



PRESERVATION GREEN LAB

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HISTORIC
PRESERVATION®

THANK YOU

The work of the Preservation Green Lab would not be possible without the generous support of the following foundations and individuals:

The Bullitt Foundation
The Kresge Foundation
Charles Evans Hughes
Memorial Foundation
City of Seattle
Rockefeller Brothers Fund
The Norcliffe Foundation
The Summitt Foundation

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4Culture
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John Goodfellow
Ken Woodcock
NCPTT

Thank you to our project partners, the City of Seattle, including DPD and Jayson Antonoff, and New Buildings Institute (NBI)

ENERGY PERFORMANCE AND EXISTING BUILDINGS



Source: Cliff Majersik,
Institute for Market Transformation

QUANTIFYING THE ENVIRONMENTAL VALUE OF BUILDING REUSE

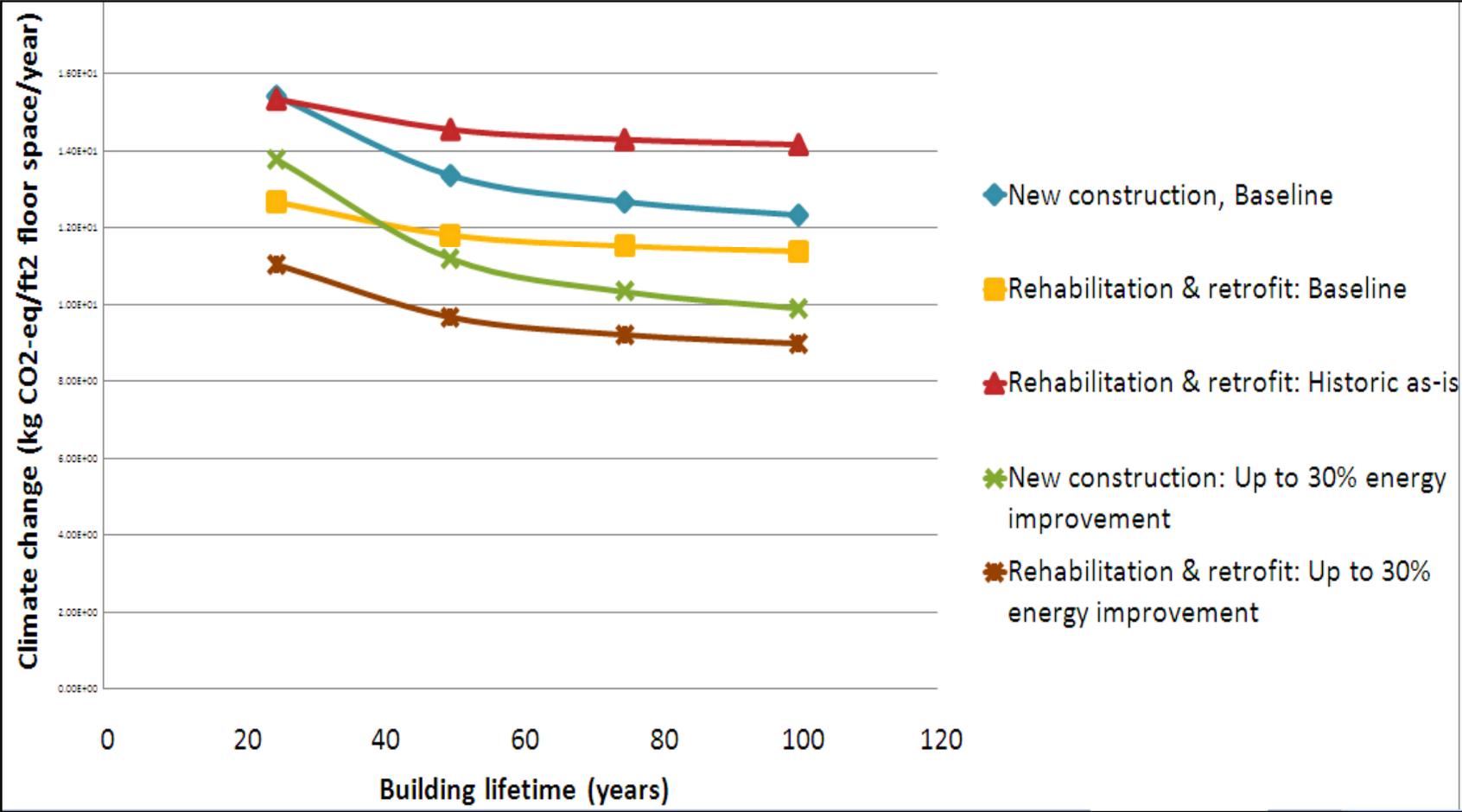


Monadnock Building, Chicago

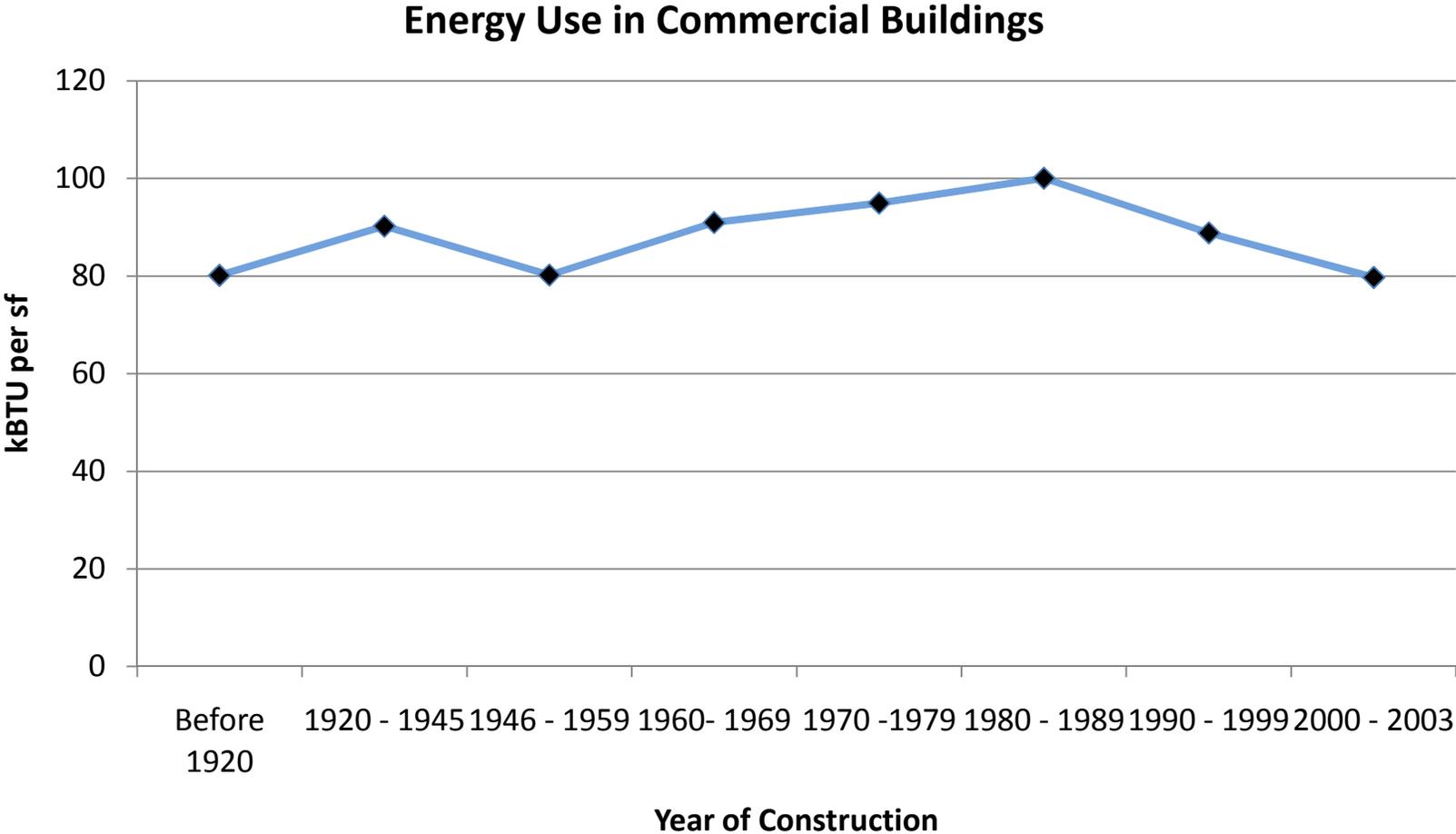


Tinycomb.com

QUANTIFYING THE ENVIRONMENTAL VALUE OF BUILDING REUSE



Many older buildings perform better than we think.....



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, *2003 Commercial Building Energy Consumption Survey*

... but more flexible policy solutions are needed for this potential to be realized



Vance Building, Seattle
Photo: William Wright Photography

Architectural character = economic value

Each existing building has unique value in terms of its architectural character and its potential uses

Owners need flexibility to pursue better energy performance while preserving economic value



Vulcan's Terry Avenue building
South Lake Union, Seattle
Photo: Josh Lackey

New solutions are needed for smaller, older buildings

73% of our existing commercial buildings are less than 10,000 square feet

US Energy Information Administration, 2003

Smaller, older buildings are uniquely challenged - both physically and financially - to meet aggressive carbon reduction goals



