enrolled in preschool with a contracted organization.
- Children whose sibling is currently enrolled in the Seattle Preschool Program and would be concurrently enrolled with the sibling in the year of enrollment.
- Children living in close proximity to available program classrooms.
- Children who are 4-years-old relative to children who are 3-years-old, both during the initial enrollment process and when there is a wait list.

Dosage: Classroom Hours

Preschool classes will operate on a full-day schedule. In a typical week, this will mean 5 days a week and 6 hours per day. Children will attend preschool 180 days per year.

Language Support

Dual language programs that meet the qualifications of the Seattle Preschool Program and are representative of Seattle's linguistic diversity will receive funding priority.

Bilingual lead teachers and instructional assistants who meet the competency criteria developed in the Implementation Plan will be fairly compensated for their expertise.

Students will be assessed in languages of instruction when feasible.

PROGRAM STANDARDS

Curricula

Providers will be required to adopt the approved curricula as detailed in the Implementation Plan.

A curriculum waiver process will be considered for high-quality providers. At a minimum, the curriculum waiver process should include the input of a panel of early learning curriculum experts, and should attempt to align with the curriculum waiver process being developed by the State of Washington. It is expected that agencies requesting a curriculum waiver will: have a rating of Level 4 or above in the Early Achievers Program, use an evidence-based curriculum that includes a tool for assessing the fidelity of implementation, and have an intensive, agency-managed plan for instructional support. The curriculum waiver process may approve no more than three additional curricula for use by Seattle Preschool Program provider agencies, without seeking authorization from the City Council.

Staff Education Requirements

All newly hired staff will be required to meet the following standards:

- Director and/or Program Supervisor: Bachelor's Degree in Early Childhood Education or a BA with college-level coursework in Early Childhood Education. Expertise or coursework in educational leadership and business management is also required.
- Lead Teachers: Bachelor's Degree in Early Childhood Education or a BA and a State Teaching Credential with a P-3 Endorsement.
- Assistant Teachers: Associate's Degree in Early Childhood Education or two years of coursework in Early Childhood Education meeting Washington State Core Competencies for Early Care and Educational Professionals.
- Coaches: Bachelor's Degree in Early Childhood Education or a BA and a State Teaching Credential with a P-3 Endorsement. "Endorsements" in selected curricula are also required.

Current staff will be given 4 years to meet these requirements. The City will work with local colleges and universities to develop an alternate route program for teachers with Bachelor's Degrees in fields other than Early Childhood Education. The City will also develop an alternative process through which experienced, high-quality lead teachers — as defined in the Implementation Plan — may be granted waivers.

Compensation will vary based on degree attainment, State certification status, and experience. Lead teachers who meet the education/ certification requirements above will be paid on par with public school teachers.

PROGRAM STANDARDS

Staff Professional Development

The City's professional development model is coaching intensive. Coaches who have been "certified" or "endorsed" in the selected curricula will provide:

- On-site curriculum support (reflective coaching) to teachers, center directors, and program supervisors.
- Off-site training.

Additionally, training will be provided in areas of need, likely including:

- Best practices in inclusion, bilingual education, cultural relevancy, and classroom management for Lead Teachers and Instructional Assistants.
- Best practices in reflective coaching, educational leadership, and business management for Directors and Program Supervisors.

Additionally, the City will coordinate with the Washington State Department of Early Learning to leverage professional development resources available to providers through the Early Achievers Program.

Developmentally Appropriate, Inclusive Support

The Seattle Preschool Program will have a "Zero Expulsion and Suspension Policy." The Program will take an integrated approach to supporting children's social and emotional growth by providing developmentally appropriate curriculum resources and professional development and coaching to all contracted organizations.

Furthermore, the City will:

- Support screenings, such as: The Early Screening Inventory-Revised Version (ESI-R), the Ages and Stages Questionnaire (ASQ), and/or the Ages and Stages Questionnaire-Social Emotional (ASQ-SE).
- Provide in-class support for teachers from coaches or mental health professionals as needed.
- Support teachers in effectively meeting the needs of all children, especially those who exhibit challenging behaviors.
- Work alongside Seattle Public Schools Special Education department to meet the needs of children with Individualized Educational Plans (IEPs).

PROGRAM STANDARDS

Family Engagement

The Seattle Preschool Program will:

- Prioritize a universal family engagement approach that integrates intentional parent/child activities and promotes academic, social, and emotional school readiness.
 - » Families will be provided with evidence-based activities, which could include proven home-learning activities, tied to the chosen curriculum models.
 - » Providers will host events throughout the school year to connect families to resources and information on topics such as child development and nutrition.
- Build on Early Achievers Strengthening Families framework to increase providers' foundational knowledge about the importance of parents and families in children's lives and the family's impact on child outcomes.
- Create a family engagement grant fund that could be used by providers to design, develop, and provide family engagement activities.

Governance and Organizational Structure

The City of Seattle's Office for Education, or successor city agency, will administer the program.

The City will establish a Preschool Levy Oversight Body, which will be an expansion of the current Families and Education Levy Oversight Committee, to make recommendations on the design and funding of the program and to monitor the progress of the program in meeting its outcomes and goals.

PROGRAM STANDARDS

Kindergarten Transitions

The City will work with the Washington State Department of Early Learning and Seattle Public Schools and execute written agreements to:

- Align practices, responsibilities, and timelines and to address data sharing, academic expectations, curriculum alignment, and professional development.
- Ensure that families are connected with available information and resources.

Capacity Building

The City of Seattle is committed to developing Seattle Preschool Program workforce and helping existing preschool providers meet the quality standards herein and in the Implementation Plan.

To accomplish this, the City will:

- Provide funding for tuition assistance to program instructional and administrative staff to meet program standards.
- Fund facilities renovations, improvements, and start-up when needed.

Timeline, Ramp-Up and Cost

This Action Plan is for a 4-year demonstration phase of the Seattle Preschool Program. The City aims to serve over 2,000 of all eligible children by the 2018-2019 school year.

The Seattle Preschool Program will be submitted as an ordinance, pending the concurrence of City Council. A special election will be held in conjunction with the state general election on November 4, 2014 for the purpose of approving a four-year property tax levy. The net cost to the City is projected to be approximately \$58,000,000. The average per child reimbursement to providers is projected to be approximately \$10,700.

PROGRAM STANDARDS

Outcomes and Evaluations

The City of Seattle's Office for Education, or successor city agency, in partnership with independent experts in early learning and evaluation, will develop a Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy (CES) based on the recommendations for quality assurance and program evaluation provided by BERK. The CES will outline an approach to and timeline for conducting and reporting both process and efficacy evaluations.

The process evaluation will assess the City's administration and oversight of the Seattle Preschool Program, the quality of providers contracted to provide preschool in the Seattle Preschool Program, and the fidelity of the implementation of program standards outlined herein and in the Implementation Plan. The efficacy evaluation will provide valid estimates of the effectiveness of the program in achieving its goal of improving children's preparedness for kindergarten with sufficient precision to guide decisions about the program. Toward this end, the CES will define key research questions, outline an approach to data collection and analysis, and create a timeline for reporting the results of evaluations to the Mayor, City Council, the Levy Oversight Committee, and the public. All evaluations will be conducted by independent, external experts in early learning and evaluation.

MOVING FORWARD

This plan and the Recommendations for Seattle's Preschool for All Action Plan, a report commissioned by the City of Seattle and completed by BERK in partnership with Columbia City Consulting, Dr. Ellen Frede, and Dr. W. Steven Barnett will be transmitted to City Council in May 2014 in response to City Council Resolution 31478.

Two pieces of legislation are expected to result from this plan: a ballot measure ordinance and a resolution that would approve this Action Plan.

Pending City Council approval of the ballot measure ordinance, the City Clerk will file an ordinance with the Director of Elections of King County, Washington, as ex officio supervisor of elections, requesting that the Director of Elections call and conduct a special election in the City in conjunction with the state general election to be held on November 4, 2014, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the City the proposition set forth in the ordinance.

The City of Seattle's Office for Education will develop an Implementation Plan that addresses all program standards outlined herein. The Implementation Plan will be included in an ordinance package to be approved by City Council by 2015.

ESTIMATED PROGRAM BUDGET

EXPENDITURES	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019 (8 months)	
School Readiness	\$1,053,928	\$4,731,254	\$10,162,059	\$17,108,285	\$14,555,521	\$47,611,047
Program Support	\$247,675	\$742,874	\$1,392,357	\$2,160,650	\$1,654,922	\$6,198,478
Capacity Building	\$1,342,346	\$2,597,576	\$2,806,910	\$2,913,052	\$1,942,479	\$11,602,363
Research & Evaluation	\$918,614	\$687,115	\$759,817	\$819,711	\$599,242	\$3,784,499
Administration	\$1,711,616	\$2,116,001	\$2,328,807	\$2,576,965	\$1,792,728	\$10,526,117
Total expenditures	\$5,274,179	\$10,874,819	\$17,449,950	\$25,578,664	\$20,544,891	\$79,722,504

REVENUES						
Tuition	\$140,860	\$683,367	\$1,541,202	\$2,554,823	\$2,158,020	\$7,078,272
Head Start	\$42,137	\$170,537	\$304,969	\$445,646	\$361,514	\$1,324,802
ECEAP	\$80,041	\$323,940	\$579,297	\$846,517	\$686,706	\$2,516,502
Step Ahead	\$177,707	\$721,659	\$1,297,670	\$1,892,597	\$1,524,477	\$5,614,111
Families & Education Levy Leveraged Funds	\$113,533	\$447,855	\$765,035	\$1,086,811	\$879,798	\$3,293,031
Working Connections Child Care (WCCC)	\$41,632	\$164,767	\$283,446	\$400,014	\$318,259	\$1,208,117
Child Care Assistance Program (CCAP)	\$16,880	\$65,212	\$107,297	\$134,230	\$90,882	\$414,500
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	\$38,383	\$186,212	\$419,965	\$696,168	\$588,042	\$1,928,770
Total revenues	\$651,174	\$2,763,549	\$5,298,880	\$8,056,805	\$6,607,697	\$23,378,106

Difference (Net Program Cost)	\$4,623,006	\$8,111,271	\$12,151,070	\$17,521,858	\$13,937,194	\$56,344,398
+ 3% contingency:	\$138,690	\$243,338	\$364,532	\$525,656	\$418,116	\$1,690,332
TOTAL:	\$4,761,696	\$8,354,609	\$12,515,602	\$18,047,514	\$14,355,310	\$58,034,730

Actual revenues and expenditures may vary depending on factors such as enrollment and the sliding scale fee schedule.

ESTIMATED PROGRAM BUDGET

Notes

1. A four-year levy would collect \$58,034,730 over four years (2015-2018), with approximately \$14.5 million collected annually. This budget represents how the funds collected will be invested over five calendar years (through the end of the 2018-19 school year). The 2019 budget represents eight months of expenditures (January through August 2019).
2. The 2015 budget assumes a full year of expenditures, including program ramp up costs in early 2015. The preschool program would begin at the start of the 2015-16 school year.
3. The budget assumes the following estimated number of children would be served through the 2018-19 school year:

	SY 2015-16	SY 2016-17	SY 2017-18	SY 2018-19
3-year-olds	90	259	461	660
4-year-olds	190	521	939	1,340
Total	280	780	1,400	2,000
Classrooms	14	39	70	100

Approximate Sliding Scale Fee Schedule

Estimates Based on Percentage of Tuition Cost

Household Income	----- HOUSEHOLD SIZE -----						
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
\$ 30,000	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
35,000	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
40,000	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
45,000	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
50,000	\$ 309	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
55,000	995	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
60,000	1,703	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
65,000	2,388	\$ 531	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
70,000	3,073	1,061	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
75,000	3,781	1,614	\$ 199	Free	Free	Free	Free
80,000	4,466	2,167	663	Free	Free	Free	Free
85,000	5,174	2,720	1,128	Free	Free	Free	Free
90,000	5,859	3,272	1,570	\$ 376	Free	Free	Free
95,000	6,545	3,825	2,035	752	Free	Free	Free
100,000	7,253	4,379	2,477	1,150	\$ 155	Free	Free
105,000	7,938	4,931	2,940	1,548	486	Free	Free
110,000	8,646	5,484	3,405	1,924	841	Free	Free
115,000	9,331	6,015	3,847	2,321	1,171	\$ 287	Free
120,000	10,016	6,567	4,312	2,697	1,503	598	Free
125,000	10,173	7,120	4,754	3,096	1,858	884	\$ 133
130,000	10,173	7,673	5,218	3,494	2,189	1,194	398
135,000	10,173	8,226	5,683	3,870	2,521	1,503	663
140,000	10,173	8,778	6,125	4,267	2,875	1,791	928
145,000	10,173	9,331	6,590	4,644	3,206	2,101	1,216
150,000	10,173	9,885	7,053	5,041	3,560	2,388	1,482
155,000	10,173	10,173	7,496	5,440	3,891	2,697	1,746
160,000	10,173	10,173	7,960	5,816	4,223	3,007	2,012
165,000	10,173	10,173	8,403	6,214	4,578	3,295	2,300
170,000	10,173	10,173	8,867	6,590	4,909	3,604	2,565
175,000	10,173	10,173	9,331	6,987	5,240	3,891	2,830
180,000	10,173	10,173	9,773	7,385	5,594	4,202	3,096
185,000	10,173	10,173	10,173	7,761	5,926	4,511	3,361
190,000	10,173	10,173	10,173	8,159	6,258	4,798	3,648
195,000	10,173	10,173	10,173	8,535	6,611	5,108	3,914
200,000	10,173	10,173	10,173	8,934	6,943	5,417	4,179

The Sliding Scale Fee Schedule illustrates the approximate annual tuition fees families will pay on a per child basis. The adopted fee schedule may be modified by ordinance to account for any changes in program costs and provider reimbursement rates.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Mayor Murray would like to acknowledge the hard work and dedicated planning that has gone into creating this Action Plan.

