ORDINANCE No. 111001

COUNCIL BILL No. 103456

AN ORDINANCE relating to fire and explosion hazards; repealing sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.604.010, 22.606.010, 22.606.020, 22.606.030, 22.606.040, 22.606.050, 22.606.060, 22.606.070, 22.606.080, 22.606.090, 22.606.100, 22.606.110, 22.606.120 and 22.606.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code and Ordinances 108678, 109765, 109766, 110137, and 110594 and Sections 1 and 2 of Ordinance 110548, and adding new sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.600.040 and 22.604.010, to adopt the 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code, the 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code Standards, and amendments thereto, as the Seattle Fire Codes.

COMPTROLLER FILE No. 292169

2/2/83 PS&H DO PASS

Introduced: DEC 27 1982	By: EXECUTIVE REQUEST
Referred: DEC 27 1982	To: PS&H
Referred:	To:
Referred:	To:
Reported: FEB 7 1983	Second Reading: FEB 7 1983
Third Reading: FEB 7 1983	Signed: FEB 7 1983
Presented to Mayor: FEB 8 1983	Approved: FEB 14 1983
Returned to City Clerk: FEB 14 1983	Published:
Vetoed by Mayor:	Veto Published:
Passed over Veto:	Veto Sustained:

OK

RECD OMB FEB 08 1983

CSS 20.14

The City of S

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee on

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DS&H DO PASS

2883

The City of Seattle--Legislative Department

.14

PRESIDENT:

Date Reported
and Adopted

Your Committee on

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C.B. 103456 Relating to fire and explosion hazards; repealing sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.604.010, 22.606.010, 22.606.020, 22.606.030, 22.606.040, 22.606.050, 22.606.060, 22.606.070, 22.606.080, 22.606.090, 22.606.100, 22.606.110, 22.606.120 and 22.606.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code and Ordinances 108678, 109765, 109766, 110137, and 110594 and Sections 1 and 2 of Ordinance 110548, and adding new Sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.600.040, and 22.604.010, to adopt the 1982 edition of the uniform Fire Code, the 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code Standards, and amendments thereto, as the Seattle Fire Codes.

ORD. 111001 -Amendments & Re to .....

Ord. 111656 -Re to Seattle Fire Code & fireworks; **REPEALS** Article 78 of the 1982 Edition of the Uniform Fire Code re to fireworks; adds a new Article 78A re to the 1982 Edition of the Uniform Fire Code.

RPK:rbw
12/20/82

ORDINANCE 111001

AN ORDINANCE relating to fire and explosion hazards; repealing sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.604.010, 22.606.010, 22.606.020, 22.606.030, 22.606.040, 22,606.050, 22.606.060, 22.606.070, 22.606.080, 22.606.090, 22.606.100, 22.606.110, 22.606.120 and 22.606.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code and Ordinances 108678, 109765, 109766, 110137, and 110594 and Sections 1 and 2 of Ordinance 110548, and adding new sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.600.040 and 22.604.010, to adopt the 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code, the 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code Standards, and amendments thereto, as the Seattle Fire Codes.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.604.010, 22.606.010, 22.606.020, 22.606.030, 22.606.040, 22.606.050, 22.606.060, 22.606.070, 22.606.080, 22,606.090, 22.606.100, 22.606.110, 22.606.120 and 22.606.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code and Ordinance 108678, entitled:

> "AN ORDINANCE relating to fire and explosion hazards, adopting the 1979 Uniform Fire Code, 1979 Uniform Fire Code Standards, and amendments thereto as the Seattle Fire Code.

and Ordinance 109765, entitled:

> "AN ORDINANCE relating to and amending Ordinance 108678, the Seattle Fire Code, deleting the requirements for permits for Transport Vehicles of Hazardous materials, explosives, flammable liquids, Liquified Petroleum Gas, cryogenics, hot asphalt tanks, and aircraft refueler; and correcting other items in the Code.

and Ordinance 109766, entitled:

> "AN ORDINANCE relating to and amending Ordinance 108678, the Seattle Fire Code, to provide authority to conduct regular, uniform and systematic inspections of vehicles transporting hazardous materials.

CS 19.2

and Ordinance 110137, entitled:

> "AN ORDINANCE relating to the Seattle Fire Code (Ordinance 108678, as amended), amending Sections 22.602.010 and 22.606.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code to establish a Marine Facilities Break Bulk Permit and fee therefor, to make changes for ease of reference, and to correct administrative errors.

and Sections 1 and 2 of Ordinance 110548, entitled:

> "AN ORDINANCE amending Sections 2.201 and 10.307 of the Seattle Fire Code adopted by Section 22.600.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code and Sections 22.206.150 and 22.206.160 of the Seattle Municipal Code (Section 4.15 and 4.16, Housing Code 106319) to provide for enforcement of RCW 48.48.140 requiring smoke detection devices in certain dwelling units.

and Ordinance 110594 entitled:

> "AN ORDINANCE relating to and amending the Seattle Fire Code, amending Section 22.602.010 (Schedule A - fees) of the Seattle Municipal Code; (Ordinance 108678).

are hereby repealed; provided, that permits, notices and orders issued thereunder shall remain valid until expiration, completion and supersession by action under this ordinance; and provided further that the Fire Chief is authorized to apply technical provisions of the repealed ordinances and Code sections to inspections and Fire Code compliance, as an alternative equivalent to the technical provisions of this ordinance, until December 31, 1983.

Section 2. There is added to the Seattle Municipal Code a new Chapter 22.600 as follows:

22.600.010 Title.

This subtitle shall be known as the Seattle Fire Code.

22.600.020 Adoption of the Uniform Fire Code.

The 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code with Appendices I-B, II-A, II-B, II-C, II-D, III-A, IV-A, and V-A thereto, and the 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code Standards, both published by the International Conference of Building Officials and Western Fire Chiefs Association, and The City of Seattle Amendments thereto, dated October 1, 1982, three (3) copies of which are filed with the City Comptroller (C.F. 292169), are adopted and together with the provisions of this subtitle shall constitute the official Fire Code of the City.

22.600.030 Precedence.

This subtitle shall have precedence over documents adopted by reference. The City of Seattle amendments to the 1982 Uniform Fire Code shall have precedence over the Uniform Fire Code and the Uniform Fire Code Standards.

22.600.040 Fees.

Fees for permits, certificates, inspections, plans review and code alternates required by the Seattle Fire Code shall be as established in Chapter 22.602 of this Code (Fire Code Permit and Inspection Fee Ordinance, Ordinance 110893).

Section 3. There is added to the Seattle Municipal Code a new Chapter 22.604 as follows:

22.604.010 Penalty.

Conduct made unlawful by this subtitle constitutes a crime subject to the provisions of Chapters 12A.02 and 12A.04 of this Code (the Seattle Criminal Code, Ordinance 102843). Any person convicted of a violation of this subtitle or an order of the Chief may be punished by a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00) or by imprisonment for no more than one hundred eighty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Each day's violation constitutes a separate offense.

(To be used for all Ordinances except Emergency.)

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty days from and after its passage and approval, if approved by the Mayor; otherwise it shall take effect at the time it shall become a law under the provisions of the city charter.

Passed by the City Council the 7th day of February, 1983, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 7th day of February, 1983.

President Pro Tem of the City Council.

Approved by me this 14th day of February, 1983.

Mayor.

Filed by me this 14th day of February, 1983

Attest:

City Comptroller and City Clerk.

(SEAL)

Published

By Theresa Dunbar

Deputy Clerk.

CSS 8.1.6

CITY OF SEATTLE

AMENDMENTS TO THE
1982 UNIFORM FIRE CODE

October 1, 1982

PREFACE

The City of Seattle Fire Code consists of the 1982 Uniform Fire Code as amended by this document and as adopted by Ordinance 111001

Section 2.102 is replaced to read as follows:

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Sec. 2.102. (a) The Chief is authorized to make and enforce such rules and regulations for the prevention and control of fires and fire hazards as may be necessary from time to time to carry out the intent of this Code. Three copies of such rules and regulations shall be filed with the City Comptroller.

(b) Administrative rules of general applicability which require public compliance and products approvals shall be published as provided for in Ordinance 102228, as amended by Ordinance 107903.

(c) The Chief may publish: technical, advisory, and information material not requiring general public compliance, regulations applicable to an individual permit issued under this Code and regulations applicable to members of the Fire Department in such form as he may establish.

Replace Section 2.108 to read as follows:

2.108. **LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES.** (a) This Ordinance is enacted as an exercise of the police power of the City of Seattle to protect and preserve the public peace, health, safety and welfare, and its provisions shall be liberally construed for the accomplishment of these purposes.

(b) It is expressly the purpose of this ordinance to provide for and promote the health, safety and welfare of the general public, and not to create or otherwise establish or designate any particular class or group of persons who will or should be especially protected or benefited by the terms of this ordinance.

(c) It is the specific intent of this ordinance to place the obligation of complying with its requirements upon the owner or occupier of premises within its scope, and no provision of nor term use in this ordinance is intended to impose any duty whatsoever upon the City or any of its officers or employees, for whom the implementation or enforcemement of this ordinance shall be discretionary and not mandatory.

(d) Nothing contained in this ordiance is intended to be nor shall be construed to create or form the basis for any liability of the part of the City, or its officers, employees or agents, for any injury or damage resulting from the failure of the owner or occupier of premises to comply with the provisions of this ordinance, or by reason or in consequence of any act or omission in connection with the implementation or enforcement of this ordinance on the part of the City by its officers, employees or agents.

