



SEATTLE CITY COUNCIL

Legislative Summary

CB 119589

Record No.: CB 119589

Type: Ordinance (Ord)

Status: Passed

Version: 1

Ord. no: Ord 125881

In Control: City Clerk

File Created: 07/18/2019

Final Action: 08/09/2019

Title: AN ORDINANCE relating to the City's criminal code; conforming the Seattle Municipal Code to state law for crimes that require the submission of biological samples to the State of Washington; making technical corrections; adding a new Chapter 12A.09 to the Seattle Municipal Code; amending Sections 3.33.020, 12A.04.100, 12A.06.030, 12A.06.130, 12A.06.155, 12A.06.195, and 12A.10.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code; and repealing Sections 12A.06.010, 12A.06.035, 12A.06.040, 12A.06.180, 12A.10.040, 12A.10.130, and 12A.10.140 of the Seattle Municipal Code.

Notes:

Date
Filed with City Clerk: 8/9/2019

Mayor's Signature: 8/9/2019

Sponsors: González

Vetoed by Mayor:

Veto Overridden:

Veto Sustained:

Attachments:

Drafter: Emilia.Sanchez@seattle.gov

Filing Requirements/Dept Action:

History of Legislative File

Legal Notice Published:

☐ Yes

☐ No

Ver- sion:	Acting Body:	Date:	Action:	Sent To:	Due Date:	Return Date:	Result:
1	City Clerk	07/23/2019	sent for review	Council President's Office			
	Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was sent for review. to the Council President's Office						
1	Council President's Office	07/24/2019	sent for review	Gender Equity, Safe Communities, New Americans, and Education Committee			
	Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was sent for review. to the Gender Equity, Safe Communities, New Americans, and Education Committee						

Legislative Summary Continued (CB 119589)

1	City Council	07/29/2019	referred	Gender Equity, Safe Communities, New Americans, and Education Committee	
1	Gender Equity, Safe Communities, New Americans, and Education Committee	07/31/2019	pass		Pass
Action Text: The Committee recommends that City Council pass the Council Bill (CB).					
In Favor: 3 Chair González , Vice Chair Mosqueda, Member Pacheco					
Opposed: 0					
1	City Council	08/05/2019	passed		Pass
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was passed by the following vote, and the President signed the Bill:					
In Favor: 9 Councilmember Bagshaw, Councilmember González , Council President Harrell, Councilmember Herbold, Councilmember Juarez, Councilmember Mosqueda, Councilmember O'Brien, Councilmember Pacheco, Councilmember Sawant					
Opposed: 0					
1	City Clerk	08/09/2019	submitted for Mayor's signature	Mayor	
1	Mayor	08/09/2019	Signed		
1	Mayor	08/09/2019	returned	City Clerk	
1	City Clerk	08/09/2019	attested by City Clerk		
Action Text: The Ordinance (Ord) was attested by City Clerk.					

CITY OF SEATTLE

ORDINANCE

125881

COUNCIL BILL

119589

AN ORDINANCE relating to the City's criminal code; conforming the Seattle Municipal Code to state law for crimes that require the submission of biological samples to the State of Washington; making technical corrections; adding a new Chapter 12A.09 to the Seattle Municipal Code; amending Sections 3.33.020, 12A.04.100, 12A.06.030, 12A.06.130, 12A.06.155, 12A.06.195, and 12A.10.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code; and repealing Sections 12A.06.010, 12A.06.035, 12A.06.040, 12A.06.180, 12A.10.040, 12A.10.130, and 12A.10.140 of the Seattle Municipal Code.

WHEREAS, in 2008, the Washington Legislature enacted HB 2713, amending RCW 43.43.754 and providing for the collection of DNA samples from defendants convicted of certain misdemeanors; and

WHEREAS, in 2008, the Seattle City Council passed Ordinance 122789, providing for the collection of DNA from Seattle Municipal Court defendants convicted of Seattle misdemeanors equivalent to those listed in RCW 43.43.754(1); and

WHEREAS, in 2014, the Washington State Patrol's Crime Lab stopped accepting DNA samples taken from Seattle Municipal Court defendants on the grounds that they were not convicted of the state law misdemeanors listed in RCW 43.43.754(1); and

WHEREAS, on March 18, 2019, the Washington Attorney General's Office sent Representative Tina Orwall an opinion letter stating that DNA samples taken from municipal court defendants could be submitted Washington State Patrol's Crime Lab if the defendants were convicted under municipal code provisions that incorporate by reference state law misdemeanors listed in RCW 43.43.754(1); and

WHEREAS, this ordinance satisfies the requirements of the Attorney General's Office's March 18, 2019 opinion letter by incorporating by reference the misdemeanors listed in RCW 43.43.754(1) that are currently misdemeanor offenses under the Seattle Municipal Code;

NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. A new Chapter 12A.09 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

CHAPTER 12A.09 ADOPTION OF RCW OFFENSES

12A.09.010 Preliminary article

A. As used in this Chapter 12A.09, "RCW" means the Revised Code of Washington.

B. Whenever a state statute specifically adopted in this Chapter 12A.09 refers to another state statute not specifically adopted in this Chapter 12A.09, the statute referred to shall be given the force and effect necessary to enforce the statute specifically adopted in this Chapter 12A.09.

C. Whenever a state statute specifically adopted in this Chapter 12A.09 requires another state statute for the investigation, arrest, prosecution, sentencing, confinement, or enforcement of provisions in the statute specifically, the statute referred to shall be given the force and effect necessary to enforce the statute specifically adopted.

D. Whenever the RCW defines a word for a state statute specifically adopted in this Chapter 12A.09, that definition shall apply instead of any definition for the same word in this Title 12A.

E. Whenever the word "state" shall appear in any statute adopted by reference in this Chapter 12A.09, the word "city" shall substitute, except in those circumstances that set forth administrative licensing duties of the state and its subdivisions.

F. Whenever the term “prosecuting attorney” shall appear in any statute adopted by reference in this Chapter 12A.09, the term “City Attorney or an assistant City prosecutor” shall substitute, unless the context requires otherwise.

