Seattle Waterfront LID Assessment Hearing

Seattle LID Public Comment Hearing

February 12, 2020



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1	SEATTLE, WASHINGTON; FEBRUARY 12, 2020
2	9:04 A.M.
3	
4	(No court reporter present. The
5	following portion was transcribed
6	by the court reporter following the
7	hearing.)
8	
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Good morning.
10	I'll call to order this February 12th, 2020,
11	continuance of the Seattle Waterfront LID Assessment
12	hearing.
13	Today's objections will be heard by the
14	Hearing Examiner's Case Nos. CWF-89 at 9:00 a.m. now.
15	We'll take a break at about 10:15. We had a Case 93,
16	or CWF-93 cancel for 1:15, and then we'll have another
17	Case 94 from 2:00 to 4:00.
18	Let's start with Case No. 89.
19	Please state your name and spell it for
20	the record.
21	MS. HOLLACK: My name is Carolyn Hollack,
22	C-A-R-O-L-Y-N, Hollack, H-O-L-L-A-C-K.
23	(Ms. Hollack was sworn.)
24	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Please proceed.
25	MS. HOLLACK: Good morning.

1	As you noted, this is Case CWF-89. My
2	parcel number is 2382002330.
3	I'm going to start by reading an email
4	that I had sent in for the record regarding an
5	objection to the Waterfront LID No. 6751, Resolution
6	31915.
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: So everything
8	that's been sent in is already in your project file,
9	so if you want to
LO	MS. HOLLACK: Great.
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: summarize,
L2	that would be helpful.
L3	MS. HOLLACK: All right. All right.
L4	So key points here. We received our
L5	proposed final LID assessment. We object to the
L6	market value without LID amount, the market value with
L7	LID amount, and the derived amounts wherein, the
L8	special benefit amount, percent change in total
L9	assessment, as well as the process.
20	Briefly, the history of of LIDs are
21	that typically the owner's residents are the ones
22	requesting the improvements, and they have the
23	opportunity to vote. This is not the case here.
24	Let's see. Councilmember turnover. We
25	were not properly represented in in that case, as I

1	think is noted in my email. So there were eight
2	councilmembers that voted, only two of which we had
3	the opportunity to vote on. The others were from
4	different districts.
5	The specific assessment amount for our
6	property is inexplicably higher than the King County
7	appraised amount. The special benefit is inflated.
8	Our property will not, in fact, go up in value as a
9	result of the waterfront improvements.
10	An article from the Seattle Office of the
11	Waterfront and Civic Projects calls the waterfront a
12	defining feature of visiting Seattle, and calls it a
13	destination park, likening it to tourists attractions.
14	So that's part of the reason that we have
15	no anticipated benefit from the work that's being done
16	several blocks from us that is done to benefit
17	tourists. I'd say those are the key points for that,
18	so I won't belabor that.
19	All right. So the couple things that I
20	want to hit on today are are some of the timeliness
21	concerns, backdoor negotiations, why we have a LID,
22	the valuation process itself, some misleading payment
23	communications, really specific objections of our
24	parcel.

So we bought our property in 2014. It's

1	in a condo building with just over 250 residential
2	units and two commercial spaces. It's in the retail
3	core. The area I believe is C, Area C in the final
4	benefits study. It's Zoning DOC2 500/300-550.
5	So as I just mentioned, we found issues
6	upon receiving our assessment, market value without
7	LID, and the special benefit percent change and, you
8	know, all of the values that are derived therein, so
9	we do to be clear, we object to all of those.
LO	So my wife and I are residents and
L1	property owners. We are passionate about making the
L2	city of Seattle a better place. We do want that to be
L3	done in a thoughtful and legal manner.
L4	We have met with our City Council
L5	representative for D-7. We recognize that because of
L6	the quasi-judicial process, you know, there's
L7	there's some kind of line there, but we do want to be
L8	clear as much as we can about our concerns with the
L9	Waterfront LID.
20	We have attended the previous objection
21	hearings for the LIDs. We've attended what
22	meetings held by Friends of the Waterfront and various
23	organizations so that we could educate ourself on the
24	planning process.

I do want to be clear, we're not against

1	the waterfront improvements. So, in general, we do
2	think that these are great efforts to support tourism
3	dollars, and we do support it. We think the
4	improvements do have the potential to create the
5	the great destination park that was called out by
6	the the fellow that I mentioned earlier.
7	Our high-level concern is that the
8	Waterfront LID was improperly implemented and was
9	rushed through right before City Council turned over.
10	We believe that speed and greed impacted the improper
11	calculation of the assessed value and the projected
12	benefit.
13	I mentioned we're also concerned about the
14	City Councilmembers. None of them currently are even
15	within the assessment region. There's a clear lack of
16	representation.
17	At the time of the vote, Sally Bagshaw was
18	our representative for District 7, which is the area
19	that's impacted by the LID, and she refused [sic]
20	herself from the vote, which left us with the six
21	councilmembers who don't represent us at all, and
22	and the two at large who we might have some chance of
23	influencing.
24	So then key, too, as different from most

LIDs, we were not given the opportunity to vote on it.

1	Any calls for public response or objection were
2	answered repeatedly. There were a lot of letters sent
3	in. There were a lot of people at hearings. I mean,
4	it was actually pretty impressive how the the
5	public came out, but, you know, to date, nothing has
6	changed.
7	So timeliness, just at a high level,
8	reduced ability for preparation and objection. I do
9	understand that the Court can't delay and accommodate
LO	everyone's schedules. Totally get that. I had
L1	originally intended to go to the February 4th hearing,
L2	but I was given this date instead, and so I did have
L3	to take time off of work and reschedule my travel in
L4	order to attend. So kind of an inconvenience, and I
L5	was lucky enough to be able to do that. I'm not sure
L6	how many other people just, frankly, can't do that.
L7	I don't think I'll have the opportunity to
L8	speak with the City's appraiser today. If I
L9	understand correctly, that's going to be a little bit
20	later, so I'll figure out that scheduling later. I'm
21	still leaving town today, so I'll keep this as short
22	as I can.
23	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: We do have we
24	don't have a specific date yet, but we are

MS. HOLLACK: Okay.

1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: putting a
2	pin, as it were, in the schedule for the City to
3	present on April 27th. They've indicated, at least at
4	this point, and I'm not going to truncate their time,
5	that they'd be on for two days.
6	And whenever they finish with their case
7	in chief, there's an opportunity for cross-examination
8	following that of their witness, likely a period of
9	about four days, April 27, 28, 29 and 30.
LO	MS. HOLLACK: Is that kind of general
L1	public can attend, or is that a scheduling thing?
L2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: It's this
L3	room
L4	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Okay.
L5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: and this is
L6	an open public hearing.
L7	MS. HOLLACK: Wonderful. Thank you.
L8	Thank you. Okay. Good.
L9	I'm not a lawyer, if that wasn't clear
20	already. And so it has been challenging for me to
21	gather info on this in the short period of time
22	without paying someone to do it, but I'm doing the
23	best I can.
24	So I have gone through the the final
25	benefits study and the addenda volume, which were made

available on January 4th, so I've been going through that for the past month or so.

I've yet not found -- there was something referenced called the individual analysis sheets, and the implication was that that was for the individual parcel, and how those numbers were reached, so I haven't found that yet. I -- I'll follow up on that later, and keep hunting it down, but since that was referenced, I think, for completion, I would like to understand, you know, more details about my parcel.

Objections to the LID process. So I -- I first looked up, you know, what -- what is a LID to make sure I was on the right page with this. So a Local Improvement District, LID, provides a way for property owners to get together to pay for street and alley paving, sanitary sewers, street lighting, or underground wiring.

Property owners agree to form LIDs when the benefits from the improvements outweigh the costs. Benefits include added value to your property, and improvements to your neighborhood. You pay an amount proportional to the benefits you receive for each property you own. Which that -- that makes sense to me, and the proportional part, you know, is very clear throughout the -- the benefits study. The Local

1	Improvement Districts are initiated by the property
2	owners in the impacted area who desire improvements
3	that they are willing to fund because those benefits
4	outweigh the cost.
5	So with that, I I don't know a ton
6	about the history here, but, you know, we we did
7	see from our research that, in 2008, voters approved a
8	6-year, 73 million property tax increase for repairs
9	and improvements to the Pike Place Market. And that
LO	seemed pretty important to me as a precedent because
L1	it was voted on by those property owners, and it was
L2	approved by them, so that seemed to me like a a
L3	good process to to go through.
L4	This seemed to me like a departure from
L5	the norm. So the process that we went through with
L6	the Waterfront LID, property owners who are being
L7	assessed for that Waterfront LID financing weren't
L8	given an opportunity to vote on the improvements
L9	themselves or the funding. And it's again, to be
20	clear, it's the funding mechanism that I'm really
21	objecting to here. It's not the improvements itself.
22	So the Waterfront LID, in my mind, amounts
23	to taxation without representation. We didn't have
24	control or influence over the Seattle City

Councilmembers who voted on it. And at this point, by

1	my calculation, 50 percent of the councilmembers who
2	participated in that rushed vote have turned over
3	already.
4	So I'm happy to have this opportunity to
5	speak today because I understand you'll give a
6	recommendation to that new council, and we hope that
7	they do recognize what, to me, is an illegality of
8	action, and that they take it to vote so that we can
9	actually get more direct input and and votes from
10	property owners, and, you know or cut to the chase
11	and just find what, to me, would be a more appropriate
12	funding mechanism.
13	There was an email sent to Sally Bagshaw,
14	I don't know who it was from, but that was posted on
15	the documents for the ordinance itself.
16	(Court reporter present. End of
17	audio transcription portion.)
18	And Sally's response was and I know
19	there's no context here, but but she said [as
20	read], Sally here, I'm saddened by your position. As
21	a downtown waterfront resident, current councilmember,
22	your former client and your friend, please, please
23	know we've been working on this project since 2004 and
24	we want this LID to succeed. The decision was

thoughtfully made. Not only for this project, but for

the future Magnolia Bridge, we need the LIDs to fund major capital projects.

So that, to me, looks like a dangerous precedent. It's literally stated in an email from a councilmember that they plan to use LIDs to start funding major capital projects, something that they haven't done before. So I think this is a -- a kind of important case for them where they need to get this through in order to start having new ways to fund projects.

Our City Council has been -- been great at finding ways to collect money. I -- I do think they are kind of, unfortunately, known for not necessarily managing projects and outcomes as successfully as they could.

I am not aware from -- from my Google searching really of a broader LID based on numbers of property owners -- there's over 6,000, you know, within this LID -- in Seattle or in Washington state.

It's also not common, from what I've read,
for an LID to be proposed by government; in this case,
city council. It's intended to be a tool leveraged by
the property owners and administered by the government
who typically assist with financing municipal bonds
and the like, from -- from what I understand. So

basically, a tool leveraged by property owners administered by the government for the people, whereas this LID is imposed on the people.

So I want to now move over to some of the backdoor negotiations that took place last year. So after the initial proposal of the LID, and it was going through the process, when the impacted property owners discovered that really this was moving forward, City of Seattle is moving forward with this, they are going to implement a LID without the input, the property owners did come out strong. They -- they came down to City Hall. They signed objections to the tune of 55 percent of the -- the folks that were within the -- the region from square footage or from dollars, you know, signed something that said, we object to this LID entirely.

However, the LID wasn't thrown out. It came very close to that -- that number that you needed legally to throw it out, but a key organizer for that objection decided instead to work with developers to withhold a chunk of the signed objections. So they negotiated behind closed doors with Seattle City leaders, which I'm not even sure they were supposed to be talking to at that time, but I'm not sure about that, I'm not an expert in that area, to reach an

Seattle Waterfront LID Assessment Hearing agreement that only that small subset of property 1 2 owners agreed to. 3 For example, I signed an objection, and I 4 did not agree to have my objection held back. 5 I was -- I did not want to be part of any kind of 6 negotiations. 7 So the total dollar figure, I think it's 8 160 million, that was landed on in those improper 9 negotiations ended up being the basis for assessing 10 those properties, so backing into the total number 11 that they had agreed to in those closed, backdoor 12 negotiations. The goal being there that they wanted 13 to cap the amount. The original writing, you know, it 14 was stated so that it could extend beyond, so if the 15 project had overrun costs, et cetera, that they would

project had overrun costs, et cetera, that they version be responsible for even more than that initial

assessment had said, up to 50 or 100 percent, I don't

remember, past what they were assessed at. So they --

19 they saw a benefit from capping it.

Okay. Why a LID at all? So the waterfront improvements are actually going to be enjoyed by non-property owners, and -- and that's great. They'll be enjoyed by a lot of folks, broader than the -- the region and the boundaries of the LID.