Sub-section 2.201 (b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) All buildings or structures which are structurally unsafe or not provided with adequate egress, or which constitute a fire hazard, or are otherwise dangerous to human life, or which in relation to existing use constitute a hazard to safety or health, or public welfare, by reason of inadequate maintenace, dilapidation, obsolescence, fire hazard, disaster damage or abandonment, as specified in this Code or other effective ordinances are, for the purpose of this section, unsafe buildings. All such unsafe buildings are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be brought into compliance as required by Ordinance, by the owner, upon notice from the Chief.

Sub-sections (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) are added to Section 2.201 to read as follows:

(c) Whenever the Chief determines that a building is unsafe, he shall:

(1) Order such corrections as are necessary.

(2) Provide an information copy of such order to the Building Official.

(d) When the Chief determines that an unsafe building should be posted to prohibit entry or continued use, he shall post a notice on the principal entrance(s) of such building, describing the unsafe condition(s). The owner of a building so posted shall prohibit continued use of the premises. Only the Chief shall remove a notice posted under this Code.

(e) The Chief shall also order the termination or restoration of utilities and/or the temporary closure of streets when such action is necessary to reduce the life hazard or fire fighting hazard of an unsafe building.

(f) The Chief may seek an order of the court requiring vacation of an unsafe building until corrections are made.

(g) The Chief shall seize and remove hazardous materials or take such other action as may be necessary to correct an imminent hazard, when the owner fails or is unable to effect immediate correction.

Add Sub-section (h) to Section 2.201 a follows:

(h) When in the course of inspection or fire investigation the Fire Chief or Building Official finds that a smoke detection device required by RCW 48.48.140 is missing or inoperative, he shall order the necessary correction.

Sub-section 2.204. (d) is replaced to read as follows:

(d) The Chief may prohibit the use, display, or sale of any device, material, thing or object which is designed to be used in such a manner as to violate any provisions of this Code, or where the use or sale of such constitutes a distinct hazard to life or property.

Section 2.302 is replaced to read as follows:

APPEALS:

Sec. 2.302. Appeals from decisions or actions pertaining to the administration and enforcement of this Code shall be addressed to the Fire Chief. The appellant may request a review by three or more members of the Fire Prevention Code Advisory Board, convened by the Chairman of the Board. The results of this appeal will be advisory only. Appeals from Administrative Rules published under provisions of Ordinance 102228 shall be heard as provided for in that Ordinance.

See Article 93 for additional appeal board members for Article 93 appeals.

Sub-section 2.303 (b) is replaced to read as follows:

2.303 (b) **RECOGNIZED STANDARDS.** Whenever this code is inapplicable for any reason to any situation involving the protection of persons and property from the hazards of fire and explosion, the materials, methods of construction, installations, practices or operations necessary to provide such protections shall, as determined by the Chief, be in accordance with nationally recognized and accepted standards, principles and tests, and generally recognized and well-established methods of fire prevention and control, as set forth in the following publications and those noted in Appendix "V A" by recognized national authorities and technical or scientific organizations. Compliance with such standards, including subsequent editions, when not superseded by provisions of this ordinance, Administrative Rules, or permit conditions approved by the Chief shall be presumed to be compliance with the intent of this code.

Section 2.304 is added to read as follows:

SPECIAL INSPECTIONS:

2.304 (a) The Chief is authorized to appoint qualified persons or agencies having special technical skills as special inspectors or plan reviewers and accept their inspection, plan review and evaluation of specialized fire protection equipment.

(b) The Chief is authorized to accept inspections performed by other jurisdictions and honor permits and certificates issued by other jurisdictions for activities regulated by this Code, upon presentation to the Chief of satisfactory evidence that such inspections, permits and certificates are substantially in accord with the fire safety requirements of this Code.

Section 3.101 is amended as follows:

Sec. 3.101. An person operating or maintaining any occupancy, premises or vehicle subject to this code who shall permit any fire hazard to exist on premises under his control or who shall fail to take immediate action to abate a fire hazard when ordered or notified to do so by the Chief or his duly authorized representative shall be guilty of a crime as provided for in Chapter 12A of the Seattle Municipal Code.

Section 4.101, 1st paragraph, is revised to read as follows:

PERMITS REQUIRED

Sec. 4.101. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to use a building or premises or engage in any activities for which a permit is required by this Code, without first having obtained such permit. Permits are issued by the Fire Marshal's Office. The Chief may condition any permit, increasing or decreasing the scope of activity, and/or specifying fire safety provisions in addition to those established by this Code, where he deems such conditions are necessary to provide reasonable public safety.

Section 4.101 Sub-item 18 is amended to read as follows:

18. **Flammable or Combustible Liquids and Tanks.** A. To store, handle or use Class I liquids in excess of 5 gallons in a building or 10 gallons outside of any building (including heated liquids of higher flash point, such as asphalt).

B. To store handle or use Class II and III A liquids in excess of 25 gallons inside a building or 60 gallons outside of any building.

C. To store, handle or use Class III B liquids in excess of 1000 gallons.

D. Operation of an automotive self service station.

E. Operation of a marine service station.

F. To remove, abandon, place out of service, or otherwise dispose of any flammable or combustible liquid tank.

EXCEPTIONS:

1. The storage or use of liquids in the fuel tanks of motor vehicles, aircraft, motorboats, mobile heating plants or portable motor boat tanks of six (6) gallons or less individual capacity and twelve (12) gallons or less aggregate capacity.

2. Dispensing fuel for motor vehicle fueling at full-service stations open to the public or at private stations using approved dispensing equipment.

3. Transportation of liquids in factory sealed containers or in tanks exempted in exception 1.

4. The storage or use of paints, oils, varnishes, or similar mixtures when stored for maintenance painting or similar purposes in quantities permitted by this code.

The following permit requirements are added to Section 4.101:

30a. **MEDICAL GAS.** Any amount of medical gas connected to a fixed piping system. See Article 74.

Exceptions are added to the Place of Assembly Permit in Section 4.101 as follows:

38. **Places of Assembly.** To operate a place of assembly with an occupant load of 100 or more as defined in Article 9.

Exceptions:

A. Outdoor Grandstands.

B. School auditoriums, open-concept classrooms and similar areas, when used for school functions.

C. Lunchrooms, training centers and similar areas operated for employees or regular building occupants (less than 300 occupants) without appreciable fuel load.

Sub-section 4.107 (f) is added to read as follows:

4.107 (f) Where any conditions have changed so that exercise of the permit would create an unwarranted fire safety risk.

Section 4.108, 4.109 and 4.110 are added to read as follows:

CERTIFICATES

Sec. 4.108. A certificate is a statement that a person, firm, or corporation has demonstrated knowledge and competence in the performance of an activity regulated by this code. All applications for a certificate required by this Code shall be made to the Chief in such form and detail as he may prescribe. Certificate fees are established by ordinance to recover the City's cost in testing and issuing a certificate. All certificates remain the property of the City and shall be surrendered to the Chief or his authorized representative upon demand. Any person performing work for which a certificate is required under this Code shall have such certificate in his possession at his work site. Any firm or corporation shall have such certificate posted at its principal local office or place of business.

TEMPORARY PERMITS

4.109. The Chief may issue temporary permits establishing fire safety controls for:

(a) An activity not specifically regulated, but where regulatory safeguards are necessary because of unusual circumstances.

(b) Interim operation of a regulated activity at reduced scope and/or with temporary fire safeguards until permanent fire prevention features are provided.

(c) Time-limited special situations where use of a permit to specify fire prevention controls is necessary in the judgment of the Chief.

(d) Pier crossing permits (transportation, only--no storage) for hazardous materials.

LIABILITY INSURANCE

4.110 (a) Where liability insurance is required by any section of this Code or as a permit condition for any controlled hazardous activity, the applicant shall file with the Chief evidence of such insurance in the principal sum of $300,000, except where a greater or lesser amount has been specified by the Chief.

(b) In those instances where this Code requires as a condition of issuing a permit that the applicant for the license shall provide insurance, the purpose of the requirement is to insure that members of the public and the City will be compensated for losses caused by personal injury or property damage resulting from the negligent acts of the licensees or their agents or employees.

(c) Whenever the issuance of a permit is conditioned upon obtaining a policy or policies of public liability insurance by the applicant for such license, the policy:

(1) Shall be issued by a company or companies authorized to do business as an insurer in Washington State pursuant to the provisions of R.C.W. Title 48 as now or hereafter amended;

(2) Shall contain, by endorsement or otherwise, the following recital:

"This policy is issued pursuant to Section 4.110 of the Fire Code (Ordinance No. 111001, as amended), of the City of Seattle for the purpose of complying with the conditions and requirements of the Code. Any exception, limitation, provision or omission in this policy (including all other endorsements thereto) in conflict with such condition or requirement is void. This policy shall be continuous until cancelled and terminable only on at least ten (10) days written notice to the Fire Chief".

(3) May be approved as to sufficiency and form by the City Attorney at the request of the Chief; and

(4) Shall be furnished to the Chief for filing with the City Comptroller.