G. When issuing a citation, order, or complaint for the violation of any section of the RCW adopted by this Chapter 12A.09, it shall be sufficient for a commissioned officer or prosecutor to cite to and refer to the RCW section number. After the effective date of the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 119589, any data, citation, order, or complaint that refers to Seattle Municipal Code sections repealed by Council Bill 119589 shall be interpreted as referring to the corresponding crime in Section 12A.09.020 unless the context otherwise requires.

H. The provisions of this Chapter 12A.09 do not apply to or govern the construction of or punishment of any offense committed prior to the effective date of the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 119589 or to the construction and application of any defense to a prosecution for such offense. Such an offense shall be construed and punished according to the provisions of the law existing at the time of the commission of the offense in the same manner as if this Chapter 12A.09 did not exist.

I. Violation of any provision of this Chapter 12A.09 shall be punishable under Section 12A.02.070.

12A.09.020 Adoption of RCW sections

The following RCW sections as amended are adopted by reference:

9.68A.090 – Communication with minor for immoral purposes – Penalties

9.94A.030’s definition of “Domestic violence”

9.94A.835 – Special allegation – Sexual motivation – Procedures

9A.36.041 – Assault in the fourth degree

- 1 9A.46.020 – Definition – Penalties (Harassment)
- 2 9A.46.030 – Place where committed
- 3 9A.46.040 – Court-ordered requirements upon person charged with crime – Violation
- 4 9A.46.050 – Arraignment – No-contact order
- 5 9A.46.080 – Order restricting contact – Violation
- 6 9A.46.085 – Stalking no-contact orders – Appearance before magistrate required
- 7 9A.46.110 – Stalking
- 8 9A.88.010 – Indecent exposure
- 9 9A.88.110 – Patronizing a prostitute
- 10 9A.88.130 – Additional requirements
- 11 10.99.010 – Intent
- 12 10.99.020 – Definitions
- 13 10.99.030 – Law Enforcement Officers – Training, powers, duties – Domestic violence reports
- 14 10.99.040 – Duties of court
- 15 10.99.055 – Enforcement of orders
- 16 10.99.100 – Sentencing – Factors – Defendant’s criminal history
- 17 10.99.901 – Construction
- 18 26.44.063 – Temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction – Enforcement – Notice of
- 19 modification or termination of restraining order
- 20 26.44.067 – Temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction – Contents – Notice –
- 21 Noncompliance – Defense – Penalty
- 22 26.50.010 – Definitions
- 23 26.50.110 – Violation of order – Penalties

43.43.754's crime of refusal to provide DNA

As used in this Title 12A, as well as in any citation, order, complaint, or charging documents, "sexual exploitation" means the crime of patronizing a prostitute as referred to in RCW 9A.88.110, and the crime of patronizing a prostitute as referred to in RCW 9A.88.110 and incorporated by reference in this Section 12A.09.020 may be known as "sexual exploitation" when charged in Seattle Municipal Court.

Section 2. Section 3.33.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124302, is amended as follows:

3.33.020 Jurisdiction – Authority((:))

The Municipal Court has jurisdiction to try violations of all City ordinances and all other actions brought to enforce or recover license penalties or forfeitures declared or given by any such ordinances. It is empowered to forfeit cash bail or bail bonds and issue execution thereon, to hear and determine all causes, civil or criminal, arising under such ordinances, and to pronounce judgment in accordance therewith; provided, that for a violation of the criminal provisions of an ordinance no greater punishment shall be imposed than is authorized by state law. Judges of the Municipal Court shall not defer sentence for an offense sentenced under Section 11.56.025. As authorized by RCW 35.20.255, the period of probation shall not extend for more than five (((5))) years from the date of conviction for a defendant sentenced under Section 11.56.025 or for a domestic violence crime, which includes any non-felony crime listed in RCW 10.99.020, and the following crimes when committed by one (((1))) family or household member, as that term is defined in Section 12A.06.120, against another: Assault ((under Section 12A.06.010,)) , Stalking, and Violation of an Order under Section ((12A.06.035)) 12A.09.020, Reckless Endangerment under Section 12A.06.050, Coercion under Section 12A.06.090, Interfering with

the Reporting of Domestic Violence under Section 12A.06.187, ~~((Violation of an Order under Section 12A.06.180,))~~ Property Destruction under Section 12A.08.020, Criminal Trespass First Degree under Section 12A.08.040, and Criminal Trespass Second Degree under Section 12A.08.040; and two ~~((2))~~ years in all other cases. All civil and criminal proceedings in Municipal Court, and judgments rendered therein, shall be subject to review in the Superior Court by writ of review or on appeal. Costs in civil and criminal cases may be taxed as provided by law.

Section 3. Section 12A.04.100 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 111853, is amended as follows:

12A.04.100 Construction of ordinances with respect to culpability requirements~~((:))~~
~~((Where))~~ If an ordinance defining an offense does not clearly indicate a legislative intent to impose absolute liability, it should be construed as defining an offense requiring one of the mental states described in Section 12A.04.030. This section applies to all offenses defined by the ~~((ordinances))~~ laws of this City except those in Chapter 11.56 ~~((Seattle Municipal Code))~~ and Section 12A.09.020.

Section 4. Section 12A.06.010 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 125345, is repealed:

~~((12A.06.010 Assault~~

~~A. A person is guilty of assault when he or she intentionally assaults another person.~~

~~B. The City Attorney may file a special allegation of sexual motivation when the person intentionally assaults another person and one of the purposes for the assault was for the actor's sexual gratification. Such a special allegation must be proved beyond a reasonable doubt, with either the court making a finding of fact as to this special allegation if it finds the defendant~~

1 guilty of assault or, if a jury trial is had, the jury finding a special verdict as to this special
2 allegation if it finds the defendant guilty of assault. Every person convicted of Assault where
3 such special allegation has been found shall have a biological sample collected for purposes of
4 DNA identification analysis, as provided in RCW 43.43.754, and shall pay a fee of \$100, as
5 provided in RCW 43.43.7541.

6 C. Every person convicted of assault where domestic violence as defined in Section
7 12A.06.120 was pleaded and proven shall have a biological sample collected for purposes of
8 DNA identification analysis, as provided in RCW 43.43.754, and shall pay a fee of \$100, as
9 provided in RCW 43.43.7541.))