So we looked up some statistics on

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waterfront revenue. So cruises alone, as of Q2 2018,
the Port of Seattle projected well over 1.1 million
cruise passengers in that year, 2018, and stated that
the cruise season provides over 500 million in
economic value to our region. So 2018, over
1.1 million passengers with 500 million value. These
numbers have been trending up since then, and the
waterfront improvements will directly influence those
to increase even more.
So we we went to the following year,
there's an article from Q2 2019, again from the Port
of Seattle, and this one states that the cruise
business creates nearly 900 million a year in local
revenue. Again, that's 2019. We don't have 2020
figures yet. I think they usually publish it in
April.
So the Port estimated over 1.2 million
revenue of cruise passengers in 2019, which was well
over the record number of 1.1 in 2018. Additionally,
in 2019, they started hosting larger cruise vessels,
so the three largest cruise vessels on the West Coast,
each carrying over 4,000 passengers.
So to recap a couple stats back to 2000
then, they were just shy of 120,000 passengers in

2000, and then up in 2019, there were an estimated

1	1.2 million. So we've got a proven increased revenue
2	here. That trend we're talking ten times as many
3	passengers in less than 20 years, and that trend is,
4	you know, continuing, so it's kind of increasing as it
5	goes along, compounded trending.
6	So passenger increases between 2000 and
7	2019 is a compounded annual growth rate of 13 percent,
8	so it's a huge opportunity for tourism dollars, and a
9	clear benefit there, a general benefit at the
LO	waterfront.
L1	A question, though, are the cruise
L2	passengers local? So there was a commission in 2017,
L3	the Port of Seattle commissioned the McDowell Group in
L4	2017 to survey cruise passengers, and 89 percent of
L5	the respondents were out-of-state residents, so
L6	non-Washington residents.
L7	We obviously don't have information of the
L8	11 percent that are remaining, how many of those were
L9	property owners within the LID, likely not many, but
20	that's conjecture. We we don't know that.
21	Of the 89 percent of those non-Washington
22	residents, 65 percent spent at least four hours in
23	Seattle before or after their cruise. And, you know,
24	the bulk of that time is typically spent around the
25	waterfront, just from a location perspective. It's

1	much easier to spend your time there if you have a
2	limited amount of time. And the waterfront
3	improvements, of course, are going to ensure that more
4	of that four hours will be spent on the waterfront,
5	because it is going to be a more appealing place for
6	folks to visit.
7	So this point here is that the LID is a
8	special benefit. So when we're going through these
9	numbers, we're keeping in mind, this is a Local
10	Improvement District. This is a LID, L-I-D. So
11	that's a special benefit for property owners, not a
12	benefit for visitors.
13	So again, that does not mean that this is
14	not a worthwhile improvement. We do think that it's a
15	good positive improvement. We just don't think it's
16	one that should be funded by an LID vehicle.
17	Okay. Enough about cruise ships. Just a
18	brief statement on Pike Place Market, which is very,
19	very near to the LID improvements and a direct
20	benefitter from the waterfront improvements.
21	So Pike Place Market hosts over 10 million
22	shoppers annually, 20,000 to 40,000 daily, but 10
23	million annually. It's Seattle's most popular tourist
24	designation, and it's actually the 33rd most visited

tourist attraction in the world, so this is a huge

financing opportunity as well.

The projections from -- I mean, the Port of Seattle post-waterfront improvements alone could more than cover the amount that's currently scheduled for the LID. So there's no need to take this money from the local property owners, many of whom are not even near the waterfront. And, again, it's -- it's not as much about the need, so much as this is a general benefit. It's not a special benefit. But there are other ways to finance it versus desperately kind of grabbing the folks that are perceived as nearby.

So financing the LID, increased revenue from cruise tourism, Pike Place Market tourism, I'm not here to -- to solve that problem, but, you know, there are other methods to do that versus an LID, which is the improper method.

So here we are, though. There -- there is a LID. There is a proposed LID. And -- and so I want to talk about the valuation process itself and, you know, some of this goes back to -- to the speed that I mentioned, and it maybe comes across as -- as not as in-depth as it could be, and given the scope of the properties, I mean, I kind of get that. We're talking about over 6,000 parcels here, so that's super

1	difficult to do. That takes time. And so this was a
2	very fast process, and so I do have empathy for that
3	being a challenging thing, but I I I do think
4	that perhaps it was a little too rushed, and that
5	accounts for some of the problems with it.
6	So the the boundaries of the LID
7	itself, they're they're drawn out first of all,
8	it's a it's a really huge swath. I mean, it
9	really north/south goes goes fairly far, but the
10	waterfront, you know, goes goes north/south far.
11	It goes east really incredibly far as well. We'll
12	talk about the specific improvements that are
13	proposed, but they I mean, they really are around
14	the waterfront or drawing folks to the waterfront.
15	So it's a very, very broad region, given,
16	you know, the the spot where the the
17	improvements are taking place. It kind of looks like
18	it's been drawn to maximize the dollars you can get
19	from property owners, while carving out properties
20	that could be hit up hit up for a future LID, in
21	addition to the Magnolia Bridge that we mentioned
22	earlier that Sally Bagshaw had said in in an email
23	was coming.
24	Key Arena has been mentioned as a
25	prospective candidate for a LID, you know, a little

1	bit north of us. The literal LID, the I-5 LID, you
2	know, literally they're talking about putting a
3	physical LID there, that's been mentioned as a
4	prospective candidate for LID. And so it it does
5	almost look as if some of these boundaries may have
6	been drawn to to leave space for those future
7	things.
8	The the other part about how it was
9	drawn, from the final special benefit study, there was
L0	a quote that said: Special purpose properties, such
L1	as the sports stadiums, experience lesser special
L2	benefit due to use restrictions and location at the
L3	far south end of the project.
L4	So my wife and I actually walked this the
L5	other day, and don't find this to be true. You know,
L6	the location is at the south end of the project, yes.
L7	It is very near the waterfront, though, and it's very
L8	easy to reach. It was a nice walk. It's possibly
L9	closer than our property. So we were a little
20	surprised that that they were called out as
21	something that would experience a a lesser special
22	benefit.
23	There was something else in the final
24	benefit study that I kind of summarized it as a

rising tide lifts all ships kind of -- kind of thing

1 that they were saying there.

The comments made on the currently strong downtown market trends are not meant to infer that the project would create further positive demand and intense development activity, but rather that the new waterfront amenities and improved waterfront access would enhance trends already in evidence in the various downtown Seattle real estate markets.

So that was from the -- the final benefit study. But my take on that is that, if, as claimed, the waterfront improvements will enhance existing trends, then I am not sure of the relevancy of even drawing those lines for the LID assessment. I mean, if they're claiming that the entire area is essentially going to be stimulated economically, then it seems as though the downtown property owners are being told to pay for something that the study itself says is there to help and follow the trends of the broader city, county and region.

There was another quote in the final benefit study that, you know, to me, the -- the bottom line was that it was claimed that no good comparison studies exist, so it says: It's important to remember that, one, while aspects of the projects discussed and used for comparison purposes are similar, none of the

1	projects discussed are highly similar to the
2	Waterfront Seattle project, LID, i.e., differences in
3	view amenities, specific improvements, neighborhood
4	and parcel characteristics, et cetera, and, two,
5	ongoing and proposed construction will have profound
6	impacts on market value of individual subject
7	properties. The magnitude of such impacts,
8	considering the current strength of local market
9	demand is the major influence on property values with
10	waterfront projects, the subject and others, including
11	removal of the viaduct contributing in varying
12	degrees.
13	So I I talked about, I think that there
14	was a rush to get this assessment done, and I I
15	find it hard to believe that the assessor couldn't
16	find comparable projects. There's so many projects in
17	the world that this seems, to me, a result of rushing
18	it through, this inability to to find a comparison
19	study that could actually be leveraged as a baseline
20	or for a point of comparison.
21	So I want to talk now about valuation
22	discrepancies. So super brief, two quotes from the
23	final special benefits study, and this is about the
24	

proportionality is an important element in any special

1	benefit study, and then properties with similar
2	highest and best use, similar location and physical
3	characteristics, should experience a roughly similar
4	special benefit on an overall property basis.
5	So I think that makes a lot of sense, but
6	then when I look at the investment or sorry the
7	final assessment roll, the valuation discrepancies
8	within my condo building are it's inconsistent. So
9	I tried to I tried briefly to reverse engineer that
10	methodology for valuation. There wasn't a formula or
11	algorithm provided, so I tried to kind of back into
12	it.
13	But when I looked at similar properties
14	within the condo building, I found cases where higher
15	properties are valued lower in some cases, properties
16	closer to the waterfront are valued lower in some
17	cases, whereas you'd expect it to be either the same,
18	you know, as per the the quote before, it's it's
19	comparable, or perhaps if it's closer to the
20	waterfront, perhaps it's worth a little more, has a,
21	you know, perceived higher benefit, et cetera, and yet

So misleading payment communication. This jumped out to me that -- it looks to me like there's

I found the opposite to be true in some of the

valuations, so inconsistent.

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1	some false information being supplied based on a claim
2	of a discount. So there's a a URL, it's
3	WaterfrontSeattle.org, so specifically
4	https://WaterfrontSeattle.org/local-improvement-
5	district, and so it's kind of a portal to the
6	information about waterfront. It's part of the
7	Seattle Office of the Waterfront specific projects, so
8	I would consider that to be an official communication.
9	It says: As stated in the LID formation
LO	ordinance, property owners who choose to pay their
L1	assessment in full during the 30-day pre-payment
L2	period will receive a discount on the total amount of
L3	their assessment for their portion of the cost of
L4	financing that is included in their final LID
L5	assessment.
L6	So I went to the dictionary to make sure I
L7	knew what a discount was, and Merriam-Webster says a
L8	discount is a reduction made from the gross amount or
L9	value of something. And gross in this context, as
20	defined by Merriam-Webster, is consisting of an
21	overall total, exclusive of dis sorry exclusive
22	of deductions. So, therefore, a discount is a
23	reduction made from the overall total.
24	So the ordinance doesn't have a discount.
25	I went back to the ordinance, you know, No. 125760,

1	and it has a couple statements that relate to this:
2	Whereas, it is the intention in this Council that
3	after confirmation of a final assessment roll, and the
4	expiration of the 30-day period for pre-payment of
5	such assessments, without interest or penalty, the
6	City will finance the unpaid portion of the assessment
7	roll by the issuance of Local Improvement District
8	bonds, LID bonds, which will provide for a deposit of
9	bond proceeds into the City's Local Improvement
10	Guarantee Fund in an amount to be set pursuant to the
11	ordinance authorizing issuance of the LID bonds, but
12	not to exceed a maximum of ten percent of the amount
13	of the LIDs LID bond issued.
14	Those proceeds, when released from the
15	fund in accordance with state law, will be earmarked
16	to pay for major maintenance of the LID improvements,
17	or their identified needs related to the improvement.
18	This Council further intends that persons
19	who pay their assessments in full during the 30-day
20	pre-payment period will not be responsible for these
21	financing costs, i.e., the costs of issuing the LID
22	bonds and making a Guarantee Fund deposit.
23	Section 8 in that same ordinance, the
24	125760, it says: Mode of payment. In accordance with
25	the provision of SMC 20.04.050, the mode of payment

1	for the Waterfront LID is payment by bonds.
2	Assessments not paid within the 30-day pre-payment
3	pre-payment period provided by law shall be payable in
4	installments of principal and interest with terms to
5	be fixed by future ordinance.
6	There is also some language that I
7	don't want read all of this because it's super long,
8	so it's from Section 12 in that same ordinance, and
9	the language is around authorization of LID bonds and
10	interim financing. So just I read it. I'm not
11	gonna read it here. That's that's pretty insane.
12	But without quoting it, my reading on that
13	is, there's no discount. It's an explanation of how
14	someone can pay over time, so if they're unable to
15	provide the funds in the initial 30-day period
16	payment, which is, you know, certainly going to happen
17	for some folks, then they do have ways that they're
18	able to pay over time. It's not a discount, though.
19	You're just not having to pay the interest on all
20	these bonds to be able to finance it.
21	So the statement that I'd read earlier,
22	just key parts from there, this is from the website:
23	And property owners who chose to pay their assessment
24	in full will receive a discount. I think it would
25	be more accurate to say, as stated in the LID

formation ordinance, property owners who chose to pay
their assessment in full during the 30-day prepayment
period will pay exactly the total amount of their
assessment, as opposed to owners who opt to extend the
payment period and will, therefore, have to pay a
portion of the costs of financing.

So basically, property owners have been issued an assessed amount. It's a total assessment that's noted on the LID roll and the statement that each of us got as property owners. If they pay within the 30-day period, they don't get a discount. So if I pay within 30 days, I need to pay what's on that piece of paper that I received. I'm -- I'm not getting ten percent off or anything like that.