Section 9.104 .....Definition of Basement is amended to read as follows:

BASEMENT is any floor below the 1st story of a building and shall also include "stories, basement-like" which are stories where the exterior walls are covered or partially covered by earth and where the Fire Chief determines that egress or emergency access are restricted or that flammable vapors may concentrate in such manner that basement regulations shall apply.

Section 9.104.....Definition of Building Code amended to read as follows:

BUILDING CODE is the Seattle Building Code.

Section 9.104.....Definition of Bureau of Fire Prevention is amended to read as follows:

BUREAU OF FIRE PREVENTION is the Seattle Fire Department Fire Marshal's Office.

Section 9.105.....Definition of Central Station is added to read as follows:

CENTRAL STATION shall mean an office to which remote alarm and supervisory signaling devices are connected where personnel are in attendance at all times to supervise the circuits and investigate signals.

Section 9.105.....Definition of Commercial Pier is added to read as follows:

COMMERCIAL PIER shall mean that portion of waterfront property and property adjacent thereto where access to the property by the general public is allowed. This shall include, but not strictly be limited to the following type of occupancies: Passenger terminals, public assembly, educational, wholesale and retail stores, office buildings, drinking and dining establishments, factories and workshops, parking garages, marinas, boat yards, shipyards, and places of human habitation, or any combination of the above with a Marine Facility.

Section 9.107.....Definition of Electrical Code is amended to read as follows:

ELECTRICAL CODE is the Seattle Electrical Code.

Section 9.108.....Definition of False Alarm Reporting, Malicious is added to read as follows:

FALSE ALARM REPORTING, MALICIOUS. Is the act that a person is guilty of, when with knowledge that the information reported, conveyed, or circulated is false, he initiates or circulates a false report or warning of an alleged or impending occurrence of a fire, explosion, crime, catastrophe, or emergency knowing that such false report is likely to cause evacuation of a building, place of assembly, or transportation facility, or to cause substantial public inconvenience or alarm.

Section 9.108.....Definition of Flammable Liquid Marine Terminal is added to read as follows:

FLAMMABLE LIQUID MARINE TERMINAL shall mean that portion of waterfront property and property adjacent thereto where flammable and combustible liquids are received by tank vessel, pipeline, tank car, or tank vehicle, and are stored or blended in bulk for the purpose of distributing such liquids by tank car, tank vehicle, container, or fueling vessel in bulk quantities.

Section 9.115.....Definition of Marine Facility is added to read as follows:

MARINE FACILITY shall mean that portion of waterfront property and property adjacent thereto where general cargo is received by vessel, rail car, or motor freight and is temporarily stored for the purpose of distributing such cargos by vessel, rail car, or motor freight. Such facilities shall include Bulk Terminals handling other than flammable and combustible liquids, and Break Bulk and/or Container Terminals handling all commodities.

Section 9.115.....Definition of Mechanical Code is amended to read as follows:

MECHANICAL CODE is the Seattle Mechanical Code.

Section 9.117.....The following additions and/or changes are made to the Occupancy Definitions:

Group B Occupancies

Division 2...add liquor stores and warehouses.

Division 3...add boat moorage.

Division 4...add shipyard structures.

Section 9.117.....The following additions and/or changes are made to the Occupancy Definitions:

Group E Occupancies

Division 3...Change to any building used for day care purposes for more than 12 children.

Section 9.117.....The following additions and/or changes are made to the Occupancy Definitions:

Group H Occupancies

Division 3...Add warehouses for highly combustible material.

Group I Occupancies

Division 1...Add alcoholism treatment facilities Class A.

Division 2...Change to group care institutions for full-time care of 11 or more children or 21 or more adults.

Group R Occupancies

Division 1...Add alcoholism treatment Class B, C, and D, day care centers accommodating 12 children or less, boarding homes with ambulatory patients.

Division 3...Add foster family homes for the full-time care of no more than 6 children or 3 expectant mothers; family day care homes for no more than 12 children.

Section 9.125.....Definition of Waterfront Facility is added to read as follows:

WATERFRONT FACILITY shall mean all piers, wharves, docks, and similar structures to which vessels may be secured; areas of land, water, or land and water under and in immediate proximity to them; buildings on such structures or contiguous to them and equipment and materials on such structures or in such buildings.

Section 10.102 is replaced to read as follows:

INTERFERENCE WITH FIRE DEPARTMENT

10.102. Any person who obstructs the operation of the Fire Department in connection with extinguishing any fire, or in the performance of other duties required by this Code, can be convicted of a misdemeanor under provisions of Chapter 12A of the Seattle Municipal Code.

Section 10.202 is amended to read as follows:

TAMPERING WITH FIRE HYDRANT OR FIRE APPLIANCE

Sec. 10.202. No person shall remove, tamper with or otherwise disturb any fire hydrant or fire appliance required to be installed or maintained under the provisions of this code except for the purpose of extinguishing fire, training purposes, recharging, or making necessary repairs, or when permitted by the Fire Department. Whenever a fire appliance is removed as herein permitted, it shall be replaced or reinstalled as soon as the purpose for which it was removed has been accomplished. No person other than an employee of the Water Department or Fire Department shall operate any valve on that portion of a water service belonging to the City of Seattle Water Department which supplies a fire protection system, nor shall any person remove tags or seals on any such water service. The property owner or designated agent shall promptly notify the Fire Department when a fire protection system valve on private property is shut off.

Section 10.203 is amended to read as follows:

HYDRANT USE APPROVAL

Sec. 10.203. No person other than an employee of the Fire Department or Water Department in line of duty shall use or operate any hydrant or other valves installed in the hydrant supply systems without a permit for use by the Superintendent of Water for the City Water Department System or permission from the owner of private hydrant systems. The Fire Department shall be notified when any fire hydrant is taken out of service or used as a water supply.

Sub-sections (f) and (g) are added to Sec. 10.301 to read as follows:

(f) Fire hydrants and their connections and devices appurtenant thereto, if upon private property, will not be considered part of the Municipal Water system and will be installed and maintained by the property owner.

EXCEPTION: Private property for which easements to accommodate the water distribution system, hydrants and metered water services, where accepted by the Superintendent of Water for operation and maintenance.

(g) Where private hydrants are installed, City of Seattle Water Department standard hydrants shall be used. Mains shall be 6-inch minimum size and installed per NFPA No. 24. Any single hydrant shall provide at least 2,000 GPM at 20 psi residual pressure, except where lesser flows are approved by the Chief.

Sub-sections (c), (d) and (e) are added to Sec. 10.302 to read as follows:

(c) Maintenance and periodic testing are the owner's responsibility, or the responsibility of such other person as may be designated in a lease of the premises, and are separate from Fire Department inspections. The person performing repairs requiring retest or annual or longer interval test of fixed fire protection equipment shall notify the Fire Department 24 hours in advance of the test. A Fire Department representative may witness tests which are conducted by others.

(d) Any person, firm or corporation recharging, testing, or repairing portable fire extinguishers shall have a valid Certificate of Fitness issued by the Fire Chief. The person performing the work shall leave a record, including the date, his name and his Certificate number at the job site.

EXCEPTION: An owner may refill his own non-pressurized water type fire extinguishers without such Certificate.

(e) Where certified inspection, testing, or qualification of fire protection equipment is required by nationally recognized standards, laws, ordinances, or administrative rules, the Chief may require that the person, firm, or corporation performing such work have a Certificate of Fitness.

Section 10.307 is revised to read as follows:

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

Sec. 10.307 (a) approved fire alarm systems shall be installed as follows.

Occupancy	Requirements
A (over 300)	Manual stations at exits. Alarms audible throughout. A means of notifying the Fire Department.
A (over 1000)	Add voice alarm.
E	Manual stations at exits. Heat detection in: storerooms, shops, central furnace or boiler rooms, kitchens, and over panel. Alarms audible thoughout.
I	Same as E and add: Corridor smoke detection, and heat detection in unsprinklered areas of sprinklered buildings.
A, B, & H (with 25 below or 200 above exit discharge level)	Same as E except this requirement is not retroactive for B occupancies which are in fully sprinklered buildings or in buildings with exits conforming to current Building Code.
R-1 (Hotels 2 or more stories; apartments or condominiums 3 or more stories	Same as E and add corridor smoke detection if used for non-ambulatory persons, or used as a dormitory, or similar.
R-1 & R-3 Dwelling Units when sold or rented	Residential smoke detectors conforming to UBC 43-6 except that battery powered detectors may be used in buildings constructed prior to 1980.
High Rise Buildings	See Article 93

(b) Automatic sprinkler systems installed in occupancies requiring a fire alarm system shall have water flow alarm connected to the fire alarm system.

EXCEPTION: Basement parking garages not used as exits for building above.

All new smoke detector installations shall be connected to the building fire alarm system.

EXCEPTION: In-unit residential detectors.

(c) Fire alarm systems shall be audible in all normally occupied areas of the building. The sound level shall be 15 dba above ambient, 60 dba minimum, in sleeping areas, and 10 dba above ambient, 55 dba minimum in all other areas.

(d) Design, installation and maintenance of fire alarm systems shall be in accordance with Uniform Fire Code Standard 10-2 and the Seattle Electrical Code except where superseded by requirements of this section or where alternate designs are approved by the Chief.

(e) Automatic sprinklers with water flow alarm or automatic smoke detection are accepted where heat detection is required.

(f) All new systems shall have on site emergency power sufficient to operate the system detection for 24 hours and audible devices for 5 minutes.

EXCEPTIONS:

1. Systems with water flow alarm with or without manual pull stations.

2. Connection ahead of service disconnect (Electrical Code section 706(e)) may be used if the occupancy is not A-1, A-2, A-2.1, I, R-I over 4 stories, and the building is not a high rise building

(g) An annunciator located at the principal entrance showing fire floor or zone and system trouble indication is required for high rise buildings, multiple building systems, and building complexes so large that they have three or more fire response points.

(h) Minimum maintenance shall include an annual system test verifying systems operation, supervision circuit protection and emergency power. Each system shall have a monthly functional test.

(k) Fire detection and/or alarm systems shall be under the supervision of a responsible person who shall ensure that required periodic tests and maintenance are performed. The Chief is authorized to order any premises vacated where a required fire detection and/or alarm system is not maintained in good working condition.

(j) When in the course of inspection or fire investigation the Chief or Building official finds that a smoke detection device required by RCW 48.48.140 is missing or inoperative he shall order the necessary correction.

(k) Fire Drills. Fire drills shall be held at least once a month in educational occupancies where such occupancies constitute the major occupancy of a building; and at least once every two months in institutional occupancies, where such occupancies constitute the major occupancy of a building. During severe weather, fire drills may be postponed. A record of all fire drills shall be kept by the person in charge of such occupancies. Records of fire drills shall include the time and date of each drill held. In educational occupancies, fire drills shall include complete evacation of all persons from the building. In institutional occupancies, fire drills shall be conducted to familiarize operating personnel with their assigned positions of emergency duty, but complete evacuation of occupants from the building at the time of the fire drill shall be required only where is is practical and does not include moving or disturbing persons under medical care.

Sub-section 10.308 (d) is amended by adding a new Exception No. 3 to read as follows:

EXCEPTIONS

3. Standpipe systems shall provide the pressure and flow required by NFPA No. 14. In additon, a fire pump serving 2½" outlets shall provide at least 300 GPM at not less than 125 psi, nor more than 175 psi, at any outlet on the system.

Subsection 10.309(a) is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 10.302(a) **Where required**, an automatic fire extinguisher shall be installed in the occupancies and locations as set forth in this section.

See Building Code Sections 508, 1807, and 3802 for possible additional requirements. For special provisions on hazardous chemicals and magnesium, and calcium carbide, see Fire Code Sections 10.301, 45.208 and Articles 48, 49, and 80. Also see Articles 90, 91, 92, and 93.

Sub-section (h) is added to 10.309 to read as follows:

(h) **Basements and Cellars.** Automatic sprinkler systems shall be installed in any basement, basement-like story, or cellar used for the storage or sale of combustible materials. (NOTE: The following exceptions do not apply when automatic sprinklers are required by any other provision of the Building or Fire Codes.)

EXCEPTIONS: 1. All those in Group R-3 or M.

2. Portions of the basement not containing combustible material separated by one-hour fire-resistive construction.

3. Storerooms not exceeding 500 square feet in area, enclosed by one-hour construction, containing no material classified as a flammable liquid, hazardous material, or highly-combustible material, and served by exterior fire access or interior access via a corridor of one-hour construction. No more than three such rooms shall be permitted in any one basement.

Sub-section 10.310 is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 10.310 **Alarms.** When serving more than 100 sprinklers, automatic systems shall be supervised by an approved central, proprietary or remote station service, or a local alarm which will give an audible signal at a constantly attended location.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. The Chief may waive or modify this requirement for partial systems, parking garages, or in buildings where an alarm system is not required by Section 10.307.

2. This requirement is retroactive for I occupancies, high rise buildings, and buildings with high-piled combustible stock as defined in Article 81.

Table 10.312 is amended to read as follows:

OCCUPANCY	SPRINKLERED BUILDING Standpipe Class	NON-SPRINKLERED BUILDING Standpipe Class
Any over 75 ft. in height (Note 6)	III (Notes 1 & 5)	III (Notes 5 & 7)
Any 4 or more stories but less than 75 ft. in height	I (Notes 2 & 5)	I (Notes 2 & 5)
Group "A" with an occupant load exceeding 1,000		II (Note 3)
Group "A" with over 5,000 sq. ft. used for exhibition.	II	II
Any 4 or more stories except A3, A4 and R3		II (Note 4)
B1, B2, B3 and H over 20,000 sq. ft. area on any floor		II (Note 4)

Notes:

1. The 1½" hose stations may be omitted on sprinklered floors.

2. The dry standpipe may be omitted in B and R-1 occupancies when primary Fire Department vehicle access is provide on at least one side within 3 stories of the roof (not over 35 ft. total height).

3. Class II standpipes need not be provided in any areas used solely for worship.

4. Class II standpipes need not be provided on fully sprinklered floors.

5. Fire Department outlets on Class I and III standpipes need not be provided on grade level or below grade floors when all portions of such floor are within 150 feet hose travel distance of grade level exterior doors fronting on streets or yards usable by Fire Department apparatus.

6. Height is measured from the lowest point of Fire Department vehicle access to the highest occupied floor. See Building Code Section 1807(o) for number of outlets.

7. Hose is required for Class II standpipes only.

Section 10.315 is amended as follows:

1. Add the following sentence to part (a).

   An automatic extinguishing system is required whenever the Mechanical Code requires a Type I hood for grease producing cooking.

2. The exception in part (b) is revised to read as follows:

   EXCEPTION: That portion of the fire extinguishing system required for protection of the duct may be omitted in one story unsprinklered buildings when approved listed grease extractors are installed.

3. The minimum service interval in part (e) is changed from six to twelve months.

Sections 10.316 and 10.317 are added to read as follows:

Sec. 10.316. **Plan Approval.** All fixed fire protection systems shall be installed in accordance with plans approved by the Chief.

EXCEPTIONS:

1. Minor additions to existing systems such as not more than six sprinklers heads, alarm devices, or similar.

Sec. 10.317. **Installation approval.** The installation of all fixed fire protection systems including changes, additions and major repairs shall be approved by the Chief prior to being placed in service.

Sub-section 11.203(b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) **Storage Requirements.** Storage of combustible and/or readily combustible materials in buildings shall be orderly, shall be more than 2 feet from the ceiling, and shall be so located as not to endanger exit from the building. Storage and merchandise shall be separated by 44-inch minimum width aisles on 20 foot maximum centers in all directions, except where specific prior approval is obtained from the Chief for larger block pile storage. Storage shall not obstruct a 44-inch clear aisle extending from Fire Department access openings to the far wall. Storage shall not obstruct fire door closing, access to extinguishers, standpipe outlets, sprinkler control valves, electrical control centers, shutdown or safety controls. Storage outside of buildings shall not exceed 20 feet in height, shall be so located as not to constitute a hazard to adjacent buildings or property, and shall be compact and orderly. Such storage is prohibited within 3 feet of any property line and shall not exceed 6 feet in height when within 10 feet of such property line, except where no hazard or menace of fire to adjoining property is created thereby. Refer to Article 81 for high-piled stock.

Sub-section (d) is added to Section 11.203 to read as follows:

(d) **Sprinkler System or Equivalent.** Storage of 2500 cu. ft. or more of readily or highly-combustible material (such as materials classified as Class IV or Special Hazard Commodities in Article 81) shall be under permit, in H-2 or H-3 occupancies protected by an automatic sprinkler system, or in such other places approved by the Chief as having alternate equivalent provisions for fire safety.

Section 11.210 is added to read as follows:

Sec. 11.210 **MATERIALS.** Any material shown by test to have a life hazard greater than that indicated and controlled by Building Code interior finish regulations or Fire Code decorative material regulations shall be prohibited or shall be installed or used with such additional fire safety features as are necessary to substantially reduce the life hazard . All carpeting to be installed in schools, hospitals, nursing homes, places of public assembly, and public corridors and egressways in high-rise buildings shall pass such tests as are defined in Seattle Fire Department Standards.

Sections 11.301 and 11.302 are replaced and changed to read as follows:

Reporting of Fires

Sec. 11.301 (a) In the event a fire or accidental release of a hazardous material occurs or fire alarm operates on any property the owner or occupant shall immediately report such fire or alarm to the Fire Department.

(b) A fire shall mean any fire not used for cooking heating or recreational purposes or one not incidental to the normal operations of the property.

False Alarms

Sec. 11.302(a) Reporting a false fire alarm or intentionally tampering with fire alarm equipment is a violation of Seattle Criminal Ordinance No. 102843, Section 124.20.110 titled "False Reporting".

EXCEPTION: A fine in the amount of fifty (50) dollars may be levied against the owner or monitoring agency of any off-premises fire alarm system generating or transmitting a second and each subsequent system false alarm during any twelve (12) month period.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to give, signal or transmit or for any person to cause or permit to be given, signaled or transmitted, in any manner, any false alarm.

(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to tamper with or maliciously injure any fire alarm equipment maintained for the purpose of transmitting fire alarms to the Fire Department.

(d) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the sounding of any such signal essential for the carrying on of any fire drill. The Chief may require that he be notified in advance when such signal will be sounded, and shall be notified in advance if such signal is transmitted from a system connected to a central station.

Section 11.303 is added to read as follows:

CENTRAL STATION

Sec. 11.303 (a) This section applies to all alarm reporting systems which report fire information off premises.

(b) It shall be unlawful to generate or transmit a fire alarm on or through an off-premises alarm systems to the Fire Department, and it shall be unlawful to relay any alarm so generated or transmitted, except through previously-approved central station system or proprietary central station.

(c) Alarm signals received by central station sytems shall be immediately retransmitted to the Seattle Fire Alarm Center.

EXCEPTION: Signals resulting from pre-arranged maintenance or test procedures, provided the central station shall immediately verify such signals are not the result of a fire or other emergency. If such verification is not obtained within 90 seconds, the alarm signal shall be immediately retransmitted.

(d) Central stations operated in accordance with nationally recognized standards may install fire alarm reporting equipment in the City's fire alarm office when such central station and equipment are approved by the Chief. The Chief may order the removal of such equipment when in his opinion its installation does not serve the best interest of the City. When so ordered, the owner shall render such equipment inoperative within 24 hours and remove same within 30 days.

(e) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any person from reporting a fire by any method when such person has responsible first hand evidence of a fire or possible fire situation.

Sub-sections (g) & (h) are added to Section 12.106 to read as follows:

(g) **TERMINATION.** Where exits terminate in alleys, parking lots, pier aprons, or similar places, the Chief may order additional signs or placards, weatherproof where necessary, with four (4)-inch-high letters stating **"FIRE EXIT - DO NOT OBSTRUCT"**, or other appropriate legend, barriers, or paint striping as necessary to maintain an exit path to a public street. The owner shall install and maintain the signs, barriers and painting. (See Seattle Traffic Code Section 11.72.155).

(h) **EGRESS FROM STAIRWAYS.** Enclosed stairways serving more than six (6) floors shall have two means of egress from the stairway. Enclosed stairways serving ten (10) or more floors shall have re-entry into the building at approximately 5-story intervals. Re-entry signs shall be posted in the stair.

EXCEPTION:

1. Jails.

2. Where telephones connected to a 24-hour manned location are provided in the stairway in each 5-floor increment that does not have a means of egress.

3. Where any door serving as an entrance to the stair does not automatically lock behind a person entering the stair.

4. Where alternate means of alerting building management to persons trapped in a stairwell are approved by the Building Official.

Section 25.101 is revised to read as follows:

PERMIT REQUIRED

Sec. 25.101. No Place of Assembly with an occupant load of 100 or more shall be maintained, operated or used without a permit (see also Section 4.101). Any exhibition that introduces flammable or combustible material into a place of assembly or alters the existing configuration in any manner shall be under separate permit.

EXCEPTIONS:

1. Outdoor grandstands.

2. School auditoriums, open-concept classrooms and similar areas, when used for school functions.

3. Lunchrooms, training centers and similar areas operated for employees or regular building occupants (less than 300 occupants) without appreciable fuel load.

Section 25.104 is replaced in its entirety to read as follows:

Pyroxylin-coated Fabric

Sec. 25.104. Pyroxylin Coated fabric is prohibited.

Sub-section 25.118(b).4 is replaced by the following:

4. Nothing in this code shall prevent the participants in religious ceremonies from carrying hand-held candles. (Ref. RCW 19.27.030 (3)). It is the objective of the Fire Code to prevent the risk of injury arising from the use of hand-held candles in places of public assembly by children aged 12 or under. A competent adult shall remain within 15 feet of the child, at all times, unless an alternative equal safety standard, proposed by the person requesting the permit, is approved by the Chief.

Article 33 is replaced in its entirety by the following:

CELLULOSE NITRATE MOTION PICTURE FILM PROHIBITED.

Sec. 33.101. The storage and use of Cellulose Nitrate Motion Picture Film is prohibited.

Sub-section 49.101(c) is revised to read as follows:

(c) A permit shall be required for any person performing welding or cutting operations in any building, except R-3 and M occupancies and use of jewelers' torches. A permit shall also be required for any person performing welding or cutting operations on, over, underneath, or adjacent to any combustible structure. Such permit shall not be required for each job location, but a copy of said permit shall be available at each job site. The permit holder shall notify the Chief in advance (24 hours in advance when possible) before performing welding, burning, or cutting at locations other than those listed on the permit. A permit shall also be required for acetylene generators and storage of calcium carbide for use therewith. Storage of calcium carbide shall not exceed fifty (50) pounds in locations in the Downtown Fire District and the Central Waterfront Fire District. See also Section 4.101.

Section 74.103 is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 74.103. **Permit Required.** A permit shall be required for the storage, handling or use at normal temperature and pressure of more than 2,000 cubic feet of flammable compressed gas or 6,000 cubic feet of non-flammble compressed gas, or any amount of medical gas connected to a fixed piping manifold. Medical gases include, but are not limited to the following: carbon dioxide, cyclopropane, ethylene, helium, nitrous oxide, oxygen, oxygen-helium mixtures, and oxygen-carbon dioxide mixtures. See also Section 4.101.

Sub-section 77.104 (a) (1) is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 77.104 (a) Permits shall be obtained:

1. To possess, store, sell, or otherwise dispose of explosives or blasting agents.

Sub-items 11, 12, and 13 are added to Section 77.104 (b) to read as follows:

Sec. 77.104 (b). Permits required by Section 77.104 (a) of this Article shall not be issued for:

11. The manufacture of explosives.

12. The storage of explosives for more than 24 hours.

13. The construction of Class I magazines.

Section 77.105 is replaced by the following:

LIABILITY INSURANCE

Sec. 77.105. Before a permit is issued as required by subsection 77.104 (a).3., liability insurance conforming to Section 4.110 shall be provided.

Section 78.102 is replaced to read as follows:

PERMITS FOR MANUFACTURE, SALE AND DISCHARGE

Sec. 78.102 (a) The manufacture of fireworks within the City of Seattle is prohibited.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to possess, store, to offer for sale, expose for sale, sell at retail, or use or explode any fireworks, except as permitted by State Law; and provided that the Chief shall have power to adopt reasonable rules and regulations for the granting of permits for supervised public displays of fireworks by a jurisdiction, fair associations, amusement parks, or other organizations, or for the use of fireworks by artisans in pursuit of their trade. Every such use or display shall be handled by a competent operator approved by the Chief, and shall be of such character and so located, discharged, or fired as in the opinion of the Chief, after proper investigation, will not be hazardous to property or endanger any person. The Chief may issue permits for the sale of fireworks lawful in the State of Washington and may specify any additional safeguards necessary, in the opinion of the Chief, for the permit location. Liability insurance shall be required for all displays and may be required for the sale of fireworks.

(c) Application for permits shall be made in writing at least 10 days in advance of the date of the display. After such privilege shall be granted, sale, possession, use, and distribution of fireworks for such display shall be lawful for that purpose only. No permit granted hereunder shall be transferable.

(d) The Chief may issue permits for the transportation and storage of fireworks in bulk quantities under the Department of Transporation classifications, prescribing such quantity limitations, duration, and conditions of storage or transport as the Chief shall deem necessary.

(e) The discharge of any fireworks in the City of Seattle prior to Noon on the 28th of June or after Noon on the 6th of July is prohibited, except where authorized by Fire Department Permit or exempted under Section 78.105 of this Code. The discharge of any fireworks on or within any building or structure is prohibited, except where authorized by Fire Department Permit. The discharge of fireworks in any manner which is hazardous to persons or property is prohibited.

Section 78.105 is replaced to read as follows:

EXCEPTION

Sec. 78.105. Nothing in this Article shall be construed to prohibit the use of fireworks by railroads or other transportation agencies for signal purposes or illumination; or the sale or use of blank cartridges for a show or theater; or for ceremonial purposes; or for signal or ceremonial purposes in athletics or sports; or for use by military organizations.

Sub-section 79.104 (c) is added to read as follows:

(c) **Approved Containers.** It is unlawful to sell, offer for sale, or distribute any container for the storage and/or handling of flammable liquids, unless such container has been approved for such purpose under applicable provisions of this Code.

Section 79.401 is revised to read as follows:

General

Sec. 79.401. The storage of flammable and combustible liquids in closed containers or portable tanks shall be in accordance with this division. The outside storage of Class I liquids in quantities exceeding 10 gallons, or of Class II or IIIA liquids in quantities exceeding 60 gallons is prohibited in the Downtown Fire District and the Central Waterfront Fire District, except at locations lawfully so used prior to February 7, 1977. For permits, see Section 4.101.

Section 79.501 is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 79.501. The storage of flammable and combustible liquids in above-ground tanks is prohibited in the Downtown Fire District and the Central Waterfront Fire District.

EXCEPTIONS:

1. Individual tanks of not more than 60 gallons capacity.

2. Individual tanks of more than 275 gallons capacity, containing other than Class I flammable liquids and connected to a heating plant or emergency equipment such as required by Building Code Section 1807.

3. Above-ground tanks legally installed and in use prior to January 19, 1959.

The exception in Section 79.504 is changed to read as follows:

EXCEPTION: Tanks containing a commonly recognized product and labeled with the product name, such as "gasoline", "diesel", etc.

Section 79.511 is amended to read as follows:

Fire Protection.

Sec. 79.511. Each above-ground tank or group of tanks for storage shall be protected with approved fire control equipment. Automatic Fire control equipment shall be provided for tanks storing Class I and II liquids.

The second paragraph of Section 79.903a is amended to read as follows:

A listed automatic-closing-type hoze nozzle with or without a latch-open device shall be provided on island-type dispensers used for dispensing Class I, II or IIIA liquids. If the dispensing of Class I and II liquids at a service station available and open to the public is to be done by a person other than the service station attendent, the nozzle shall be a listed automatic-closing type without latch-open device.

79.910(d)3 is revised to read as follows:

3. Dispensing of Class I, II or IIA liquids into the fuel tanks of Marine Craft shall be by means of an approved-type hose equipped with a listed automatic-closing nozzle with latch-open device.

Section 80.102 is revised to read as follows:

PERMITS

Sec. 80.102. For a permit to store, transport or use corrosive materials, oxidizing materials, organic peroxides, nitromethane, ammonium nitrate, ammonium nitrate fertilizers and fertilizer mixtures, highly toxic materials, pyrophoric materials, hypergolic materials, cryogenic materials, poisonous gases or hazardous materials (see Section 4.101).

For a permit to store, handle or use radioactive material, see Section 4.101.

All hazardous materials permits shall be posted in a conspicuous location on the premises.

Sub-Section 80.103(e) is revised to read as follows:

(e) Where specific requirements are not otherwise established, storage, transportation or use of hazardous materials shall be in accordance with nationally recognized good practice. The packaging, identification, handling, shipping and in-transit storage regulations of Parts 171 through 179, sub-chapter C, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations shall be complied with, except where this Code establishes more stringent specific regulations.

Section 80.112 is added to read as follows:

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION OF HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS RESTRICTED

80.112. The rail transportation of those loaded hazardous materials requiring placards or labels pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 1803 and 49 Code of Federal Regulations §§ 172.502, 172.504, and 172.508 is permitted only during the period from 11:30 P.M. until 6:00 A.M. in the City's Downtown Fire District, except that portion of the railroad tracks in the tunnel north of the north entrance to the railroad tunnel at Stewart Street, and south of the south entrance to the railroad tunnel at Yesler Way, and no person shall permit or authorize such transportation; provided that the Fire Chief is authorized to issue special permits for the transportation of hazardous materials in the Downtown Fire District during restricted hours (6:00 A.M. to 11:30 P.M.) when (a) Special circumstances necessitating such transport are shown; and

(b) Special safeguards, as established by the Fire Chief, are observed.

Section 80.113 is added to read as follows:

CRIMES

Sec. 80.113. Any person, firm, corporation, or unincorporated association operating or maintaining any vehicle in violation of this article shall be guilty of a crime as provided for in Chapter 12A of the Seattle Municipal Code.

Section 80.114 is added to read as follows:

INSPECTIONS/BUILDINGS AND PREMISES

Sec. 80.114. Regular inspections of buildings and premises to determine compliance with this article shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of Article 2 and 3 of this Code.

Section 80.115 is added to read as follows:

INSPECTIONS/VEHICLES

Sec. 80.115 (a) In order to determine compliance with this Article, the Chief, upon presenting identification to the owner, agent or operator, is authorized to enter and inspect all vehicles, including equipment, containers and labeling therein. Rules governing the conduct of regular, uniform and systematic inspection, entry and, where appropriate, impoundment of vehicles, shall be adopted by the Chief, pursuant to Section 2.102 of this Code.

(b) For purposes of this Article, "vehicles" means:

(1) Every "combination of vehicles", "commercial vehicle", "motor truck", "motor vehicle", "semitrailer", "trailer", "truck tractor", or "vehicle", all as defined in the Traffic Code, Seattle Municipal Code, Chapter 11.14; and

(2) Container, cargo container, tank container, and overseas van, whether or not connected to a chassis.

(c) The Chief shall make a record of inspection and a copy of said record shall be provided to the owner, operator, or agent, or attached to the vehicle. When necessary, vehicles shall be resealed using a Fire Department seal.

(d) In the event of a violation of this article and in the event that further unrestricted movement of a vehicle may constitute a danger to persons or property, the Chief may order the impoundment of such vehicles and the immediate correction of the violation.

(e) Upon the refusal of an owner, agent or operator to allow entry or inspection by the Chief acting under the authority of subsection (a) of this section, the Chief shall order the impoundment of the vehicle, and shall proceed to the Municipal Court of the City of Seattle and request an administrative inspection warrant to complete the inspection.

(f) Failure to comply with the order of the Chief concerning the impoundment of vehicles under this section, or the failure to stop for purposes of allowing a request for inspection to be made pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, or the failure to permit inspection pursuant to a lawfully issued inspection warrant shall constitute a crime as provided for in Chapter 12A of the Seattle Municipal Code.

(g) The provisions of this section shall not limit the authority of the Chief to enter and inspect vehicles if there is probable cause to believe there exists a violation of this Article therein.

Sub-section 81.105.(a) is amended to read as follows:

81.105 (a) An approved automatic fire extinguishing system shall be required throughout the building when the contiguous area (minimum separation between storage areas is 60 feet) used for high-piled combustible storage exceeds 3,000 square feet, inclusive of aisles.

EXCEPTION: Automatic fire extinguishing systems may be provided only in the storage area when it is separated from the remainder of the building by a one-hour fire-resistive occupancy separation in accordance with the Building Code.

Sub-section 81.105 (c) is deleted in its entirety.

Sub-section 81.106 (a) is amended to read as follows:

81.106 (a) Smoke removal capability approved by the Chief shall be provided in buildings protected by an automatic fire extinguishing system. Smoke and heat venting designed in accordance with Section 81.107(b) through (g) may be used. An air handling system designed to provide a minimum of changes of air per hour at 100% exhaust to the outside and in accordance with sub-sections (b) through (f) below may be used when approved by the Chief.

Article 82, Sections 82.101 through 82.105 (b) is replaced by the following:

ARTICLE 82 - LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GASES

SCOPE

82.101. This Article shall apply to the storage, use, handling and transportation of liquefied petroleum gas and the installation of all equipment pertinent to systems for such uses.

PERMITS

82.102. A permit is required for tank vehicles transporting liquefied petroleum gas and for the storage, use, handling, or transporation of any amount of liquefied petroleum gas, except for quantities shown on Table 82.102. See also Section 4.101.

TABLE 82.102

Permit Not Required for the Following:

USE OR LOCATION	OCCUPANCY	MAX. SIZE CONTAINER	MAX. AGGREGATE QUANTITY	CONDITIONS
Any	All	8 oz.	5 lbs	None
Hand Torches	H, B, R & M	1 qt.	5 lbs.	None
Jewelers, Dentist, etc.	B2	10 lbs	10 lbs	None
Outside Downtown Fire District & Central Water-Front Fire District	Outdoors or B, H, & M	25 lbs	300 lbs.	No Basement
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tanks	Outdoors or B1 or B3	DOT Approved for the vehicle	------	---------
Accessory fuel Tanks and Refrigeration Fuel Tanks on Vehicle	Outdoors	100 lbs.	100 lbs.	Dot approved or Original Equipment Installation
Tar Kettles, Steam Cleaners, etc.	Permit	Permit	Permit	Where equipment has Fire Dept. Permit
Underground Tanks	B1	Any	Any	When dispensed as vehicle fuel.
DOT approved cylinder Transporation	Outdoors	100 lbs. in Downtown Fire District	Any	Does not exempt LPG in temporary storage crossing a pier

RESTRICTED LOCATIONS

Sec. 82.103(a). Liquefied petroleum gas shall not be stored, used, handled, or transported in locations or occupancies exceeding those shown on Table 82.103.

EXCEPTION: The Fire Chief is authorized to issue permits for quantities less than or exceeding those established by Table 82.103 for particular activities subject to conformance with nationally recognized good practice for the activity and fire prevention features.

(b) Liquefied Petroleum Gas shall not be stored at marine facilities or shipped across piers, except in Department of Transporation-approved containers. Storage must be on land, in areas established under permit. The Chief shall establish safety regulations for each permit.

LOCATION OF CONTAINERS

Sec. 82.105(a) The aggregate capacity of containers shall not exceed the quantity limits shown on Table 82.103.

(b) Empty containers shall be included in the aggregate quantity allowed except at container filling plants.

Table 82.103

USE OR LOCATION	LOCATION	OCCUPANCY	CONTAINER SIZE LIMIT	QUANTITY LIMIT
Transportation	Downtown Fire District	-----	100 lbs	----
Any	Any	A, E, I, or R	5 lbs.	10 lbs
In any Building With a Basment	Any	Any	20 lbs	40 lbs
Retail Display	Downtown Fire District	B2	1 qt.	40 lbs
	Elsewhere	B2	1 qt.	100 lbs
Indoor Storage	Downtown Fire District	B2	100 lbs	200 lbs
	Elsewhere	Other Than H1	200 lbs	300 lbs
Outdoor Cylinder Storage	Downtown Fire District	---------	0	0
Above Ground Tank Storage	Downtown Fire District	---------	0	0
	Central Water-front Fire District	---------	500 gals.	1 tank
	Elsewhere	---------	30,000 gals.	40,000 gals.
In Buildings Under Con-struction	Any	---------	100 lbs	300 lbs per floor 1,800 lbs per site

Sub-section 84.102.(b) is replaced in its entirety by the following:

(b) Cellulose nitrate motion picture film is prohibited.

Article 90 is added to read as follows:

ARTICLE 90

RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCIES FOUR STORIES AND OVER

Sec. 90.101. Definitions. When used in this Article, the following words and terms shall have the meaning specified in this section:

APARTMENT HOUSE: Any building or portion thereof, containing three or more dwelling units.

APARTMENT HOTEL: A building containing both dwelling units and guest rooms.

GUEST ROOM: Any room or rooms used or intended to be used for sleeping purposes by a person hiring such room or rooms.

HOTEL: A building in which is conducted the business of lodging the public and which contains six or more guest rooms.

Sec. 90.102. **Exit Enclosure Required.** All existing apartment houses, apartment hotels and hotels four stories or more in height, shall have at least two fully enclosed stairways which have a one-hour fire-resistive rating throughout, and the interior corridors and egressways thereof, including all doors and transoms and other openings into corridors, shall be so constructed or improved as to substantially have a one-hour fire-resistive rating throughout, provided, that in buildings constructed as apartment houses in accordance with the Building Code and being operated as apartment houses, walls and ceilings of plaster on wood lath or 1/2 inch plasterboard construction, and 1-3/8 inch solid core doors or equivalent shall be sufficient to meet the requirements of this section.

Sec. 90.103. **Sprinkler Alternative.** In lieu of compliance with the requirements of Section 901.102 hereof, approved automatic fire sprinkler systems may be installed in all stairways, interior corridors and egressways of existing apartment houses, apartment hotels, and hotels four stories or more in height; provided that such automatic sprinkler systems, if so installed, shall also be installed in all janitor rooms, storage closets, utility rooms, and other usable spaces in which combustible materials are or may be sorted or kept, unless such rooms or spaces are equipped with self-closing fire doors having a one-hour fire-resistive rating.

Article 91 is added to read as follows:

ARTICLE 91

AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEMS IN NURSING HOMES

Sec. 91.101. **Nursing Home Defined.** The term "nursing home" when used in this Article means any home, place, or institution which operates or maintains facilities providing convalescent or chronic care, or both, for a period in excess of 24 consecutive hours for 3 or more patients not related by blood or marriage to the operator, who by reason of illness or infirmity, are unable properly to care for themselves. Convalescent and chronic care may include but is not limited to any or all procedures commonly employed in waiting on the sick such as administration of medicines, preparation of special diets, giving of bedside nursing care, application of dressings and bandages, and carrying out of treatment prescribed by a duly licensed practitioner of the healing arts. It may also include care of mentally incompetent persons if they do not require psychiatric treatment by or under the supervision of a physician specialized in the field of medicine. Nothing in this definition shall be construed to include general hospitals or other places which provide care and treatment for the acutely ill and maintain and operate facilities for major surgery or obstetrics, or both. Nothing in this definition shall be construed to include any boarding home, guest home, hotel or related institution which is held forth to the public as providing, and which is operated to give only board, room and laundry to persons not in need of medical or nursing treatment or supervision, except in the case of temporary acute illness. The mere designation by the operator of any place or institution, which does not provide care for the acutely ill or maintain and operate facilities for major surgery or obstetrics, as a hospital, sanitarium, or similar name shall not exclude such place or institution from the provisions of Section 91.102.

Sec. 91.102. **Installation Exceptions.** Approved automatic fire sprinkler systems shall be installed in all usable rooms, corridors, and stairways of existing nursing homes with the following exceptions:

(a) Nursing homes which are of Type I or II construction throughout, as defined in the Building Code.

(b) Nursing homes not more than one story in height which have interiors with a one-hour fire resistance rating throughout.

Article 92 is added to read as follows:

ARTICLE 92

AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEMS IN SCHOOLS

Sec. 92.101. **School Buildings Defined.** The term "school building", when used in this Article means: (a) A public place of instruction operated by public authorities, including elementary and secondary schools.

(b) A place of instruction operated by private persons or private or religious organizations in which the course of study is similar to that in a public school, and which has been authorized by the State as an educational institution.

Sec. 92.102. **Installation Exceptions.** An approved automatic fire sprinkler system shall be installed in all usable rooms, corridors and stairways of existing school buildings, two stories or more in height, with the following exceptions: (a) School buildings which are of Type I or II Construction as defined in the Building Code.

(b) School buildings not over three stories in height which have interiors with one-hour fire resistance rating throughout, and which have egress enclosures with a one-hour fire resistance rating.

(c) School buildings, not over three stories in height, with interiors which substantially have a one-hour fire resistance rating, need only have egress corridors, stairways, janitor rooms, storage rooms, and similar spaces equipped with approved automatic sprinkler systems. Classrooms and assembly rooms in such buildings need not be so equipped.

REC'D OMB OCT 26 1982
822140

Your
Seattle
Fire Department

Robert L. Swartout, Chief
Charles Royer, Mayor

October 21, 1982

The Honorable Charles Royer
Mayor
City of Seattle

VIA: Office of Management and Budget
ATTN: John Saven

Dear Mayor Royer:

Enclosed is the proposed 1982 Seattle Fire Code along with an issue paper, for items that may be of Council concern. Please review and advise the Law Department when you concur that it is ready for Council consideration.

Yours truly,

John R. Church

John R. Church, Acting Chief
Seattle Fire Department

JRC:jw

cc: Law Department (enclosure)

1982 FIRE CODE

Significant Changes

The two major changes are Article 93 revisions for low income housing and fee increases including a charge for plan review. These issues are addressed separately. Minor changes include:

1. The requirement that situations not specifically covered by the Code conform to nationally recognized standards was changed to "as determined by the Chief", replacing "to a reasonable degree". (Section 2.303(b) page 8a) to preclude debating reasonable.

2. The authority to appoint and recognize special inspectors was expanded to include plan review. (Section 2.304(a) page 10a) to save time and/or utilize expertise not available within the Department.

3. The requirement for Place of Assembly permits was redefined to exclude assemblies of less than 100 (Item 38 page 14b) to avoid making assembly requirements, such as panic hardware doors, retroactive on smaller occupancies which were not assembly under former codes. (If a distinct hazard is found during inspection, it will be corrected under other provisions of the code.)

4. Basement was redefined on page 18a to be consistent with the Building Code and exempt floors partially below grade from basement regulations, if the exiting, Fire Department access and flammable liquid vapor collection are not impaired.

5. A definition of malicious fire alarm reporting was added on page 22b to make a distinction between deliberate and accidental false alarms.

6. A requirement for fire alarm systems in one and two story apartments containing 15 or more units was deleted from Section 10.307 on page 42b. This requirement is new to the Building and Fire Codes this year. It was left in the Building Code for new construction, but deleted in the retroactive Fire Code.

7. Also on page 42b, alarm systems are required for places of assembly in basements or upper floors (over 25 in a basement or over 200 above the floor of exit discharge) by the same population rules as offices, to correct an inconsistency. A requirement for smoke detectors in residences when sold or rented was added, to be consistent with a State law change. A requirement was added to connect all smoke detectors in the building to the fire alarm system, except single station residential detectors.

8. Fire alarm audibility was defined in Section 10.307C page 42c, and an exception No. 2 on the requirement to connect sprinkler water flow alarms to central stations was added to Section 10.310 on page 46a. These changes incorporate information which has been in administrative regulations.

9. A reduction in range hood duct fire protection is permitted when testing laboratory listed grease extractors are installed and the minimum service interval is changed from six months to twelve months in Section 10.315 on page 48b. These cost saving charges are consistent with recently approved equipment and our confidence testing schedule.

10. Section 11.301a on page 58a was changed to require reporting the operation of fire alarms (in addition to fires) to the Fire Department.

11. A requirement that fire alarm central stations re-transmit alarm signaling immediately to the Fire Department was added in Section 10.303(b) page 58b to stop the practice of delaying some alarms.

12. A clarifying statement that the Fire Code does not prohibit hand held candles at religious ceremonies was added to Section 25.118(b)4 page 80a.

13. The reference to safe and sane fireworks was dropped from Section 78.102 on page 184a and time limits for discharge were added to Subsection (3), consistent with State regulation changes. We expect there may be further changes in State fireworks regulations.

14. A direct reference to the pertinent sections of Federal regulations on hazardous material transportation was added to Section 80.103(3) on page 284b. Fire inspectors require compliance with these sections which have always been in general references.

15. A new Appendix 1-A entitled Life Safety Requirements for Existing Buildings was not adopted because Seattle Fire Code Articles 90 through 93 have addressed the same areas.

16. Article 93 has been forwarded to the Council with an amendment ordinance to make some adjustments in some areas of the Article. These amendments should be found under separate cover.

Your City, Seattle
Executive Department-Office of Management and Budget
John Saven, Director
Charles Royer, Mayor

COPY OF WITHIN RECEIVED
NOV 1 1982

4515

October 29, 1982

The Honorable Douglas Jewett
City Attorney
City of Seattle

Douglas N. Jewett
CITY ATTORNEY

Dear Mr. Jewett:

The Mayor is proposing to the City Council that the enclosed legislation be adopted.

REQUESTING DEPARTMENT: Seattle Fire Department

SUBJECT: AN ORDINANCE relating to fire and explosion hazards, adopting the 1982 Uniform Fire Code, 1982 Uniform Fire Code Standards, and amendments thereto as the Seattle Fire Code.

Pursuant to the City Council's S.O.P. 100-014, the Executive Department is forwarding this request for legislation directly to your office for review and drafting.

After reviewing this request and drafting appropriate legislation:

(X) File the legislation with the City Clerk for formal introduction to the City Council as an Executive Request.

( ) Do not file with City Council but return the proposed legislation to OMB for our review. Return to _____.