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Tracey Yee, Columbia City Consulting

Staff from:

Mayor's Office, City of Seattle

Seattle City Council, City of Seattle

Office for Education, City of Seattle

City Budget Office, City of Seattle

Human Services Department, City of Seattle

Public Health - Seattle & King County

Seattle Public Schools

Washington State Department of Early Learning

The City also extends its appreciation to the Seattle Early Education Collaborative and the Seattle early learning community for their continued support and cooperation.

DELETED = ~~((strikethrough))~~

ADD = **Bold and underline**

Implementation Plan, p. 12

In order to participate in the program, organizations must commit to ((:

- ~~Providing two or more preschool classrooms~~
- ~~Ensuring that all children in contracted classrooms are Seattle residents~~
- ~~Adhering))~~ **adhering** to the program standards listed [in the Action Plan], **and to ensuring that no more than 15 percent of the children enrolled in contracted classroom slots are ineligible for the Seattle Preschool Program. Ineligible children enrolled in contracted classroom slots will not receive direct support from program funds.**

Implementation Plan, pp. 15-16

Selection and Enrollment

Children who are eligible for SPP are not automatically enrolled in SPP. In response to Resolution 31527, Section 5C, if demand exceeds supply, applicants will be prioritized and weighted in the following order:

1. Children who are four years old will be prioritized over children who are three years old.
2. Children whose sibling is currently enrolled in SPP **or, beginning in the 2017-2018 school year if feasible, in a school building where an SPP classroom is housed** and would be concurrently enrolled (in the same year) with the sibling will be prioritized.
 - Three-year-old siblings must meet the income criteria.
 - Three-year-old siblings will only be enrolled if there is available space.
3. Children living in the same SPS middle school attendance area as an SPP classroom will receive priority over children living in other parts of the City. **For SPP classrooms located in school buildings, priority will be given to children who are eligible to continue in that school for kindergarten.**
 - More weight will be given to children living in the same SPS elementary school attendance area as the SPP classroom.
 - This structure will support the SPP goal of mixed-income classrooms.

Once applicants are prioritized and weighted, a random selection process will occur.

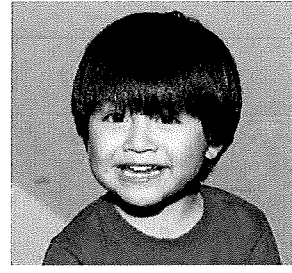
These priorities and process will be used during initial enrollment. In the event demand exceeds supply, a waitlist will be maintained by DEEL. The priorities listed above will also be used when there is a waitlist.

Provider Agency-Managed Selection and Grandfathering

- ~~((In the first year of an agency's contract to provide preschool services, children))~~ **Children** meeting SPP's eligibility criteria who are currently enrolled ~~((in preschool))~~ with a contracted agency ~~((, and are four years old on August 31 prior to the beginning of the school year of enrollment, will))~~ **may** be grandfathered into the program. **In the first year of a site's SPP contract, all eligible children will be eligible for grandfathering. Thereafter, the percentage of children grandfathered into program**

classrooms will be determined on an annual basis by DEEL. ~~((This is only applicable for providers in the first year of their SPP contract. Agencies must agree to follow SPP enrollment processes for all non-grandfathered slots.))~~

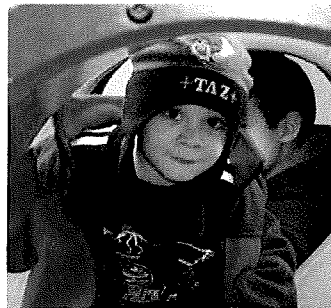
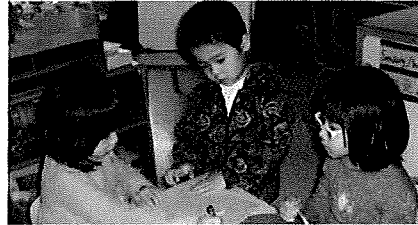
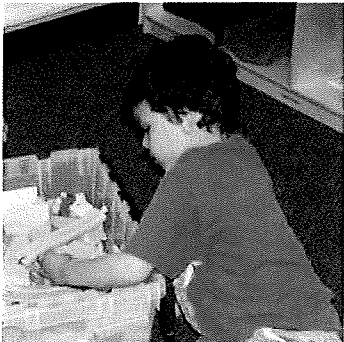
- **SPP agencies with SPP classrooms that offer Head Start, ECEAP, dual language programs, or special education services may select a percentage of the children for these classrooms. The agency-selected children must meet SPP's eligibility criteria. The percentage of agency-selected participants will be determined on an annual basis by DEEL.**
- If provider agencies have enrolled students for the 2015-16 school year prior to applying to be an SPP provider, those children will be permitted to become SPP participants if they meet SPP eligibility criteria.
- Provider agencies must agree to SPP enrollment processes beginning in year two of their contract with the City.
- Three-year-olds participating in SPP will be automatically accepted as four-year-olds if they return to the same SPP provider agency. This does not apply to three-year-olds who are non-SPP students.



2015-2018

The Seattle Preschool Program Implementation Plan

As amended May 2016



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Overview

On November 4, 2014, Seattle voters approved a four-year, \$58 million property tax levy to provide “accessible high-quality preschool services for Seattle children designed to improve their readiness for school and to support their subsequent academic achievement” (City of Seattle Proposition 1B, preamble). The following legislation informed this plan:

- Ordinance 124509, which was approved by the Seattle City Council on June 23, 2014 and signed by Mayor Edward B. Murray on June 27, 2014. This was the ordinance that established Proposition 1B.
- The Seattle Preschool Program (SPP) Action Plan, proposed by Mayor Edward B. Murray and amended by the City Council on June 23, 2014, was approved as an attachment to Ordinance 124509. It contains the Seattle Preschool Program’s core program standards.
- Resolution 31527, a “resolution relating to the Seattle Preschool Program; outlining the elements to be addressed in a subsequent Seattle Preschool Program Implementation Plan, which shall be adopted by ordinance prior to the implementation of a Seattle Preschool Program,” was also approved by the City Council on June 23, 2014.

City Council Ordinance 124509 included the following:

“As provided for in Resolution 31527, the Implementation Plan shall be approved and adopted by future ordinance prior to program implementation. The ordinance that adopts the initial Implementation Plan shall identify when Council will be required to approve changes by ordinance.”

– Ordinance 124509, Section 8

This Seattle Preschool Program Implementation Plan sets forth the principles and policies for the SPP. It also details the requirements, application procedures, funding mechanisms, and evaluation criteria for all SPP-funded programs and services. All SPP investments will be made for the purpose of achieving the outcomes described below. Progress towards those outcomes will be used to measure success and to provide information for course corrections. Specific numeric targets will be set each year so that organizations receiving investments clearly understand their goals and how their success will be evaluated. All SPP programs will be selected and evaluated using an outcome funding framework. This is a data-driven framework that holds government agencies, and those with whom they contract, accountable for tracking and reporting the results obtained through the investment.

The City is investing SPP proceeds to achieve the following outcomes city-wide:

- Children will be ready for school.
- All students will achieve developmentally-appropriate pre-academic skills.
- All students will develop both socially and emotionally.
- The readiness gap will be eliminated for SPP participants.

School readiness is measured by:

- The Washington Kindergarten Inventory of Developing Skills (WaKIDS).
- Assessments identified in the Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy (Evaluation Strategy) due to Seattle City Council on August 3, 2015 (see the “Research and Evaluation” Section of this plan for more information).¹

Academic achievement is measured by:

- Assessments identified in the Evaluation Strategy

To achieve the SPP outcomes, the City will set clear numeric targets for each program and service and define and track indicators that measure progress toward these targets. The indicators may include, but are not limited to:

- Scores on the Emotional Support, Classroom Organization, and Instructional Support domains of the Classroom Assessment Scoring System (CLASS®).
- Children meeting age-level expectations on the Teaching Strategies GOLD™ observational assessment.
- Children’s scores on semi-annual administration of the PPVT™-4.
- Classroom environmental ratings on the Early Childhood Environment Rating Scale-Revised (ECERS-R) or the Family Child Care Environment Rating Scale-Revised (FCCERS-R) subscale scores.
- Children’s attendance.

Progress toward outcomes and indicators will also be measured using assessments and procedures identified in the Evaluation Strategy.

¹ The original due date was June 1, 2015. An extension to August 3, 2015 was granted by Council President Burgess. The Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy will include plans for on-going quality assurance, process evaluation, and impact evaluation. It will be developed by external evaluation experts in consultation with DEEL staff.

As referenced in Ordinance 124509, changes to the Seattle Preschool Program Implementation Plan will require approval by the City Council via ordinance in the following circumstances:

- When the Mayor proposes to reorder or modify the priorities for contracting with preschool providers, or for student selection and enrollment.
- When the Mayor proposes expanding or restricting eligibility for access.
- When the Mayor proposes structural changes to the tuition system, which includes:
 - Basing the tuition co-pay on a percentage of the full tuition rate,
 - Utilizing a sliding scale that has a straight line from 300% of the federal poverty level (FPL) to 760% of the FPL, where families at 300% of the FPL pay 0% of tuition, and families at 760% of the FPL pay 95% of tuition, or
 - Increasing the full tuition rate in excess of 2.4% annually.
- When the Mayor proposes modifications to the requirements or characteristics of the teacher education requirement waiver.

Additionally, the Mayor shall provide written notice to the City Council in the following circumstances:

- If there are any changes to the list of approved curricula for use in the Seattle Preschool Program, and such notice shall include information demonstrating that any additional curricula are research-based and have proven results.
- If, beginning in the second year of implementation (the 2016-2017 school year), any program providers other than Seattle Public Schools are selected through a non-competitive process, and such notice shall provide the rationale for selecting providers outside of a competitive process.

Guiding Principles of the Seattle Preschool Program

Per Seattle City Council Resolution 31527, this Implementation Plan adopts the following principles:

1. *SPP will ensure that quality is prioritized over quantity. In other words, the pace of growth will be dictated by the number of providers meeting threshold standards for quality as measured by the Department of Early Learning's tiered quality rating and improvement system, Early Achievers. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
 - Budget projections accommodate 14 classrooms in the 2015–16 school year, 39 classrooms in the 2016–17 school year, 70 classrooms in the 2017–18 school year, and 100 classrooms in the 2018–19 school year. As of January 2015, 37 child care centers in Seattle have reached a “Quality Level of Excellence,” which is a prerequisite for participation in SPP.
 - SPP will not contract with providers below threshold standards as stipulated in the Action Plan and measured by the State’s QRIS.
 - SPP may open more classrooms per year than stated above if revenues exceed estimates and qualified providers are identified.
 - If not enough qualified providers can be identified, SPP will reallocate funds to provider capacity building.
2. *SPP will leverage knowledge, resources, and programs implemented by the State Department of Early Learning, Seattle Public Schools, and the University of Washington's Childcare Quality and Early Learning Center for Research and Training to the fullest possible extent to ensure SPP Levy dollars are used efficiently and effectively. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
 - A draft Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the City and the State Department of Early Learning will be made available to City Council in March 2015 and finalized after the Implementation Plan is adopted by ordinance.
 - A draft Partnership Agreement between the City and Seattle Public Schools will be made available to City Council in March 2015 and finalized, with Council input and approval, after the Implementation Plan is adopted by ordinance.
3. *SPP contains opportunities for close collaboration between the City and institutional and community partners to avoid creating redundant, conflicting, and inefficient oversight structures and program standards and results in a cohesive, high-quality, cost-effective preschool program. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
 - To enable a higher degree of quality control and cost-effectiveness, City employees will provide professional development and coaching for SPP instructional staff.
 - Professional development and coaching will be aligned with the efforts of the state Department of Early Learning to avoid redundancy and enable cost-savings when viable.
 - The Seattle Department of Education and Early Learning (DEEL) will create a plan to streamline the family application and provider contracting processes for all City-subsidized preschool programs by 2018.

4. *SPP demonstrates a commitment to evidence-based practices that result in positive outcomes for participating children, including assessment and accountability tools based on child developmental outcomes. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
 - The SPP Action Plan, adopted by Ordinance 124509 and approved by voters on November 4, 2014, is grounded in research-validated and evidence-based practices that lead to positive outcomes for children.
 - Evidence supporting each implementation area: School Readiness, Program Support, Capacity Building, Research and Evaluation, and Administration is included in the SPP Action Plan and the Seattle Preschool Program Plan.ⁱ
5. *SPP creates a continuous quality improvement system that enables the City to improve program implementation and outcomes by identifying necessary course corrections in real time. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
 - DEEL will contract with independent evaluation experts to develop a Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy for SPP that will be submitted to City Council on August 3, 2015.
 - The Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy will contain plans and timelines for ongoing quality assurance, process evaluation, and impact evaluation.
 - All units within DEEL's Early Learning Division have staff dedicated to quality assessment, assurance, and improvement.
6. *SPP employs a mixed-delivery model that expands on the strengths of our current preschool community. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
 - Seattle Public Schools and community-based preschool providers are eligible to contract with DEEL as service providers.
 - Providers that currently deliver preschool services through Head Start, Washington's Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program (ECEAP), or the City's Step Ahead program will be prioritized for funding, thereby giving these programs access to the quality improvements available through SPP.
 - After initial program start-up the City will develop a Family Child Care (FCC) Pilot program to assess whether, and how, partnerships with FCC providers can be implemented to achieve the same quality standards attained by center- and school-based providers, in a cost-effective manner.
7. *SPP invests in capacity building and professional development to increase program quality and improve teacher instruction. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
 - All professional development experiences will be structured to promote linkages between research and practice and designed to be responsive to each learner's background, experiences, and the context of his or her role.
 - SPP will fully fund required professional development activities (including cost of trainings and materials), teachers' pay, and teacher substitutes for classrooms.