10 Section 5. Section 12A.06.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
11 119010, is amended as follows:

12 **12A.06.030 Menacing((+))**

13 A. A person is guilty of menacing when by a present threat to another person subsequent
14 to a history of threats or violence between himself or herself and such other person, he or she
15 intentionally causes or attempts to cause such other person reasonably to fear serious bodily
16 injury or death.

17 B. As used in this section, "threat" means to communicate, directly or indirectly, the
18 intent to cause bodily injury in the future to another.

19 C. As used in this section, "history of threats or violence" means one (((+))) or more of
20 the following:

21 1. Two (((2))) or more threats; or

22 2. One (((+))) or more assaults as ((defined)) incorporated in Section

23 ((12A.06.010)) 12A.09.020.

Section 6. Section 12A.06.035 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124684, is repealed:

~~((12A.06.035 Stalking~~

~~A. A person is guilty of stalking when, without lawful authority:~~

~~1. He or she intentionally and repeatedly harasses or follows another person; and~~

~~2. The person being harassed or followed is placed in fear that the stalker intends to injure that person, another person, or property of the person or of another person; and~~

~~3. A reasonable person in the same situation and under the same circumstances as the person being harassed or followed would feel fear that the stalker intends to injure the person, another person, or property of that person or of another person; and~~

~~4. The stalker either:~~

~~a. Intends to intimidate, harass or frighten the person, or~~

~~b. Knows or reasonably should know that the person is intimidated, harassed or afraid.~~

~~B. It is not a defense to the crime of stalking:~~

~~1. Under subsection A4a of this section that the stalker was not given actual notice that the person did not want the stalker to contact or follow that person;~~

~~2. Under subsection A4b of this section that the stalker did not intend to intimidate, harass or frighten the person.~~

~~C. It is an affirmative defense to the crime of stalking that the defendant is a licensed private detective acting within the capacity of his or her license as provided by Chapter 18.165 RCW.~~

~~D. Attempts to contact or follow the person after being given actual notice that such person does not want to be contacted or followed constitutes prima facie evidence that the stalker intends to intimidate, harass or frighten such person.~~

~~E. As used in this section:~~

~~1. "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of a series of acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose. "Course of conduct" includes, in addition to any other form of communication, contact, or conduct, the sending of an electronic communication, but does not include constitutionally protected free speech.~~

~~Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of "course of conduct."~~

~~2. "Follows" means deliberately maintaining visual or physical proximity to a specific person over a period of time. A finding that the alleged stalker repeatedly and deliberately appears at the person's home, school, place of employment, business, or any other location to maintain visual or physical proximity to the person is sufficient to find that the alleged stalker follows the person. It is not necessary to establish that the alleged stalker follows the person while in transit from one (1) location to another.~~

~~3. "Harasses" means a knowing and willful course of conduct directed at a specific person which seriously alarms, annoys, harasses, or is detrimental to such person, and which serves no legitimate or lawful purpose. This course of conduct shall be such as would cause a reasonable person to suffer substantial emotional distress, and shall actually cause substantial emotional distress to the person, or, when the course of conduct would cause a reasonable parent to fear for the well-being of his or her child.~~

~~4. "Repeatedly" means on two (2) or more separate occasions.~~

1 F. A defendant arrested for Stalking shall be required to appear in person before a
2 magistrate within one (1) judicial day after the arrest. At the time of required appearance, the
3 court shall determine the necessity of imposing a stalking no-contact order under subsection G.
4 ~~Appearances required pursuant to this section are mandatory and cannot be waived.~~

5 G.

6 1. When any person charged with or arrested for Stalking or any other offense
7 under Section 12A.06.040D is released from custody before arraignment or trial on bail or
8 personal recognizance, the court may prohibit that person from having any contact with the
9 victim and may issue a written stalking no-contact order prohibiting the person from having
10 contact with the victim or from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a
11 specified distance of a location. If there is no outstanding restraining or protective order
12 prohibiting that person from having contact with the victim, and the victim does not qualify for a
13 domestic violence protection order under RCW Chapter 26.50, the court authorizing release may
14 issue the order by telephone and shall issue the order in writing as soon as possible.

15 2. At the time of arraignment or whenever a motion is brought to modify the
16 conditions of the defendant's release, the court shall determine whether a no-contact order shall
17 be issued or extended. If a no-contact order is issued or extended, the court may also include in
18 the conditions of release a requirement that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring,
19 including real-time global position satellite monitoring with victim notification. If electronic
20 monitoring is ordered, the court shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services, and the
21 terms under which the monitoring shall be performed. Upon conviction, the court may require as
22 a condition of the sentence that the defendant reimburse the providing agency for the costs of the
23 electronic monitoring, including costs relating to real-time global position satellite monitoring

1 ~~with victim notification. A no-contact order issued by the court in conjunction with criminal~~
2 ~~charges shall terminate if the defendant is acquitted or the charges are dismissed, unless the~~
3 ~~victim files an independent action for a stalking protection order. If the victim files an~~
4 ~~independent action for a civil stalking protection order, the order may be continued by the court~~
5 ~~until a full hearing is conducted pursuant to Laws of 2013, chapter 84, section 6.~~

6 3. ~~If a defendant is found guilty of Stalking or any other offense under Section~~
7 ~~12A.06.040D, a condition of the sentence restricts the defendant's ability to have contact with the~~
8 ~~victim and the victim does not qualify for a domestic violence protection order under RCW~~
9 ~~Chapter 26.50, the court shall issue a written no-contact order. A final no-contact order entered~~
10 ~~in conjunction with a criminal prosecution shall remain in effect for a period of five (5) years~~
11 ~~from the date of entry.~~

12 4. ~~In issuing the no-contact order, the court shall consider the provisions of~~
13 ~~Section 12A.06.195. The written no-contact order shall contain the court's directives and shall~~
14 ~~bear the legend: "Violation of this order is a criminal offense under RCW Chapter 26.50 and~~
15 ~~Seattle Municipal Code section 12A.06.180 and will subject a violator to arrest. You can be~~
16 ~~arrested even if any person protected by the order invites or allows you to violate the order's~~
17 ~~prohibitions. You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating the order's~~
18 ~~provisions. Only the court can change the order." A certified copy of the written no-contact order~~
19 ~~shall be provided to the victim at no charge. If a no-contact order has been issued prior to~~
20 ~~charging, that order shall expire at arraignment or within seventy-two (72) hours if charges are~~
21 ~~not filed.~~

1 5. Whenever an order is issued, modified or terminated pursuant to this section,
2 the clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the order on or before the next judicial day to the
3 appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order.

