1	CITY OF SEATTLE
2	ORDINANCE 126571
3	COUNCIL BILL <u>120305</u>
4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>AN ORDINANCE modifying Ordinance 126081 concerning repayment plans for rental arrears accrued during or within six months after the termination of the civil emergency declared on March 3, 2020.</li> <li>WHEREAS, on February 29, 2020, Washington Governor Jay Inslee declared a state of</li> </ul>
10	emergency in response to new cases of COVID-19, directing state agencies to use all
11	resources necessary to prepare for and respond to the outbreak; and
12	WHEREAS, on March 3, 2020 the Mayor proclaimed a civil emergency related to the spread of
13	COVID-19, authorizing the Mayor to exercise the emergency powers necessary for the
14	protection of the public peace, safety, and welfare; and
15	WHEREAS, on March 5, 2020 the Council adopted Resolution 31937 affirming the civil
16	emergency, modifying orders transmitted by the Mayor related to the emergency, and
17	establishing Council's expectations related to future orders and reporting by the Mayor
18	during the civil emergency; and
19	WHEREAS, on July 22, 2020, the Local Health Officer for King County issued a directive and
20	order requiring quarantine or isolation to stem the spread of COVID-19 in the
21	community; and
22	WHEREAS, on March 14, 2020 the Mayor issued a civil emergency order related to residential
23	evictions; and
24	WHEREAS, on March 16, 2020 the Council adopted Resolution 31938 affirming and modifying
25	the civil emergency order related to residential evictions and establishing Council's
26	expectations related to future orders during the civil emergency; and

WHEREAS, subsequent emergency orders extended the moratorium on evictions through
 February 28, 2022; and

3	WHEREAS, the COVID-19 crisis has had a significant impact on the local economy, and the
4	improvements in economic conditions since the start of the pandemic were put at risk by
5	the Omicron variant, with corollary impacts on income for many households; and
6	WHEREAS, the Center for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines state that those who
7	develop symptoms or who test positive for COVID-19 without symptoms stay isolated
8	for at least five days and those exposed to COVID-19 and not up to date on vaccinations
9	stay home for five days, assuming no symptoms arise; and
10	WHEREAS, meeting requirements to self-isolate due to illness, a positive test, or exposure to
11	COVID-19, the need to care for household members with illness or exposure, or the loss
12	of child care arrangements due to outbreaks could have substantial impacts on household
13	income and the ability to stay current on rent, and these risks are compounded for
14	workers without paid sick or safe time, those who work in the "gig economy," and
15	historically disadvantaged populations that are already at greater risk of eviction; and
16	WHEREAS, the combined economic repercussions of COVID-19 on household income,
17	including the ability to pay rent, is expected to continue for the duration of the public
18	civil emergency, and for a notable period afterward for many households; and
19	WHEREAS, the Census Bureau's Household Pulse Survey released on February 16, 2022
20	estimates that more than 77,000 households in the Seattle area with incomes below
21	\$50,000 remain behind on rent; and
22	WHEREAS, the September 2018 Seattle Women's Commission and the King County Bar
23	Association's report Losing Home: The Human Cost of Eviction in Seattle ("Losing

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3	WHEREAS, the Losing Home report found that most evicted respondents became homeless,
4	with 37.5 percent completely unsheltered, 25.0 percent living in a shelter or transitional
5	housing, and 25.0 percent staying with family or friends. Only 12.5 percent of evicted
6	respondents found another apartment or home to move into; and
7	WHEREAS, a 2018 investigation by the King County Medical Examiner's Office found that
8	over half of 107 presumed homeless deaths investigated occurred outside and attributed
9	approximately 121, or 62 percent, of presumed homeless deaths investigated to non-
10	natural causes (drug overdose, accidents (including hypothermia), suicide, homicide, and
11	undetermined), making it clear that people experiencing homelessness have a much
12	higher risk than the general population of developing exposure-related conditions; and
13	WHEREAS, persons with underlying health conditions are at greater risk of fatality if they catch
14	COVID-19, and preventing individuals from becoming higher-risk patients will protect
15	the public health, safety, and welfare of the region; and
16	WHEREAS, The Negative Effects of Instability on Child Development, published in 2013 by the
17	Urban Institute, found that "[c]hildren experiencing residential instability demonstrate
18	worse academic and social outcomes than their residentially-stable peers, such as lower
19	vocabulary skills, problem behaviors, grade retention, increased high school drop-out
20	rates, and lower adult educational attainment"; and
21	WHEREAS, as of January 2022, The City of Seattle has allocated over \$55 million to provide

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rental assistance to individuals and households whose ability to pay rent has and

continues to be impacted by the public health emergency and to date over 6,300

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1	individuals and households have received rental assistance payments, with about
2	\$25 million of funds still remaining to be distributed, in addition to funding available
3	through King County's rental assistance program; and
4	WHEREAS, it is unlikely that all households that are behind on their rent due to the effects of
5	the pandemic will receive rental assistance, and rental assistance funding may not be
6	sufficient to assist all impacted households; and
7	WHEREAS, as of March 29, 2022, the state and City COVID-19 public health emergencies
8	continue; and
9	WHEREAS, on May 11, 2020, the Council passed Ordinance 126081, which allows a tenant
10	who fails to pay rent when due during or within six months after the termination of the
11	civil emergency proclaimed by Mayor Durkan on March 3, 2020 to elect to pay such
12	overdue rent in installments; and
13	WHEREAS, the repayment schedule envisioned by Ordinance 126081 was based on certain
14	assumptions as to the amount of past due rent that was likely to accumulate, assuming a
15	relatively prompt end to the pandemic; and
16	WHEREAS, the civil emergency proclaimed by Mayor Durkan on March 3, 2020 has continued
17	for an additional twenty-two months since the Council passed Ordinance 126081,
18	meaning that repayment plans conforming with the City's ordinance may in many cases
19	not be sufficient to address tenants' needs; and
20	WHREAS, the Washington State Legislature established requirements for the repayment of
21	rental arrears accrued during and within six months after the COVID-19 public health
22	emergency declared by Governor Inslee that limits monthly repayment to one-third of the

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1	monthly rental charges during the period the debt was accrued, among other requirements
2	(RCW 59.18.630); and
3	WHEREAS, the provisions of RCW 59.18.630 regarding repayment plans are an appropriate
4	way of addressing tenants' needs for additional time to make past due rental payments
5	given the duration of the pandemic, but the City Council finds that it is necessary to
6	ensure that, within the City of Seattle, those provisions apply to unpaid rent that accrued
7	between March 3, 2020 and six months after the termination of the civil emergency
8	proclaimed by Mayor Durkan on March 3, 2020; and
9	WHEREAS, providing households reasonable opportunity to repay rental arrears is expected to
10	decrease the likelihood that individuals and families will fall into homelessness and
11	enable tenants in the City whose income and ability to work is affected due to COVID-19
12	to remain in their homes; NOW, THEREFORE,
13	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:
14	Section 1. Section 2 of Ordinance 126081 is amended as follows:
15	Section 2.
16	A. ((A tenant who fails to pay rent when due during, or within six months after
17	the termination of, the civil emergency proclaimed by Mayor Durkan on March 3, 2020,
18	may elect to pay such overdue rent in installments. The tenant shall pay one month or less
19	of overdue rent in three consecutive, equal monthly installments. The tenant shall pay
20	over one month and up to two months of overdue rent in five consecutive, equal monthly
21	payments. The tenant shall pay over two months of overdue rent in six consecutive, equal
22	monthly payments. Any remainder from an uneven division of payments will be part of
23	the last payment. The tenant may propose an alternative payment schedule, which, if the

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1	landlord agrees to it, shall be described in writing and signed by the tenant and landlord
2	and deemed an amendment to any existing rental agreement.))
3	A landlord must offer a repayment plan in conformity with subsections (2), (3),
4	and (5) of RCW 59.18.630, except that, notwithstanding any contrary language in RCW
5	59.18.630(2), the requirement of this subsection 2.A applies if a tenant has remaining
6	unpaid rent that accrued between March 3, 2020 and six months following the
7	termination of the civil emergency proclaimed by Mayor Durkan on March 3, 2020.
8	B. No late fee, interest, or other charge due to late payment of rent shall accrue
9	during, or within one year after the termination of, the civil emergency proclaimed by
10	Mayor Durkan on March 3, 2020.
11	C. If a landlord issues a notice to terminate tenancy for nonpayment of rent that
12	was due during, or within six months after the termination of, the civil emergency
13	proclaimed by Mayor Durkan on March 3, 2020, the notice must contain the following
14	statement: "City law ((entitles you to pay overdue rent in installments)) requires a
15	landlord to offer a reasonable schedule for repayment of unpaid rent that accrued between
16	March 3, 2020, and six months following the termination of the civil emergency
17	proclaimed by Mayor Durkan on March 3, 2020. If your landlord does not ((accept
18	payment according to the installment schedule)) offer such a repayment plan or give you
19	14 days to accept a reasonable repayment plan before proceeding with an unlawful
20	detainer action, you may raise this as a defense to eviction in court." It is a defense to
21	eviction if the notice does not contain the required information.

D. An award of attorneys' fees and statutory court costs to a landlord arising from 1 2 an eviction proceeding raising defenses authorized by this ordinance is prohibited unless otherwise allowed by law. 3 E. Failure of the ((owner to accept payment under the installment schedule)) landlord to offer a repayment plan as provided in subsection 2.A of this ordinance, or to give a tenant 14 days to accept a reasonable repayment plan before proceeding with an

unlawful detainer action, is a defense to eviction.

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1	Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by	У
2	the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation,	it
3	shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.	
4	Passed by the City Council the <u>26th</u> day of <u>April</u> , 2022	2,
5	and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this <u>26th</u> day of	
6	April, 2022.	
7 8	Debara frances President of the City Council	
9	Approved / $\Box$ returned unsigned / $\Box$ vetoed this <u>5th</u> day of <u>May</u> , 20	022.
10	Bruce Q. Hanell	
11	Bruce A. Harrell, Mayor	
12	Filed by me this <u>5th</u> day of May , 2022.	
13	Minus M. Eimmous	
14	Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk	
15 16 17 18 19 20	(Seal)	