- All levels of staff will be offered ongoing context-based, culturally relevant, professional development related to their role(s) and responsibilities.
 - On-site curriculum support (reflective coaching) will be provided to instructional staff and their site-level supervisors.
 - The City will provide funding for tuition assistance to program instructional and management staff to meet education and certification requirements.
 - The City will provide funding for facilities renovations, improvements, and development when needed.
8. *SPP supports a compensation system that encourages classroom teachers and preschool directors to make progress toward required position credentials, and supports preschool providers in retaining well-qualified instructional staff. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
- Compensation will vary based on degree attainment, State certification status, and experience.
 - Lead teachers who meet the education/certification requirements above will be paid on par with public school teachers.
9. *SPP invests in proven strategies that nurture and support meaningful family engagement in each child's education. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
- To be an SPP provider, agencies must execute a culturally relevant plan for partnering with families and communities to improve child outcomes on an annual basis.
 - Professional development in best practices for family partnership and engagement will be available on a regular basis and in languages appropriate to the providers.
 - Funding for family and community engagement and partnership will include funding to support provider agencies to: create and maintain meaningful partnerships with families and communities and increase their capacity to engage families in activities that take place in homes or community spaces.
 - SPP will establish parent advisory processes to provide feedback on SPP program implementation.
10. *SPP provides services in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner by creating programming that responds to the needs of low-income families and English Language Learners. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*
- SPP will work with institutions of higher education to ensure that prospective and current teachers enrolled in degree programs receive training in cultural competency strategies to achieve racially equitable policies and practices.
 - SPP will provide professional development in dual language, language acquisition, and cultural relevancy for instructional staff.

11. *SPP identifies a comprehensive and detailed evaluation strategy to produce reliable data that will inform appropriate program standards, program administration and implementation practices, as well as demonstrate overall impacts on child outcomes. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*

- DEEL will contract with independent evaluation experts to develop a Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy for SPP that will be submitted to City Council on August 3, 2015.
- The Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy will contain plans and timelines for ongoing quality assurance, process evaluation, and impact evaluation.

12. *SPP is committed to leveraging external funding sources to supplement levy dollars. This principle is reflected in the following policies and practices:*

- Tuition will be on a sliding scale for families earning more than 300% of the federal poverty level and there will be at least some level of subsidy for all families.
- Providers that currently deliver preschool services through Head Start, Washington's Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program (ECEAP), or the City's Step Ahead program will be prioritized for funding thereby allowing SPP to share costs and supplement funding to programs that serve children from low-income families.
- DEEL will apply for state and federal grants as they are made available to support preschool services.

13. *SPP and the City are committed to racial equity and social justice and will elicit input from families, teachers, administrators, and communities, particularly communities of color. This principle is reflected in the following approach to identifying policies and practices that support racial equity:*

- The community participated in implementation planning for SPP in the areas of curriculum adoption supports, teacher degree pathway supports, family engagement, dual language programs, teacher training, provider contracting priorities, and enrollment priorities. There was a high level of outreach to and participation of communities of color.ⁱⁱ
- City-supported community engagement processes focused on the need for all policies and practices to support racial equity, defined by the City's Race and Social Justice Initiative toolkit (coordinated by the Seattle Office for Civil Rights) as "when social, economic and political opportunities are not predicted based upon a person's race."ⁱⁱⁱ
- SPP's evaluation strategy elicits parent, provider, and community feedback, particularly from communities of color, on the accessibility of the process and the cultural competency of the program.

School Readiness

Standards for the Seattle Preschool Program (SPP) correspond with those adopted by Seattle voters, Seattle City Council, and Mayor Edward B. Murray via Ordinance 124509. Studies show that by the time children enter kindergarten, a socio-emotional and pre-academic skills “readiness” gap is already present, and that high-quality preschool services have been shown to ameliorate, and in some cases eliminate, this gap.

Strategies to Achieve Results

- *Systematic Approach*: High program eligibility standards that ensure a baseline of quality for all participating provider agencies and standards aligned with the State of Washington Department of Early Learning’s Quality Rating and Improvement System, Early Achievers, and licensing requirements.
- *Length of Day*: Six-hour school days, five days per week, 180 days per year as recommended by The National Institute of Early Education Research (NIEER).
- *Mixed-delivery*: A mixed-delivery model wherein public schools and community-based organizations provide preschool services.
- *Class Size*: Not to exceed 20 children; a ratio of at least one adult for every 10 children.
- *Curricula*: Evidence-based curricula that provide frameworks for creating and nurturing constructivist and culturally responsive environments for children to learn and thrive.
- *Access*: Free tuition for families at or below 300% of the federal poverty level and a sliding scale tuition model for families above 300% of the federal poverty level; a minimal subsidy for all participants.
- *Quality Instruction*: Teacher education, certification, or competency requirements to ensure the quality of classroom instructional practices.
- *A Plan for Talent Retention*: Teacher compensation model that supports retention of high-quality teachers.
- *Mixed-Income Classrooms*: Classrooms that include a mix of children who are categorically eligible for publicly funded programs (Head Start, Free/Reduced Lunch, ECEAP, TANF, etc.) as well as children from families with income that exceeds eligibility requirements for these programs.

Racial Equity and Social Justice

The City of Seattle’s Race and Social Justice Initiative (RSJI) is a citywide effort to end institutionalized racism and race-based disparities in City government.^{iv} The City of Seattle is committed to creating a city where race is not a determinant of opportunities or outcomes for its citizens.

While some children have ample opportunities to develop school-ready social and pre-academic skills, many do not. On average, children from low-income families and children of color have fewer opportunities to become appropriately prepared for the social and academic challenges of the Kindergarten-12th grade (K-12) system than their peers. From the time children enter school, there is a

“readiness gap.” This “gap” is about opportunity. In Seattle, it is our goal to ensure that every child has the opportunity and support to thrive in school and life.

In Seattle today, economic and racial disparities persist in third-grade reading levels, fourth-grade math levels, and high school graduation rates. Disparities linked to family income and race evident early in life can persist throughout a student’s academic career. In Washington, the Washington Kindergarten Inventory of Developing Skills (WaKIDS) is used to gather information about children’s developing skills as they enter kindergarten. Observations are completed in six domains: social-emotional, physical, language, cognitive, literacy, and math. WaKIDS data show that of the over 38,000 children who were assessed in the 2013–14 school year, almost 60% of children entered kindergarten below expected levels in one or more of these domains and almost 29% were below expected levels in three or more domains. In Seattle and across Washington State, these deficits were more pronounced for children of color (see Appendix II).

Research shows that attending a high-quality preschool program can make a positive difference in a child’s life, irrespective of the child’s socioeconomic background, race, or gender. Over the last decade, it has become clear from both scientific and economic perspectives that investments in high-quality early learning lead to better academic and life outcomes for children and families. High-quality early learning helps prepare all children to enter school with the skills they need to succeed.

Historically the early learning workforce has been underpaid and under supported. SPP is committed to high-quality support and a teacher compensation model that promotes retention.

Processes

Below are the processes through which School Readiness funds will be allocated. Additional information about these processes may be found in the Program Plan.

Detailed Program Plan

A detailed Program Plan has been submitted to the City Council containing program performance standards as per Resolution 31527, Section 5A.

Provider Application Process

The SPP Action Plan states:

To be eligible to contract with the City to provide preschool through this program, qualified organizations will need to meet the following criteria:

- They must be licensed by the Washington State Department of Early Learning to provide preschool services (or exempt from licensing requirements by virtue of being a public school or institution of higher education).

- They must participate in the Early Achievers Program, hold a rating of Level 3 or above, and meet minimum requirements for the Classroom Assessment Scoring System (CLASS) and the Early Childhood Environment Rating Scale-Revised (ECERS-R) scores as determined through the Implementation Planning process.

In order to participate in the program, organizations must commit to adhering to the program standards listed [in the Action Plan], and to ensuring that no more than 15 percent of the children enrolled in contracted classroom slots are ineligible for the Seattle Preschool Program. Ineligible children enrolled in contracted classroom slots will not receive direct support from program funds.

SPS will take a balanced approach to the mixed-delivery model and include both community and school-based classrooms. The Seattle Preschool Program (SPP) will conduct competitive Request for Investment (RFI) processes to contract with provider agencies to deliver preschool services. The RFI will require agencies to submit evidence that will allow SPP to evaluate the agencies' status in relation to contracting priorities and capacity to comply with program requirements. A panel of diverse community members and context experts will be involved in the RFI evaluation process.

DEEL will work directly with Seattle Public Schools to determine the District's participation level each year. SPS will be required to submit a plan to DEEL indicating how they meet or will meet the eligibility requirements for participation in SPP. Proposed SPS classrooms must have the support of SPS administration and Board of Directors.

Provider Contracting Priorities

Provider contracts will be awarded based on the following priorities, with Priority Tier #1 having the greatest weight and Priority Tier #3 having the least weight (there is no prioritization within Priority Tiers):

Priority Tier #1: Agencies located in areas where public elementary schools have records of low academic achievement

- Agencies operating preschool classrooms within the attendance area of public elementary schools that meets one or more of the following criteria. The elementary school:
 - Has received funding through Title I, Part A of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act within the past five years.
 - Has had an overall Segmentation Level of 1 or 2 within the past three years based on the Seattle Public Schools *School Segmentation District Reports* ["Segmentation Reports"].
 - Has had an overall Segmentation Level of 3 within the past three years with an Absolute Score below 60 based on the Seattle Public Schools Segmentation Reports.

- Is a new school with a population of students who receive free and reduced-price lunch that is above SPS average, or a population of students who are English Language Learners that is above SPS average.
- Agencies that have a 5+ year track record showing that at least 40% of their preschool enrollment consists of children who matriculate to Title I or Level 1 and Level 2 schools, according to Seattle Public Schools Segmentation Reports.
- Beginning in 2016, agencies in these areas will continue to be prioritized if, in the previous school year, SPP demand exceeded SPP capacity in the attendance area by 20% or more. If all areas of Seattle meeting the criteria above are saturated with preschool availability, agencies operating preschool classrooms within the attendance area of a Level 3 public school will be prioritized.

Priority Tier #2: Agencies that target services toward meeting the needs of preschool children from low-income families.

- Agencies that provide ECEAP, Step Ahead, or Head Start preschool services.
- Agencies that make extended day and summer care available to families. “Extended day” is defined as 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. “Summer care” is defined as the provision of extended day through the summer months when schools are typically not in session.

Priority Tier #3: Agencies that can provide evidence of high-quality practice, as measured through Early Achievers and/or the availability of dual language programs.

- Agencies that are Early Achievers Level 5 or have CLASS™ scores exceeding 6.0 for Emotional Support, 6.0 for Classroom Management, and 4.5 for Instructional Support.
- Agencies that provide dual language programs, as defined in the Program Plan.

Tiebreakers: Agencies that meet the following criteria will be prioritized for funding when Priorities #1- #3 have been satisfied.

- Beginning in 2017, high-quality agencies with existing SPP contracts that have the capacity to expand to new locations in Priority Tier #1.
- Agencies operating preschool classrooms within the attendance area of a public school where the English Language Learner population has exceeded 30% of the total school population within the past three years.
- Agencies that have the capacity to provide comparatively more classrooms for the program.
- Agencies operating preschool classrooms within the attendance area of a public school where the percentage of incoming kindergarteners in the attendance area has increased by more than 10% over the past two years.

Quality Improvement

Over the life of the Levy, SPP will be scaled up only insofar as the Levy Oversight Committee and DEEL staff can ensure that program quality will be maintained and improved over time (Resolution 31527, Section 5B). Due to the condensed amount of time available to contract with agencies to provide preschool services in the 2015-16 school year, agencies that provide preschool in Seattle and have Early Achievers ratings of 3 or above will be invited to compete in the RFI process. As stipulated in Ordinance 124509, Section 9:

The City may carry out the Preschool Services with City staff or by direct agreements with the School District, with Public Health -Seattle & King County, the State of Washington, and Head Start and Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program providers.

The agencies contracted to provide preschool services in the 2015–16 school year will be a combination of direct agreements with Seattle Public Schools (SPS), Head Start, and ECEAP providers and others who complete the RFI process. Beginning in the 2016–17 school year, all new non-SPS classrooms will receive funding through engaging in a competitive process.

All SPP providers must meet minimum threshold levels in the Classroom Assessment Scoring System (CLASS™) and the applicable Environment Rating Scale (ERS) required for a Level 3 rating in Early Achievers, as determined by the Washington Department of Early Learning.^v

Annual progress will be monitored for improvement (in response to Resolution 31527, Section 5H). If annual improvements are not made at the classroom level, an improvement plan will be developed and providers will be at risk of losing SPP funding in the following school year.

Child Participation

Eligibility

Children are eligible for SPP if they are Seattle residents and:

- Are four years old on August 31 prior to the beginning of the school year of enrollment.
- Are three years old on August 31 from families with incomes equal to 300% of Federal Poverty Level or below.

In the event that program enrollment is below 75%, the Mayor may propose to alter the eligibility criteria.