4 6. A knowing violation of a no-contact order issued under this subsection
5 12A.06.035.G, RCW 7.92.160 or an equivalent ordinance is punishable under Section
6 12A.06.180.

7 H. Stalking is a gross misdemeanor. Every person convicted of Stalking shall have a
8 biological sample collected for purposes of DNA identification analysis, as provided in RCW
9 43.43.754, and shall pay a fee of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), as provided in RCW
10 43.43.7541.))

11 Section 7. Section 12A.06.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
12 124684, is repealed:

13 **((12A.06.040 Harassment**

14 A. A person is guilty of harassment if:

15 1. With the intent to annoy or alarm another person he/she repeatedly uses
16 fighting words or obscene language, thereby creating a substantial risk of assault; or

17 2. Without lawful authority, the person knowingly threatens:

18 a. To cause bodily injury immediately or in the future to the person
19 threatened or to any other person, or

20 b. To cause physical damage to the property of a person other than the
21 actor, or

22 c. To subject the person threatened or any other person to physical
23 confinement or restraint, or

d. Maliciously to do any other act which is intended to substantially harm the person threatened or another with respect to his or her physical or mental health or safety, and

e. The person by words or conduct places the person threatened in reasonable fear that the threat will be carried out.

B. When any defendant charged with a crime of harassment is released from custody before trial on bail or personal recognizance, the court authorizing the release may issue a written order and require that the defendant:

1. Stay away from the home, school, business, or place of employment of the victim or victims of the alleged offense or other location, as shall be specifically named by the court in the order;

2. Refrain from contacting, intimidating, threatening, or otherwise interfering with the victim or victims of the alleged offense and such other persons, including but not limited to members of the family or household of the victim, as shall be specifically named by the court in the order.

If the court issues an order protecting the victim, it shall issue a written no-contact order pursuant to Subsection 12A.06.035G.

C. The court shall determine the necessity for imposing a no-contact order or other conditions of pre-trial release. The Seattle Police Department and Seattle Municipal Court may enforce this section as it relates to orders restricting the defendant's ability to have contact with the victims or others. The victim shall be informed by local law enforcement agencies or the prosecuting attorney of the final disposition of the case in which the victim is involved. If a defendant is found guilty of a crime of harassment and a condition of the sentence restricts the

1 ~~defendant's ability to have contact with the victim or witnesses, the condition shall be recorded~~
2 ~~and a written certified copy of that order shall be provided to the victim or witnesses by the clerk~~
3 ~~of the court. Wilful violation of a court order issued under RCW Chapter 9A.46, this section, or~~
4 ~~an equivalent statute or ordinance, either as a condition of pre-trial release or as a condition of~~
5 ~~the sentence, is a gross misdemeanor. The written order shall contain the court's directives and~~
6 ~~shall bear the legend: "Violation of this order is criminal offense under RCW Chapter 9A.46 and~~
7 ~~SMC Section 12A.06.040 and will subject a violator to arrest."~~

8 D. For the purposes of subsections 12A.06.040.B and 12A.06.040.C, "a crime of
9 harassment" includes any crime defined in Chapter 12A.06, property destruction as defined in
10 Section 12A.08.020, criminal trespass as defined in Section 12A.08.040, indecent exposure as
11 defined in Section 12A.10.130 and unlawful use of weapons to intimidate another as defined in
12 Section 12A.14.075.

13 E. Every person convicted of Harassment shall have a biological sample collected for
14 purposes of DNA identification analysis, as provided in RCW 43.43.754, and shall pay a fee of
15 One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), as provided in RCW 43.43.7541.))

16 Section 8. Section 12A.06.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
17 120059, is amended as follows:

18 **12A.06.130 No contact orders((;))**

19 * * *

20 B. Willful violation of a court order issued under this section, or of an order issued by
21 any court of competent jurisdiction under an equivalent statute or ordinance, is punishable as
22 RCW 26.50.110, Violation of an Order, under Section ((12A.06.180)) 12A.09.020. The written
23 order releasing the person shall contain the court's directives and shall bear the legend:

"Violation of this order is a criminal offense under Seattle Municipal Code Section ~~((12A.06.180))~~ 12A.09.020 and/or RCW Chapter 26.50 and will subject a violator to arrest; any assault, drive-by shooting, or reckless endangerment that is a violation of this order is a felony. You can be arrested even if any person protected by the order invites or allows you to violate the order's prohibitions. You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating the order's provisions. Only the court can change the order." A certified copy of such order shall be provided to the victim. If a no-contact order has been issued prior to charging, that order shall expire at arraignment or within ~~((seventy-two (72)))~~ hours if charges are not filed. The no-contact order shall terminate if the defendant is acquitted or the charges are dismissed.

* * *

Section 9. Section 12A.06.155 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 123395, is amended as follows:

12A.06.155 Domestic violence prevention~~((7))~~

* * *

C. The jurisdiction of Seattle Municipal Court shall be limited to enforcement of Section ~~((12A.06.180-A))~~ 12A.09.020, RCW 26.50.110(1), or the equivalent municipal ordinance, and the issuance and enforcement of temporary orders for protection provided for in Section 12A.06.170 and RCW 26.50.070 if:

1. A superior court has exercised or is exercising jurisdiction over a proceeding under RCW Title 26 or ~~((RCW Chapter))~~ chapter 13.34 RCW involving the parties; or
2. The petition for relief presents issues of residential schedule and of contact with children of the parties; or

3. The petition for relief requests the court to exclude a party from the dwelling which the parties share.

* * *

Section 10. Section 12A.06.180 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 125345, is repealed:

~~((12A.06.180 Violation—Penalty—Contempt~~

~~A. Whenever an order is granted under this Chapter 12A.06 or chapters 7.90, 7.92, 9.94A, 9A.40, 9A.46, 9A.88, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, 26.50, or 74.34 RCW, any temporary order for protection is granted under chapter 7.40 RCW pursuant to chapter 74.34 RCW or there is a valid foreign protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020 and the respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of any of the following provisions of the order is a gross misdemeanor:~~

~~1. The restraint provisions prohibiting acts or threats of violence against or stalking of a protected party, restraint provisions prohibiting contact with a protected party or restraint provisions prohibiting harassing, following, keeping under physical or electronic surveillance, cyberstalking or monitoring the actions, location, or communication of a protected party, a protected party's children, or members of a protected party's household;~~

~~2. A provision excluding the person from a residence, workplace, school, or day care;~~

~~3. A provision prohibiting the person from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a specified distance of a location;~~

1 4. ~~A provision prohibiting interfering with the protected party's efforts to remove~~
2 ~~a pet owned, possessed, leased, kept, or held by the petitioner, respondent, or a minor child~~
3 ~~residing with either the petitioner or respondent; or~~

4 5. ~~A provision of a foreign protection order specifically indicating that a violation~~
5 ~~will be a crime.~~

6 ~~Upon conviction, and in addition to any other penalties provided by law, the court may~~
7 ~~require that the convicted person submit to electronic monitoring. The court shall specify who~~
8 ~~shall provide the electronic monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring shall~~
9 ~~be performed. The court may require that the convicted person pay the costs of the monitoring.~~
10 ~~The court shall consider the ability of the convicted person to pay for electronic monitoring. The~~
11 ~~court shall impose a fine of \$15, in addition to any penalty or fine imposed, for violation of a~~
12 ~~domestic violence protection order issued under chapter 26.50 RCW. Revenue from this fine~~
13 ~~shall be collected by the clerk of the court and remitted monthly to the state treasury for deposit~~
14 ~~in the domestic violence prevention account.~~

15 ~~B. A peace officer shall arrest without a warrant and take into custody a person whom the~~
16 ~~peace officer has probable cause to believe has violated an order that restrains the person or~~
17 ~~excludes the person from a residence, workplace, school, or day care or prohibits the person from~~
18 ~~knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a specified distance of a location, if~~
19 ~~the person restrained knows of the order. Presence of the order in the law enforcement computer-~~
20 ~~based criminal intelligence information system is not the only means of establishing knowledge~~
21 ~~of the order.~~

22 ~~C. A violation of an order issued under this Chapter 12A.06 or chapters 7.90, 7.92,~~
23 ~~9.94A, 9A.40, 9A.46, 9.88, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, 26.50, or 74.34 RCW, or of a valid~~

1 ~~foreign protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020 shall also constitute contempt of court and~~
2 ~~is subject to the penalties prescribed by law.~~

3 ~~D. Upon the filing of an affidavit by the petitioner or any peace officer alleging that the~~
4 ~~respondent has violated an order issued under this Chapter 12A.06 or chapters 7.90, 7.92, 9.94A,~~
5 ~~9A.40, 9A.46, 9A.88, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, 26.50, or 74.34 RCW, or a valid foreign~~
6 ~~protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020, the court may issue an order to the respondent,~~
7 ~~requiring the respondent to appear and show cause within 14 days why the respondent should not~~
8 ~~be found in contempt of court and punished accordingly.~~

9 ~~E. When a party alleging a violation of an order for protection states that the party is~~
10 ~~unable to afford private counsel and asks the City Attorney for assistance, the City Attorney shall~~
11 ~~initiate and prosecute a contempt proceeding if there is probable cause to believe that the~~
12 ~~violation occurred. In this action, the court may require the violator of the order to pay the costs~~
13 ~~incurred in bringing the action, including a reasonable attorney's fee.~~

14 ~~F. Any proceeding under this Chapter 12A.06 is in addition to other civil or criminal~~
15 ~~remedies.~~

16 ~~G. Willful violation of a court order entered under RCW 26.44.063 is a misdemeanor. In~~
17 ~~addition, any person having actual notice of the existence of a restraining order issued by a court~~
18 ~~of competent jurisdiction under RCW 26.44.063 who refuses to comply with the provisions of~~
19 ~~such order is guilty of a misdemeanor. The notice requirement of the preceding sentence may be~~
20 ~~satisfied by a peace officer giving oral or written evidence to the person subject to the order by~~
21 ~~reading from or handing to that person a copy certified by a notary public or the clerk of the~~
22 ~~court to be an accurate copy of the original court order which is on file. The copy may be~~
23 ~~supplied by the court or any party.~~

H. ~~Every person convicted of violating a sexual assault protection order issued under chapter 7.90 RCW shall have a biological sample collected for purposes of DNA identification analysis, as provided in RCW 43.43.754, and shall pay a fee of \$100, as provided in RCW 43.43.7541.)~~

Section 11. Section 12A.06.195 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 125345, is amended as follows:

12A.06.195 Court order requiring surrender of firearm, dangerous weapon, or concealed pistol license

* * *

B. When entering an order authorized under Section ~~((12A.06.035, 12A.06.040,))~~ 12A.06.130, 12A.06.165, or 12A.06.170 or RCW 9A.46.040, 9A.46.050, 9A.46.080, or 9A.46.085 and upon a showing by either clear and convincing evidence or a preponderance of the evidence, but not by clear and convincing evidence, that a party has used, displayed, or threatened to use a firearm or other dangerous weapon in a felony, that a party has previously committed any offense making the party ineligible to possess a firearm under the provisions of RCW 9.41.040 or that a party's possession of a firearm or other dangerous weapon presents a serious and imminent threat to public health or safety or to the health or safety of any person, the court shall:

1. Require the party to surrender any firearm or other dangerous weapon;
2. Require the party to surrender any concealed pistol license issued under RCW 9.41.070;
3. Prohibit the party from obtaining or possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon;