So the reason that this matters, besides just, you know, to me, it's -- it's misleading and inaccurate, and that's -- that's bad, but it also kind of feels a little bit devious to me that owners are somehow feeling like they're getting a deal by paying the amount that they've actually been assessed at. I mean, that's -- that's just what they gotta do. Or perhaps to make owners feel that's it's normal to pay the interest, and that's -- you know, it's America, and people pay interest a lot. So it -- it feels a little bit wrong to me. But it also, from going back

1	to the ordinance, to my mind, it's misstated. It's
2	it's not a discount.
3	Okay. I will move now to objections to
4	assessment of our parcel. That's parcel number
5	2382002330.
6	So the assessment valuation the first
7	thing we looked at was the King County property
8	appraised value, because that's an easy thing to look
9	at and we're all familiar with it, and it's online,
10	right, and we we pay that. So inexplicably, the
11	market value without LID that we received on our
12	statement and that is on the final assessment roll is
13	\$725 higher than the King County appraised value, so
14	that's a super weird amount, because it's not even a
15	rounding error. It's 725, so it doesn't make sense
16	that that's a rounding error. It's it's just
17	different.
18	And so I, frankly, would feel more
19	comfortable in the assessment valuation, that there
20	was some kind of logic to, if it matched, but it
21	doesn't match. It's a super small amount higher. And
22	so that lowers my confidence in the assessment and
23	valuation process, which, frankly, I don't understand.
24	So I mentioned earlier the that there

was mention of spreadsheets for individual parcels,

1	and given the scope and the the number of parcels
2	that are contained within this full assessment, it
3	would be super helpful to see that methodology and
4	analysis behind our specific parcel. And it's
5	possible that we'll get more information on that, or
6	have the opportunity in April to to speak with
7	someone about that, which would be awesome.
8	It does seem that the burden on
9	understanding this, what is truly a complex process,
10	is being placed on us as the property owners. So I do
11	think we need to be given some more information behind
12	how those numbers were reached so that we can, you
13	know, kind of know the method to the madness. As it
14	is, we're left to our own devices in figuring out if
15	this makes sense or not. And, again, for me, with
16	that value of 725 different, I I just can't imagine
17	how you got to that, or how the assessors got to that.
18	There is a quote also in the final benefit
19	study that states: Market value conclusions for
20	individual parcels without the LID project, as
21	summarized in the preceding spreadsheets, reflect the
22	market's perception of property values in the subject
23	area as of October 1st, 2019, date of valuation.
24	So I mentioned earlier that we were in
25	Area C, and that's that's a huge area. There to

me, there is insufficient description provided of the market's perception in that subject area with a degree of precision that would align to our particular parcel number. So, in other words, lumping our parcel in with that broader region just does not make sense to me.

Again, my parcel somehow was valued some \$725 higher than King County said it was. You know, I'm not sure how that was come up with, and, again, I don't think that you can take an -- Area C, if you look at the map, is huge, and say that everything there is going to benefit in the same way or to the same degree, or that the market perception in that area is consistent across that.

So then I -- I read something that seemed a little bit contradictory to me, and almost implied that valuation actually doesn't have the precision by parcel that -- that was claimed by the individual spreadsheets.

So due to the extremely large number of parcels and unique complex nature of many ownerships, it is not the scope nor the intent of this report to address or discuss the individual valuation conclusions for each parcel. The conclusions reached are shown in the spreadsheets at the beginning of this

report, and briefly summarized by property classes
within the subsequent valuation section.

So, again, that's a huge grouping, and our -- our parcel is not indicative of an average parcel in that -- that region or zoning.

The individual analysis sheets that I mentioned, so this is a direct quote from the final benefit study: Individual analysis sheets were prepared on each affected parcel in order to form the summarized conclusions, taking into consideration all factors that affect property value and utilizing the best information available.

So is it per parcel or isn't it? Because previously what was stated was that it looked at the region, and then kind of top-down approach, so you look across and everybody's kind of the same. And then now it was stated, though, that the analysis sheets were prepared on each affected parcel, and that formed the summarized conclusions.

So I'm -- I'm seeing two things in this study that say two very different things, and I am unable to tell or conclude, is it -- is it per parcel or isn't it? So without the visibility to those individual analysis sheets, we -- we don't have visibility into the methodology for a particular

parcel, so I'm -- I'm just kind of unclear why there's a claim of analysis on each parcel when the study repeatedly refers to more generic methods and groupings, so I can't tell which it is.

Now, I mentioned earlier that this is a general benefit, not a special benefit. And the six main elements in the waterfront improvements are the promenade, the overlook walk, the Pioneer Square street improvements, the Union Street pedestrian connection, Pike-Pine streetscape improvements, and Pier 58.

So these six main elements don't provide a special benefit for our property. The proximity of the main elements, five of the six, so exception of Pike -- Pike-Pine streetscape improvements that -- they're far enough that they don't provide a special benefit for our property, and then the sixth one, the Pike Pain -- Pike-Pine streetscape improvements, they are not a special benefit to us either. So they're closer, so I -- I get that, but I -- they would not improve our property value.

There was a prior ruling on including a property that will not receive special benefits, as my property is not. It is unlawful to include any property that will not receive special benefits, and

1	it is an unconstitutional taking of private property.
2	So that's Heavens v. King County Rule Rural Library
3	District, 66 Wn.2d 558, et cetera.
4	So in conclusion, to summarize, we
5	disagree with and object to the Waterfront LID funding
6	tactics, the last-minute decision by Seattle City
7	Council, the dangerous precedent that is being set,
8	and the appalling disregard for public input and
9	opinion.
LO	We disagree with the boundaries that were
L1	drawn for the LID area. It's well beyond the
L2	immediate waterfront that the improvements will be
L3	used by an even broader group.
L4	We object to the assessment and valuation
L5	of our property, with and without the LID, and are
L6	disappointed with the lack of information on the
L7	methodology and analysis.
L8	I have just a few statements from folks
L9	who were unable to attend the hearing, but were
20	anxious to make sure their voices were heard, and I'm
21	going to go through this quickly.
22	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: So this isn't
23	concerning your case?
24	MS. HOLLACK: That's correct, yeah.
25	I'll I'll provide the case numbers.

1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: If we could
2	provide the case numbers, there's no need to read them
3	into it. Let's let's identify them by case number
4	and then they can be put into the case file
5	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Great.
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: for that.
7	MS. HOLLACK: I have a I have a few of
8	them who reported that they did not receive a case
9	number, so I did want to bring that up.
10	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: There may be
11	people who there are a number of people who or I
12	should say a small group compared to 400 of you, many
13	of you have understood the process quite well.
14	There's some that simply haven't understood it, and
15	there were some that were either there on the 4th,
16	others that weren't, and so I understand that some
17	people don't haven't quite worked through the
18	process.
19	MS. HOLLACK: Is is there a way I can
20	help them with that? Because some of these folks, I
21	think would would know what's up. You know, when I
22	emailed it in, I got a case number on the subject, and
23	it almost looks as if some something broke for two
24	days, and maybe the case numbers didn't come out.

HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Okay.

1	MS. HOLLACK: I'm I'm guessing there,
2	but I
3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
4	MS. HOLLACK: I can let you know
5	(Cross-talking.)
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All objections
7	are accounted for at this time, and I don't have any
8	other way of organizing except case numbers. So
9	those those numbers are out there.
LO	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: If you can
L2	identify it by whatever best means you can, by case
L3	number or parcel number, if you don't have a case
L4	number
L5	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: then we'll
L7	we'll assure that the statement that you are will
L8	introduce it as an exhibit into each of those case
L9	number files.
20	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Great.
21	I would then, if you don't mind, because I
22	have case numbers for all but three, I'd like to, for
23	the ones that I don't have the case number, get those
24	on the record.
25	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yeah. Well,

1	what you do is you just what I was saying is
2	you'll
3	MS. HOLLACK: Well, I heard what you're
4	saying.
5	(Cross-talking.)
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: case number
7	and
8	MS. HOLLACK: I'm just worried about it.
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I understand,
LO	but you're not here to represent them, so you can't
L1	simply just show up and start representing them.
L2	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. They
L3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: But we will
L4	but I will take it into the record of what you're
L5	bringing today, and you do have a parcel number for
L6	them
L7	MS. HOLLACK: I believe that I do.
L8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I assume.
L9	MS. HOLLACK: I do for some of them. I
20	haven't checked if I had them for
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: If you don't
22	have any way of identifying them, you could read it
23	for hours
24	MS. HOLLACK: I'll find their parcel.
25	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: and I would

1	have no idea who we're talking about.
2	MS. HOLLACK: I'll find their parcel.
3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: So you do need
4	to figure it out.
5	MS. HOLLACK: I'll take care of that.
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
7	Let's start with the first one.
8	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
9	So, again, though, if I've got the case
LO	number, I can skip that?
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: No. What I want
L2	you to let's start with the case number ones.
L3	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L4	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Those are the
L5	easy ones. I want you to tell me the case number
L6	MS. HOLLACK: Easy first.
L7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: we're going
L8	to mark it as an exhibit, and then the document you're
L9	handing in will go into that case number file.
20	MS. HOLLACK: Wonderful. Okay. Thank
21	you.
22	So the first one, the case number is
23	CWF-0053.
24	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And to make it
25	even easier on you, you can skip the whole CWF, you

1	can skip the zeroes, and we just need the number.
2	MS. HOLLACK: All right. 53. So this is
3	our
4	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: 53. We're
5	marking this as Exhibit 1 to Case No. 53.
6	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Wonderful.
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And you can hand
8	that to Mr. Edlund-Cho.
9	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Great. Great.
10	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And that's
11	MS. HOLLACK: It's for Joyce Rogers.
12	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: marked as an
13	exhibit, and that will go in that case file.
14	MS. HOLLACK: Wonderful. Wonderful.
15	(Exhibit No. 1 was marked.)
16	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: You have another
17	one?
18	MS. HOLLACK: And oh, she had a verbal
19	thing that she wanted me to say as well, that she is
20	displeased about this taking money from her heirs, so
21	she did not have that in her original letter, and
22	and wanted to add that, if that's possible.
23	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: We'll try
24	MS. HOLLACK: I understand that
25	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: and keep

1	track of that.
2	MS. HOLLACK: And let's see.
3	So case numbers. All right. This one is
4	Case No. 397.
5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: That will be
6	marked as Exhibit 1 for 397.
7	(Exhibit No. 1 was marked.)
8	MS. HOLLACK: Wonderful.
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And just for the
LO	record, if any of these individuals have for some
L1	reason appeared and already have exhibits being
L2	stacked into their case files, it doesn't sound like
L3	they are, but if by chance they have, and, for
L4	example, they've already appeared and we have exhibits
L5	introduced for them, if the number I assign today is
L6	inaccurate, it will simply follow in sequence from
L7	where they've introduced.
L8	MS. HOLLACK: Understood. Thank you. All
L9	right. So that's from John and LaGayle Sosnowy.
20	And
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: That's Exhibit 1
22	for that case number.
23	MS. HOLLACK: And the next case number is
24	127. That's 127. So this is Melody Wisdorf. She
25	also found flaws with the property parcel valuation.

1	(Exhibit No. 1 was marked.)
2	MS. HOLLACK: And this case number is 81,
3	81. This is Jerry Meyer.
4	HEARING OFFICER VANCIL: Exhibit 1 for
5	Case 81.
6	
	(Exhibit No. 1 was marked.)
7	MS. HOLLACK: He also views the waterfront
8	improvements as a general benefit.
9	And so now I have three that I do not have
10	a case number for. I do have
11	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Do you have
12	parcel numbers for them?
13	MS. HOLLACK: I do for this first one.
14	I'II
15	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Okay. Let's
16	start with that one.
17	(Cross-talking.)
18	MS. HOLLACK: I'll look at each as I
19	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
20	MS. HOLLACK: as I hit them.
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Okay. Start
22	with that one.
23	MS. HOLLACK: So Tim's parcel number is
24	2382001270.
25	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Okay.

1	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Carrie, when did he
2	submit it?
3	MS. HOLLACK: When oh, he submitted it
4	via email on January 29th, and yeah, he said
5	that
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: The parcel
7	number will be the the direct route to getting that
8	in the file.
9	MS. HOLLACK: Wonderful. Good.
10	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: So we'll be able
11	to look
12	MS. HOLLACK: Yeah. Just want to ensure
13	he gets that. And so I do want to read that. Since
14	he doesn't have a case number, I feel nervous about
15	this. Am I permitted to do that?
16	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: No.
17	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
18	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: You're not here
19	to represent other parties.
20	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And I simply
22	can't just allow you to show up on behalf of other
23	parties.
24	MS. HOLLACK: Nope. I I understand.
25	They did, by the way, give me permission

1	to do this, just so you know. But I'm not
2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Understood. All
3	right.
4	MS. HOLLACK: I'm not saying that changes
5	the rules.
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yeah.
7	MS. HOLLACK: All right. Let's see.
8	Victoria Loyko, so this parcel number is
9	238
LO	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Let's let this
L1	one get marked.
L2	MS. HOLLACK: Sorry.
L3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: This will be
L4	Exhibit No., and we're going to identify the case
L5	number later.
L6	(Exhibit No. 1 was marked.)
L7	MS. HOLLACK: Great.
L8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Okay.
L9	MS. HOLLACK: Looks like I do have the
20	parcel numbers. So this is parcel ID 2382002720, and
21	this is Victoria Loyko.
22	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: That will be
23	marked as Exhibit 1 for that case number.
24	(Exhibit No. 1 was marked.)
25	MS. HOLLACK: She has recently bought and

1	sold property within the LID, so I thought she had a
2	good perspective.
3	And only one left here. No case number,
4	but I do have the parcel number for this as well. So
5	this is 2382002070, and this is Monica Adams.
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
7	MS. HOLLACK: Wonderful.
8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: These will be
9	associated with their case numbers.
LO	(Exhibit No. 1 was marked.)
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And I can assure
L2	you that I do read I have read all of the
L3	objections, so I've got to go back and read them more
L4	thoroughly, but having a statement as part of your
L5	objection is actually more effective than simply
L6	reading it into the record today. The chances of me
L7	going
L8	MS. HOLLACK: That's great.
L9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: back and
20	listening to every moment of this hearing are slim to
21	none.
22	MS. HOLLACK: Gotcha. Yeah.
23	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And so from
24	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
25	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: if you if

1	an objector wants to get their message through, unless
2	it's specific legal argument or witness testimony
3	that's unique to their case, these types of statements
4	are better in writing anyway.
5	MS. HOLLACK: Oh, that's good to know.
6	Thank you.
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Is there
8	anything further for your case that you intend to
9	introduce?
LO	MS. HOLLACK: I do just want to introduce
L1	my own statement in. Oh, sorry.
L2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Okay.
L3	MS. HOLLACK: So that's for my case.
L4	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: This will be
L5	marked as Exhibit 1 for Case 89. All of these
L6	exhibits are admitted.
L7	(Exhibit No. 1 was marked.)
L8	MS. HOLLACK: And I I went through
L9	today some some statements. I thought it would be
20	ridiculous to print them out, but perhaps I'm wrong.
21	I I was going to email it in, because I do want to
22	get it into the record. But would a more appropriate
23	way be for me to print that and mail it in?
24	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Can you clarify
25	what you mean by statements? Does this

1	MS. HOLLACK: Oh, sorry. The the
2	things that I went through today.
3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Is that not in
4	your statement that you just introduced?
5	MS. HOLLACK: No.
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: So the
7	statement you may have been reading from notes
8	today, and you're asking to keep the record open to
9	submit those notes into the record for your
10	MS. HOLLACK: Well said.
11	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: case?
12	MS. HOLLACK: That is what I'm asking,
13	yeah.
14	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right. Then
15	the record will remain open for Case 89 to have the
16	hearing notes introduced by the objector.
17	MS. HOLLACK: That's great. Thank you.
18	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Anything further
19	for your presentation?
20	MS. HOLLACK: No.
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
22	MS. HOLLACK: That concludes it. Thank
23	you.
24	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Any from the
25	City?

1	All right. Thank you very much.
2	We will adjourn, and we will reconvene at
3	2:00 p.m. today for the next case. Thank you.
4	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you for your time.
5	(A break was taken from
6	9:48 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.)
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Good afternoon.
8	MS. MCGEHEE: Good afternoon.
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: We are here to
10	continue this February 12th, 2020, Seattle Waterfront
11	LID Assessment hearing.
12	The next objection that we're hearing is
13	Case No. CWF-00094.
14	MS. MCGEHEE: Can you be mic'd?
15	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I'm sorry?
16	MS. MCGEHEE: Can you turn your mic on
17	because I can barely hear you.
18	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: My mic is on.
19	It's purely for recording purposes. So if you need
20	if you need some assistance with hearing, we have
21	hearing assistance programs.
22	MS. MCGEHEE: No, I'm good as long as I
23	know what the situation is. Okay.
24	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Could you
25	please, as appellants, state your name and spell it

1	for the record.
2	MS. HOLLACK: Certainly. Would you give
3	me that case number again that you're referencing, or
4	was that simply the tax ID parcel number?
5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: What's your case
6	number?
7	MR. MCGEHEE: My tax ID parcel number
8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: No, your case
9	number.
10	MS. MCGEHEE: It doesn't say it.
11	MS. HOLLACK: Hold on. I might have that.
12	Stand by.
13	I don't have a case number. I have a King
14	County parcel identification number, also known as a
15	PIN, and I have our address.
16	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: As I understand
17	it, your case number has been assigned as CWF-000094
18	or 94.
19	MS. HOLLACK: 00094. And what were the
20	alpha characters prior to that?
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: CWF.
22	MS. HOLLACK: Charlie Whiskey Foxtrot?
23	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yes.
24	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you.
25	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Please state

1	your name and spell it for the record.
2	MS. HOLLACK: My name is Stuart McGehee
3	spelled S-T-U-A-R-T, and then McGehee is
4	M-C-G-E-H-E-E.
5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And are you the
6	only one who will be testifying today?
7	MS. HOLLACK: No, sir.
8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Please state
9	your name for the record and spell it.
LO	MS. MCGEHEE: I'm Dione McGehee,
L1	D-I-O-N-E, McGehee, M-C-G-E-H-E-E.
L2	(Stuart and Dione McGehee sworn.)
L3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Thank you.
L4	Please proceed with your presentation.
L5	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you, Mr. Hearing
L6	Examiner. I appreciate the opportunity to present our
L7	objection to the Waterfront LID No. 6751.
L8	Once again, you have us indexed with a
L9	case number. We also would like to state for the
20	record our tax parcel ID is 2538830950.
21	And Mr. Hearing Examiner, for today's
22	session, I would like to address the macro of the LID
23	assessment, and then the micro as it applies
24	specifically to our condo, which is Unit 2504 in the
25	1521 that's 1521 Second Avenue condo building.

1	So without any objection, I'd like to
2	proceed. All right.
3	First of all, do you have a copy of our
4	objection that we filed?
5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yes, I do.
6	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
7	So I won't distribute those. All right.
8	I'd like to just hit some of the
9	highlights of this. Reading from the objection that
LO	we sent prior to the deadline, so [as read]:
L1	Stuart C. McGehee and Dione McGehee have owned this
L2	property since August of 2018. Previously, Stuart
L3	McGehee and Dione McGehee were renters in the 1521
L4	Second Avenue condo building.
L5	Dione McGehee, my wife to my left, is a
L6	career commercial real estate professional, having
L7	been involved in commercial real estate for three
L8	decades.
L9	I, Stuart McGehee, am a veteran financial
20	industry financial services industry participant.
21	I am the founder and a principal and one of the owners
22	of Pacific Northwest Asset Management LLC, located at
23	2211 Elliott Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle 98121. So I
24	am not only a business owner downtown, but I am also a
25	resident downtown.

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So in preparation of this objection and appeal, we discovered that the final special benefit study and addenda volume, I guess, that was done by Valbridge had not been available to property owners until January 4th, 2020, although the 237-page final study is dated November 18th, 2019, and the 214-page addenda volume dated -- is dated November 12th, 2019. So it seems to me that is a fairly short amount of time to provide a layperson like me and my wife to have the opportunity to plow through all that information and study it.

So anyway, I wanted to state that for the record. I don't think you're going to give us a continuance. You already continued it from the 4th until the 12th. But it's still, in our view, a very short amount of time to assess and analyze all -- all of that data.

The second part of our objection is that there are -- as you're probably aware, there are no plans and specifications on file with the clerk's office for the LID improvements, and it's unlawful to move to final assessment without such plans and specifications. And I cite Ordinance 125760, Section 3. It's a local road -- excuse me. Local and Road Improvement Districts Manual for Washington

1	State, Sixth Edition, pages 3, 19, 31, 40 and 44,
2	published in 2009.
3	So, once again, without plans and
4	specifications on files with the clerk's office for
5	the LID improvement, it seems to me that it's unlawful
6	to move forward with it, but here we sit.
7	Thirdly in our objection, there has been
8	no State Environmental Policy Act review of the
9	Waterfront LID formation ordinance, and there are
10	incomplete State Environmental Policy Act reviews of
11	the LID improvements themselves.
12	It is unlawful, as you probably know, to
13	move forward with a final assessment until all State
14	Environmental Policy Act reviews are complete for both
15	the Waterfront LID and the Waterfront LID
16	improvements. That comes straight out of the LID
17	manual, page 3, 6, 7, 24 and 26, and SMC 25.05.800.Q,
18	like Quebec.
19	So Mr. Hearing Examiner, number four on
20	our objection is, without more design details and a
21	date certain for completion completing
22	construction, it is pure speculation what benefit,
23	general or specific, if any, the LID improvements will
24	create.
25	And I would like to, at this point, submit

1	Exhibit 1, which is a letter from Anthony Gibbons.
2	This letter was written to John C. McCullough and
3	Catherine Stanford. John McCullough is an attorney at
4	law at McCullough Hill Leary, and Catherine Stanford
5	is a she's with CA Stanford Public Affairs. Both
6	are Seattle companies, and I have three copies of
7	Exhibit 1 that I would like to present.
8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And for
9	submitting exhibits, we just need one.
LO	MS. HOLLACK: You just need one?
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yeah, we'll take
L2	one here
L3	MS. HOLLACK: Oh.
L4	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: we'll mark
L5	that.
L6	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: If you brought
L8	other copies, one copy goes to the City.
L9	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
20	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And one is
21	simply for your own use.
22	MS. HOLLACK: And one is goes where?
23	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: For you.
24	MS. HOLLACK: Oh, I've got one. Okay.
25	Thank you.

1	MS. MCGEHEE: We got flooded.
2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
3	That's marked as Exhibit 1.
4	(Exhibit No. 1 was marked.)
5	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
6	And I'd like to take a moment to read from
7	Exhibit 1. And this letter from Mr. Gibbons I think
8	has an immense amount of credibility. Mr. Gibbons is
9	with Gibbons & Riely, PLLC, which is a real estate
LO	appraisal, counseling and mediation firm located on
L1	Bainbridge Island.
L2	Mr. Gibbons is an MAI, which is a member
L3	of the Appraisal Institute. Those are very rigorous
L4	credentials to obtain. He's also a CRA, which is
L5	counselors of real estate that
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And I don't know
L7	if you were there on the 4th, but I noted that I
L8	know Mr. Gibbons at the original hearing.
L9	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
20	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I'm familiar
21	with him and his work.
22	MS. HOLLACK: You are. Okay. Good. All
23	right.
24	So are you familiar with this letter that
25	he has written?

1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: It's been a
2	copy of it's been submitted with many objections.
3	MS. HOLLACK: It has? Okay. Got it.
4	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yes. If there
5	are specific highlights that you want to tie into for
6	your objection, this is a good time to do that.
7	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Yes. I would,
8	please.
9	And if you care to follow along, I am
10	in on page 2 and Section 1, and Mr. Gibbons, in his
11	profession, in the appraisal profession, follows
12	certain protocol that that is standard for the
13	industry. In other words, the appraisal profession
14	has a certain amount of art to it, as you might
15	expect, simply because there is no definitive process.
16	It's not like accounting where there is a, you know,
17	schedule of amortization for a certain asset that must
18	be applied, and so the appraisal industry has certain
19	protocols that they follow.
20	One of the one of
21	the one of the things they use, obviously, are
22	comparables when they're appraising a piece of real
23	estate or looking at value for eminent domain or, in
24	this case, a LID. And he has I think Mr. Gibbons

has done a good job of enumerating those issues, and

1 I'd like to just touch on a few of them right now.

Number one, it says [as read]: LIDs are typically reserved for the funding of utility improvements and infrastructure within a specific neighborhood or market, and represent a means by which a group of property owners can receive and pay for improvements that might otherwise be avoided by a municipality; perhaps, the project in question is/has been deemed too specific, or not a priority to cover with general funding. The mechanism essentially allows property owners to pay for the LID with the obvious value lift associated with, say, the provision of sewer or road.

Under Revised Code of Washington
34.44.010, the cost and expense of improvements made
through a LID shall be assessed upon all the property
within the boundaries of the LID in accordance with
the special benefits conferred thereon.

The value lift associated with provisions of the infrastructure, say water or power or sewer, is typically easily measured, and specific benefits are not hard to prove and calculate.

He goes on to say in the next paragraph:

The current proposal, to fund a regional park through
this mechanism, represents a special challenge for an

1	appraiser, as the special benefit associated with an
2	amenity, such as a publicly owned park, is not
3	obviously beneficial in the same fashion as a utility
4	extension representing more of an aesthetic and a
5	widely dependent upon factors unrelated to mere
6	presence of the project, such as operations, public
7	use, et cetera.
8	So if in theory, let's suppose we were
9	to or the City of Seattle were to decide to build a
10	bridge from downtown to Bainbridge Island. That's an
11	absurd thought, but if that were to be done, that
12	would benefit the property owners on Bainbridge
13	Island, unlike this park where our City officials, and
14	where all the documentation that you will see later
15	today, talks about this being a benefit for the entire
16	city and the entire region.
17	So I don't think we would have City
18	officials or the mayor going to the podium and saying,
19	okay, a bridge to Bainbridge Island is going to
20	benefit the region. And, to me, the region includes
21	Issaquah, it includes Everett, it includes Seattle, it
22	includes Renton, it includes the entire region.
23	And if you want to take it even further,
24	since the metropolitan area runs all the way down

basically to Olympia, there is the possibility that

1	when the mayor and the Friends of the Seattle
2	Waterfront are talking about how it benefits the
3	region, that this park will benefit the entire metro
4	area, all those areas that I included down south to
5	Olympia, up north to Everett, and and possibly
6	beyond.
7	But I don't think a bridge to Bainbridge
8	Island would be deemed the same benefit to somebody in
9	Everett or to somebody in Issaquah. That would
10	benefit the property owners of Bainbridge Island.
11	So that type of lift in value would be far
12	easier to measure than a public park that is in the
13	downtown district where the City is telling us that
14	our property value will be lifted.
15	Then let's talk about the special benefit.
16	This is in Section 2 on page 2 of Mr. Gibbons' letter.
17	[As read] A successful LID is based upon
18	the correct identification of the special benefit
19	created. Special benefits are those that add value to
20	the remaining property as distinguished from those
21	arising incidentally and enjoyed by the public
22	generally.
23	So and what I just read you, that's
24	from the Washington Pattern Jury Instructions,
25	Chapter 150, on eminent domain.

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1	So
² ber	nefit ver
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So we have this issue of the special benefit versus the general benefit. Okay? So this lift in value is important to isolate the special benefit from the general benefit.

So on the next page, continuing in Section 2 and the first paragraph on page 3 of my Exhibit 1, the precise meaning of special benefit has been debated in the courts, particularly in eminent domain cases, with the same principles applying to LIDs. One of the clearest and often cited distinctions of special and general benefit is found in the following court decision. And I am reading from United States versus 2,477.79 Acres of Land, as quoted in Nicols.

So this quote is [as read]: The most satisfactory distinction between general and specific benefit is that general benefits are those which arise from fulfilment of the public object, and special benefits are those which arise from the pec- -- the peculiar relation of the land in question to the public improvements.

There are various common-sense applications of special benefits. They cannot be remote, speculative or imaginary. And in addition, the appraiser should consider when the benefit is

1	actually received.
2	MS. MCGEHEE: Say that again. When the
3	benefit
4	MS. HOLLACK: In addition
5	MS. MCGEHEE: is actually received.
6	MS. HOLLACK: the appraiser should
7	consider when the benefits will actually be received.
8	And, again, this is Mr. Gibbons, who is a
9	career appraiser making these comments.
LO	So sort of this the the bible of
L1	valuation in litigation was written by a gentleman by
L2	the name of Jim Eaton, who was also a member of the
L3	Appraisal Institute. And I remind you, Mr. Hearing
L4	Examiner, that those credentials are rigorous and
L5	difficult to obtain.
L6	Mr. Eaton, in his in his book wrote the
L7	following [as read]: The fair market value of the
L8	remainder, as the date of the valuation, shall reflect
L9	the time when the damage or benefit caused by the
20	proposed improvement or project will be actually
21	realized.
22	So I would I would also just like to
23	point out now that this notion of when the benefit is
24	going to be realized has yet to be determined. Okay?
25	We don't even know when the project is going to be

1 complete.

And I would like to point to a project that was just completed one year ago this month, and that's the State Route 99 tunnel. We all know the viaduct came down, Bertha dug the -- the tunnel, and it just opened February 4th, I believe, of 2019.

Well, that particular project, money was allocated to that project, to State Route 99 tunnel, in 2009. And the planners at that time said it would be completed in six years and open in 2015. Well, we know that didn't happen. Okay? It opened in February of 2019. And the cost overruns were not insignificant. They were in the hundreds of millions of dollars.

So because I'm still at the macro, I just want to point out that, in the appraisal profession, the actual timing of the benefit is essential to the appraisal. We don't know when the -- when the waterfront park is going to be completed. We have no idea. So --

MS. MCGEHEE: Or started.

MS. HOLLACK: All right.

Now, I'd like to move on in Mr. Gibbons' letter to Section 3 on page 2, and that's the Valbridge study.

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So the Valbridge study presented on behalf of the City fails to meet key tests of credibility in the application of special benefit. Keep in mind that there's general and there's special benefit. And in a property lift, according to the appraisal profession, that is derived from the special benefit, not from the general benefit.

At issue are the following general categories of analysis: A, special benefit definition and distinction from general benefits. The appraisal -- and this is, again, referring to the Valbridge study -- the appraisal makes no attempt to assess general benefit, and does not offset the apparent measure of special benefit with general benefits.

The appraisal ignores the basic question -- and this is key -- total benefit minus general benefit equals special benefit. And I'd like to repeat that. Total benefit minus general benefit equals special benefit.

So our LID tax is based on the special benefit, and the Valbridge study seems to have omitted this key appraisal concept of taking the total minus the general to equal the specific benefit.

If the evidence -- and I'm reading again

1	from Mr. Gibbons' letter. If the evidence of benefit
2	presented by the appraiser is to be believed, it is
3	apparent that general benefits have been included in
4	the special benefits study.
5	So beyond the lack of recognition of
6	general benefit, it is noted that the very nature of a
7	public improvement, a regional park, and the wide LID
8	boundary described in the report suggests the entire
9	project could be described as offering almost entirely
LO	general benefit.
L1	Almost by definition, if 48.1 billion of
L2	real estate is impacted by the project, the benefits
L3	provided would seem very general and widespread in
L4	nature.
L5	And to elaborate on Mr. Gibbons' notion,
L6	if if, you know, almost 50 billion in property is
L7	affected, then that is not narrow in scope. That is
L8	broad in scope. That is a general impact. And,
L9	again, the Valbridge study made no attempt to isolate
20	the special benefit by taking the total, subtracting
21	the general to yield the special benefit.
22	I'd like to move on to page 3 of
23	Mr. Gibbons' letter. This is about the middle of the
	1

not supported by empirical data.

page, and it would be 3d, like delta, assessments are

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1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Sorry. You're
2	on page 4?
3	MS. MCGEHEE: Three.
4	MS. HOLLACK: I'm on page 3.
5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: You were just on
6	page
7	MS. HOLLACK: Sorry about that. Hold on.
8	Let me count them. I'm sorry. I'm on page 4.
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Thank you.
10	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you for the
11	correction.
12	So once again, 3d on page 4. And I'm
13	sorry. The pages are not numbered oh, yes, they
14	are. Top left. My bad.
15	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I'm with you.
16	MS. HOLLACK: I apologize about that.
17	[As read] The evidence presented for
18	special benefit is almost entirely anecdotal. The
19	appraisal does not provide discrete and empirical
20	before and after analysis of purportedly similar
21	public projects across a wide range of property takes.
22	Anecdotal opinions of before and after, without
23	apparent adjustments for general benefits, correction
24	of blight issues and the passage of time, do not
25	provide a convincing case for the assignment of a .5

1	to 4 percent value increase to a full spectrum of
2	property across excuse me property types across
3	a wide downtown area many blocks away from the
4	improvement.
5	I'd like to now go to the conclusion
6	listed on page 5 of Mr. Gibbons' letter, and it says:
7	In conclusion, the special benefits study presents
8	several major issues. These include, bullet point
9	one: The before condition is not adequately
LO	described. Side-by-side illustrations of the before
L1	and after are not presented. This kind of descriptive
L2	detail would appear necessary for the purposes of
L3	evaluating an amenity or aesthetic difference to be
L4	specifically created through funding.
L5	Bullet point two: Special benefits are
L6	merely assigned, not measured. We discussed that
L7	before. The study does not provide a measurement of
L8	after value with the project in place that is
L9	independent of a before value, and takes into
20	consideration delay until receipt. Purportedly
21	measured benefits are not allocated into general and
22	special benefits. Labeling all benefits as special
23	does not appear credible for a regional park.
24	And the last bullet point: Benefits
25	associated with proximity should be evaluated in the

1	form of a lift in the land value. The methodology
2	used, open paren, a broad percentage assessment
3	applied to total property value, close paren, results
4	in inequitable assignments between properties.
5	The last paragraph reads: The more
6	general issue is the difficulty of trying to forecast
7	a benefit that is special to a park that has regional
8	appeal. The more common application of a LID is for
9	the extension of infrastructure. And here, special
10	benefits can be particularly and incrementally
11	assessed to unserved property brought by a development
12	condition through the provision of infrastructure.
13	However, the application of a special benefit
14	methodology to a downtown area for a park amenity
15	presents represents a challenging and potential
16	impossible assignment if it is to be free of
17	speculation and imagination.
18	So thank you for allowing me to read that,
19	Mr. Hearing Examiner, and I that concludes my
20	review of Exhibit 1. All right?
21	I'd like to now return to our objection,
22	and take a look at number 5, please, where it says:
23	My property is not receiving any special benefit. It
24	is unlawful to include any property that will not

receive special benefits, and it is an

1	unconstitutional taking of private property. And I
2	have, quote, Heavens versus King County Rural Library
3	District, 66 Wn.2, delta, 58 I think that's pages
4	558, 560, 444, page 2d, 453 [sic], and that case was
5	in 1965.
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And if you'd
7	like, you can skip the citations.
8	MS. HOLLACK: Pardon me?
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: If you'd like,
LO	you can skip the citations. I have your objection, so
L1	it's
L2	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: The best purpose
L4	of today is making your objection
L5	MS. HOLLACK: Yes, sir.
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: in addition
L7	to what's already here so that I can hear those
L8	arguments. And so you've for example, in your last
L9	issue, you brought in some Re-Solve, Anthony Gibbons
20	evidence
21	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
22	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: so that was
23	helpful.
24	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
25	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: But you don't

1	necessarily need to read the whole thing, as it were.
2	But if you want to highlight where you are, that's
3	helpful to me to understand your argument.
4	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Great. Thank you.
5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Just knowing
6	that you're not an attorney, you don't have to read
7	the citations. It just
8	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you, Mr. Hearing
9	Examiner.
10	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: makes it a
11	little easier on you.
12	MS. HOLLACK: Yes. Okay.
13	Just basically hit on item six of our
14	approximate, the Valbridge study again, the estimated
15	lift applied to our property is less than four
16	percent, which is in the margin of error for any
17	appraisal, not just the Valbridge study, and thus, by
18	definition, speculation. I refer again to
19	Mr. Gibbons' letter.
20	Just staying where I was only just take
21	a second to read here. On number 8, our objection
22	talks about the LID is not local or intended to
23	provide special benefits. It is regional, national
24	and international, so we don't see that there is any
25	special benefit to us for that

1	At this time, Mr. Hearing Examiner, I
2	would like to submit Exhibit 3, and this is a YouTube
3	video. The URL is at the top of the screen right
4	here. So I'll provide one to you. Thank you. And
5	City representative, I have one for you.
6	And so at about the
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And we're
8	marking this as Exhibit 2.
9	MS. HOLLACK: Yes. I'm sorry. It's out
LO	of order.
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: This is your
L2	first one, and just for our records, you're welcome to
L3	use whatever numbers you like, but once they cross
L4	over here
L5	MS. HOLLACK: Right.
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: we'll put
L7	them in order.
L8	MS. HOLLACK: Right. And I'm gonna
L9	(Cross-talking.)
20	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. I'll just
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Exhibit 2 for
22	case 93 sorry 94.
23	(Exhibit No. 2 was marked.)
24	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you very much.
25	And the reason I am bringing this to your

1	attention, Mr. Hearing Examiner, is because at
2	approximately the seven-and-a-half-minute mark, our
3	mayor, Mayor Jenny Durkan, discusses how this park is
4	for everyone. And I'd like to play just a brief clip.
5	It's about a nine-second clip of that for the record,
6	if I may.
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I'm only
8	pausing I need to think just for a moment.
9	MS. HOLLACK: This is in the public
LO	domain. This is not
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I understand
L2	that. I I just want to make sure your cell phone
L3	doesn't get be part of the record. So I'm just
L4	doing this for your sake.
L5	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I think if you
L7	play it, that will be fine. It will catch the
L8	recording.
L9	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
20	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Any objection
21	from the City?
22	MS. THOMPSON: No, that's fine.
23	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
24	Please proceed.
25	(Court reporter clarification.)

1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: No. This is
2	considered evidence, so you don't have it's not
3	testimony from a present individual.
4	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
5	And once again, the backdrop of why I'm
6	playing this and why I researched this is because this
7	is a city leader who is going to the podium and
8	declaring that this park is not local, it is regional.
9	Okay?
LO	So here's Mayor Durkan's words.
L1	(Video clip played.)
L2	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Thank you,
L3	Mr. Hearing Examiner.
L4	And again, Ms. Durkan said, this is not
L5	just for the residents who live here, this is a
L6	waterfront for all, so the entire region.
L7	Also, I'm not sure you're aware if but
L8	the the I want to make sure I get this right
L9	the Friends of the Waterfront, I believe that's what
20	they call it. Let me let me look. I think it's
21	called the Friends of the Waterfront, which is a
22	partner of the City of Seattle, they have what's akin
23	to a retail store on Western Avenue and the
24	cross-street, I think, is Union, although Union, I
25	think, dead-ends into First, if you take the stairs

1	down to Western, there is a retail front there, that
2	facility is open, I think, Wednesday through Sunday
3	from noon to about 6, something like that.
4	And I went by there, and there are
5	diagrams of the waterfront. Again, this is a a
6	Friends of Seattle Waterfront organizorg retail
7	facility, and I would like to read you one of the
8	placards that is front and center right when anyone
9	walks in the door to take a look.
10	It says: Who we are. Waterfront Seattle
11	is a civic partnership between the City of Seattle and
12	the entire community to create an inviting new public
13	waterfront that is a place for everyone, a waterfront
14	for all that the entire region can enjoy for
15	generations. Okay? Not a peep about the downtown and
16	how it's going to improve our property values. It
17	talks about the entire region, and it's a waterfront
18	for all.
19	So this goes back to Mr. Gibbons'
20	supposition that there is the absence of special
21	benefit for those of us in the LID, and particularly
22	our unit, we don't anticipate having a lift. Indeed,
23	we expect potentially the opposite to occur.
24	And I'd just like to point out, as I did
25	in my objection, that the LID improvements are great,

1	but there is already a promenade down on the
2	waterfront with viewpoints as well as connecting
3	streets and bridges. Okay? So we already have that
4	infrastructure in place. So adding, you know, several
5	hundred million of a of a park, I'm not sure will
6	add anything. As a matter of fact, I'm certain it
7	won't add anything to our property value, as the City
8	thinks it will.
9	MS. MCGEHEE: Or says it will.
10	MS. HOLLACK: Yep.
11	And then I'm I would like to read
12	number 10.
13	The construction estimates are not based
14	upon substantially complete construction documents,
15	are out of date and uncertain. Final assessments will
16	bind future City Councils and budgets to complete the
17	LID improvements, regardless of the cost. It is
18	unlawful to bind future City Councils and future
19	budgets to spend hundreds of millions of dollars on
20	projects still early in the design process.
21	Now, I would like to submit Exhibit 3,
22	which is Washington Attorney General's opinion from
23	2012, number 4, on May 15th, 2012, and here is an
24	exhibit, which is Exhibit 3. Sorry. I wrote 2 on the
25	top, but I got them out of order here.

1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Marked as
2	Exhibit 3.
3	MS. THOMPSON: Excuse me, but I believe
4	that this was submitted as part of the original
5	objection materials.
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: It's part of the
7	objection already.
8	MS. THOMPSON: Yeah.
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
10	(Cross-talking.)
11	MS. THOMPSON: In which case we don't need
12	an
13	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Then we don't
14	need to enter it as a new exhibit.
15	MS. THOMPSON: additional copy.
16	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: It's already
17	we've got a copy of it. I'll use it as a courtesy
18	copy to follow along with you and
19	MS. HOLLACK: Yes, sir. Okay. We had a
20	copy of Gibbons' letter as well.
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Your
22	objection everything that you it looks like it's
23	all here, including the Gibbons' letter.
24	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Yes, sir. Okay.
25	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: So we don't need

1	to do copies of something you've already got.
2	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Some of it I can
4	use because
5	MS. HOLLACK: Yeah. Okay.
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: this is all
7	stapled together.
8	MS. HOLLACK: Yep.
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: If you want to
LO	give me something to read from while you're
L1	presenting, that's fine.
L2	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yeah.
L4	MS. HOLLACK: Well, I I read the sort
L5	of rules of engagement
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Understood.
L7	MS. HOLLACK: for this, and it didn't
L8	say it said, if you're gonna bring if you're
L9	gonna bring exhibits, you need to bring four copies.
20	So
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I appreciate you
22	doing that.
23	MS. HOLLACK: Yes, sir.
24	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Not everybody's
25	has taken that effort, so

1	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: thank you.
3	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you, Mr. Hearing
4	Examiner.
5	And give me one moment. I have one
6	okay. Well, just in the interest of time, the
7	Attorney General's opinion speaks to this notion that
8	it's unlawful to bind future City Councils to projects
9	where they may elect to alter that budget, but from
10	what I understand, the minute the City takes one
11	dollar of LID money, they are obligated to complete
12	that project. That would, therefore, bind future City
13	Councils to appropriate the money to complete the LID
14	project. And according to the Attorney General's
15	opinion, that is unlawful.
16	MS. MCGEHEE: And I'm going to ask a
17	question. I'm going to intercede here.
18	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Actually, we
19	can't have you interceding. I only allow one person
20	speaking at a time.
21	MS. MCGEHEE: Okay.
22	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And so right
23	now
24	MS. MCGEHEE: I'll come back to that.
25	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: we're hearing

1	from Mr. McGehee. You you'll I understand
2	you'll be speaking later
3	MS. MCGEHEE: I'll come back to that.
4	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: so we'll come
5	back to that.
6	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
8	MS. MCGEHEE: No problem.
9	MS. HOLLACK: Mr. Hearing Examiner, can I
LO	from time to time yield some time to her, or do you
L1	prefer to have it
L2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: It's better if
L3	we just do it once. Otherwise, I'm
L4	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I'm trying to
L6	keep track of you, our
L7	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: transcript is
L9	trying to keep track of the changing
20	MS. HOLLACK: Yep.
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: back and
22	forth.
23	MS. MCGEHEE: No problem.
24	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Much of this
25	goes to trying to create a clear record

1	MS. HOLLACK: I understand. Okay.
2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: for appeal.
3	So
4	MS. HOLLACK: And if I were to call her as
5	a witness, is that permissible if if she's party to
6	the complaint?
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I think we've
8	already established she's going to be speaking and
9	testifying as a property owner in her own right. I
10	was allowing that, and you've both already been sworn
11	in. So I'm just hearing from you now and then
12	we'll
13	MS. MCGEHEE: No problem.
14	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: hear from Ms.
15	McGehee.
16	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
17	MS. MCGEHEE: I'm comfortable with that.
18	MS. HOLLACK: I'd like to repeat my
19	question, Mr. Hearing Examiner. May I call her as a
20	witness, as a 30-year commercial real estate veteran?
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I guess I'm not
22	following why you need to do that if she's going to
23	testify. I'm
24	MS. MCGEHEE: I guess basically what I'm
25	trying to do is intercept number 10. In other words,

1	include my comment on this situation on number 10, the
2	construction estimates are not based upon
3	substantially complete construction documents,
4	blah-blah. That means that
5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: So
6	MS. MCGEHEE: conceivably
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: what let's
8	just keep try to keep some order to this.
9	MS. MCGEHEE: Okay.
LO	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: If you need a
L1	pen and paper, I can give it
L2	MS. MCGEHEE: I don't need
L3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: to you
L4	MS. MCGEHEE: a pen and paper.
L5	Conceivably
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: and you can
L7	take notes so that when it's your turn to testify, you
L8	can do that. Right now
L9	MS. MCGEHEE: All
20	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: we've got a
21	transcriptionist
22	MS. MCGEHEE: Okay.
23	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: who's already
24	raising her hands saying
25	MS. MCGEHEE: Then I'll come back to

1	number
2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: we're not
3	getting this.
4	MS. MCGEHEE: I got a pen and paper.
5	(Court reporter clarification.)
6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yeah. We really
7	need one at a time, me, then you
8	MS. MCGEHEE: I got it.
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: then you.
LO	And and there's no prohibition on her speaking.
L1	It's simply a matter of order
L2	MS. MCGEHEE: I've got it.
L3	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
L4	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: of when
L5	MS. MCGEHEE: Don't worry about it.
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: you can do
L7	that. So if you want to say something when your
L8	husband's speaking, just take a note of it, so that
L9	when
20	MS. MCGEHEE: I've got it.
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: it's your
22	turn, you'll get it.
23	MS. MCGEHEE: We're good.
24	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
25	MS. MCGEHEE: Thank you.

1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Please proceed.
2	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you, Mr. Hearing
3	Examiner.
4	All right. Incorporated by reference, all
5	objections made as part of the King County Superior
6	Court Case No. 19-2-05733-5. That was submitted in my
7	original, so do you need
8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: No. I see it
9	here that that you this is the third amended
LO	complaint for declaratory relief on damages?
L1	MS. HOLLACK: Yes.
L2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yes, I do have
L3	that within your original objection.
L4	MS. HOLLACK: Okay. Great. Thank you,
L5	Mr. Hearing Examiner. Then I won't as long as you
L6	understand that that's included, which clearly you do,
L7	then then I'm good there.
L8	Let's see. We join in and incorporate by
L9	reference every objection made by every other property
20	owner.
21	Now, if I may, Mr. Hearing Examiner, I
22	would like to convert from the macro to the micro, and
23	that pertains to the actual valuation of our unit,
24	which, again, is Unit 2504 in the 1521 Second Avenue
25	condominium building. It is Unit 2504, as you

1	might surmise, is on the 25th floor of our building.
2	The residences start on the 7th floor and go up
3	through the 39th floor of our building.
4	And as my wife knows, as a career real
5	estate professional, when one has a vertical property
6	like the 1521 Second Avenue condominium building,
7	typically, the floors in the building that are higher
8	than the lower floors, they generally draw a premium
9	in price on the open market. Not always, but that is
10	typically a rule of thumb that not only is applicable
11	to our building, but to other condo buildings, not
12	only in Seattle, but in any other metropolitan area.
13	That rule of thumb is universal, and it's pretty well
14	understood by consumers of these properties and real
15	estate professionals.
16	And in that regard, typically, if a unit
17	is on the same floor, but has more square footage,
18	notwithstanding any views or obstruction of views,
19	those types of things, but if it's pari passu, or
20	apples to apples, and one has more square footage, the
21	one with more square footage typically, not always,
22	but typically garners a premium on the open market.
23	So with respect to with respect to the
24	condo buildings the condos in our building, I'm

going to submit another exhibit, but before I do, I'm

1	going to need to read some of this. We're going to
2	talk about specific units, Mr. Hearing Examiner, but
3	the building itself, according to the City of Seattle,
4	is worth, after the lift in value, \$333.8 million. So
5	that is the total value that's the sum of the total
6	value of the what's let's see. I guess what
7	do you guys call it? The assessed value? Or the
8	value upon which the LID assessment
9	MS. MCGEHEE: Appraised value.
LO	MS. HOLLACK: is based. Yeah, I think
L1	that's
L2	MS. MCGEHEE: Appraised value.
L3	MS. HOLLACK: Yeah. Give me one moment,
L4	if you would, please. Oh, here it is. It is the
L5	I'm not sure what it's called because the printout,
L6	you know, is so tiny that I had to sacrifice some
L7	columns on the right, but it's the amount of value
L8	that the City assigned to determine the special
L9	benefit of the LID improvements to the parcel. Okay?
20	Am I in any way clear there, or is that
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I'm fully with
22	you.
23	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
24	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Please proceed.
25	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you very much.

1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yes.
2	MS. HOLLACK: So, for example, on our
3	unit, the special assessment benefit of the LID,
4	according to the City, is \$65,129.4. So so and
5	that is based that brings our unit value, according
6	to the City, up to 2.477 million. Okay?
7	So when I added all of the values upon
8	which the special benefit improvement is based
9	excuse me the total values, I came up with
10	333.8 million.
11	And curiously, the City thinks that the
12	a building by the name of the Emerald, which is a new
13	building at the northeast corner of Second Avenue and
14	Stewart Street is worth 183 million after the increase
15	from the lift lift in value from the special
16	benefit of the LID improvements.
17	So the Emerald is also a condominium
18	building, but there is no way, in my opinion or my
19	wife's opinion, that that building is worth a
20	hundred excuse me that our building is worth 150
21	million more than the Emerald.
22	So according to the City of Seattle, the
23	1521 Second Avenue condo building is worth 150 million
24	more than the Emerald, which is exactly one block

north with virtually the same footprint. The City of

1	Seattle has the Emerald as the gross building
2	excuse me the land area square footage as 16,000,
3	and that's about the same as the 1521 Second Avenue
4	condominium building.
5	So if it's the same footprint, they're
6	actually, I think, maybe one or two stories higher
7	than us, I think they're up to 41 stories, ours is a
8	39-story building, and according to the City of
9	Seattle, our building is worth 150 million more than
L0	theirs. Because the Emerald is listed as a hundred
L1	worth 183 million versus the 333.8 million of our
L2	building, I think there's no way that there's that
L3	kind of delta between that building and our building.
L4	All right. On to the specific valuations,
L5	I would like to submit this as the next exhibit.
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: This will be
L7	marked as Exhibit 3.
L8	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you.
L9	MS. THOMPSON: Thank you.
20	MS. HOLLACK: City?
21	(Exhibit No. 3 was marked.)
22	MS. HOLLACK: Mr. Hearing Examiner, as I
23	mentioned, the type is so small that I did sacrifice
24	some columns on the right, but this is from this is
25	what is published this was a huge PDF of about

1	90 pages that I referenced at the outset. And and
2	I just remind you, this is I think this is the
3	study that was available to property owners on
4	January 4th, 2020, that had a final date of
5	November 18th, 2019.
6	So when I look at these, you know, I've
7	just borrowed one of these sort of empty space in this
8	center column here to write down the values of a few
9	properties. Curiously, the City did not put the unit
10	numbers with the various units of the 1521 Second
11	Avenue condo building, so I had to reconcile those
12	with an internal list that residents have access to,
13	but I would like to point out that the Gewald, which
14	is, oh, after when you see the 1521 Second Avenue
15	start on the list, the Gewalds are, it appears to be,
16	four residents down the page. Do you see Anthony and
17	Dona Gewald?
18	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yes.
19	MS. HOLLACK: You see that? Okay.
20	So their condo, according to the City of
21	Seattle, is worth 2.192 million. Okay? Just down the
22	hall from them, two doors down the hall from them, the
23	Jeongs' is worth 2.283 million. Okay? However, the
24	square footage on the Gewalds' building is incorrect.
25	The square footage on their unit is 2.142 feet. Okay?

1	So they have a bigger unit assessed at a
2	lower valuation, and we talked earlier about all
3	things being the same, without view obstructions,
4	which there are none here, generally, the higher
5	square footage units receive a premium. But according
6	to the City of Seattle, the higher square footage unit
7	of Tony and Dona Gewald is worth less than the
8	Jeongs'. That makes no sense, and that speaks to, I
9	think, the credibility of this macro study.
10	Now, moving down that same column, if you
11	will, I'm going to look at let me see if I can
12	reconcile this. Again, it's very difficult to I
13	apologize if I'm pausing, but the unit numbers are not
14	listed on the City document, which I find curious.
15	Let me see here. Maurer okay.
16	The next one down do you see Elizabeth
17	Maurer, 2.3 million?
18	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Yes.
19	MS. HOLLACK: Okay.
20	That that unit is on the ninth floor.
21	That is a similar unit to ours. That is what's called
22	an 04 stack in our building. And according to the
23	City of Seattle, that unit is worth 2.3 million.
24	Okay?
25	Moving down the page to Marybeth Austin.

1	they are in Unit 1104 on the 11th floor, so two floors
2	up from Elizabeth Maurer, but the same valuation.
3	So if we go down to the O'Briens
4	(phonetic), they're on the 12th floor. Okay? So
5	that's three floors above Ms. Maurer's unit, same
6	price, 2.3 million. All right?
7	I couldn't find it, but on the 14th floor,
8	Luli Yang (phonetic) in 1404, their unit, you guys
9	also have listed as 2.3 million. Let's see if I can
10	find that. All right. Let's skip down to well,
11	let me see here. I found others. There is the
12	Vavrick (phonetic) at 1604, which the City has valued
13	at also 2.3 million.
14	So we've gone from the 19th 9th floor
15	to the 16th floor with no change in valuation. I'm
16	not suggesting that you all circle back and increase
17	their valuation. I'm merely pointing out the fact
18	that these discrepancies do not follow the real world.
19	You are penalizing the individuals on the lower floor
20	and somehow rewarding people on the higher floor
21	because of this absence of differentiation between the
22	certain floors of our building.
23	There are several others all the way up to
24	the 18th floor where the City of Seattle still is
25	assessing excuse me or valuing the condominium

1 at 2.3 million.

When we get to the 22nd floor, and I'm on the second page of the exhibit that I just submitted, please take a look at Denise Phillips. She is on the 22nd floor, so 2204, and that value is 2.477 million.

If we go to the next one on the list, on the 23rd floor, that's the Moses, Victor and Mary Moses. That's also 2.477 million.

And then the next one is the Driscoll Family Trust on the 24th floor, which is also 2.477 million.

Then you get to our unit on the 25th floor, which is also 2.477 million.

So we've gone from the Phillips on the 22nd floor to our floor on the 20 -- on the 25th floor, and it's the same valuation.

Same with the 26th floor for the Christ -and I'm sorry, I didn't put that in there, but if you
look, let's see, one, two, three, four, five, six,
seventh from the -- row from the bottom, you will -you see Adolph and Grace Christ, that unit is also
2.477 million.

So this absence of discrepancy, I think, speaks to some kind of arbitrary and capricious assignment of value by the City of Seattle that I

1 think

think the Valbridge study did not take into account.

_ _

In the real world, in our building, when residents are trying to market their properties, the rule of thumb is about \$25,000 per floor. So if one is on the 10th floor and he or she or they wish to just go up four floors, that should add, in theory, about \$100,000 in value to the condo. So logically, if they were to go up ten floors, that would be a quarter-million dollars increase in the price they would have to pay on the open market for that.

So I bring this up, Mr. Hearing Examiner, to bring into question the nature of the valuations that the City assigned, and the uniformity attributable to the Valbridge study makes no sense, and it is not real world.

And again, I'm not suggesting that you circle back and increase the prices. I'm not sure if you could do that anyway, or the City could do that anyway, but it does speak to the validity of these values as assigned by the City.

The valuation of our units, according to Valbridge, is set to increase. I would like to submit another exhibit. Let me just please make sure I have one, so I can read from it. Let me see. Oh, I have plenty. Thank you very much.

1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Marked as
2	Exhibit 4.
3	(Exhibit No. 4 was marked.)
4	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you.
5	And this exhibit, Mr. Hearing Examiner,
6	that I have submitted are letters to the editor from
7	the Seattle Times, which I think we all know what the
8	Seattle Times is. It is a local newspaper that has
9	been around since 1896, but this was from a few
LO	Sundays ago, Sunday, January 26, the Sunday before the
L1	Superbowl, if that helps.
L2	And I've included some of these letters to
L3	the editor that were on the heels of the mass shooting
L4	that occurred one block away from our condominium
L5	building. Again, we are we're between Pike and
L6	Pine on Second. And as you recall, the mass shooting
L7	was at Pine and Third right by the McDonald's there.
L8	So this was one block away from our unit.
L9	And I personally wrote a letter to the
20	editor, which is on the third page of the exhibit, and
21	it is the third column from the left entitled Behavior
22	Allowed is Behavior Continued.
23	So without going into the entire letter to
24	the editor, the crux of this letter to the editor
25	referred to an email that I sent to Mayor Durkan back

1 in April whereupon I advanced the notion that behavior 2 allowed is behavior continued. 3 And any of us in the city of Seattle, even 4 today, with the police presence down there, can walk 5 that corridor on Third between Pike and Pine and see 6 drug deals going down, cash changing hands, and that 7 behavior has been allowed by the City administration, 8 both present and prior, multiple prior, so it's clear 9 that the thugs have laid claim to that area. 10 And the mass shooting was a culmination of 11 the bad behavior of some participants in that drug and 12 crime culture that is there, and it doesn't appear to 13 have abated. 14 I, personally, the day after that 15 happened, walked in business attire from Pike --16 MS. MCGEHEE: (Inaudible.) 17 MS. HOLLACK: One at a time, please. 18 -- from Pike to Pine on the east side of 19 Third, watched a drug deal go down, had a guy tell me 20 that, if I'm not careful, I'm going to get shot. So 21 there was no police presence on that corner, and it 22 was exactly 24 hours after the incident, and this was 23 at 5:00 p.m. when I was leaving a business 24 appointment, and I could have gone just straight west

on Pike to go back to our building. Instead, I

thought I would walk north on Third up to Pine and cut across to Second to the condo building that way, just so I could lay eyes on what has changed. Nothing had changed.

So I bring that up, along with the other

So I bring that up, along with the other letters to the editor, talking about crime in -- in downtown, and particularly in this corridor, as an illustration that the City has neither the political will, nor the intentions of doing anything about this criminal element.

Now, I will say the police presence has increased, but I challenge anyone who's brave enough to walk that corridor to see if they can make that round trip without seeing a crime occur. Okay? The thugs are still out there big time, and I think that speaks to this notion that, wow, we're going to put a city park on the waterfront, and that's going to increase our value. I vehemently disagree with that.

The -- I can't remember the name of the former City Councilman after whom a park on Western and Virginia is named, but we call it the totem pole park, but it's Steinberg, Steinbrack (phonetic) or -- okay. Anyway, do you happen to know the park that I'm talking about?

HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: I do.

1	MS. HOLLACK: Good. Okay.
2	That is on my walking route to work.
3	Okay? And walking back from work yesterday, there was
4	a tent in that park. Okay? That's trespassing.
5	Okay? But the City permits somebody, I presume a
6	homeless individual, to go into that park and pitch a
7	tent. Now, they may ask him or her or they to move
8	along eventually, but they were homesteading that park
9	in a pitched tent at 5:00 p.m. or 5:30 p.m. when I was
LO	walking home from work.
L1	So the notion that that behavior, which is
L2	allowed, will not continue at a new waterfront park
L3	is, to me, ludicrous. I see crime continuing even
L4	after a mass shooting in downtown, I see a tent being
L5	pitched in a Seattle city park run by the Parks and
L6	Recreation Department, and I'm not in agreement with
L7	the Valbridge study that that waterfront area will not
L8	be anything more than a tourist attraction, and
L9	perhaps even be a haven for homeless individuals.
20	That is not going to increase the value of our
21	property whatsoever.
22	And speaking specifically to some of the
2 2	improvements that are going to be part of this LID

And speaking specifically to some of the improvements that are going to be part of this LID assessment, I would like to, if I may, read from the executive summary of the Waterfront Seattle LID Final

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1	Special Benefit Proportion Assessment Study.
2	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: As you're
3	transitioning, Mr. McGehee, I just want to let you
4	know, we will take a break at 3:15. Please proceed.
5	MS. HOLLACK: At 3:15? Okay. Thank you.
6	And, again, this is from the Executive
7	Summary, and I'm quoting, and this is number 5 from
8	the Executive Summary. This is it reads [as read]:
9	Pike/Pine streetscape improvements provide enhanced
LO	pedestrian access to and from the Pike Place Market
L1	and waterfront. Both streets between First and Second
L2	Avenues will be reconstructed as shared space without
L3	curbs.
L4	Single travel lanes, westbound on Pine and
L5	eastbound on Pike, designed for slow vehicle movement
L6	and local access, will share the space with
L7	pedestrians and bicycles. Bollards and detectable
L8	warning strips help define the area to be used by
L9	vehicles, along with light poles, trees, and paving
20	treatments, and there will be more room available for
21	sidewalk cafes.
22	Other improvements will be made in various
23	blocks of Pike and Pine Streets between Second and
24	Ninth Avenues, planters protecting bike lanes, et
25	cetera, including construction of a new paved public

1	plaza, a flexible space designed to accommodate
2	diverse programming similar to Westlake Park on the
3	south side of Pine Street between Third and Fourth
4	Avenues.
5	So comments on this LID funding of a
6	Pike/Pine streetscape improvement on the micro, as it
7	pertains to our unit. These changes to Pike Street
8	and Pine Street between First and Second Avenue have a
9	City estimated total cost of 20 million, plus the
10	17 percent markup for the contractor and construction
11	crews of 23.4 million. That's a lot for just two
12	blocks.
13	This change to the streets would
14	absolutely reduce the value of our property,
15	specifically our unit, as it would significantly
16	restrict the existing vehicular access to and from our
17	parking garages, which we have a lower and an upper,
18	which is in at the alley between Pike and Pine
19	Streets, and between First and Second Avenues.
20	So our ingress and egress to the parking
21	for our building is in this proposed \$23.4 million
22	streetscape improvement between Second and First to
23	facilitate access to Pike Place Market, and eventually
24	to the waterfront.

Also, it would make assess -- access for

1	deliveries to our building much more restricted. Our
2	building had alone 15,474 packages delivered during
3	2019, and over 500 service vehicle calls to our
4	building. And these service vehicle calls are
5	electricians, they're plumbers, they're woodworkers,
6	they're HVAC, they're elevator repair guys, they're
7	fire system testing service contractors.
8	So it runs the gamut of the types of
9	service vehicles who will try to reach our building,
10	and restricting access is going to delay their ability
11	to reach us, it is going to delay our ability to get
12	into and out of our building. That ingress and egress
13	will be negatively impacted, not a little bit, a lot.
14	So restricting our building's vehicular
15	access will create significant gridlock in our already
16	highly congested area by the Pike Place Market. This,
17	in our view, diminishes, does not enhance, diminishes,
18	devalues our property, does not enhance it at all.
19	It's 3:10. Can we go early, Mr. Hearing
20	Examiner, on the break?
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Tell me more
22	about your presentation. How much more how much
23	longer do you have to go for your presentation, and
24	then we're going to hear from Ms. McGehee.
25	MS. HOLLACK: We're going to discuss that

1	dender a the character and becaused also community
1	during the break, and I would also very much
2	appreciate a bio break, if we can adjourn early. If
3	not, I'll go
4	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Do you have any
5	sense
6	MS. HOLLACK: to the gentleman's
7	room
8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Do you have any
9	sense of time now that you could tell me?
LO	MS. MCGEHEE: I'm going to simply say that
L1	he's been so comprehensive that I'm impressed, and
L2	that mine will be very minimal.
L3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Okay. That's
L4	helpful. You don't have to curtail yourself.
L5	MS. MCGEHEE: It will be very minimal
L6	because
L7	(Cross-talking.)
L8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: my
L9	understanding that you're nearing the end of it.
20	MS. HOLLACK: We are nearing the end of
21	it. I would like to huddle up with her
22	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: We will take a
23	short break. Why don't we come back at 3:25.
24	(A break was taken from
25	3:11 to 3:25 p.m.)

1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
2	Return to the record for Case No. 94.
3	MS. MCGEHEE: I'm Dione McGehee.
4	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: And are you
5	going to proceed?
6	MS. MCGEHEE: I'm gonna
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Okay. Are you
8	finished Mr. McGehee? Is that did I understand
9	MS. HOLLACK: I would like to make a
LO	conclusion after her remarks.
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
L2	We'll save you an opportunity for closing for you and
L3	then we'll proceed.
L4	MS. MCGEHEE: And I'm gonna have only two
L5	items that I'm gonna present.
L6	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
L7	MS. MCGEHEE: It's gonna be very simple.
L8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
L9	MS. MCGEHEE: Okay. Number one
20	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Please proceed.
21	MS. MCGEHEE: because he is so
22	comprehensive and he is so thorough, then I only have
23	to ask one question.
24	He confirms, or he ensures me that there
25	will not be an additional LID tax if y'all have cost

1	overruns, et cetera. Okay? In other words, that this
2	is a one and only time LID tax on our on our
3	condominium, which is important for resale value.
4	Okay? Extremely important that we would not have
5	another LID tax that we would have to to play into
6	a sale. Okay? That's number one.
7	Do I have your assurance that this would
8	be the only LID tax on Unit No. 2504 in 1521?
9	MS. HOLLACK: You can't ask questions.
LO	MS. MCGEHEE: Oh, I can't ask a question?
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: No, I'm not here
L2	to assure you of anything. I'm here to hear your
L3	evidence and their evidence and
L4	MS. MCGEHEE: Okay.
L5	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: make a
L6	decision
L7	MS. MCGEHEE: Okay.
L8	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: and make a
L9	recommendation
20	MS. MCGEHEE: Okay.
21	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: based on that
22	decision.
23	MS. MCGEHEE: So that was one question I
24	had, but we won't ask a question.
25	Now, the next thing I'm going to mention

1	is the fact that this gentleman came up with an
2	arbitrary number of \$65,000 worth of benefit to our
3	particular condominium. This woman, who this
4	person, I don't know who it was. Okay? This but
5	this appraiser came up with an arbitrary number of
6	\$65,000. All right?
7	As after like he told you, I've been in
8	the real estate business for 30 years. All right
9	Valbridge any kind of a tax diminishes the value of
10	a piece of property. Okay? No matter what.
11	Basically, you have to factor it into a sale or a
12	purchase. Okay? Period, end of story.
13	And this gentle this person,
14	Valbridge, this company, doesn't quite understand that
15	the value of a condominium or house, or even a retail
16	shopping center, or what have you, is worth only what
17	the market will bear. Okay? It is completely
18	market-generated.
19	So in other words, 2008, the market
20	collapses. Okay? You have to factor that in. So we
21	[sic] can't tell me or my husband that \$65,000 is what
22	we're going to benefit when he's not factoring in
23	market conditions. Okay?
24	There is no crystal ball here. Okay?
25	Basically, there's no crystal ball. And the time

1	value of money, obviously, he understands all of that,
2	et cetera.
3	I'm gonna I'm gonna conclude with that
4	because of a note he's sending me, which is to brief,
5	so I'm going to be brief and let him close. How about
6	that?
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.
8	Thank you.
9	MS. MCGEHEE: So I mean, I concede to
LO	him.
L1	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right then.
L2	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you, Mr. Hearing
L3	Examiner.
L4	And I would like to just sum up some
L5	points that we hit today, just to make sure that they
L6	are emphasized for the record and and otherwise.
L7	But the absence of specificity with
L8	respect to the timeline of the project is one of the
L9	key components to our objection of the LID lift value
20	of \$65,000 on our property.
21	As Mr. Gibbons noted in his letter, when
22	the benefits are enjoyed by the landowner are critical
23	to any type of appraisal. So the absence of
24	specificity of a timeline is a critical component to
25	our objection.

1	Because there are no plans and
2	specifications on file in the clerk's office of the
3	LID improvements, it, again, is unlawful to move
4	forward to final assessment without such plans and
5	specifications being in place.
6	Just a reminder about the tunnel project,
7	and I know of there may be some, but I know of no
8	large-scale public projects that have been done in
9	Seattle on time and on budget.
10	MS. MCGEHEE: Even Key Arena.
11	MS. HOLLACK: So I perhaps I'm jaded,
12	but I do not have faith that the waterfront project
13	will occur on time or on budget. We will see if it
14	moves forward.
15	But I'd also like to remind the City that
16	once one dollar of LID tax is accepted, the City is
17	bound and obligated to complete that project. So that
18	binds future City Councils and their budgets to
19	allocate proceeds to complete that project. And
20	according to the 2012 opinion of the Washington
21	Attorney General, that is unlawful.
22	So we object to the Waterfront LID
23	assessment of \$65,129.40 for Unit 2504 in the 1621
24	Second Avenue condominium building
25	MS. MCGEHEE: 1521.

1	MS. HOLLACK: 1521. I apologize.
2	And we respectfully submit that our
3	objection be heard by the City and action taken to
4	eliminate or reduce that.
5	Mr. Hearing Examiner, I appreciate your
6	time, your courtesy, and the time and courtesy of
7	everyone involved in hearing our objection.
8	Thank you very much, sir.
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Thank you for
10	the same.
11	All exhibits are admitted. Is there
12	anything else further that you intend to submit?
13	MS. HOLLACK: No, sir. Not at the present
14	time.
15	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: From the City?
16	MS. THOMPSON: Yes. Thank you.
17	CROSS-EXAMINATION
18	BY MS. THOMPSON:
19	Q. I just have one follow-up point to make. I
20	believe in your closing statement you said that your
21	proposed assessment was 65,000?
22	A. Excuse me. That was the value lift special
23	benefit. Sorry.
24	Q. Okay.
25	A. Yes, ma'am.

1	Q.	Yes.
2	A.	Our assessment was is \$25,519.13 derived
3	from	the special benefit of \$65,129.40. So thank you.
4	Q.	You're welcome. I just wanted to clear the
5	reco	rd for that.
6	And then I have some follow-up questions for	
7	you -	
8	A.	Yes, ma'am.
9	Q.	on your what's been marked as
10	Exhi	bit 3, this spreadsheet
11	A.	Right. That's not my spreadsheet, that's
12	Q.	Or, sorry, yes, the spreadsheet from
13	Valb	ridge.
14	A.	Right.
15	Q.	You've indicated here that the square footage
16	on o	ne of these units is incorrect and should be 2.142
17	squa	re feet?
18	A.	No, no
19	Q.	Two thousand
20	A.	2,142.
21	Q.	2,142?
22	A.	Yes.
23	Q.	Where did you derive that figure from?
24	A.	Just the front desk of the building of our
25	build	ing gave me that number.

1	Q.	Okay.
2	A.	Yeah, the concierge at our building.
3	Q.	Okay.
4	A.	Yeah.
5	Q.	And in looking
6	A.	And I actually know Tony and Dona Gewald quite
7	well,	and their unit is huge. So when I saw the
8	1642	feet, I knew that wasn't right.
9	Q.	Okay.
10	A.	Okay.
11	Q.	Thank you.
12	A.	Yes, ma'am.
13	Q.	Did you identify any discrepancies in the
14	squa	re footage of your own unit?
15		MS. MCGEHEE: May I add something?
16		HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: You'll have a
17	chan	ce in a minute. We're she has an opportunity
18	to cro	oss, and then we'll come back to you.
19		MS. MCGEHEE: Okay. I just wanted to
20	add -	-
21		(Cross-talking.)
22		MS. HOLLACK: One at one at a time,
23	hone	y.
24		MS. MCGEHEE: Okay.
25	A.	I did, but it's only one square feet

1	differ	ence than what it is on our closing statement
2	from our purchase in August of 2018.	
3	BY M	IS. THOMPSON:
4	Q.	And is that one square foot too many or too
5	few?	
6	A.	Too few.
7	Q.	Too few. Okay.
8	A.	Yep.
9	Q.	And in the column of this property address
10	colu	mn, you've indicated in handwriting the value in
11	milli	ons. Is that the value with the LID?
12	A.	Yes, with the special benefit, yes, ma'am.
13	Q.	Okay.
14		And
15	A.	Yep.
16	Q.	were these values somewhere on this
17	origi	nal spreadsheet?
18	A.	To the right.
19	Q.	To the right. Okay.
20	A.	Yes.
21	Q.	I just want to make sure that
22	A.	Yeah. But I don't know if you've seen that
23	PDF,	but it is huge, and even on a full screen in my
24	office	e, and I have a very large screen, it is still
25	very	difficult to read. So when I printed it, I

1	elected not to crunch it down to fit the screen	
2	because none of this would be legible.	
3	Q. I appreciate that. I just	
4	A. Yeah.	
5	Q wanted to confirm for the record that	
6	these figures are reflected on the full	
7	A. They	
8	Q spreadsheet?	
9	A. They are indeed, to the to the dollar, and	
LO	I rounded, of course	
L1	Q. Sure.	
L2	A yes.	
L3	Q. Thank you.	
L4	And you are not a certified real estate	
L5	appraiser, are you?	
L6	A. No, ma'am, I am not.	
L7	MS. THOMPSON: That's all my questions for	
L8	Mr. McGehee.	
L9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right.	
20	You've essentially been your own witness, you gave	
21	your presentation. There was cross-examination. Now	
22	you have a chance for redirect.	
23	Do you have any additional comments	
24	following the questions from the City? And	
25	MS. HOLLACK: Yes. sir. Mr. Hearing	

Examiner, I do have one comment.

I am not a -- I think your question was a certified appraiser? Okay. No, I am not a certified appraiser. I have -- as I mentioned at the outset of this objection and this hearing, that I am a financial services industry veteran. I have been in the business for over two and a half decades.

And in our particular firm, Pacific

Northwest Asset Management, every one of our clients, in their investment portfolios, have exposure to real estate through the form of real estate investment trusts, also known as REITs.

And REITs are a unique publicly traded pool of commercial cash-flowing assets, and it is our fiduciary responsibility to all of our clients to do due diligence on any of these real estate investment trusts that we place in their portfolio. And in the course of that, I feel like I've gained a tremendous amount of knowledge and expertise in assessing the value of real estate in these real estate investment trusts.

And then, in addition to that, I
personally own a good deal of real estate. It hasn't
ever been affected by a tax from a LID, but real
estate is not foreign to me. It is very familiar to

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1	me. So I'm not a complete fish out of water when I'm
2	addressing these issues, just for the record.
3	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Thank you.
4	Ms. McGehee, did you indicate you had
5	something else to add?
6	MS. MCGEHEE: No. No. I'll
7	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: All right then.
8	MS. MCGEHEE: let it go.
9	HEARING EXAMINER VANCIL: Thank you.
LO	We're adjourned for the day. Thank you.
L1	MS. HOLLACK: Thank you, Mr. Hearing
L2	Examiner. Thank you, everyone.
L3	(Hearing adjourned at 3:38 p.m.)
L4	
L5	-000-
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF WASHINGTON)
4) ss. COUNTY OF KING)
5	
6	
7	I, ANITA W. SELF, a Certified Shorthand
8	Reporter in and for the State of Washington, do
9	hereby certify that the foregoing transcript is true
10	and accurate to the best of my knowledge, skill and
11	ability.
12	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
13	and seal this 26th day of February 2020.
14	
15	
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17	
18	ANITA W. SELF, RPR, CCR #3032
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