Recruitment and Application

In response to Resolution 31527, Section 5K, targeted outreach will occur within the geographic catchment area of available preschool programs to ensure that eligible families are made aware of program availability and openings. Annual outreach goals are to have an applicant pool that:

- Is representative of racial demographics of families with preschool age children living within the catchment area of the available preschool program, as determined by demographic trend data for the area.
- Represents socioeconomic diversity in order to achieve the Program's goal of mixed-income classrooms.

A simple and accessible enrollment application form will be used to reduce barriers to enrollment. In year one of the program, paper applications will primarily be utilized with downloadable application forms accessible online. The downloadable forms and paper forms will be available in multiple languages.

A variety of community locations will be leveraged as enrollment application hubs including but not limited to the City libraries, Seattle Public Schools, community centers, and community-based organizations. A DEEL Human Services Coordinator will be available to provide both direct enrollment application assistance as well as training for staff at various community based organizations to be able to support their constituents in applying for enrollment.

SPP will explore ways to streamline the enrollment process using online tools throughout the Demonstration Phase.

Selection and Enrollment

Children who are eligible for SPP are not automatically enrolled in SPP. In response to Resolution 31527, Section 5C, if demand exceeds supply, applicants will be prioritized and weighted in the following order:

1. Children who are four years old will be prioritized over children who are three years old.
2. Children whose sibling is currently enrolled in SPP or, beginning in the 2017-2018 school year if feasible, in a school building where an SPP classroom is housed and would be concurrently enrolled (in the same year) with the sibling will be prioritized.
 - Three-year-old siblings must meet the income criteria.
 - Three-year-old siblings will only be enrolled if there is available space.
3. Children living in the same SPS middle school attendance area as an SPP classroom will receive priority over children living in other parts of the City.^{vi} For SPP classrooms located in school buildings, priority will be given to children who are eligible to continue in that school for kindergarten.
 - More weight will be given to children living in the same SPS elementary school attendance area as the SPP classroom.
 - This structure will support the SPP goal of mixed-income classrooms.

Once applicants are prioritized and weighted a random selection process will occur.

These priorities and process will be used during initial enrollment. In the event demand exceeds supply, a waitlist will be maintained by DEEL. The priorities listed above will also be used when there is a waitlist.

- Children meeting SPP's eligibility criteria who are currently enrolled with a contracted agency may be grandfathered into the program. In the first year of a site's SPP contract, all eligible children will be eligible for grandfathering. Thereafter, the percentage of children grandfathered into program classrooms will be determined on an annual basis by DEEL.
- SPP agencies with SPP classrooms that offer Head Start, ECEAP, dual language programs, or special education services may select a percentage of the children for these classrooms. The agency-selected children must meet SPP's eligibility criteria. The percentage of agency-selected participants will be determined on an annual basis by DEEL.
- If provider agencies have enrolled students for the 2015-16 school year prior to applying to be an SPP provider, those children will be permitted to become SPP participants if they meet SPP eligibility criteria.
- Provider agencies must agree to SPP enrollment processes beginning in year two of their contract with the City.
- Three-year-olds participating in SPP will be automatically accepted as four-year-olds if they return to the same SPP provider agency. This does not apply to three-year-olds who are non-SPP students.

Tuition and Tuition Collection

In response to Resolution 31527, Section 5D, DEEL will develop a tuition collection system that is integrated with enrollment. This system will be centralized and will incorporate the structure approved by City Council in Ordinance 124509:

- Families earning at or below 300% of the Federal Poverty Level will receive free tuition.
- Families earning more than 300% of the Federal Poverty Level will pay a per child tuition fee based on the family's total household size and income.
- Within any given household size, families with higher incomes will pay a progressively higher share of the per child tuition fee.
- Families with total household income at or above 760% of the Federal Poverty Level will be limited to a 5% tuition credit per child.
- Tuition will be charged on a sliding scale.

The sliding scale will be structured as a straight line from 300% of the Federal Poverty Level to 760% of the Federal Poverty Level, where families earning 300% of the Federal Poverty Level will pay 0% of tuition, and families earning 760% of the Federal Poverty Level will pay 95% of tuition. This will prevent increases in income from causing larger increases in tuition. The purpose of the sliding scale for tuition is to make the program as inclusive as possible without overburdening taxpayers. No family will ever pay more than 95% of the full tuition rate.

The sliding scale tuition co-pay will be calculated using a consistent full tuition rate for all program participants. The full tuition rate will be recalculated on an annual basis, but will not increase by more than 2.4% annually. A web-based calculator will be made available for prospective participants before the enrollment period for the 2016-2017 school year.

When enrolling in SPP, families will be required to provide evidence of identity, residency, child's age, guardianship, household size, and income. In the event of a major life event such as employment status change, birth, or death in the immediate family, family co-pay may be recalculated quarterly after initial enrollment at the request of the family.

Due to equity concerns, provider agencies are not permitted to waive the family co-pay. Selection and enrollment occur at the City. SPP does not support a system wherein families at the comparable standards of living (adjusted for family size) pay drastically different amounts to participate in the program.

Program Support

Providers contracting to deliver preschool services will be supported in making quality improvements through professional development, embedded instructional coaching, and other materials or services for meeting the needs of all children.

Strategies to Achieve Results

- Intensive curriculum training to support implementation fidelity
- SPP-funded curricular materials and training: HighScope® or Creative Curriculum® for Preschool, Fifth Edition
- Embedded instructional coaching provided by highly-trained DEEL staff
- A “no expulsion/no suspension” behavior policy
- Tiered support to ameliorate challenging behaviors in the classroom
- Additional funding to respond to children’s needs
- A Partnership Agreement with Seattle Public Schools
- A Memorandum of Understanding with the Washington Department of Early Learning

Racial Equity and Social Justice

Children of color and children from low-income households are frequently overrepresented in special education, mental health, and behavioral support systems. High-quality preschool has been shown to be a powerful tool in reducing the need for special education support and behavior-related services.^{vii}

Cultural Competence

Cultural competency is a necessary strategy to achieve racially equitable outcomes when coupled with strategies to achieve racially equitable policies and practices. According to BERK,^{viii} culturally competent teachers take time to know the families of the children in their classrooms and to understand their values, child-rearing practices, and goals for their children. The teachers are then careful to recognize these values and practices in a way that provides continuity for children. Because meaningful education occurs when students are engaged and see a connection between what they learn and their lives, it is important to recognize that young children need support to navigate the differences between their home and school experiences. Education should occur through the lens of culture (i.e., home-life realities and understandings of how the world works). Culturally-appropriate, individually-appropriate, and age-appropriate practice are the three guiding principles of Developmentally Appropriate Practice as defined by the National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC).^{ix} NAEYC’s Pathways to Cultural Competence Project Program Guide states:

For optimal development and learning of all children, educators must accept the legitimacy of children’s home language, respect (hold in high regard) the home culture, and promote and encourage the active involvement and support of all families, including extended and nontraditional family units (NAEYC, 1995, p. 2).

Since all children are rooted in their families we see a child's family structure and all that it entails as the core of their family's culture. This structure can include family socioeconomic status, family composition, parent's level of educational attainment, abilities of children and family members, family's immigration status, family's religion, family's home and preferred languages, parent's sexual orientation, and the way that a family classifies its race and ethnicity.

Meeting the Needs of All Children

For over three decades, researchers have studied an array of practices intended to promote social and behavioral competence. Children who are socially competent interact well with others, even during difficult situations, and are less likely to exhibit challenging behaviors.^x The research suggests the need for a continuum of practices that includes environmental supports to promote peer engagement and interaction, instruction focused on teaching new social skills, and teacher practices that support social behaviors.^{xi} The model should be instituted classroom-wide, recognizing that children will be at different levels of social competency.

During school year 2009–10, approximately 310 Seattle students (under 2% of total students) in kindergarten through third grade were experiencing homelessness.^{xii} Approximately 8% of Seattle Public Schools' kindergarten students receive Special Education Services.^{xiii}

Processes

Below are the processes through which Program Support will occur. Additional information about processes may be found in the Program Plan.

Agreements and Memoranda of Understanding

DEEL will work with staff from the Washington Department of Early Learning (DEL) and Seattle Public Schools to ensure programmatic resources are used efficiently and effectively in areas of joint concern regarding implementing SPP. Outlines of agreements and memoranda of understanding will be included in the Program Plan. Seattle City Council will have an opportunity to review agreements before they are finalized and an opportunity to approve the Partnership Agreement with Seattle Public Schools.

Professional Development/Training

SPP professional development will be fully funded by the City. It will be data-driven and include large group trainings and classroom-based intensive coaching. Training will be aligned with DEL and eligible for STARS (State Training and Registry System) hours, clock hours, and/or continuing education credits. Trainings will be accessible to teachers who speak a language at home other than English and delivered in the community when possible. All professional development for teachers, directors, and parents will include elements of peer support.

Training

To the extent possible, training will be aligned with all preschool programs funded by local governments, including: Head Start, ECEAP, and Step Ahead.

Pre-service training will include:

- SPP quality standards, processes, and principles
- Screenings and assessments
- Learning environments

Curriculum training will include:

- Training and certification for teachers in the selected curricula: HighScope® or Creative Curriculum® for Preschool, Fifth Edition
- Annual continuing curriculum training required to maintain certification

Content training will be data-driven and include the following:

- Instructional support for children whose primary home language is not English
- Teaching children with special needs, including behavioral-health needs
- Culturally and linguistically responsive teaching
- Partnering with families
- Strategies to achieve racially equitable policies and practices

Additional training will align with the Washington State Core Competencies for Early Care and Education Professionals, which are:

- Child Growth and Development
- Learning Environment and Curriculum
- Child Observation and Assessment
- Families and Communities Health
- Safety and Nutrition
- Interactions with Children
- Program Planning and Development
- Professional Development and Leadership

Coaching

Coaches will focus on teachers' professional growth. SPP classrooms will receive on-site coaching and training to support quality teaching that will improve instruction across all domains (for example: approaches to learning, social and emotional development, physical development and health, language literacy and communication, mathematics, creative arts, science and technology, social studies, English language learning) and lead to better outcomes for children. Coaches will work directly with teachers to implement their chosen curriculum, create professional development plans, and provide support for children with challenging behaviors.

DEEL coaches will be trained (or certified, if applicable) in the following:

- Instructional practice based reflective coaching framework
- Curriculum and assessment training and certification on tools used in SPP classrooms
- The Early Achievers Coach Framework
- Culturally and linguistically responsive coaching
- Children's physical development and health
- Working with children with special needs including behavioral health needs

Coaches will be provided with continuing education to maintain certifications and expand knowledge of best practices in the field. Over the four-year implementation timeline, DEEL coaches will create a peer network for sharing best practices. Coaches will maintain a caseload of classrooms and use child and classroom data to differentiate the coaching support needed in each classroom.

DEEL will work with the Washington State Department of Early Learning to develop approaches to coaching that make the best use of State and City resources.

Mental Health Support

SPP classrooms will have access to mental health staff in order to support social-emotional and behavioral challenges within the classroom. This support is meant to aid teachers and centers in meeting the needs of all students, and act as a support to the "No Suspension and Expulsion Policy." Teachers, in partnership with coaches and center directors, will be able to access mental health consultation services as needed.

Special Populations and the Provision of Additional Services

Since the majority of preschoolers do not yet have a diagnosis of a behavioral or health need, SPP will conduct screening processes at least once per year. The Action Plan states that:

In classrooms where more than 6 of the students are considered to be members of a "special population" as defined in the Implementation Plan... additional instructional staff support will be provided for the classroom.

Provider agencies may request additional funding (budgeted as "Special Populations Costs" in Appendix III) through the DEEL coach assigned to the classroom when screenings or other information result in 6 or more children being included in one of the following designations:

- Children in the child welfare system
- Children living in transitional housing
- Children from homeless families
- Children with healthcare needs (as evidenced by a doctor's report)

- Children with mental health needs (as evidenced by behavioral screening and parent/teacher/coach observation)
- Children with developmental needs (as evidenced by developmental screening and parent/teacher/coach observation)

This funding may be used to support additional staff time to reduce the standard adult-child ratio and maximum class size (in response to Resolution 31527, Section 5F), materials, training, and other needed assistance as identified by the provider agency in partnership with the DEEL coach. Children who have experienced major life changes related to living situations, such as immigrant and refugee children, may qualify for additional support when teachers and coaches identify an unmet need.

SPP provider agencies will adhere to all Individualized Education Plans (IEPs).

Family Partnership and Engagement

The SPP Action Plan States:

The Seattle Preschool Program will:

- Prioritize a universal family engagement approach that integrates intentional parent/child activities and promotes academic, social, and emotional school readiness.
 - Families will be provided with evidence-based activities, which could include proven home-learning activities, tied to the chosen curriculum models.
 - Providers will host events throughout the school year to connect families to resources and information on topics such as child development and nutrition.
- Build on Early Achievers Strengthening Families framework to increase providers' foundational knowledge about the importance of parents and families in children's lives and the family's impact on child outcomes.
- Create a family engagement grant fund that could be used by providers to design, develop, and provide family engagement activities.

Funding for family and community engagement and partnership will includes funding to supports provider agencies to:

- Create and maintain meaningful partnerships with families and communities
- Increase their capacity to engage families in activities that take place in homes or community spaces

In addition, to be an SPP provider, agencies must execute a culturally relevant plan for partnering with families and communities to improve child outcomes on an annual basis. It is recommended that providers include input from families, administration, and teachers in formally adopting one of the SPP-approved curricula.

Professional development in best practices for family partnership and engagement will be available on a regular basis and in languages appropriate to the providers.

SPP will establish parent advisory processes to provide feedback on SPP program implementation.