4. Prohibit the party from obtaining or possessing a concealed pistol license.

C. During any period of time a person is subject to a court order issued under Section ((12A.06.035, 12A.06.040,)) 12A.06.130, 12A.06.165, or 12A.06.170 or RCW 9A.46.040, 9A.46.050, 9A.46.080, or 9A.46.085 after a hearing of which the person received actual notice and at which the person had an opportunity to participate, that restrains the person from harassing, stalking, or threatening an intimate partner of the person or child of the intimate partner or person, or engaging in other conduct that would place an intimate partner in reasonable fear of bodily injury to the partner or child, that includes a finding that the person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of the intimate partner or child, and, that, by its terms, explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the intimate partner or child that would reasonably be expected to cause bodily injury, the court shall:

1. Require the party to surrender any firearm or other dangerous weapon;

2. Require the party to surrender any concealed pistol license issued under RCW 9.41.070;

3. Prohibit the party from obtaining or possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon; and

4. Prohibit the party from obtaining or possessing a concealed pistol license.

* * *

Section 12. Section 12A.10.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 125345, is repealed:

((**12A.10.040 Sexual exploitation**

~~A. A person is guilty of sexual exploitation if:~~

1 1. Pursuant to a prior understanding, he or she pays a fee to another person as
2 compensation for such person or a third person having engaged in sexual conduct with him or
3 her; or

4 2. He or she pays or agrees to pay a fee to another person pursuant to an
5 understanding that in return therefor such person will engage in sexual conduct with him or her;
6 or

7 3. He or she solicits or requests another person to engage in sexual conduct with
8 him or her in return for a fee.

9 B. Sexual exploitation is a misdemeanor. Every person convicted of sexual exploitation
10 shall have a biological sample collected for purposes of DNA identification analysis, as provided
11 in RCW 43.43.754, and shall pay a fee of \$100, as provided in RCW 43.43.7541. When
12 sentencing or imposing conditions on a person convicted of or given a deferred sentence or a
13 deferred prosecution for sexual exploitation, the court must require that the person:

14 1. not be subsequently arrested for sexual exploitation or a similar statute or local
15 ordinance or commercial sexual abuse of a minor;

16 2. remain outside the geographical area, prescribed by the court, in which the
17 person was arrested for this crime, unless this requirement would interfere with the person's
18 legitimate employment or residence or otherwise be infeasible; and

19 3. fulfill the terms of a program, if a first-time offender, designated by the court,
20 designed to educate offenders about the negative costs of prostitution.

21 These requirements are in addition to the penalties set forth in Section 12A.10.070.
22

1 C. As authorized by Section 12A.04.100, liability for sexual exploitation does not require
2 proof of any of the mental states described in Section 12A.04.030.

3 D. The crime of sexual exploitation may be committed in more than one location. The
4 crime is deemed to have been committed in any location in which the defendant commits any act
5 under subsection 12A.10.040.A that constitutes part of the crime. A person who sends a
6 communication as part of any act under subsection 12A.10.040.A is considered to have
7 committed the crime both at the place from which the contact was made pursuant to subsection
8 12A.10.040.A and where the communication is received, provided that this Section 12A.10.040
9 must be construed to prohibit anyone from being prosecuted twice for substantially the same
10 crime.))

11 Section 13. Section 12A.10.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
12 Ordinance 124301, is amended as follows:

13 **12A.10.070 Mandatory fee for defendant convicted of or entering into a diversion**
14 **agreement or deferred prosecution for a prostitution-related offense or indecent exposure;**
15 **forfeiture of funds used as part of prostitution-related offenses((;))**

16 A.

17 1. In addition to penalties set forth in Section 12A.10.020 and ((12A.10.130))
18 RCW 9A.88.010 under Section 12A.09.020, a person who is either convicted or given a deferred
19 sentence or a deferred prosecution or who has entered into a statutory or nonstatutory diversion
20 agreement as a result of an arrest for violating Section 12A.10.020 or 12A.10.130 shall be
21 assessed a fee of ((Fifty Dollars (-))\$50((-00))).

22 2. In addition to penalties set forth in ((Section 12A.10.040)) RCW 9A.88.110
23 under Section 12A.09.020, a person who is either convicted or given a deferred sentence or a

deferred prosecution or who has entered into a statutory or nonstatutory diversion agreement as a result of an arrest for violating (~~Section 12A.10.040~~) RCW 9A.88.110 under Section 12A.09.020 shall be assessed a fee (~~(in the amount)~~) of (~~One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars~~)\$1500(~~(.00)~~) if the person has no prior convictions, deferred sentences, deferred prosecutions or statutory or nonstatutory diversion agreements for this offense, (~~Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars~~)\$2500(~~(.00)~~) if the person has one (~~((1))~~) prior conviction, deferred sentence, deferred prosecution, or statutory or nonstatutory diversion agreement for this offense and (~~Five Thousand Dollars~~)\$5000(~~(.00)~~) if the person has two (~~((2))~~) or more prior convictions, deferred sentences, deferred prosecutions, or statutory or nonstatutory diversion agreements for this offense.

3. In addition to penalties set forth in Section 12A.10.060, a person who is either convicted or given a deferred sentence or a deferred prosecution or who has entered into a statutory or nonstatutory diversion agreement as a result of an arrest for violating Section 12A.10.060 shall be assessed a fee in the amount of (~~One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars~~)\$1500(~~(.00)~~) if the person has no prior convictions, deferred sentences, deferred prosecutions, or statutory or nonstatutory diversion agreements for this offense, (~~Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars~~)\$2500(~~(.00)~~) if the person has one (1) prior conviction, deferred sentence, deferred prosecution or statutory or nonstatutory diversion agreement for this offense and Five Thousand Dollars (\$5000.00) if the person has two (~~((2))~~) or more prior convictions, deferred sentences, deferred prosecutions, or statutory or nonstatutory diversion agreements for this offense.

B. A person who is charged with a violation of Section (~~12A.10.040 or~~) 12A.10.060, or RCW 9A.88.110 under Section 12A.09.020, and who enters into a statutory or nonstatutory

diversion agreement shall be assessed, as a part that agreement, a fee of ~~((One Thousand Dollars~~
~~€))\$1,000((€))~~.