Buildings in Denver's Historic District.
Photo by Wally Gobetz

Financial
Solutions

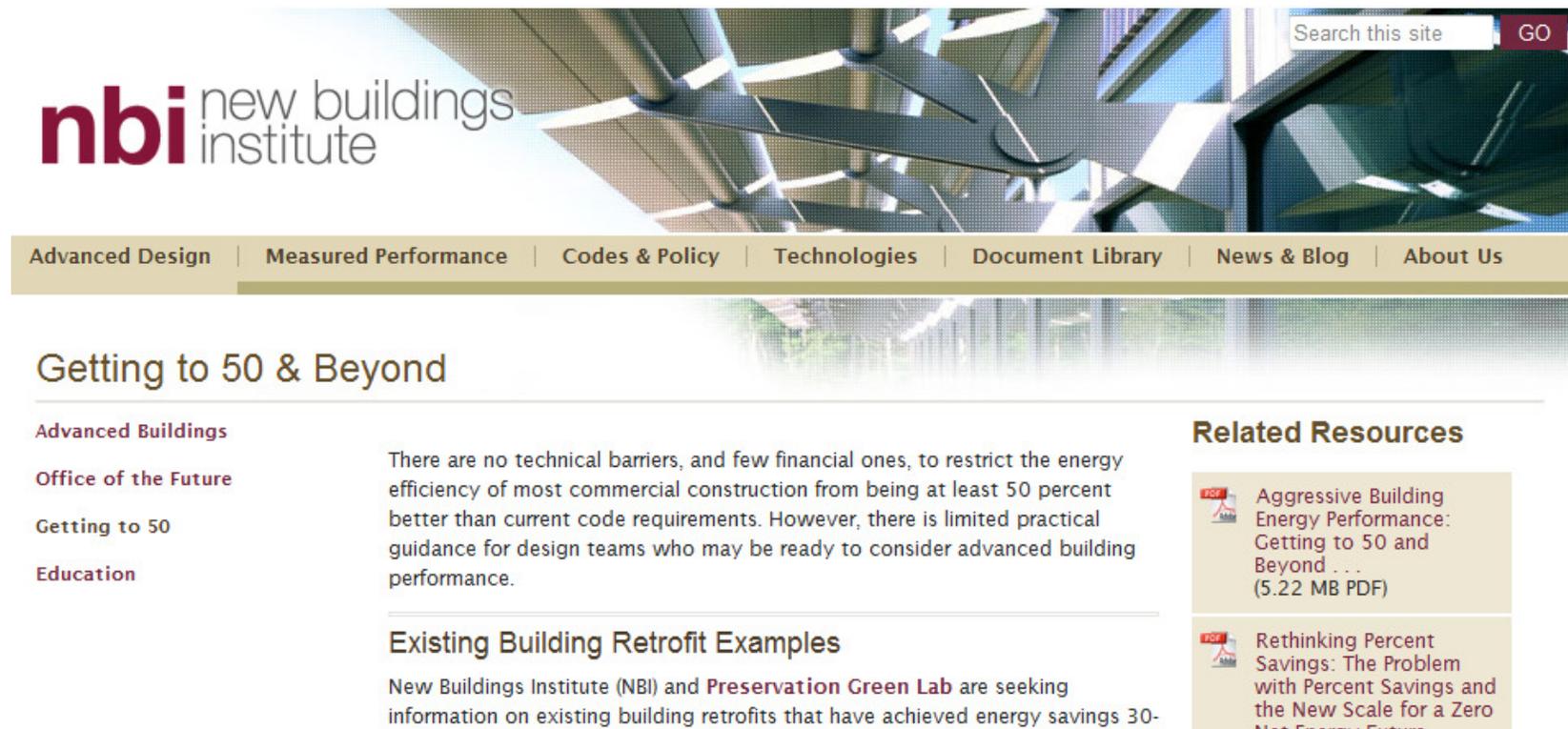


Technical
Solutions

Regulatory
Solutions

MARKET DRIVEN SOLUTIONS: 'GETTING TO 50' MULTI MEASURE TOOL

NBI/PGL partnership, funded by the Doris Duke and Kresge Foundations, will create a suite of software tools that will provide customized retrofit strategies for individual buildings, within a number of existing building typologies



The screenshot shows the NBI website interface. At the top left is the NBI logo (nbi new buildings institute). To the right is a search bar with the text 'Search this site' and a 'GO' button. Below the logo is a navigation menu with the following items: 'Advanced Design', 'Measured Performance', 'Codes & Policy', 'Technologies', 'Document Library', 'News & Blog', and 'About Us'. The main content area features a large heading 'Getting to 50 & Beyond'. Underneath, there are four sub-sections: 'Advanced Buildings', 'Office of the Future', 'Getting to 50', and 'Education'. The 'Getting to 50' section contains a paragraph of text and a sub-heading 'Existing Building Retrofit Examples' with a short paragraph below it. On the right side, there is a 'Related Resources' section with two PDF links: 'Aggressive Building Energy Performance: Getting to 50 and Beyond ... (5.22 MB PDF)' and 'Rethinking Percent Savings: The Problem with Percent Savings and the New Scale for a Zero Net Energy Future'.

nbi new buildings institute

Search this site GO

Advanced Design | Measured Performance | Codes & Policy | Technologies | Document Library | News & Blog | About Us

Getting to 50 & Beyond

Advanced Buildings

Office of the Future

Getting to 50

Education

There are no technical barriers, and few financial ones, to restrict the energy efficiency of most commercial construction from being at least 50 percent better than current code requirements. However, there is limited practical guidance for design teams who may be ready to consider advanced building performance.