Capacity Building

Part of the success of the Seattle Preschool Program (SPP) will lie in its ability to support capacity building in Seattle in the areas of facilities improvement, expansion and renovation, and continuing education for teachers and administrators.

Strategies to Achieve Results

- Higher education tuition and advising services for teachers.
- Continuing education for coaches to meet the needs of the SPP provider community.
- Organizational capacity building with provider organizations for supporting infrastructure.
- Support for agencies to open additional classrooms for the program.
- A Facilities Capacity Building Fund that includes a program for construction, improvement, and renovation of facilities to be used to provide SPP services.

Racial Equity and Social Justice

The early learning workforce is racially and ethnically diverse and predominantly female. Many members of the workforce, though experienced, have had limited opportunities or incentives to complete bachelor's degrees. Providing early learning educators with access and support to acquire higher education in their field will create racial equity for teachers, and in return, children and their families.

By creating structures to support a diverse and educated workforce that is prepared to meet the needs of all children, SPP will:

- Improve children's access to classrooms with highly-qualified teachers who reflect Seattle's diversity.
- Support teachers and preschool provider agencies to improve the quality of preschool instruction.
- Ensure teachers have been educated in all of the Department of Early Learning's Core Competencies.^{xiv}

By working with institutions of higher education to reduce financial and structural barriers to enrolling in and completing bachelor's degree programs, SPP will support teachers who support children.

Additionally, by supporting the renovation, expansion, or development of preschool facilities, provider agencies that have had few opportunities to make structural improvements will be better positioned to become licensed, increase their Early Achievers ratings, and expand access to their services. Many government subsidized preschool programs are currently half-day, utilizing the same space for classes in the mornings and afternoons. The SPP Facilities Capacity Building Fund will offer opportunities for providers to develop new spaces that can serve children in high-quality learning environments for more hours per day.

Processes

Below are the processes for allotting Capacity Building funds. Additional information about processes may be found in the Program Plan.

Facilities Capacity Building Fund

\$8.5 million has been set aside for facilities improvement, expansion, and renovation over the four years of the SPP Levy. The guidelines and conditions related to the disbursement of facility and capital improvement funds are as follows (in response to Resolution 31527, Section 5I).

Types of Projects

- Projects that improve quality or help providers meet licensing standards in existing classrooms.
- Projects that expand space at existing facilities.
- Projects that start new facilities, either from the ground up or by substantially remodeling existing buildings for use as a preschool.

Principles

- Focus on projects that will provide return on investment during the four-year demonstration phase.
- Funds should help create a sustainable preschool project as opposed to a short-term development of space.

Priorities

- Projects consistent with the priorities adopted for contracting with providers (e.g. projects that are located in neighborhoods with low-performing schools).
- Projects connected to low-income housing.
- Conversion or expansion of existing spaces.
- Currently contracted preschool providers and providers who have a demonstrated ability to serve children living in areas SPP prioritizes.
- Meeting basic licensing standards (as opposed to quality improvement).
 - All projects receiving funds should commit to a “pathway” to quality improvement of facilities.
- Quality improvements that allow agencies to improve on their ECERS-R rating scale for preschool classrooms to improve their Early Achievers scores.

Advising and Tuition Assistance for Provider Agency Instructional Staff According to the SPP Action Plan:

All newly hired staff will be required to meet the following standards:

- Director and/or Program Supervisor: Bachelor's Degree in Early Childhood Education or a BA with college-level coursework in Early Childhood Education. Expertise or coursework in educational leadership and business management is also required.
- Lead Teachers: Bachelor's Degree in Early Childhood Education or a BA and a State Teaching Credential with a P-3 Endorsement.
- Assistant Teachers: Associate's Degree in Early Childhood Education or two years of coursework in Early Childhood Education meeting Washington State Core Competencies for Early Care and Educational Professionals.
- Coaches: Bachelor's Degree in Early Childhood Education or a BA and a State Teaching Credential with a P-3 Endorsement. "Endorsements" in selected curricula are also required.

Current staff will be given 4 years to meet these requirements. The City will work with local colleges and universities to develop an alternate route program for teachers with Bachelor's Degrees in fields other than Early Childhood Education. The City will also develop an alternative process through which experienced, high-quality lead teachers — as defined in the Implementation Plan — may be granted waivers.

Compensation will vary based on degree attainment, State certification status, and experience. Lead teachers who meet the education/certification requirements above will be paid on par with public school teachers.

Teachers will be permitted to continue teaching while in degree and certification programs or completing the waiver application process. A teacher may be eligible for a 2-year extension for completing degree or certifications requirements if he or she has made satisfactory progress during the allotted 4 years, as detailed in the Program Plan. Guidelines governing qualifications and conditions for providers to receive need-based tuition assistance, as well as procedures to ensure other financial aid resources will be leveraged first, are below (in response to Resolution 31527, Section 5E).

If the demand for advising and tuition assistance for provider agency instructional staff exceeds supply, DEEL will prioritize assistance in the following order:

1. Lead teachers and assistant teachers
2. Directors and program supervisors

An annual assessment will be made to add additional priorities on the basis of need, shortages in specific areas or specialties, and emerging RSJI issues.

- Individuals who receive tuition assistance will be required to maintain a minimum GPA and may only take courses that lead to SPP education or certification requirements.
- There will also be a minimum length of service required after the receipt of tuition assistance. Staff who do not meet this minimum will be required to repay tuition funds.

In collaboration with the Washington Department of Early Learning, the City will continue to work with local colleges and universities to develop affordable and accessible programs that address the needs of the current and prospective early learning workforce to meet SPP's education requirements (Resolution 31527, Section 5R). SPP will work with higher education institutions to ensure that teacher preparation programs provide cultural competency training.

SPP is the payer of last resort for tuition support. SPP teachers will be expected to apply for funds through the Child Care Aware® of Washington and other sources before SPP funds will be used to support tuition.

SPP will provide incentives for provider to support employees in obtaining bachelor's degrees in early childhood education, or bachelor's degrees plus a Preschool-Third Grade (P-3) teaching endorsement.

Teacher Requirement Waiver

High-quality, experienced teachers will have the option of applying for a renewable waiver of these education requirements.

Requirements

As supported by preschool providers in the Seattle Early Education Collaborative (SEEC) and an Interagency Preschool Team, a minimum of 10 years of combined education and experience in early childhood education will be required for a teacher to apply for a waiver.^{xv}

To receive a waiver, a teacher must have:

- High scores in all domains of the Classrooms Assessment Scoring System (CLASS™), as specified in the Program Plan.
- Evidence of average or better child outcomes as compared with other SPP teachers, as evaluated as part of the Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy.

Process

The waiver application and evaluation process will take one year. More details about the process are provided in the Program Plan.

Characteristics

- The waiver is valid for 4 years and renewable.
- The waiver is portable to other SPP providers.
- Providers who employ teachers with waivers may, but will *not* be required to, increase these teachers' salaries as a result of the waiver. The City will not increase the provider reimbursement rate as a result of teacher requirement waivers.

Research and Evaluation

The BERK Recommendations^{xvi} state that:

A comprehensive, multi-purpose accountability system should include more than child assessment data measures. If the data is to be used for instructional assessment, accountability, and program evaluation, it needs to measure progress and inform practice at multiple levels:

- Individual child level
- Classroom level
- Center level
- City level

A continuous improvement system that is integrated with the evaluation research will provide timely insight into program needs and identify areas for technical assistance. A rigorously designed effectiveness study should include information on program quality.

Strategies to Achieve Results

- A Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy designed in partnership with external evaluation experts to support reliability and validity of findings, conclusions, and recommend course corrections.
- A plan for ongoing quality assurance, linked to coaching, professional development, and pre- and in-service training that responds to needs of instructional staff.
- A plan for process evaluation to monitor compliance with targets at all levels: City, coach, provider, classroom, and teacher.
- A plan for impact evaluation that measures if and how program goals are met.
- A study to inform practice around the cultural relevancy of the program as implemented by contracted providers and supported by DEEL.
- A pilot program designed to investigate the efficacy and efficiency of delivering preschool services in Family Child Care settings.
- Interactive and observational student assessments.
- The creation of a data system that supports data collection and analysis, applications, enrollment, and assignments, and allows systems to seamlessly interface.

Racial Equity and Social Justice

The Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy (Evaluation Strategy) will respect the goals of RSJI and explicitly apply an RSJ lens to all evaluative procedures. In other words, the Evaluation Strategy will identify any benefits or burdens that may be differentially assumed by specific racial, cultural, socio-economic, or linguistic communities as a result of the Evaluation Strategy and specify the steps that will be taken to address potential harms.

Additionally, it is the intent of the City of Seattle to align SPP evaluation procedures with those of existing early learning programs in Seattle insofar as the existing procedures support high-quality preschool and positive student outcomes. The compliance monitoring and assessment requirements of the following programs should be considered when developing all timelines:

- Washington State’s Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program (ECEAP)
- The City of Seattle’s Step Ahead, Child Care Assistance, and Comprehensive Child Care Programs
- Head Start
- Early Achievers, Washington’s tiered quality rating and improvement system (QRIS)

Since participation in ECEAP, Step Ahead, and Head Start is limited to children from income-eligible families, aligning with these existing systems will reduce the burden on providers that serve low-income providers by minimizing the addition of new monitoring and assessment requirements.

Processes

A Request for Proposals (RFP) was released in December 2014 to identify “independent evaluation experts” to help design SPP’s approach to evaluation and write the Evaluation Strategy. The Evaluation Strategy, due to the Seattle City Council on August 3, 2015, shall include the following components:

- Executive summary
- Preschool program evaluation comparison and literature review
 - Comparison of program and evaluation strategies
 - Comparison of assessment tools
 - Summary
- Comprehensive plan for ongoing quality assurance
- Comprehensive plan for process evaluation
- Comprehensive plan for impact evaluation
- Plan for implementing and evaluating the Family Child Care Pilot
- Four-year budget projection
- Timeline for reports
- Communications plan

To participate in SPP, provider agencies must agree to participate in program evaluation, as described in the Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy and approved by City Council.

Administration

The SPP Levy requires continuous quality improvement, strong community partnerships, and transparency in the SPP program development. In support of these goals, DEEL will provide oversight, administration and leadership in all SPP implementation areas (School Readiness, Program Support, Capacity Building, and Research and Evaluation).

Strategies to Achieve Results

- A lean administrative structure to minimize overhead costs.
- Strong financial controls and monitoring to ensure appropriate and efficient use of SPP Levy funds.
- An experienced team to manage processes for selecting agencies, contracting, and invoicing.
- Guidelines for competitive provider selection processes.
- Progress tracking and reporting through DEEL's data management team.

Racial Equity and Social Justice

By aligning SPP administration policies and procedures with the City's racial equity goals, the Department of Education and Early Learning (DEEL) joins the City's efforts towards creating racial equity.

DEEL has convened an interdepartmental team to provide advice and guidance in applying the use of the racial equity toolkit to SPP. This interdepartmental team has created a version of the City's racial equity toolkit specific to the concerns and issues within the City's early learning community. Use of this toolkit, as well as advice from the interdepartmental team, will be utilized regularly to influence SPP's policies, practices, and necessary course corrections.

The City actively seeks opportunities to promote racial equality and social justice in its purchasing and contracting processes (SMC 20.42). Where possible, DEEL will establish contracting procedures consistent with SMC 20.42 and encourage the outreach and selection of minority and women-owned businesses.

Processes

Below are the processes through which Program Administration will occur. Additional information about them may be found in the Program Plan.

Financial Management

- DEEL staff will provide accounting, budgeting, and fiscal monitoring of SPP programs.
- DEEL will develop guidelines regarding how provider reimbursement rates are determined and adjusted over time.
 - The following variables will be considered in calculating provider reimbursements:
 - Educational attainment levels for: Lead teachers, assistant teacher, floaters, site directors, and program supervisors.
 - Bilingual certification for lead and assistant teachers.

- Other revenue sources received by providers including: Head Start, ECEAP, Working Connections, and Step Ahead.
- Provider reimbursements may be subject to quarterly recalculation.
- DEEL will create and manage an integrated enrollment and revenue collection system.

Contracting Processes

1. *Competitive Processes.* DEEL will require agencies to compete for SPP Levy investments by submitting an RFI application or an RFP response. The application or response will contain evaluation and selection criteria that will be used to determine appropriate use of Levy investments. The following services, if not directly contracted by one of the approved agencies listed in item (2) below, will be contracted using a competitive process:
 - Program/provider evaluation
 - Student assessment
 - Data system(s)
 - Mental health training consultation and in-classroom support
 - Teacher degree and certification assistance services
 - Training and professional development
 - Preschool services
2. *Non-competitive processes.* Consistent with Section 9 of Ordinance 124509, DEEL may contract directly, in non-competitive processes, for the following:
 - Providers of the SPP-approved curricula (and associated professional development training).
 - Services provided by:
 - Seattle Public Schools
 - Head Start providers
 - Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program (ECEAP) providers
 - Public Health – Seattle & King County
 - State of Washington
3. *Consultants.* DEEL shall adhere to the process established under Seattle Municipal Code (SMC) Chapter 20.50 for the selection of consultants.

Personnel

DEEL will follow City policies and procedures in recruiting SPP staff. DEEL will also maintain a detailed organization chart for SPP staff (see Appendix IV, in response to Resolution 31527, Section 5L).

Tuition Collection

DEEL will develop a tuition collection system that is integrated with enrollment. This system will be centralized and will incorporate the sliding scale structure approved by City Council.