* * *

E. The fee assessed and collected under subsection 12A.10.070.A ~~((of this section))~~ shall
be collected by the clerk of the court and remitted and subject to the use and distribution
conditions of RCW 9A.88.120(4). Any fee assessed under subsection 12A.10.070.B ~~((of this~~
~~section))~~ and the portion of any fine imposed upon a defendant convicted of a violation of
Section 12A.10.010, 12A.10.020, ~~((12A.10.040))~~ or 12A.10.060, or RCW 9A.88.110 under
Section 12A.09.020, that is retained by the City shall be collected by the clerk of the court or the
Director of Probation Services and shall be deposited in the Sex Industry Victims Fund. Monies
forfeited under subsection 12A.10.070.D ~~((of this section))~~ shall be deposited in the Vice
Enforcement/Money Laundering Forfeiture Account.

* * *

Section 14. Section 12A.10.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
124301, is repealed:

~~((12A.10.130 Indecent Exposure.~~

~~A. A person is guilty of indecent exposure if he or she intentionally makes any open and
obscene exposure of his or her person or the person of another knowing that such conduct is
likely to cause reasonable affront or alarm. The act of breastfeeding or expressing breast milk is
not indecent exposure.~~

~~B. Indecent exposure is a gross misdemeanor if the person exposes himself or herself to a
person under the age of fourteen (14) years. Otherwise, indecent exposure is a misdemeanor.))~~

Section 15. Section 12A.10.140 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124684, is repealed:

~~((12A.10.140 Communicating with a minor for immoral purposes~~

~~A. A person is guilty of communicating with a minor for immoral purposes if the person communicates with a minor or someone the person believes to be a minor for immoral purposes.~~

~~B. For purposes of this section, "minor" means any person under eighteen (18) years of age.~~

~~C. In a prosecution under this section, it is not a defense that the defendant did not know the alleged victim's age. It is a defense, which the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence, that at the time of the offense, the defendant made a reasonable bona fide attempt to ascertain the true age of the minor by requiring production of a driver's license, marriage license, birth certificate, or other governmental or educational identification card or paper and did not rely solely on the oral allegations or apparent age of the minor.~~

~~D. Every person convicted of communicating with a minor for immoral purposes shall have a biological sample collected for purposes of DNA identification analysis, as provided in RCW 43.43.754, and shall pay a fee of \$100, as provided in RCW 43.43.7541.))~~

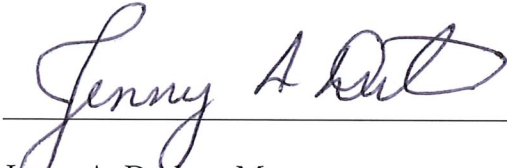
Section 16. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.

Passed by the City Council the 5th day of August, 2019,
and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 5th day of
August, 2019.




President _____ of the City Council

Approved by me this 9th day of August, 2019.



Jenny A. Durkan, Mayor

Filed by me this 9th day of August, 2019.


for Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk

(Seal)

SUMMARY and FISCAL NOTE*

Department:	Dept. Contact/Phone:	CBO Contact/Phone:
Legislative	Greg Doss 206-256-6225	Kara Main-Hester 206-684-8746

** Note that the Summary and Fiscal Note describes the version of the bill or resolution as introduced; final legislation including amendments may not be fully described.*

1. BILL SUMMARY

Legislation Title: AN ORDINANCE relating to the City's criminal code; conforming the Seattle Municipal Code to state law for crimes that require the submission of biological samples to the State of Washington; making technical corrections; adding a new Chapter 12A.09 to the Seattle Municipal Code; amending Sections 3.33.020, 12A.04.100, 12A.06.030, 12A.06.130, 12A.06.155, 12A.06.195, and 12A.10.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code; and repealing Sections 12A.06.010, 12A.06.035, 12A.06.040, 12A.06.180, 12A.10.040, 12A.10.130, and 12A.10.140 of the Seattle Municipal Code.

Summary and background of the Legislation: Council Bill (CB) 000000 would conform the Seattle Municipal Code (SMC) to state law for eleven serious or sex-related crimes that require the submission of biological samples (DNA) to the Washington State Patrol (WSP) Crime Lab.

Until 2014, the Washington State Patrol (WSP) Crime Lab had been processing and entering into the federal CODIS (Combined DNA Index System) database DNA from offenders convicted of misdemeanor crimes defined in the SMC. WSP officials discontinued this practice in 2014 because they believe that it is not legal for the state to process DNA from offenders that are convicted of local crimes under local statutes. A recent Attorney General's (AG) opinion noted that the WSP crime lab would be bound to process Seattle DNA if the SMC definitions are conformed to the RCW definitions.

The City Attorney's Office transmitted to the Council CB 000000 to comply with the AG opinion. The CAO has indicated that the proposed legislation does not substantively change the elements for any of the eleven crimes.

2. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Does this legislation create, fund, or amend a CIP Project? ___ Yes X No

3. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Does this legislation amend the Adopted Budget? ___ Yes X No

Does the legislation have other financial impacts to the City of Seattle that are not reflected in the above, including direct or indirect, short-term or long-term costs?

Staff from the Seattle Police Department have indicated that a recent change in state law shifts from Seattle Assistant City Prosecutors to the Seattle Police Department the burden of collecting DNA from out-of-custody offenders. SPD is still investigating the increased costs associated with DNA collection. The cost to SPD will likely be absorbed within existing budget.

Is there financial cost or other impacts of *not* implementing the legislation?

Implementing the legislation will allow SPD and other law enforcement agencies to use DNA evidence to solve crimes, catch perpetrators and bring justice to victims and their families.

3.a. Appropriations

_____ This legislation adds, changes, or deletes appropriations.

3.b. Revenues/Reimbursements

_____ This legislation adds, changes, or deletes revenues or reimbursements.

3.c. Positions

_____ This legislation adds, changes, or deletes positions.

4. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

a. Does this legislation affect any departments besides the originating department?

Yes, the legislation will have fiscal and operational impacts on the Seattle Police Department. See narrative above.

b. Is a public hearing required for this legislation?

No

c. Does this legislation require landlords or sellers of real property to provide information regarding the property to a buyer or tenant?

No.

- d. Is publication of notice with *The Daily Journal of Commerce* and/or *The Seattle Times* required for this legislation?**

No

- e. Does this legislation affect a piece of property?**

No

- f. Please describe any perceived implication for the principles of the Race and Social Justice Initiative. Does this legislation impact vulnerable or historically disadvantaged communities? What is the Language Access plan for any communications to the public?**

Staff from the Law Department have indicated that the legislation will not lead to any new processes as the City currently collects DNA from offenders for the SMC crimes being synched with the RCW.

Staff from the ACLU of Washington have indicated that the collection and storing of DNA represents an intrusion on privacy, and also presents risks of misuse, which will necessarily be experienced disproportionately by people of color who are disproportionately represented in the criminal justice system.

- g. If this legislation includes a new initiative or a major programmatic expansion: What are the specific long-term and measurable goal(s) of the program? How will this legislation help achieve the program's desired goal(s).**

STATE OF WASHINGTON -- KING COUNTY

--SS.

377047

No.

CITY OF SEATTLE, CLERKS OFFICE

Affidavit of Publication

The undersigned, on oath states that he is an authorized representative of The Daily Journal of Commerce, a daily newspaper, which newspaper is a legal newspaper of general circulation and it is now and has been for more than six months prior to the date of publication hereinafter referred to, published in the English language continuously as a daily newspaper in Seattle, King County, Washington, and it is now and during all of said time was printed in an office maintained at the aforesaid place of publication of this newspaper. The Daily Journal of Commerce was on the 12th day of June, 1941, approved as a legal newspaper by the Superior Court of King County.

The notice in the exact form annexed, was published in regular issues of The Daily Journal of Commerce, which was regularly distributed to its subscribers during the below stated period. The annexed notice, a

CT:125876-885 TITLE ONLY

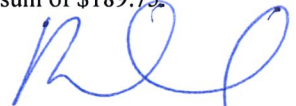
was published on

08/22/19

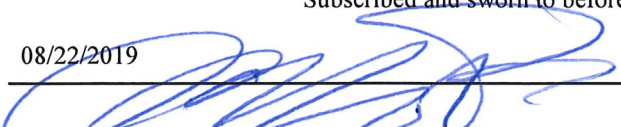
The amount of the fee charged for the foregoing publication is the sum of \$189.75.



Affidavit of Publication


Subscribed and sworn to before me on

08/22/2019


Notary public for the State of Washington,
residing in Seattle

State of Washington, King County

City of Seattle

The full text of the following legislation, passed by the City Council on August 05, 2019, and published below by title only, will be mailed upon request, or can be accessed at <http://seattle.legistar.com>. For information on upcoming meetings of the Seattle City Council, please visit <http://www.seattle.gov/council/calendar>.

Ordinance 125876

Council Bill 119596

AN ORDINANCE appropriating money to pay certain audited claims for the week of July 22, 2019 through July 26, 2019 and ordering the payment thereof.

Ordinance 125877

Council Bill 119582

AN ORDINANCE relating to the Department of Parks and Recreation; authorizing the acquisition of real property commonly known as 7900 10th Avenue South; authorizing acceptance of a recording of the deed for open space, park, and recreation purposes; and ratifying and confirming certain prior acts.

Ordinance 125878

Council Bill 119587

AN ORDINANCE relating to Seattle Parks and Recreation; authorizing the acceptance of a gift of three art pieces, and art tiles entitled "Explorer Voyage," from the Friends of Christie Park to be installed in Christie Park for public use.

Ordinance 125879

Council Bill 119588

AN ORDINANCE relating to Seattle Parks and Recreation; amending Ordinance 125724, which adopted the 2019 budget including the 2019-2024 Capital Improvement Program (CIP); authorizing the acceptance of a donation of real property in Seattle from Forterra NW for open space, park, and recreation purposes; authorizing acceptance of a donation of cash; increasing appropriations to Seattle Parks and Recreation in the 2019 Adopted Budget; and revising project allocations for certain projects in the 2019-2024 CIP.

Ordinance 125880

Council Bill 119579

AN ORDINANCE relating to City employment; establishing new wage relationships for certain job titles.

Ordinance 125881

Council Bill 119589

AN ORDINANCE relating to the City's criminal code; conforming the Seattle Municipal Code to state law for crimes that require the submission of biological samples to the State of Washington; making technical corrections; adding a new Chapter 12A.09 to the Seattle Municipal Code; amending Sections 3.33.020, 12A.04.100, 12A.06.030, 12A.06.130, 12A.06.155, 12A.06.195, and 12A.10.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code; and repealing Sections 12A.06.010, 12A.06.035, 12A.06.040, 12A.06.180, 12A.10.040, 12A.10.130, and 12A.10.140 of the Seattle Municipal Code.

Ordinance 125882

Council Bill 119471

AN ORDINANCE relating to land use and zoning; clarifying the definition of vessel and consistently using the term vessel in the Shoreline Master Program; and amending Sections 23.60A.204, 23.60A.916, and 23.60A.942 of the Seattle Municipal Code.

Ordinance 125883

Council Bill 119564

AN ORDINANCE relating to the Department of Parks and Recreation; accepting an easement from and entering

into a Maintenance Agreement with Seattle Children's Hospital, a Washington nonprofit corporation, as a condition of the public benefit requirement for the street vacation of portions of 41st Avenue NE and a portion of NE 46th Street petition approval contained in Clerk File 309690.

Ordinance 125884

Council Bill 119562

AN ORDINANCE vacating a portion of 41st Avenue Northeast and a portion of Northeast 46th Street, on the petition of Seattle Children's Hospital (Clerk File 309690).

Ordinance 125885

Council Bill 119581

AN ORDINANCE relating to Seattle's Commute Trip Reduction (CTR) program; adopting an updated Strategic Plan; adopting a local designation of Seattle's Center City as a "Growth and Transportation Efficiency Center" as defined by RCW 70.94.528; and amending Sections 25.02.030, 25.02.035, 25.02.040, 25.02.050, 25.02.055, 25.02.070, 25.02.080, and 25.02.090 of the Seattle Municipal Code.

Date of publication in the Seattle Daily Journal of Commerce, August 22, 2019.

8/22(377047)