Sincerely,

Charles Royer
Mayor

By
Nancy Saari
for John Saven
Budget Director

JS/ns

Enclosure

cc: Seattle Fire Department

DRAFT

ORDINANCE NO. _____

AN ORDINANCE relating to fire and explosion hazards, adopting the 1982 Uniform Fire Code, 1982 Uniform Fire Code Standards, and amendments thereto as the Seattle Fire Code.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. **TITLE.** This Ordinance shall be known as the Seattle Fire Code.

Section 2. **ADOPTION OF UNIFORM FIRE CODE.** The Uniform Fire Code with Appendices I-B, II-A, II-B, II-C, II-D, III-A, IV-A, and V-A thereto, 1982 Edition, the Uniform Fire Code Standards, 1982 Edition, both published by the International Conference of Building Officials and Western Fire Chiefs Association, and City of Seattle Amendments thereto, dated July 1, 1982, three (3) copies of which are filed with the City Comptroller, CF _____, are hereby adopted and together with the provisions of this Ordinance shall constitute the official Fire Code of the City of Seattle.

Section 3. **PRECEDENCE.** This Ordinance shall have precedence over documents adopted by reference. City of Seattle Amendments to the 1982 Uniform Fire Code shall have precedence over the Uniform Fire Code and Standards.

Section 4. **PERMIT FEES.** Fees for permits, certificates and inspections required by this code shall be as established in the Fire Department fee Ordinance No._____ .

Section 5. **PENALTY.** Conduct made unlawful by this Ordinance constitutes a crime subject to the provisions of Chapters 12A.01 and 12A.02 of the Seattle Criminal Code (Ordinance 102843) Any person convicted of a violation of this Ordinance or an order of the Chief may be punished by a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars ($500) or by imprisonment for no more than One Hundred Eighty (180) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Each day's violation constitutes a separate offense.

Section 6. **REPEAL.** Ordinance 108678 (An Ordinance relating to fire and explosion hazards; adopting the Uniform Fire Code and amendments thereto, as the Seattle Fire Code), Ordinance 109765 (deleting transport vehicle permits), Ordinance 109766 (adding vehicle inspection), Ordinance 110137 (adding Marine Facilities Break bulk), Ordinance 110299 (adding Article 93 Standards for High-Rise Buildings), Ordinance 110548 (inspection of Dwelling Unit Smoke Detectors), and Ordinance 110594 (Fireworks Stand Fees) are hereby repealed; except that:

a. Permits, notices and orders issued thereunder shall remain valid until expiration, completion, or when superseded by action under this Code.

b. The Permit Fee Schedule established by Ordinance 110137 shall continue in effect until superceded by the Fire Department fee Ordinance No. _____.

c. The Chief is authorized to apply technical provisions of the repealed ordinances to inspections and Fire Code compliance, as an alternate equivalent to the technical provisions of this ordinance until December 31, 1983.

Section 7. **SEVERABILITY.** The several provisions of this Ordinance are hereby declared to be separate and severable and the invalidity of any clause, sentence, paragraph, sub-division, section, or portion of this Ordinance, or the invalidity of the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this Ordinance, or the validity of its application to other persons or circumstances.

Section 8. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty days from and after its passage and approval, if approved by the Mayor; otherwise, it shall take effect at the time it shall become a law under provisions of the City Charter.

C-345

Afidavit of Publication

STATE OF WASHINGTON
KING COUNTY—SS.

The undersigned, on oath states that he is an authorized representative of The Daily Journal of Commerce, a daily newspaper, which newspaper is a legal newspaper of general circulation and it is now and has been for more than six months prior to the date of publication hereinafter refered to, published in the English language continuously as a daily newspaper in Seattle, King County, Washington, and it is now and during all of said time was printed in an office maintained at the aforesaid place of publication of this newspaper. The Daily Journal of Commerce was on the 12th day of June, 1941, approved as a legal newspaper by the Superior Court of King County.

The notice in the exact form annexed, was published in regular issues of The Daily Journal of Commerce, which was regularly distributed to its subscribers during the below stated period. The annexed notice, a

Ordinance No. 111001

was published on February 17, 1983

Subscribed and sworn to before me on

February 17, 1983

Notary Public for the State of Washington, residing in Seattle.

ORDINANCE 110601

AN ORDINANCE relating to fire and explosion hazards; repealing sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.604.010, 22.606.010, 22.606.020, 22.606.030, 22.606.040, 22.606.050, 22.606.060, 22.606.070, 22.606.080, 22.606.090, 22.606.100, 22.606.110, 22.606.120 and 22.606.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code and Ordinances 108678, 109765, 109766, 110137, and 110594 and Sections 1 and 2 of Ordinance 110548, and adding new sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.600.040 and 22.604.010, to adopt the 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code, the 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code Standards, and amendments thereto, as the Seattle Fire Codes.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Sections 22.600.010, 22.600.020, 22.600.030, 22.604.010, 22.606.010, 22.606.020, 22.606.030, 22.606.040, 22.606.050, 22.606.060, 22.606.070, 22.606.080, 22,606.090, 22.606.100, 22.606.110, 22.606.120 and 22.606.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code and Ordinance 108678, entitled:

"AN ORDINANCE relating to fire and explosion hazards, adopting the 1979 Uniform Fire Code, 1979 Uniform Fire Code Standards, and amendments thereto as the Seattle Fire Code.

and Ordinance 109765, entitled:

"AN ORDINANCE relating to and amending Ordinance 108678, the Seattle Fire Code, deleting the requirements for permits for Transport Vehicles of Hazardous materials, explosives, flammable liquids, Liquified Petroleum Gas, cryogenics, hot asphalt tanks, and aircraft refueler; and correcting other items in the Code.

and Ordinance 109766, entitled:

"AN ORDINANCE relating to and amending Ordinance 108678, the Seattle Fire Code, to provide authority to conduct regular, uniform and systematic inspections of vehicles transporting hazardous materials.

and Ordinance 110137, entitled:

"AN ORDINANCE relating to the Seattle Fire Code (Ordinance 108678, as amended), amending Sections 22.602.010 and 22.606.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code to establish a Marine Facilities Break Bulk Permit and fee therefor, to make changes for ease of reference, and to correct administrative errors.

and Sections 1 and 2 of Ordinance 110548, entitled:

"AN ORDINANCE amending Sections 2.201 and 10.307 of the Seattle Fire Code adopted by Section 22.600.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code and Sections 22.206.150 and 22.206.160 of the Seattle Municipal Code (Section 4.15 and 4.16, Housing Code 106319) to provide for enforcement of RCW 48.48.140 requiring smoke detection devices in certain dwelling units.

and Ordinance 110594 entitled:

"AN ORDINANCE relating to and amending the Seattle Fire Code, amending Section 22.602.010 (Schedule A - fees) of the Seattle Municipal Code; (Ordinance 108678),

are hereby repealed; provided, that permits, notices and orders issued thereunder shall remain valid until expiration, completion and supersession by action under this ordinance; and provided further that the Fire Chief is authorized to apply technical provisions of the repealed ordinances and Code sections to inspections and Fire Code compliance, as an alternative equivalent to the technical provisions of this ordinance, until December 31, 1983.

Section 2. There is added to the Seattle Municipal Code a new Chapter 22.600 as follows:

22.600.010 Title.

This subtitle shall be known as the Seattle Fire Code.

22.600.020 Adoption of the Uniform Fire Code.

The 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code with Appendices I-B, II-A, II-B, II-C, II-D, III-A, IV-A, and V-A thereto, and the 1982 edition of the Uniform Fire Code Standards, both published by the International Conference of Building Officials and Western Fire Chiefs Association, and The City of Seattle Amendments thereto, dated October 1, 1982, three (3) copies of which are filed with the City Comptroller (C.F. _____), are adopted and together with the provisions of this subtitle shall constitute the official Fire Code of the City.

22.600.030 Precedence.

This subtitle shall have precedence over documents adopted by reference. The City of Seattle amendments to the 1982 Uniform Fire Code shall have precedence over the Uniform Fire Code and the Uniform Fire Code Standards.

22.600.040 Fees.

Fees for permits, certificates, inspections, plans review and code alternates required by the Seattle Fire Code shall be as established in Chapter 22.602 of this Code (Fire Code Permit and Inspection Fee Ordinance, Ordinance 110893).

Section 3. There is added to the Seattle Municipal Code a new Chapter 22.604 as follows:

22.604.010 Penalty.

Conduct made unlawful by this subtitle constitutes a crime subject to the provisions of Chapters 12A.02 and 12A.04 of this Code (the Seattle Criminal Code, Ordinance 102843). Any person convicted of a violation of this subtitle or an order of the Chief may be punished by a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00) or by imprisonment for no more than one hundred eighty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Each day's violation constitutes a separate offense.

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty days from and after its passage and approved, if approved by the Mayor; otherwise it shall take effect at the time it shall become a law under the provisions of the city charter.

Passed by the City Council the 7th day of February, 1983, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 7th day of February, 1983.

Resident Pro Tem of the City Council.

Approved by me this 14th day of February, 1983.

Mayor.

Filed by me this 14th day of February, 1983

Attest: City Comptroller and City Clerk.

(SEAL)

By Theresa Dunbar Deputy Clerk.

Publication ordered by TIM HILL, Comptroller and City Clerk.
Date of official publication in Daily Journal of Commerce, Seattle, February 17, 1983. (IT-345)