Report Preparation

As per Resolution 31527, Section 5Q, DEEL will submit annual reports to City Council that will include:

- Data related to student outcomes.
- Progress on provider capacity building efforts.
- Revenues and expenditures by category.
- An update of evaluation activities.
- Progress made on building the City's own internal capacity and administrative abilities to oversee and implement a preschool program based on key indicators and milestones.

Appendix I: Glossary

BERK – Seattle-based strategic planning and business consultant firm hired to develop evidence-based recommendations for a high-quality universal pre-K program for Seattle.

Comprehensive Evaluation Strategy – Developed in partnership with external evaluation experts and due to City Council on August 3, 2015, this document will outline the evaluation strategy for the demonstration phase of the Seattle Preschool Program.

CLASS™ – Classroom Assessment Scoring System used to assess interactions between teachers and children to determine teachers' professional development needs; includes areas of emotional support, classroom organization, and instructional support.

DEEL – City of Seattle Department of Education and Early Learning

DEL – Washington State Department of Early Learning offers voluntary, high-quality early learning programs and support to families and early learning professionals.

Early Achievers – A voluntary quality rating and improvement system (QRIS) for licensed child care providers in Washington that helps early learning programs offer high-quality care.

ECEAP – Early Childhood Education and Assistance Program funded by Washington State.

ECERS-R – The Early Childhood Environment Rating Scale-Revised: A thorough revision of the ECERS, designed to assess group programs for preschool-kindergarten aged children, from two through five years of age. Total scale consists of 43 items. (Also available in Spanish.)

FCC – A Family Child Care Provider is a person who uses their residence to provide paid child care on a regular, ongoing basis.

Head Start – Federal program that promotes the school readiness of children ages birth to five from low-income families by enhancing their cognitive, social and emotional development.

MERIT – Managed Education and Registry Information Tool managed by the Washington State Department of Early Learning. It allows individuals who work in early child care and education to track online their education and training experience, find training by state-approved trainers, be recognized and receive awards for their professional achievements, and more.

MSP – Tests used until the 2014–15 school year in Washington State in grades 3-8 to determine whether students are meeting grade level standards. These tests replace the Washington Assessment of Student Learning (WASL).

NAEYC – National Association for the Education of Young Children promotes high-quality early learning for all children, birth through age eight, through the connection of practice, policy, and research.

NIEER – National Institute for Early Education Research, a nonprofit organization that conducts and communicates research to support high quality, effective, early childhood education for all young children.

PPVT-IV – Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test, Fourth Edition (PPVT™-4) measures verbal ability in standard American English vocabulary; can measure receptive processing from ages two to over ninety.

Quality Level of Excellence – An Early Achievers rating of Level 3, 4 or 5

Program Plan- See **Seattle Preschool Program Plan**

RSJI – The Seattle Race and Social Justice Initiative (RSJI) is a citywide effort to end institutionalized racism and race-based disparities in City government. RSJI builds on the work of the civil rights movement and the ongoing efforts of individuals and groups in Seattle to confront racism. The Initiative's long-term goal is to change the underlying system that creates race-based disparities in our community and to achieve racial equity.

Seattle Preschool Program Plan (“Program Plan”)– A companion document to this Implementation Plan that details procedures and processes and is subject to data-driven course corrections over the life of the Levy. It will be submitted as a separate Clerk File.

Segmentation Level – The grouping of schools by performance (Level 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5) in order to monitor school progress toward district-wide goals and target support where needed. Scores are based on how a school performed compared to the year's district-wide goal and growth in student achievement from the previous year.

SPP – Seattle Preschool Program

SPS – Seattle Public Schools, also called the Seattle School District.

Step Ahead – Families and Education Levy-funded program offering free or low-cost, full- or part-day, culturally and linguistically appropriate preschool for eligible four-year-olds not served by Head Start or the Early Childhood Education and Assistance program.

Teaching Strategies GOLD® – An observation-based assessment system used to document children's development from birth-kindergarten; can be used with all children, including English Language Learners, children with disabilities, and children who exceed typical developmental expectations. TSG is being incorporated into the Washington Kindergarten Inventory of Developing Skills (WaKIDS) program.

TITLE 1, Part A – Title I, Part A (Title I) of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), as amended, provides financial assistance to local educational agencies and schools with high numbers or percentages of children from low-income families to help ensure that all children meet challenging state academic standards. Federal funds are currently allocated through four statutory formulas that are based primarily on census poverty estimates and the cost of education in each state.

WaKIDS – Washington Kindergarten Inventory of Developing Skills - A process for obtaining a snapshot of where children are developmentally at the start of kindergarten. Gathers information through: 1) a teacher-family meeting; 2) an assessment of the child's social and emotional development, cognition and general knowledge, language, communication and literacy, physical well-being, health and motor

development; 3) meetings between teacher/early learning professionals to coordinate children's transition to kindergarten.

Washington State Core Competencies for Early Care and Education Professionals – Washington Department of Early Learning (DEL) list defining what early care and education professionals need to know and be able to do to provide quality care for children.

Appendix II: 2013-14 Select Seattle Public School Data

WaKIDS (Source: Fall 2013 Teaching Strategies Gold Comparative Report for Seattle Public School kindergarten-age children)

- The Washington Kindergarten Inventory of Developing Skills (WaKIDS) assesses students' strength in six developmental areas. It is implemented in state-funded, full-day kindergartens.
- The percentage of Seattle Public School children meeting age-level expectations in the fall of 2013, as measured by WaKIDS, ranged from a low of 31% for the Mathematics domain, to a high of 54% for the Literacy domain.
- Less than half of the assessed children met age-level expectations in four of the six domains.

Seattle Public Schools WaKIDS (Fall 2013)

Developmental Domain	Number Assessed	Number Meeting Widely Held Expectations	Percentage Meeting Widely Held Expectations
Social-Emotional	1,678	856	51%
Physical	1,664	774	46%
Language	1,694	579	34%
Cognitive	1,669	570	34%
Literacy	1,609	873	54%
Mathematics	1,618	496	31%

- More variation is evident when WaKIDS data are broken out by race/ethnicity. For example, the percentage of children meeting age-level expectations ranged from a low of 6% for Native American/Alaska Native in Mathematics, to a high of 63% for Multi-Racial children in Literacy.
- The largest grouping of children assessed were African-American, followed by White children. The smallest groupings assessed were Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander children, as well as Native American/Alaska Native children.
- The percentage of White children meeting age-level expectations was 40 and above in all six developmental domains. Less than 30% of African-American and Native American/Alaska Native children met age-level expectations in three of the six developmental domains (Language, Cognitive, and Mathematics).
- Less than 25% of Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander children met age-level expectations in four of the six developmental domains, although it is important to note that a low number of these children were assessed.

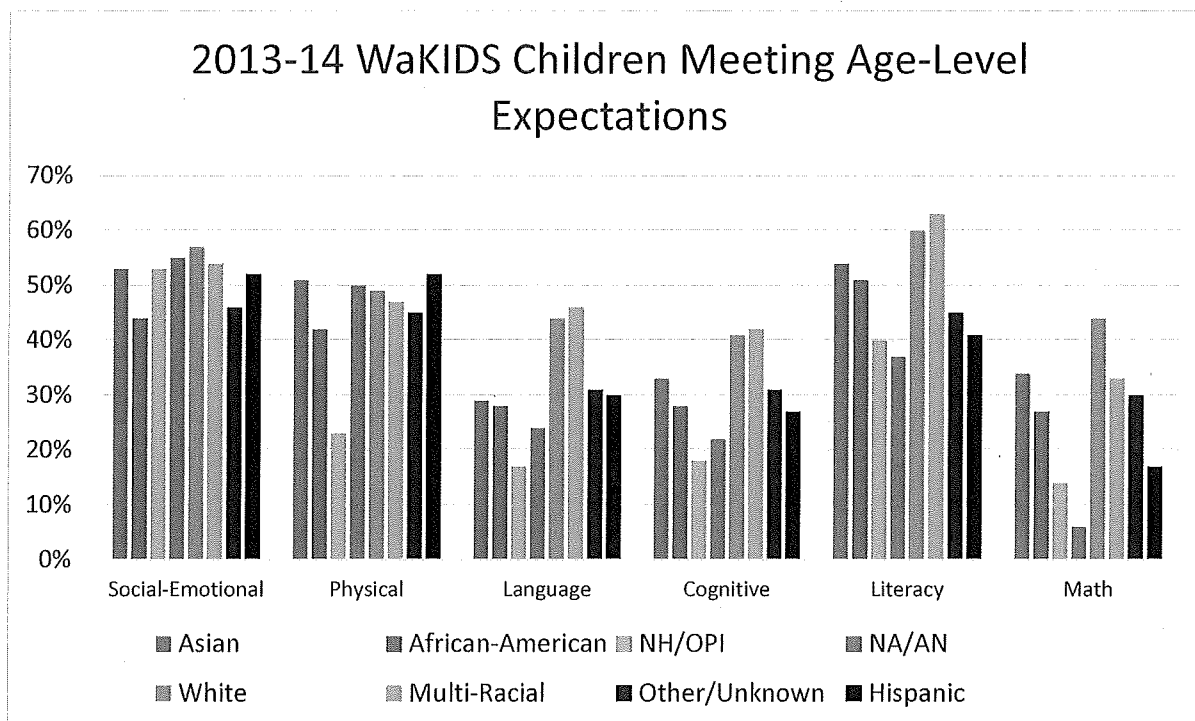
Seattle Public Schools WaKIDS (Fall 2013) Disaggregated by Race and Ethnicity

Race/ Ethnicity	N	Social- Emotional	Physical	Language	Cognitive	Literacy	Math
Asian	348-356	53%	51%	29%	33%	54%	34%
African-American	473-492	44%	42%	28%	28%	51%	27%
NH/OPI*	14-18	53%	23%	17%	18%	40%	14%
NA/AN	35-38	55%	50%	24%	22%	37%	6%
White	420-443	57%	49%	44%	41%	60%	44%
Multi-Racial	175-183	54%	47%	46%	42%	63%	33%
Other/ Unknown	148-162	46%	45%	31%	31%	45%	30%
Hispanic***	278-299	52%	52%	30%	27%	41%	17%

*Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander

**Native American/Alaska Native

***Hispanic goes across all other racial/ethnic groups.



Children from homes where English is the primary spoken language scored higher in five of the six developmental domains.

- The same percentage of children from both groups met age-level expectations for the Physical domain.
- As might be expected, the largest gap between the two groups of children was found in the Language domain (23%), followed by the Literacy and Cognitive domains.

Seattle Public Schools WaKIDS (Fall 2013) Disaggregated by Language

	N	Social-Emotional	Physical	Language	Cognitive	Literacy	Math
English Speaking	899-943	54%	46%	44%	41%	62%	35%
Non-English	706-751	47%	46%	21%	26%	45%	24%

3rd Grade Measurements of Student Progress (MSP) Reading

(Source: OSPI Washington State Report Card, 2013-14)

- Overall, more than 75% of assessed students met the standard for third-grade reading during the 2013–14 school year.
- The racial/ethnic group with the highest percentage meeting the reading standard were White children (90%), followed by Multi-Racial children and Asian children.
- Less than half of the assessed children who had a primary language other than English met the reading standard.
- More than half of the children from low-income households met the reading standard.

Seattle Public Schools 3rd Grade MSP Reading (2013-14)

	Number Assessed	Number Meeting Standard	Percentage Meeting Standard
Overall	4,233	3,287	78%
African-American	700	389	56%
American Indian	22	10	45%
Asian	652	528	81%
Hispanic	529	307	58%
Pacific Islander	23	11	48%
White	1,992	1,784	90%
Multi-Racial	315	258	82%
Limited English	546	224	41%
Low Income	1,647	978	59%

4th Grade Measures of Student Progress (MSP) Math (Source: OSPI Washington State Report Card, 2013-14)

- Overall, 70% of assessed students met the standard for fourth-grade math during the 2013–14 school year.
- The racial/ethnic group with the highest percentage meeting the math standard were White children (83%), followed by Asian children and Multi-Racial children.
- Slightly more than one-third of the assessed children who had a primary language other than English met the math standard.
- Slightly less than half of the children from low-income households met the math standard.