Existing Building Retrofit Examples

New Buildings Institute (NBI) and **Preservation Green Lab** are seeking information on existing building retrofits that have achieved energy savings 30-

Related Resources

 **Aggressive Building Energy Performance: Getting to 50 and Beyond ...**
(5.22 MB PDF)

 **Rethinking Percent Savings: The Problem with Percent Savings and the New Scale for a Zero Net Energy Future**

OUTCOME BASED ENERGY CODES

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Objective: To create an alternate, more flexible, building energy efficiency code framework for existing and historic buildings

OUTCOME-BASED CODE FRAMEWORK

Benefits for existing buildings:

1. based on accountability for achieving *performance outcomes* rather than following a mandated path
2. allows for *flexibility* in how to achieve targeted outcomes without compromising architectural integrity
3. drives *technical innovation* to develop solutions beyond those called out in current codes
4. capitalizes on the *inherent design strengths* and unique opportunities for improving each building
5. captures the impacts of *operations, plug loads and behavior*
6. allows owners and ESCos to follow an *optimized investment strategy to maximize ROI* for each building
7. allows for a community's *aggregate private and public investment* to focus on the most leveraged investments across a portfolio (or district) of buildings

Current energy codes are not tuned to the challenges of existing buildings

Each existing building presents a unique, and pre-determined, set of strengths and opportunities:

- Thermal mass, day-lighting, siting, shading, adjacencies, passive features

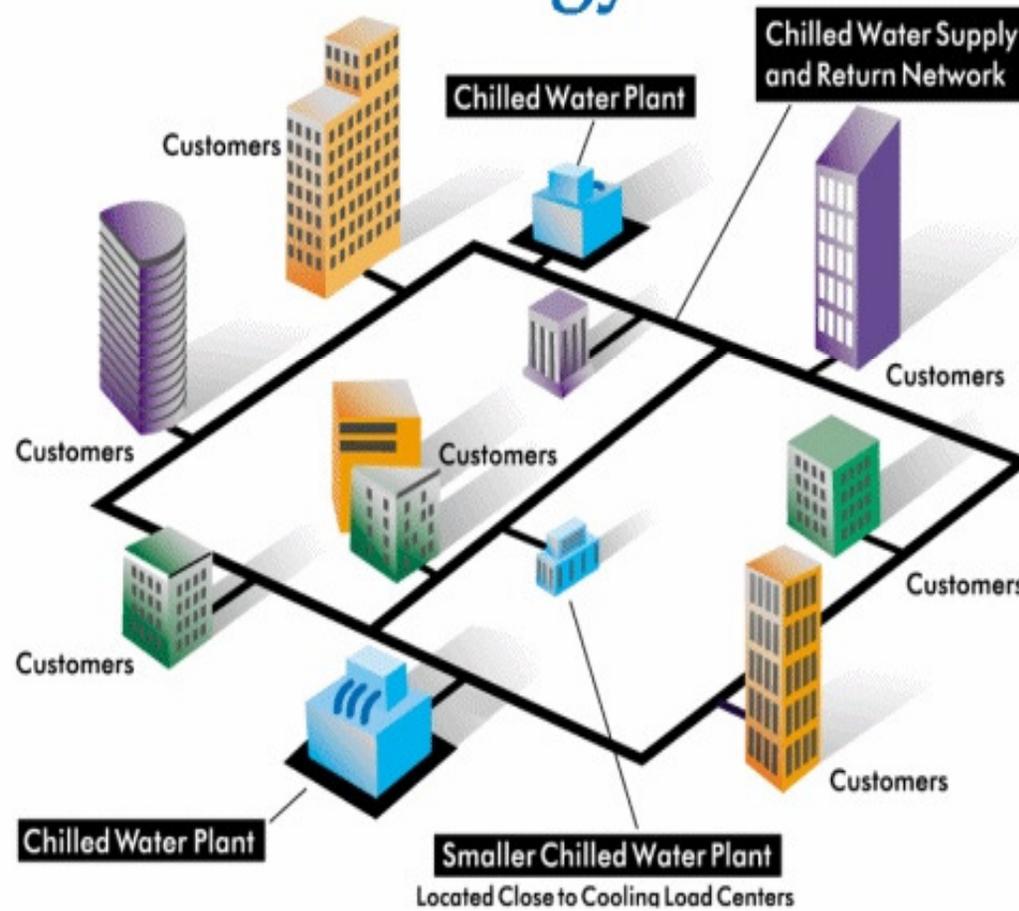
Current codes focus investment on measures that may not yield the highest ROI (in terms of carbon impacts or \$\$ savings)



1510 Melrose Avenue, Seattle
Image: Graham Baba Architects

SCALING UP: DISTRICT ENERGY

District Energy



CITY OF SEATTLE OUTCOME-BASED ENERGY CODE POLICY ROADMAP

- ✓ Research and development
- ✓ Regional working groups
- ✓ Performance disclosure and benchmarking
- ✓ Mandatory sub-metering
 - Demonstration projects
 - Demonstration ordinance
 - Hand-selected projects
 - Tied to 2030 District
 - Influencing State Energy Code Revisions (2012)
 - Seattle Energy Code:
 - Alternate, voluntary path



ENERGY PERFORMANCE DISCLOSURE

Allow an informed market to drive energy efficiency improvements

- Benchmarking
- Disclosure
- Annual reporting

OMB No. 2060-0347



STATEMENT OF ENERGY PERFORMANCE
Sample Office Building

Building ID: 2648530
 For 12-month Period Ending: April 30, 2011¹
 Date SEP becomes ineligible: N/A

Date SEP Generated: May 23, 2011

<p>Facility Sample Office Building 100 Efficiency St. Seattle, WA 98103</p>	<p>Facility Owner Building Owner, LLC 1000 Benchmark St. Seattle, WA 98103</p>	<p>Primary Contact for this Facility Facility Manager 2000 Energy St. Seattle, WA 98103</p>								
<p>Year Built: 1970 Gross Floor Area (ft²): 98,630</p>										
<p>Energy Performance Rating² (1-100) 77</p>										
<p>Site Energy Use Summary³</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;">Electricity - Grid Purchase(kBtu)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5,888,452</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Natural Gas (kBtu)⁴</td> <td style="text-align: right;">568,548</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total Energy (kBtu)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">6,457,000</td> </tr> </table>			Electricity - Grid Purchase(kBtu)	5,888,452	Natural Gas (kBtu) ⁴	568,548	Total Energy (kBtu)	6,457,000		
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<p>Energy Intensity⁵</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;">Site (kBtu/ft²/yr)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">65</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Source (kBtu/ft²/yr)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">205</td> </tr> </table>			Site (kBtu/ft ² /yr)	65	Source (kBtu/ft ² /yr)	205				
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<p>Emissions (based on site energy use)</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;">Greenhouse Gas Emissions (MtCO₂e/year)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">706</td> </tr> </table>			Greenhouse Gas Emissions (MtCO ₂ e/year)	706						
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<p>Electric Distribution Utility Seattle City Light</p>										
<p>National Average Comparison</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;">National Average Site EUI</td> <td style="text-align: right;">92</td> </tr> <tr> <td>National Average Source EUI</td> <td style="text-align: right;">288</td> </tr> <tr> <td>% Difference from National Average Source EUI</td> <td style="text-align: right;">-29%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Building Type</td> <td style="text-align: right;">Office</td> </tr> </table>			National Average Site EUI	92	National Average Source EUI	288	% Difference from National Average Source EUI	-29%	Building Type	Office
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National Average Source EUI	288									
% Difference from National Average Source EUI	-29%									
Building Type	Office									
<p>Meets Industry Standards⁶ for Indoor Environmental Conditions:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;">Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality</td> <td style="text-align: right;">N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Acceptable Thermal Environmental Conditions</td> <td style="text-align: right;">N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Adequate Illumination</td> <td style="text-align: right;">N/A</td> </tr> </table>			Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality	N/A	Acceptable Thermal Environmental Conditions	N/A	Adequate Illumination	N/A		
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Acceptable Thermal Environmental Conditions	N/A									
Adequate Illumination	N/A									

Stamp of Certifying Professional

Based on the conditions observed at the time of my visit to this building, I certify that the information contained within this statement is accurate.

Certifying Professional
 Licensed Professional
 3000 Conservation St.
 Seattle, WA 98103

Notes:
 1. Application for the ENERGY STAR must be submitted to EPA within 4 months of the Period Ending date. Award of the ENERGY STAR is not final until approval is received from EPA.
 2. The EPA Energy Performance Rating is based on total source energy. A rating of 75 is the minimum to be eligible for the ENERGY STAR.
 3. Values represent energy consumption, annualized to a 12-month period.
 4. Values represent energy intensity, annualized to a 12-month period.
 5. Based on Meeting ASHRAE Standard 62 for ventilation for acceptable indoor air quality, ASHRAE Standard 55 for thermal comfort, and IESNA Lighting Handbook for lighting quality.

SUB-METERING

For all buildings with a gross conditioned floor area of 20,000 sf or larger:

- HVAC system
- Lighting
- Plug loads
- Process loads
- Miscellaneous loads



ROLE OF DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

The City of Seattle and the Preservation Green Lab will partner on bricks and mortar projects to:

- Test target setting methodology
- Evaluate permitting process
- Develop enforcement mechanism



Seattle's King Street Station

DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

Supply Laundry Building

- Vulcan, Inc.
- Ecotope

The Supply Laundry Building



DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

Pacific Science Center

- McKinstry

Pacific Science Center



DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

Frye Apartments

- LIHI
- Rushing Co.

Frye Apartments



DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

Washington Athletic Club

Washington Athletic Club

- MacDonaldd Miller



CASE STUDIES

King Street Station

- SDOT
- Arup

King Street Station, Seattle
Department of Transportation



OUTREACH STRATEGY

Media push starting NOW to highlight:

- leadership role of the demonstration project owners and engineers
- outcome-based code concept, and how it links to benchmarking and disclosure
- City of Seattle's leadership role nationally
- PGL's role and mission in serving smaller older buildings

DEMONSTRATION ORDINANCE

- Extend outcome-based energy code to a broader range of buildings
 - Non-historic
 - Multifamily (if possible)
- Selective
- Further vetting of code framework
- Application of enforcement mechanisms
- Timeline: 2012-2013

NEW ENFORCEMENT MODEL

- Enforcement options
 - Pre-contracted energy rates
 - Compliance bonds
 - Financial penalties
 - Temporary Certificate of Occupancy
- Compliance is determined 1 to 2 years after occupancy
- Owners will be given a chance to work with tenants to identify and mitigate issues



WA STATE ENERGY CODE

- We are going to hit a wall in terms of our ability to innovate
- 2012 code adoption cycle
 - Comments due by March 2012
 - Politically challenging environment
 - Goal: legal authority for Seattle to permit projects under Outcome Based code model
- 2015 code adoption cycle
 - Goal: adoption of Outcome Based Energy Code as an alternative compliance path

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT FOR SEATTLE?

- Over the long term, shifts more responsibility to the private sector
- Supports reinvestment in the vast portion of building stock that is home to small entrepreneurial businesses
- Broad retrofit creates local jobs
- Regulatory innovation in the form of customized, voluntary toolboxes vs. grinding code cycles (e.g. PGL/NBI Getting to 50 tool)
- Positions Seattle as a national leader and aligns with multiple other initiatives

STRATEGIC ALIGNMENT

Outcome-based energy codes are supportive of and essential to other City initiatives:

- Mandatory Benchmarking and Disclosure
- Community Power Works
- Seattle 2030 District
- Carbon Neutral Seattle
- District Energy roadmap

Code enforcement process should help, not hinder, new programs



THE CITY'S ROLE

- Provide operational support to demonstration projects and development of demonstration ordinance
- Assist with State Building Code Council negotiations
- Provide regional leadership and facilitate relationships with regional stakeholders
- Help promote Seattle's leadership role in national movement toward outcome-based regulatory model

FOR MORE INFORMATION...

www.preservationnation.org/green

<http://blogs.nationaltrust.org/preservationnation/>

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