Seattle Public Schools 4th Grade MSP Math (2013-14)

	Number Assessed	Number Meeting Standard	Percentage Meeting Standard
Overall	4,045	2,819	70%
African-American	635	244	38%
American Indian	36	16	44%
Asian	621	472	76%
Hispanic	513	268	52%
Pacific Islander	16	5	31%
White	1,928	1,600	83%
Multi-Racial	296	214	72%
Limited English	479	172	36%
Low Income	1,609	779	48%

**Seattle Preschool Program Master Budget
2015-2019**

Program Expenditures	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total	%
School Readiness							
Educator Labor	\$466,041	\$2,148,370	\$4,823,375	\$8,504,689	\$7,446,191	\$23,388,666	
Administrative Labor	\$253,007	\$968,062	\$1,691,933	\$2,499,802	\$1,928,255	\$7,341,059	
Professional Development	\$6,210	\$30,126	\$67,943	\$112,628	\$95,135	\$312,042	
Special Populations Costs	\$40,602	\$205,759	\$494,541	\$868,221	\$754,707	\$2,363,830	
Facilities	\$98,321	\$476,993	\$1,075,765	\$1,783,277	\$1,506,307	\$4,940,663	
Supplies	\$119,418	\$579,344	\$1,306,598	\$2,165,923	\$1,829,522	\$6,000,805	
Curriculum	\$2,389	\$11,589	\$26,138	\$43,333	\$36,605	\$120,053	
Business Services	\$20,799	\$100,902	\$227,566	\$377,232	\$318,642	\$1,045,140	
Profit and/or Reinvestment	\$47,142	\$210,109	\$448,199	\$753,181	\$640,157	\$2,098,789	
School Readiness Expenditures	\$1,053,928	\$4,731,254	\$10,162,059	\$17,108,285	\$14,555,521	\$47,611,047	
<i>Less Offsetting Revenues:</i>							
Head Start	-\$42,137	-\$170,537	-\$304,969	-\$445,646	-\$361,514	-\$1,324,802	
ECEAP	-\$80,041	-\$323,940	-\$579,297	-\$846,517	-\$686,706	-\$2,516,502	
FEL Step Ahead Preschool	-\$177,707	-\$721,659	-\$1,297,670	-\$1,892,597	-\$1,524,477	-\$5,614,111	
FEL Leveraged Funds	-\$113,533	-\$447,855	-\$765,035	-\$1,086,811	-\$879,798	-\$3,293,031	
Working Connections Child Care	-\$41,632	-\$164,767	-\$283,446	-\$400,014	-\$318,259	-\$1,208,117	
Child Care Assistance Program	-\$16,880	-\$65,212	-\$107,297	-\$134,230	-\$90,882	-\$414,500	
Child and Adult Care Food Program	-\$38,383	-\$186,212	-\$419,965	-\$696,168	-\$588,042	-\$1,928,770	
School Readiness Revenues*	-\$510,314	-\$2,080,181	-\$3,757,678	-\$5,501,983	-\$4,449,677	-\$16,299,834	
Subtotal, School Readiness	\$543,614	\$2,651,072	\$6,404,381	\$11,606,302	\$10,105,844	\$31,311,212	54.0%
Program Support							
Coaching	\$116,726	\$259,141	\$529,626	\$811,822	\$633,515	\$2,350,830	
Curriculum Training Course	\$112,081	\$397,706	\$677,164	\$1,049,387	\$778,472	\$3,014,810	
Health Support	\$18,868	\$86,027	\$185,568	\$299,441	\$242,934	\$832,838	
Subtotal, Program Support	\$247,675	\$742,874	\$1,392,357	\$2,160,650	\$1,654,922	\$6,198,478	10.7%
Capacity Building							
Educators	\$69,945	\$235,930	\$305,401	\$340,069	\$226,861	\$1,178,206	
Coaches	\$4,436	\$7,769	\$13,752	\$16,379	\$9,879	\$52,215	
Organizational Capacity Building	\$33,333	\$100,786	\$103,163	\$105,595	\$71,495	\$414,372	
Classroom Equipment & Supplies	\$67,966	\$253,090	\$384,594	\$451,008	\$300,910	\$1,457,568	
Facility Construction/Renovation	\$1,166,667	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$1,333,333	\$8,500,000	
Subtotal, Capacity Building	\$1,342,346	\$2,597,576	\$2,806,910	\$2,913,052	\$1,942,479	\$11,602,363	20.0%
Research and Evaluation							
Program Evaluation	\$569,225	\$510,983	\$491,802	\$443,691	\$300,408	\$2,316,109	
Provider Evaluation	\$5,118	\$24,205	\$53,320	\$87,718	\$73,913	\$244,274	
Student Assessment	\$9,553	\$46,348	\$104,528	\$173,274	\$146,362	\$480,064	
Data System	\$334,717	\$105,579	\$110,167	\$115,029	\$78,560	\$744,052	
Subtotal, Research and Evaluation	\$918,614	\$687,115	\$759,817	\$819,711	\$599,242	\$3,784,499	6.5%
Administration							
Staff Labor Costs	\$1,425,664	\$1,815,306	\$1,999,838	\$2,215,306	\$1,541,745	\$8,997,859	
Overhead Services	\$255,871	\$261,563	\$284,720	\$311,430	\$215,764	\$1,329,348	
Supplies	\$30,081	\$39,133	\$44,249	\$50,229	\$35,218	\$198,910	
Subtotal, Administration	\$1,711,616	\$2,116,001	\$2,328,807	\$2,576,965	\$1,792,728	\$10,526,117	18.1%
Contingency	\$138,690	\$243,338	\$364,532	\$525,656	\$418,116	\$1,690,332	2.9%
Subtotal, All Programs + Contingency	\$4,902,555	\$9,037,976	\$14,056,804	\$20,602,337	\$16,513,329	\$65,113,001	
Tuition Revenues**	-\$140,860	-\$683,367	-\$1,541,202	-\$2,554,823	-\$2,158,020	-\$7,078,272	-12.2%
Total Program Costs	\$4,761,696	\$8,354,609	\$12,515,602	\$18,047,514	\$14,355,310	\$58,034,730	100.0%

*The School Readiness program costs are partially funded by other agency revenues (i.e., Head Start, ECEAP, etc.).

**SPP collects parent tuition, on a sliding scale, which funds a portion of the total costs.

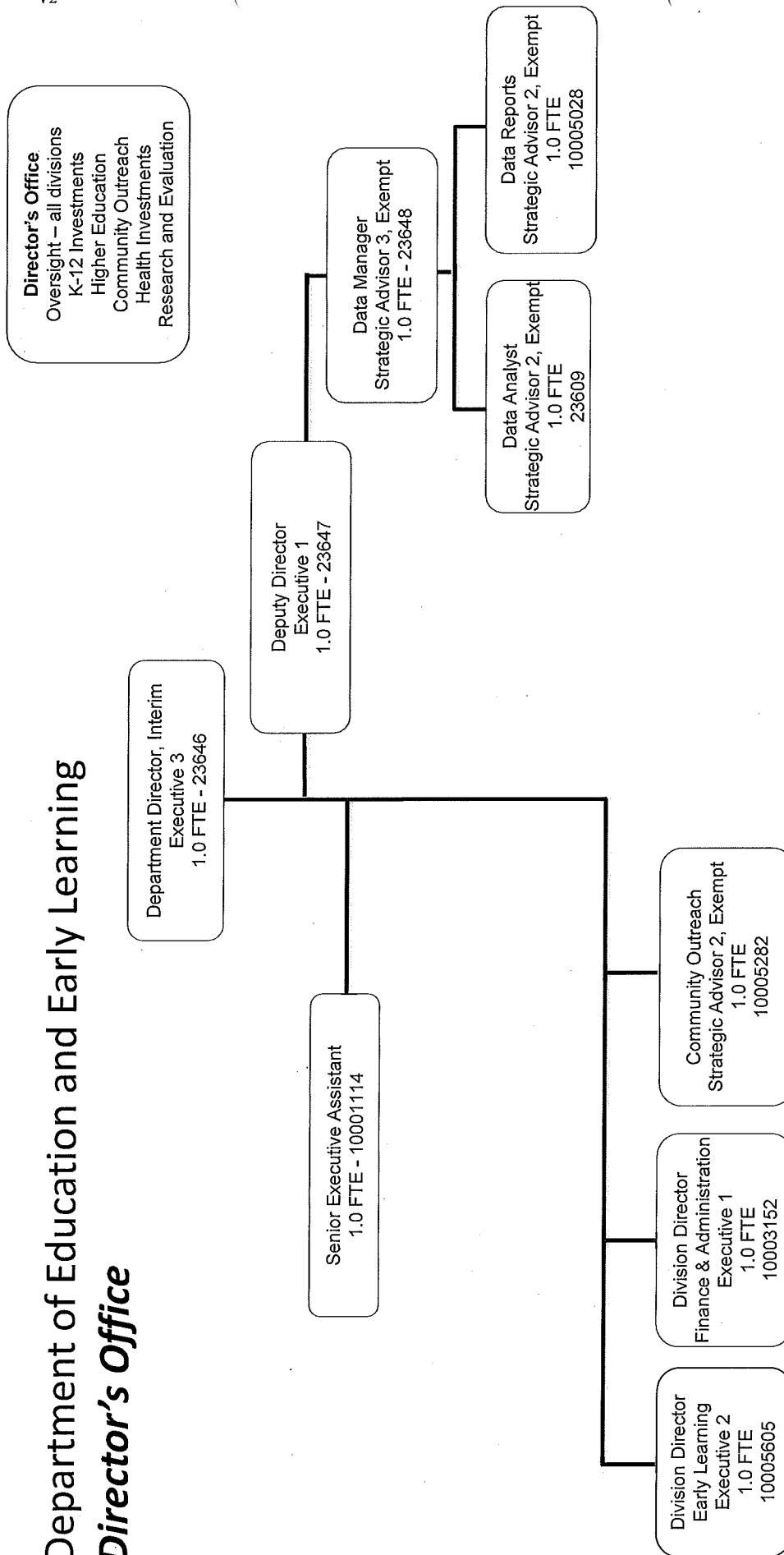
**Seattle Preschool Program Master Budget
School Years 2015-16 to 2018-19**

Program Expenditures	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	Total	%
School Readiness						
Educator Labor	\$1,898,288	\$3,931,707	\$7,277,584	\$10,281,087	\$23,388,666	
Administrative Labor	\$898,382	\$1,450,643	\$2,230,512	\$2,761,523	\$7,341,059	
Professional Development	\$26,294	\$55,337	\$97,733	\$132,678	\$312,042	
Special Populations Costs	\$177,775	\$398,280	\$743,661	\$1,044,114	\$2,363,830	
Facilities	\$416,316	\$876,175	\$1,547,440	\$2,100,732	\$4,940,663	
Supplies	\$505,647	\$1,064,180	\$1,879,481	\$2,551,497	\$6,000,805	
Curriculum	\$10,114	\$21,288	\$37,601	\$51,049	\$120,053	
Business Services	\$88,067	\$185,345	\$327,343	\$444,386	\$1,045,140	
Profit and/or Reinvestment	\$187,215	\$368,836	\$651,521	\$891,217	\$2,098,789	
School Readiness Expenditures	\$4,208,097	\$8,351,790	\$14,792,877	\$20,258,283	\$47,611,047	
Less Offsetting Revenues:						
Head Start	-\$155,829	-\$260,158	-\$398,753	-\$510,062	-\$1,324,802	
ECEAP	-\$296,001	-\$494,178	-\$757,444	-\$968,879	-\$2,516,502	
FEL Step Ahead Preschool	-\$658,813	-\$1,105,667	-\$1,694,288	-\$2,155,343	-\$5,614,111	
FEL Leveraged Funds	-\$412,103	-\$659,308	-\$979,553	-\$1,242,068	-\$3,293,031	
Working Connections Child Care	-\$151,477	-\$243,886	-\$361,158	-\$451,597	-\$1,208,117	
Child Care Assistance Program	-\$60,355	-\$93,268	-\$125,252	-\$135,625	-\$414,500	
Child and Adult Care Food Program	-\$162,524	-\$342,047	-\$604,100	-\$820,098	-\$1,928,770	
School Readiness Revenues*	-\$1,897,102	-\$3,198,513	-\$4,920,548	-\$6,283,672	-\$16,299,834	
Subtotal, School Readiness	\$2,310,996	\$5,153,277	\$9,872,328	\$13,974,610	\$31,311,212	54.0%
Program Support						
Coaching	\$289,487	\$439,464	\$717,757	\$904,123	\$2,350,830	
Curriculum Training Course	\$377,218	\$584,011	\$925,313	\$1,128,268	\$3,014,810	
Health Support	\$76,219	\$152,387	\$261,483	\$342,748	\$832,838	
Subtotal, Program Support	\$742,924	\$1,175,863	\$1,904,552	\$2,375,139	\$6,198,478	10.7%
Capacity Building						
Educators	\$227,232	\$282,244	\$328,513	\$340,217	\$1,178,206	
Coaches	\$9,615	\$11,758	\$15,503	\$15,339	\$52,215	
Organizational Capacity Building	\$100,524	\$102,370	\$104,784	\$106,693	\$414,372	
Classroom Equipment & Supplies	\$236,693	\$340,759	\$428,870	\$451,246	\$1,457,568	
Facility Construction/Renovation	\$2,500,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$8,500,000	
Subtotal, Capacity Building	\$3,074,064	\$2,737,132	\$2,877,671	\$2,913,496	\$11,602,363	20.0%
Research and Evaluation						
Program Evaluation	\$909,882	\$498,196	\$459,728	\$448,303	\$2,316,109	
Provider Evaluation	\$21,255	\$43,615	\$76,252	\$103,152	\$244,274	
Student Assessment	\$40,452	\$85,134	\$150,359	\$204,120	\$480,064	
Data System	\$405,104	\$108,638	\$113,408	\$116,903	\$744,052	
Subtotal, Research and Evaluation	\$1,376,691	\$735,583	\$799,746	\$872,478	\$3,784,499	6.5%
Administration						
Staff Labor Costs	\$2,635,867	\$1,938,327	\$2,143,484	\$2,280,180	\$8,997,859	
Overhead Services	\$430,247	\$277,001	\$302,527	\$319,574	\$1,329,348	
Supplies	\$56,170	\$42,543	\$48,235	\$51,961	\$198,910	
Subtotal, Administration	\$3,122,283	\$2,257,872	\$2,494,246	\$2,651,716	\$10,526,117	18.1%
Contingency	\$306,131	\$325,643	\$472,045	\$586,512	\$1,690,332	2.9%
Subtotal, All Programs + Contingency	\$10,933,088	\$12,385,371	\$18,420,589	\$23,373,952	\$65,113,001	
Tuition Revenues**	-\$422,579	-\$1,204,944	-\$2,213,719	-\$3,237,030	-\$7,078,272	-12.2%
Total Program Costs	\$10,510,510	\$11,180,427	\$16,206,870	\$20,136,922	\$58,034,730	100.0%

*The School Readiness program costs are partially funded by other agency revenues (i.e., Head Start, ECEAP, etc.).

**SPP collects parent tuition, on a sliding scale, which funds a portion of the total costs.

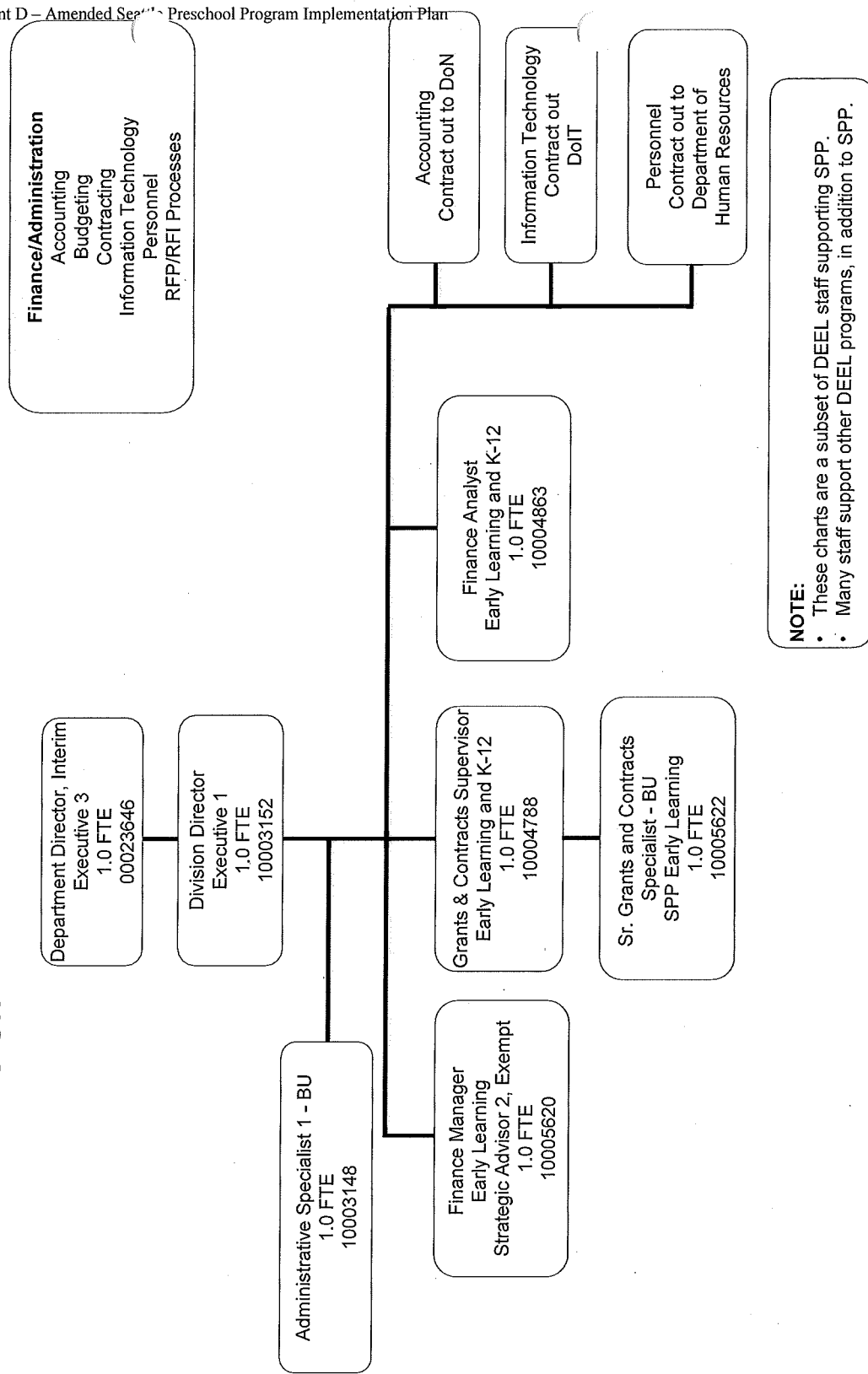
Department of Education and Early Learning *Director's Office*



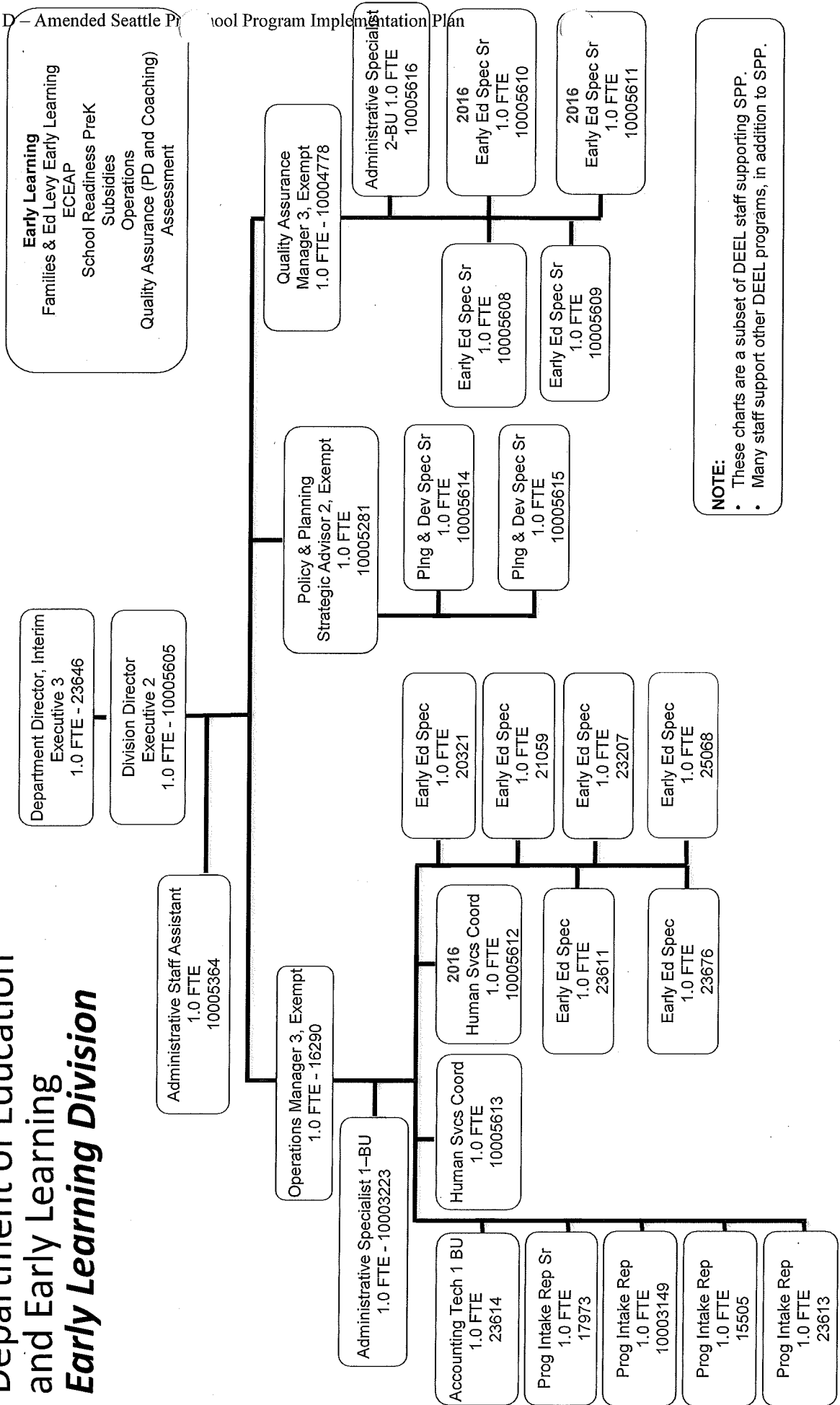
NOTE:

- These charts are a subset of DEEL staff supporting SPP.
- Many staff support other DEEL programs, in addition to SPP.

Department of Education and Early Learning *Finance & Administration Division*



Department of Education and Early Learning *Early Learning Division*



Endnotes

ⁱ The Seattle Preschool Program Plan contains detailed processes and procedures and has been submitted as a Clerk File.

ⁱⁱ See the Program Plan appendices for more information.

ⁱⁱⁱ For more information, see:

http://www.seattle.gov/Documents/Departments/RSJI/RacialEquityToolkit_FINAL_August2012.pdf

^{iv} RSJI builds on the work of the civil rights movement and the ongoing efforts of individuals and groups in Seattle to confront racism. The Initiative's long term goal is to change the underlying system that creates race-based disparities in our community and to achieve racial equity.

^v Additional guidance for CLASS™ and ERS scores may be found in the program plan.

^{vi} For more information on middle school attendance areas, see:

<http://www.seattleschools.org/modules/cms/pages.phtml?pageid=197023>

^{vii} Barnett, W.S., Jung, K., Youn, M., & Frede, E. C. (2013). Abbott preschool program longitudinal effects study: Fifth grade follow up. National Institute for Early Education Research.

^{viii} BERK in partnership with Columbia City Consulting, Dr. Ellen Frede, and Dr. W. Steven Barnett. (2014).

Recommendations for Seattle's Preschool For All Action Plan. Seattle:

http://www.seattle.gov/Documents/Departments/OFE/AboutTheLevy/EarlyLearning/BERK_Recommendations.pdf

^{ix} NAEYC. (2009). Developmentally Appropriate Practice in Early Childhood Programs Serving Children from Birth through Age 8. Position Statement of the NAEYC.

^x Brown, W.H., Odom, S.L., & McConnell, S.R. (2008). *Social competence of young children: Risk, disability, and intervention*. Baltimore: Brookes.

^{xi} Pianta, R.C. (ed.), (2012). *Handbook of Early Childhood Education*, New York, NY: The Guilford Press.

^{xii} Data received from Seattle Public Schools for Early Learning Mapping Project, 2012.

^{xiii} Data received from Seattle Public Schools for Early Learning Mapping Project, 2012.

^{xiv} See <http://www.del.wa.gov/requirements/professional/core.aspx> for more information.

^{xv} More details about the Interagency Preschool Team may be found in the Program Plan.

^{xvi} BERK in partnership with Columbia City Consulting, Dr. Ellen Frede, and Dr. W. Steven Barnett. (2014).

Recommendations for Seattle's Preschool For All Action Plan. Seattle:

http://www.seattle.gov/Documents/Departments/OFE/AboutTheLevy/EarlyLearning/BERK_Recommendations.pdf

SUMMARY and FISCAL NOTE*

Department:	Contact Person/Phone:	Executive Contact/Phone:
Education and Early Learning	Donnie Grabowski/233-2603	Waslala Miranda/233-5044

** Note that the Summary and Fiscal Note describes the version of the bill or resolution as introduced; final legislation including amendments may not be fully described.*

1. BILL SUMMARY

Legislation Title: AN ORDINANCE relating to the Seattle Preschool Program; amending Ordinances 124509 and 124749, by amending the action plan and the implementation plan; and ratifying and confirming certain prior acts.

Summary and background of the Legislation:

The proposed legislation revises the original language of the Seattle Preschool Program (SPP) Levy's Action Plan and Implementation Plan.

The Action Plan, adopted via Ordinance 124509, is proposed to be amended by:

1. Removing the requirement that an SPP provider have at least two or more classrooms participating in the program.
2. Removing the requirement that all children in an SPP classroom be Seattle residents. In some cases, SPP providers have asked that one or more children not eligible for SPP subsidies be retained in a classroom with their peers for programmatic purposes. Tuition for these children will not be subsidized by the City.
3. Advancing the development of a method for approving additional curricula to be used in SPP classrooms.

The student selection and enrollment provisions on page 16 of the Implementation Plan, adopted via Ordinance 124749, are proposed for modification.

1. Children who have a sibling in a school building where an SPP classroom is housed will be given priority in the selection process.
2. For SPP classrooms located in school buildings, selection priority will be given to children who are eligible to remain in that school for kindergarten.
3. SPP will provide for continuity of care by allowing SPP providers to retain children who began attending their program prior to becoming age eligible for SPP without having them participate in the city's child selection process. The Implementation Plan as adopted allows this retention only in the first year of contracting with DEEL to be an SPP provider. The proposed amendment removes this one year restriction.
4. Certain providers who have specialized programs will be allowed to select and enroll a percentage of their children without participating in the city's process.

2. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

_____ This legislation creates, funds, or amends a CIP Project.

3. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

 X This legislation does not have direct financial implications.

4. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

- a) Does the legislation have indirect or long-term financial impacts to the City of Seattle that are not reflected in the above?
No.
- b) Is there financial cost or other impacts of not implementing the legislation?
Several potential SPP providers have stated that the current “grandfathering” limitation is a barrier to them joining SPP. If this limitation is not removed, DEEL is unlikely to meet the enrollment goals established for SPP.
- c) Does this legislation affect any departments besides the originating department?
No .
- d) Is a public hearing required for this legislation?
No.
- e) Does this legislation require landlords or sellers of real property to provide information regarding the property to a buyer or tenant?
No.
- f) Is publication of notice with *The Daily Journal of Commerce* and/or *The Seattle Times* required for this legislation?
No.
- g) Does this legislation affect a piece of property?
No.
- h) Please describe any perceived implication for the principles of the Race and Social Justice Initiative. Does this legislation impact vulnerable or historically disadvantaged communities?
No.
- i) If this legislation includes a new initiative or a major programmatic expansion: What are the long-term and measurable goals of the program? Please describe how this legislation would help achieve the program’s desired goals.
N/A
- j) Other Issues:

List attachments/exhibits below: