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Council Bill No. 1/4/56

The City of Seattle
Council Bill/Ordina

An ordinance relating to relocation assistance for emergency orders, amending SMC Section 22.200.020 relating to the intent of the Code regarding relocation assistance payments; amending SMC Section 22.202.050 relating to fines and penalties deposited in the Housing and Abatement Account; adding a new SMC Section 22.202.060 to establish an account for the payment of emergency relocation assistance; amending SMC Section 22.206.260 to provide for annual adjustment to the amount of relocation assistance for emergency orders; adding a new SMC Section 22.206.265 to establish procedures for paying relocation assistance for emergency orders; amending SMC Section 22.206.280 to increase the penalty when a property owner fails to pay relocation assistance for an emergency order; and adding a new SMC Section 22.206.295 providing a private right of action for tenants.

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Date introduced: JAM 2 1 2003		
Date 1st Referred:	To: (committee)	
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Date of Final Passage:	To: (committee)  Full Council Vale: ALS-AT-	<i>.</i>
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Data Presented to Mayor:	Date Approved:	
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<u>Law Department</u> Law Dept. Review

The City of Seattle -				-
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# ORDINANCE 12/076

AN ORDINANCE relating to relocation assistance for emergency orders, amending SMC Section 22.200.020 relating to the intent of the Code regarding relocation assistance payments; amending SMC Section 22.202.050 relating to fines and penalties deposited in the Housing and Abatement Account; adding a new SMC Section 22.202.060 to establish an account for the payment of emergency relocation assistance; amending SMC Section 22.206.260 to provide for annual adjustment to the amount of relocation assistance for emergency orders; adding a new SMC Section 22.206.265 to establish procedures for paying relocation assistance for emergency orders; amending SMC Section 22.206.280 to increase the penalty when a property owner fails to pay relocation assistance for an emergency order; and adding a new SMC Section 22.206.295 providing a private right of action for tenants.

WHEREAS, the Seattle Housing and Building Maintenance Code (SMC Chapter 22.206) provides that property owners are required to pay relocation assistance to tenants who vacate their housing units pursuant to an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close issued because the condition of the building is an imminent threat to the health and safety of the occupants or the public; and

WHEREAS, tenants who are required to move by an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close often have very low incomes and lack the financial resources to secure, on short notice, other affordable living accommodations; and

WHEREAS, an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close often gives tenants less than seventy-two (72) hours to vacate an unsafe premises; and

WHEREAS, the typical costs incurred by tenants within The City of Seattle to relocate often include screening and application fees, the cost to move household goods, utility service deposit and connection fees, advance payment of first and last month's rent, and security and damage deposits; and

WHEREAS, owners of properties who are required to pay relocation assistance to tenants who vacate pursuant to an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close issued under the Housing and Building Maintenance Code frequently do not pay within the timeframe required by the ordinance; and

WHEREAS, poor and low income tenants who vacate as required by an Emergency Order are at a greater risk of becoming homeless, because they do not have sufficient resources to secure alternative accommodations;

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#### NOW, THEREFORE,

#### BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Section 22.200.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which was last amended by Ordinance 115671, is amended as follows:

#### 22.200.020 Declaration of findings and intent.

A. It is found and declared that there exist, within The City of Seattle, buildings together with appurtenant structures and premises ((which)) that are substandard, deteriorating, in danger of causing or contributing to the creation of slums or otherwise blighted areas, and hazardous to the health, safety ((;)) and general welfare of the public.

B. It is further found and declared that these conditions are the result of, among other causes: inadequate original construction; dilapidation; failure to repair; lack of proper sanitary facilities and maintenance; structural defects; vacant or abandoned buildings or properties; overcrowding; electrical, mechanical and other defects increasing the hazards of fire, accidents or other calamities; uncleanliness; inadequate heating, lighting and ventilation.

C. It is further found that maintenance of the housing stock is critical to the health, safety and welfare of the general public and it is the intent of this Code to assure the preservation of the existing supply of housing in The City of Seattle by establishing minimum standards and an effective means for enforcement and by encouraging the rehabilitation and re-use of existing structurally sound buildings.

D. It is further found and declared that arbitrary eviction of responsible tenants imposes upon such tenants the hardship of locating replacement housing and provides no corresponding benefit to property owners.



- E. It is further found and declared that tenants who do not respect the rights of others impose unnecessary hardship.
- F. It is the intent of this Code that relocation assistance payments required by Subtitle II of Title 22 shall be in addition to a refund from the property owner of any deposits and of other sums to which a tenant is lawfully entitled under state or federal law.
- G. The express purpose of this Code is to provide for and promote the health, safety and welfare of the general public, and not to protect individuals or create or otherwise establish or designate any particular class or group of persons who will or should be especially protected or benefited by the terms of this Code. The obligation of complying with the requirements of this Code and the liability for failing to do so is hereby placed upon the property owner and/or occupant or persons responsible for the condition of the buildings or premises.
- Section 2. Section 22.202.050 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which was last amended by Ordinance 120537, is amended as follows:

#### 22.202.050 Housing and Abatement Accounting Unit.

A restricted accounting unit designated as the "Housing and Abatement Account" is established in the Construction and Land Use Fund from which account the Director is hereby authorized to pay the costs and expenses incurred for the repair, alteration, improvement, vacation and closure, removal or demolition of any building, structure or other dangerous condition pursuant to the provisions of this Code, or pursuant to any other ordinance administered and enforced by the Director declaring any building, structure or premises to be a public nuisance and ordering the abatement thereof. Money from the following sources shall be paid into the Housing and Abatement Accounting Unit:



- A. Sums recovered by ((the)) <u>The</u> City as reimbursement for costs incurred by ((the)) <u>The</u> City for the repair, alteration, stabilization, improvement, vacation and closure, removal or demolition of buildings or structures in accordance with this Code;
- B. Sums recovered by((the)) The City as reimbursement for costs and expenses of abatement of buildings, structures and premises declared to be public nuisances;
- C. The unencumbered balance remaining in the Housing and Abatement Revolving Fund created by Ordinance 106319;
- D. Other sums ((which)) that may by ordinance be appropriated to or designated as revenue of the account;
- E. Other sums ((which)) that may by gift, bequest or grant be deposited in the account; and
- F. Fines and penalties collected pursuant to ((Sections 22.206.280 and 22.208.150 and pursuant to)) subsections A, B, D, E, F, and G of SMC Section 22.206.280, SMC Chapter 22.207 and SMC Section 22.208.150.
- Section 3. A new Section 22.202.060 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code to read as follows:

#### 22.202.060 Emergency Relocation Assistance Accounting Unit.

A restricted accounting unit designated as the "Emergency Relocation Assistance Account" is established in the Construction and Land Use Fund, from which account the Director is hereby authorized to pay relocation assistance pursuant to SMC Section 22.206.265, when a property owner is required to deposit such assistance pursuant to SMC Section 22.206.260.

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- A. The total amount of unreimbursed advances from this account shall not exceed Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) at any given time.
- B. Money from the following sources shall be paid into the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account:
- Fines and penalties collected pursuant to subsection C of SMC Section
   22.206.280;
- 2. Sums that may by ordinance be appropriated to or designated as revenue to this account;
  - 3. Other sums that may by gift, bequest or grant be deposited in the account;
- 4. Reimbursement of monies paid by The City of Seattle as relocation assistance from this account; and
- 5. Relocation assistance monies deposited by property owners with the Director pursuant to subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260.
- Section 4. Section 22.206.260 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which was last amended by Ordinance 115671, is amended as follows:

#### 22.206.260 Emergency order.

A. Whenever the Director finds that any building, housing unit or premises is an imminent threat to the health or safety of the occupants or the public, an emergency order may be issued directing that the building, housing unit ((and/)) or premises be restored to a condition of



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safety and specifying the time for compliance. In the alternative, the order may require that the building, housing unit or premises be immediately vacated and closed to entry.

- B. The emergency order shall be posted on the building, housing unit or premises, and shall be mailed by regular, first class mail to the last known address of the <u>property</u> owners and, if applicable, to the occupants. All <u>property</u> owners and occupants of such building, housing unit or premises are deemed to have notice of any emergency order so posted and mailed.
- C. It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to comply with an emergency order issued by the Director requiring that the building, housing unit ((and/))or premises be restored to a condition of safety by a specified time.
- D. It shall be unlawful for any person to use or occupy, or to cause or permit any person to use or occupy the building, housing unit or premises after the date provided in an emergency order requiring the building, housing unit ((and/))or premises to be vacated and closed until the Director certifies that the conditions described in the emergency order have been corrected and the building, housing unit ((and/))or premises have been restored to a safe condition.
- E. Any building, housing unit or premises subject to an emergency order ((which)) that is not repaired within the time specified in the order is found and declared to be a public nuisance ((which)) that the Director is hereby authorized to abate summarily by such means and with such assistance as may be available to the Director, and the costs thereof shall be recovered by the Director in the manner provided by law.
- F. 1. Any tenant who is required to vacate and actually vacates a housing unit as a result of an emergency order shall be paid relocation assistance ((by the owner)) pursuant to and



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contingent upon compliance with the provisions of subsections G and H of SMC Section 22.206.265 at the rate of ((Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000,00))))

Two Thousand Eight Hundred Dollars (\$2,800.00) for each tenant household with income during the ((past)) preceding twelve (12) months at or below fifty ((50)) percent (50%) of the ((county median income)) median family income for the Seattle-Bellevue-Everett Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area, adjusted for family size ("median family income"), and two (2) months' rent for each tenant household with income during the ((past)) preceding twelve (12) months above fifty ((50)) percent (50%) of the ((county median income)) median family income, provided all of the following conditions are met:

- ((4))<u>a</u>. The emergency order requires the housing unit occupied by the tenant to be vacated and closed;
- ((2))b. The conditions ((which)) that create the emergency arise from circumstances within the control of the <u>property</u> owner, including, but not limited to, conditions arising from failure to perform maintenance on the premises, affirmative acts of the <u>property</u> owner, or termination of water or utility services provided by the <u>property</u> owner;
- ((3))c. The conditions ((which)) that create the emergency do not arise from an act of God or from the affirmative actions of a person or persons beyond the control of the property owner; and
- $((4))\underline{d}$ . The conditions ((which)) that create the emergency are not caused solely by the actions of the tenant.



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2. The amount of relocation assistance to be paid pursuant to subsection F1 of SMC Section 22.206.260 to a tenant household with income during the preceding twelve (12) months at or below fifty percent (50%) of the median family income may be adjusted annually by the percentage change in the housing component of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) for the Seattle-Bellevue-Everett Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Such adjustments are authorized to be made by Director's Rule.

G. The <u>property</u> owner is required to ((<del>pay</del>)) <u>deposit with the Director the</u> relocation assistance provided in subsection F in a form acceptable to the <u>Director</u> no later than the deadline specified in the emergency order to vacate and close the building, housing unit or premises.

H. No relocation assistance may be paid pursuant to subsection F1 of SMC Section 22.206.260 to tenants with household incomes during the preceding twelve (12) months greater than fifty percent (50%) of the median family income unless the property owner has deposited the required assistance pursuant to subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260.

Section 5. A new Section 22.206.265 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code to read as follows:

#### 22.206.265 Emergency relocation assistance payments.

A. A tenant subject to an emergency order to vacate and close may request an emergency relocation assistance payment from the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account. The Director may establish by Rule application requirements for this Section.

- 1. To apply for emergency relocation assistance, a tenant household with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months at or below fifty percent (50%) of the median family income must:
- a. Submit a completed and signed request for an emergency relocation assistance payment on an application form provided by the Director along with documentation sufficient to establish tenant household income for the preceding twelve (12) months and any additional information required by the Director;
- b. Certify, in a manner approved by the Director, that the tenant has vacated a building, housing unit or premises pursuant to an emergency order to vacate and close; and
- c. Complete the application requirements contained in this subsection within seven (7) days of the date set for compliance with an emergency order to vacate and close a building, housing unit or premises.
- 2. To apply for emergency relocation assistance, a tenant household with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months greater than fifty percent (50%) of the median family income must:
- a. Submit a completed and signed request for an emergency relocation assistance payment on an application form provided by the Director along with documentation sufficient to establish the monthly rental amount of the building, housing unit or premises under the existing rental agreement for the most recent rental period and that the household income for the preceding twelve (12) months is greater than fifty percent (50%) of the median family income as well as any additional information required by the Director;



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b. Certify, in a manner approved by the Director, that the tenant has vacated a building, housing unit or premises pursuant to an emergency order to vacate and close;

- c. Complete the application requirements contained in this subsection within seven (7) days of the date set for compliance with an emergency order to vacate and close a building, housing unit or premises.
- B. A relocation assistance payment deposited with the Director by a property owner pursuant to subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260 shall be paid to the tenant on whose behalf the deposit was made within three (3) business days after receipt by the Director of both the funds for relocation assistance and a completed and signed application for an emergency relocation assistance payment from the tenant.
- C. If a tenant with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months at or below fifty percent (50%) of the median family income satisfactorily completes the application process described in subsection A1 and the property owner fails to deposit the relocation assistance as required by subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260, the Director may pay to such tenant from the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account, subject to the limitation established in subsection A of SMC Section 22.202.060, the full amount of relocation assistance that such tenant would have received had the property owner deposited the relocation assistance as required.
- D. If a tenant has been paid relocation assistance from the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account pursuant to subsection C and is subsequently paid the relocation assistance provided by subsections F and G of SMC Sections 22.206.260 directly by the property owner, the



tenant must reimburse The City of Seattle the full amount of relocation assistance paid from the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account within three (3) business days of the receipt of the relocation assistance payment from the property owner.

E. If a tenant either fails to submit to the Director a completed and signed application for relocation assistance by the deadline established in subsection A or fails to negotiate a check or warrant for emergency relocation assistance within sixty (60) days of the date of the check or warrant, the Director shall refund to the property owner the full amount of relocation assistance deposited on behalf of a tenant pursuant to SMC Section 22.206.260 within seven (7) business days after such failure by the tenant.

F. Any check or warrant for relocation assistance from the Emergency Relocation

Assistance Account that is not presented for payment within sixty (60) days may not be honored.

Section 6. Section 22.206.280 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which was last amended by

Ordinance 120302, is amended as follows:

#### 22.206.280 Civil penalty.

A. In addition to any other sanction or remedial procedure that may be available, and except for violations of SMC Section 22.206.180, any person violating or failing to comply with any requirement of this Code shall be subject to a cumulative civil penalty in the amount of:

1. Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) per day for each housing unit in violation, and Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) per day for violations in the common area or on the premises surrounding the building or structure, from the date set for compliance until the person complies with the requirements of this Code; or



 2. Seventy-five Dollars (\$75.00) per day for each building in violation of the standards contained in SMC Section 22.206.200, from the date set for compliance until the person complies with the requirements of that section.

- 3. One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day from the date a tenant fails to reimburse The City of Seattle for emergency relocation assistance as required by subsection D of SMC Section 22.206.265 until the date the relocation assistance is repaid to The City of Seattle.
- 4. One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day for any person who provides false or misleading information to the Director and as a result of the false or misleading information is paid emergency relocation assistance by The City of Seattle for which the person would not otherwise be eligible, from the date the person receives the emergency relocation assistance until the date the relocation assistance is repaid to The City of Seattle.
- B. Any person who does not comply with an emergency order issued by the Director pursuant to this SMC Chapter 22.206 shall be subject to a cumulative civil penalty in the amount of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day from the date set for compliance until the Director certifies that the requirements of the emergency order are fully complied with.
- C. Any <u>property</u> owner who fails to ((<del>pay</del>)) <u>deposit</u> relocation assistance as required by ((<del>subsection</del>)) <u>subsections</u> F <u>and G</u> of SMC Section 22.206.260 shall be subject to a cumulative civil penalty ((<del>in the amount</del>)) of:
- 1. For each tenant with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months at or below fifty percent (50%) of the median family income for whom the property



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owner did not deposit relocation assistance as required by subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260:

a. ((Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00),)) Three Thousand Three Hundred Dollars (\$3,300.00), plus

b. One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day ((for each tenant who is entitled to receive but who does not receive the required relocation assistance from the day such payment is required by this Code until the required payments are made.)) from the date such deposit by the property owner is required until the date the property owner pays to The City the penalty provided for in subsection C1a; or

- 2. For each tenant with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months greater than fifty percent (50%) of the median family income for whom the property owner did not deposit relocation assistance as required by subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260, One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day from the date such deposit is required until the date on which the relocation assistance required by subsections F and G of SMC Section 22.206.260 is deposited with The City of Seattle.
- D. In addition to any other sanction or remedial procedure that may be available, any owner of housing units who violates subsection C6 of SMC Section 22.206.160 ((C6)) shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).
- E. In addition to any other sanction or remedial procedure that may be available, anyone who obstructs, impedes, or interferes with an attempt to inspect a building or premises pursuant to the authority of an inspection warrant issued by any court or an attempt to inspect a housing



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penalty of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

F. Any person who violates or fails to comply with subsections A5, A6 or A7 of SMC

unit after consent to inspect is given by a tenant of the housing unit shall be subject to a civil

- F. Any person who violates or fails to comply with <u>subsections A5, A6 or A7 of SMC</u>

  Section ((s)) 22.206.180 ((A5, 22.206.180 A6, or 22.206.180 A7)) shall be subject to a cumulative civil penalty in an amount not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more than Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) per violation. Each day that a separate ((aet)) action or inaction occurs that is a violation of <u>subsections A5, A6 or A7 of SMC</u> Section ((s)) 22.206.180 ((A5, 22.206.180 A6 or 22.206.180 A7)) constitutes a separate violation.
- G. The Director shall notify the City Attorney in writing of the name of any person subject to a civil penalty for violations of this Code, except that for violations of SMC Section 22.206.180, the Chief of Police shall notify the City Attorney. The City Attorney shall take appropriate action to collect the penalty. In any civil action for a penalty, the City has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that a violation exists or existed and, for violations of sections other than SMC Section 22.206.180, that the violation was not corrected by the date established by the Director in a notice, order or decision. The issuance of a notice of violation or an order following a review by the Director is not itself evidence that a violation exists.
- H. The violator may show, in mitigation of liability, that correction of the violation was commenced promptly upon receipt of notice, but that compliance within the time specified was prevented by an inability to obtain necessary materials or labor, inability to gain access to the subject building, or other condition or circumstance beyond the control of the violator, and upon



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a showing of the above described conditions, the court may enter judgment for less than the maximum penalty.

Section 7. A new Section 22.206.295 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code to read as follows:

#### 22.206.295 Private right of action.

In addition to any other sanction or remedial procedure that may be available, any property owner who does not deposit emergency relocation assistance with The City of Seattle for a tenant pursuant to subsections F and G of SMC Section 22.206.260 shall be subject



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to a private civil action by such tenant to recover ((actual damages)) the actual amount of relocation assistance payable to the tenant but not deposited with The City of Seattle by the property owner, attorney fees and court costs.

Section 8. The provisions of this ordinance are declared to be separate and severable. The invalidity of any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, or portion of this ordinance, or the invalidity of the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this ordinance, or the validity of its application to other persons or circumstance.

Section 9. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty (30) days from and after its approval by the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten (10) days after presentation, it shall take effect as provided by Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.

Passed by the City Council the 18 day of 16., 2002, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 18 day of 16., 2002.

President \_\_\_\_\_of the City Counci

Approved by me this day of

Gregory J. Nickels, Mayor

Filed by me this 28th day of 100 ruany, 2002.

City Clerk

(Seal)

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#### **Fiscal Note**

Department:	Contact Person/Phone:	DOF Analyst/Phone:
D.C.L.U.	Jim Metz 684-7979	Stephen Land 684-7920

Legislation Title:

**Emergency Relocation Assistance Account** 

#### **Summary of Legislation:**

The proposed ordinance establishes an Emergency Relocation Assistance Account in the Construction and Land Use Fund to assist low income tenants with household incomes at or below fifty percent (50%) of the median family income in King County who must move as a result of an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close their housing unit. The main purpose of the Account would be to advance relocation assistance payments to eligible low income tenants when property owners failed to pay such tenants as required under current authorization of the Housing and Building Maintenance Code (HBMC). The Account would also be used to pass through relocation payments to tenants from those property owners who complied with the requirements of the HBMC.

#### Appropriations (in \$1,000's):

Fund Name and	Department	Budget Control	2002	2003 Anticipated	
Number		Level*	Appropriation	Appropriation	
			. 0	0	
TOTAL			0	0	

<sup>\*</sup> This is line of business for operating budgets, and program or project for capital improvements

Notes: No appropriation is being sought to fund the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account. The Account would be reimbursed by civil penalties assessed for failure to pay relocation assistance. The total amount of unreimbursed advances from the Account at any give time would not exceed \$50,000.00

#### Anticipated Revenue/Reimbursement (in \$1,000's):

Fund Name and	Department	Revenue Source	2002	2003 Revenue	
Number			Revenue		
			0	0	
TOTAL			0	0	

Notes: The Emergency Relocation Assistance Account would not generate revenues. It would be only reimbursed by civil penalties assessed for failure to pay relocation assistance.



# Total Permanent Positions Created Or Abrogated Through Legislation, Including FTE Impact; Estimated FTE Impact for Temporary Positions:

Fund Name and	Department	Position Title*	2002 FTE	2003 FTE	
Number					
			0	0	
TOTAL			0	0	

<sup>\*</sup> List each position separately

Do positions sunset in the future? (If yes, identify sunset date):

There are no permanent positions created or abrogated by the proposed ordinance.

**Background** (Include brief description which states the purpose and context of legislation and include record of previous legislation and funding history, if applicable):

The main purpose of the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account is to advance relocation assistance payments to eligible low income tenants when property owners fail to pay relocation to such tenants displaced by an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close as required under current authorization of the Housing and Building Maintenance Code (HBMC). The Account would also be used to pass through relocation payments to tenants from those property owners who complied with the requirements of the HBMC.

The proposed procedures are a departure from present practice. Currently, property owners are responsible for paying relocation assistance directly to tenants displaced by an Emergency Order. Under this proposal, property owner payments would be passed through the new account and paid to the tenants by the City. When owners failed to pay, the account would advance payments to low income tenants and impose a penalty upon the defaulting property owners.

The Account would be reimbursed by civil penalties assessed for failure to pay relocation assistance. No appropriation is being sought to fund the Account and the total amount of unreimbursed advances from the Account at any given time would be limited to \$50,000.

The financial cost of not implementing the legislation (Estimate the costs to the City of not implementing the legislation, including estimated costs to maintain or expand an existing facility or the cost avoidance due to replacement of an existing facility, potential conflicts with regulatory requirements, or other potential costs if the legislation is not implemented):

There would be no direct financial cost to the City if the proposed ordinance is not implemented.

Possible alternatives to the legislation which could achieve the same or similar objectives (Include any potential alternatives to the proposed legislation, including using an existing facility to fulfill the uses envisioned by the proposed project, adding components to or subtracting components from the total proposed project, contracting with an outside organization to provide the services the proposed project would fill, or other alternatives):

1) Retain the current Housing and Building Maintenance Code (HBMC) requirement that



property owners pay relocation assistance directly to tenants. This approach would leave unresolved the current problem of owners not paying relocation assistance to low income tenants and the associated negative impact on this vulnerable population. 2) Set the penalty for failure to pay relocation assistance so high as to provide a strong incentive for owners to comply with the HBMC. It is our view, however, that it is highly unlikely that the courts would levy penalties at levels sufficient to accomplish this objective

Is the legislation subject to public hearing requirements (If yes, what public hearings have been held to date):

A public hearing is not required for the proposed ordinance.

Other Issues (including long-term implications of the legislation):

The proposed legislation was developed in response to repeated failures by property owners to pay relocation assistance to tenant households displaced by emergency orders to vacate and close. The majority of those affected have been largely single-parent households, single men and women with very low wage jobs or who are receiving some form of public assistance, and individuals who were recently homeless. Currently, the City has the authority to sue a property owner who fails to pay required relocation assistance, but can only seek to collect civil penalties. It has no authority to sue a property owner for the amount of unpaid relocation assistance. A tenant can bring a private civil action to claim the assistance. However, it has been the experience of the D.C.L.U. that the average tenant is unprepared to sue, even in Small Claims Court. This problem would remain unaddressed should the proposed legislation not be implemented.

Implementation of the proposed ordinance would result in a small increase in administrative costs associated with processing deposits by property owners, reviewing applications for assistance, and processing payment requests and checks. Since it is anticipated that the number of cases requiring the payment of relocation assistance will be rather small, the additional administrative costs should also be small. As an example, in the period May 2000 through December 2001, eight (8) low income households were not paid relocation assistance as required by the Housing and Building Maintenance Code.

#### FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS ONLY

**Background** (Include brief description that states the purpose and context of legislation, the expected useful life, anticipated customers/users, assumed level of LEED or other sustainable design elements. Also include record of previous legislation and funding history, if applicable):

Project Name:	 Project Location:	Start Date:	End Date:



Spending Plan and Future Appropriations for Capital Projects (Estimate cost of legislation over time; list timing of anticipated appropriation authority requests and expected spending plan. Please identify your cost estimate methodology including inflation assumptions and key assumptions related to the timing of appropriation requests and expected expenditures. In addition, include the projected costs of meeting the LEED Silver standard in all facilities and buildings with over 5,000 gross square feet of occupied space. Also, be sure to include percent for art and percent for design as appropriate):

Spending Plan and Budget	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Spending Plan							
Current Year Appropriation							
Future Appropriations							

Key Assumptions:		

Funding source (Identify funding sources including revenue generated from the project and the expected level of funding from each source):

Funding Source	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
TOTAL							·

**Bond Financing Required** (If the project or program requires financing, please list type of financing, amount, interest rate, term and annual debt service or payment amount. Please include issuance costs of 3% in listed amount):

Type	Amount	Assumed	Term	Timing	Expected
		Interest Rate			Annual Debt Service/Payment
TOTAL					

Uses and Sources for Operation and Maintenance Costs for the Project (Estimate cost of one-time startup, operating and maintaining the project over a six year period and identify each fund source available. Estimate the annual savings of implementing the LEED Silver standard. Identify key assumptions such as staffing required, assumed utility usage and rates and other potential drivers of the facility's cost):

O&M	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Uses							
Start Up					······································		
On-going							
Sources (itemize)							
					***************************************		

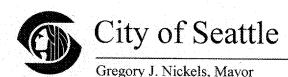
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Daniel de Marie de Danie	********	ander Pari Albania	roject (Estimate			

Major Maintenance Item	Frequency	Cost	Likely Funding Source
TOTAL			

Funding source	es for re	placem	ent of p	roject (	Identify	possibl	e and/or	recomme	nded metho	od
of financing the	project	replacer	nent co	sts):						
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Revised 7/09/02





#### Office of the Mayor

January 13, 2003

Honorable Peter Steinbrueck President Seattle City Council Municipal Building, 11<sup>th</sup> Floor

Dear Council President Steinbrueck:

The attached ordinance would establish an Emergency Relocation Assistance Account within the Construction and Land Use Fund to assist low income households (at or below 50% of median family income) who must move as a result of an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close their housing unit. The main purpose of the Account would be to advance relocation assistance payments to eligible low income tenants when property owners fail to do so as required under current authorization of the Housing and Building Maintenance Code (HBMC). The Account would be reimbursed by civil penalties assessed for failure to pay relocation assistance. No appropriation is being sought to fund the Account and the total amount of unreimbursed advances from the Account at any given time would not exceed \$50,000.

This ordinance was developed in response to repeated failures by property owners to pay relocation assistance to tenant households displaced by Emergency Orders to Vacate and Close. The majority of those affected have been single-parent households, single men and women with very low wage jobs or receiving some form of public assistance, and individuals who were formerly homeless.

Currently, the City has the authority to sue a property owner who fails to pay required relocation assistance, but can only collect civil penalties. It has no authority to sue a property owner for the amount of unpaid relocation assistance. A tenant can bring a private civil action to claim the assistance; however, the average tenant is generally unprepared to sue, even in Small Claims Court.

The proposed ordinance would allow the Department of Design, Construction and Land Use to pay \$2,000 relocation assistance to eligible households if the owner fails to do so. The owner would be assessed a civil penalty of \$2,500 plus \$100 per day until the required assistance was paid.

Thank you for your consideration of this legislation. Should you have questions please contact Karen White, Manager, Compliance Service Center at (206) 615-0097.

Sincerely,

Greg Nickels Mayor of Seattle

cc. Honorable Members of the Seattle City Council

(ALTING CENTY CLENK) Jim Metz/JM Emergency Relocation Assistance.doc 08/23/02 version #1

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ORDINANCE

AN ORDINANCE relating to relocation assistance for emergency orders, amending SMC Section 22.200.020 relating to the intent of the Code regarding relocation assistance payments; amending SMC Section 22.202.050 relating to fines and penalties deposited in the Housing and Abatement Account; adding a new SMC Section 22.202.060 to establish an account for the payment of emergency relocation assistance; amending SMC Section 22.206.260 to provide for annual adjustment to the amount of relocation assistance for emergency orders; adding a new SMC Section 22.206.265 to establish procedures for paying relocation assistance for emergency orders; amending SMC Section 22.206.280 to increase the penalty when a property owner fails to pay relocation assistance for an emergency order; and adding a new SMC Section 22.206.295 providing a private right of action for tenants.

WHEREAS, the Seattle Housing and Building Maintenance Code (SMC Chapter 22.206) provides that property owners are required to pay relocation assistance to tenants who vacate their housing units pursuant to an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close issued because the condition of the building is an imminent threat to the health and safety of the occupants or the public; and

WHEREAS, tenants who are required to move by an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close often have very low incomes and lack the financial resources to secure, on short notice, other affordable living accommodations; and

WHEREAS, an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close often gives tenants less than seventy-two (72) hours to vacate an unsafe premises; and

WHEREAS, the typical costs incurred by tenants within The City of Seattle to relocate often include screening and application fees, the cost to move household goods, utility service deposit and connection/fees, advance payment of first and last month's rent, and security and damage deposits; and

WHEREAS, owners of properties who are required to pay relocation assistance to tenants who vacate pursuant to an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close issued under the Housing and Building Maintenance Code frequently do not pay within the timeframe required by the ordinance; and

WHEREAS, poor and low income tenants who vacate as required by an Emergency Order are at a greater risk of becoming homeless, because they do not have sufficient resources to secure alternative accommodations;

#### NOW, THEREFORE,

#### BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Section 22.200.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which was last amended by Ordinance 115671, is amended as follows:

#### 22.200.020 Declaration of findings and intent.

A. It is found and declared that there exist, within The City of Seattle, buildings together with appurtenant structures and premises ((which)) that are substandard, deteriorating, in danger of causing or contributing to the creation of slums or otherwise blighted areas, and hazardous to the health, safety ((5)) and general welfare of the public.

B. It is further found and declared that these conditions are the result of, among other causes: inadequate original construction; dilapidation; failure to repair; lack of proper sanitary facilities and maintenance; structural defects; vacant or abandoned buildings or properties; overcrowding; electrical, mechanical and other defects increasing the hazards of fire, accidents or other calamities; uncleanliness; inadequate heating, lighting and ventilation.

C. It is further found that maintenance of the housing stock is critical to the health, safety and welfare of the general public and it is the intent of this Code to assure the preservation of the existing supply of housing in The City of Seattle by establishing minimum standards and an effective means for enforcement and by encouraging the rehabilitation and re-use of existing structurally sound buildings.

D. It is further found and declared that arbitrary eviction of responsible tenants imposes upon such tenants the hardship of locating replacement housing and provides no corresponding benefit to property owners.



- E. It is further found and declared that tenants who do not respect the rights of others impose unnecessary hardship.
- F. It is the intent of this Code that relocation assistance payments required by Subtitle II of Title 22 shall be in addition to a refund from the property owner of any deposits and of other sums to which a tenant is lawfully entitled under state or federal law.
- G. The express purpose of this Code is to provide for and promote the health, safety and welfare of the general public, and not to protect individuals or create or otherwise establish or designate any particular class or group of persons who will or should be especially protected or benefited by the terms of this Code. The obligation of complying with the requirements of this Code and the liability for failing to do so is hereby placed upon the <u>property</u> owner and/or occupant or persons responsible for the condition of the buildings or premises.

Section 2. Section 22.202.050 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which was last amended by Ordinance 120537, is amended as follows:

## 22.202.050 Housing and Abatement Accounting Unit.

A restricted accounting unit designated as the "Housing and Abatement Account" is established in the Construction and Land Use Fund from which account the Director is hereby authorized to pay the costs and expenses incurred for the repair, alteration, improvement, vacation and closure, removal or demolition of any building, structure or other dangerous condition pursuant to the provisions of this Code, or pursuant to any other ordinance administered and enforced by the Director declaring any building, structure or premises to be a public nuisance and ordering the abatement thereof. Money from the following sources shall be paid into the Housing and Abatement Accounting Unit:



- A. Sums recovered by ((the)) <u>The</u> City as reimbursement for costs incurred by ((the)) <u>The</u> City for the repair, alteration, stabilization, improvement, vacation and closure, removal or demolition of buildings or structures in accordance with this Code;
- B. Sums recovered by((the)) The City as reimbursement for costs and expenses of abatement of buildings, structures and premises declared to be public nuisances;
- C. The unencumbered balance remaining in the Housing and Abatement Revolving Fund created by Ordinance 106319;
- D. Other sums ((which)) that may by ordinance be appropriated to or designated as revenue of the account;
- E. Other sums ((which)) that may by gift, bequest or grant be deposited in the account; and
- F. Fines and penalties collected pursuant to ((Sections 22.206.280 and 22.208.150 and pursuant to)) subsections A, B, D, E, F, and G of SMC Section 22.206.280, SMC Chapter 22.207 and SMC Section 22.208.150.
- Section 3. A new Section 22.202.060 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code to read as follows:

#### 22.202.060 Emergency Relocation Assistance Accounting Unit.

A restricted accounting unit designated as the "Emergency Relocation Assistance Account" is established in the Construction and Land Use Fund, from which account the Director is hereby authorized to pay relocation assistance pursuant to SMC Section 22.206.265, when a property owner is required to deposit such assistance pursuant to SMC Section 22.206.260.



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- A. The total amount of unreimbursed advances from this account shall not exceed Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) at any given time.
- B. Money from the following sources shall be paid into the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account:
- 1. Fines and penalties collected pursuant to subsection C of SMC Section 22.206.280;
- 2. Sums that may by ordinance be appropriated to or designated as revenue to this account;
  - 3. Other sums that may by gift, bequest or grant be deposited in the account;
- 4. Reimbursement of monies paid by The City of Seattle as relocation assistance from this account; and
- 5. Relocation assistance monies deposited by property owners with the Director pursuant to subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260.
- Section 4. Section 22.206,260 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which was last amended by Ordinance 115671, is amended as follows:

### 22.206.260 Emergency order.

A. Whenever the Director finds that any building, housing unit or premises is an imminent threat to the health or safety of the occupants or the public, an emergency order may be issued directing that the building, housing unit ((and/))or premises be restored to a condition of



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safety and specifying the time for compliance. In the alternative, the order may require that the building, housing unit or premises be immediately vacated and closed to entry.

- B. The emergency order shall be posted on the building, housing unit or premises, and shall be mailed by regular, first class mail to the last known address of the <u>property</u> owners and, if applicable, to the occupants. All <u>property</u> owners and occupants of such building, housing unit or premises are deemed to have notice of any emergency order so posted and mailed.
- C. It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to comply with an emergency order issued by the Director requiring that the building, housing unit ((and/))or premises be restored to a condition of safety by a specified time.
- D. It shall be unlawful for any person to use or occupy, or to cause or permit any person to use or occupy the building, housing unit or premises after the date provided in an emergency order requiring the building, housing unit ((and/)) or premises to be vacated and closed until the Director certifies that the conditions described in the emergency order have been corrected and the building, housing unit ((and/)) or premises have been restored to a safe condition.
- E. Any building, housing unit or premises subject to an emergency order ((which)) that is not repaired within the time specified in the order is found and declared to be a public nuisance ((which)) that the Director is hereby authorized to abate summarily by such means and with such assistance as may be available to the Director, and the costs thereof shall be recovered by the Director in the manner provided by law.
- F. 1. Any tenant who is required to vacate and actually vacates a housing unit as a result of an emergency order shall be paid relocation assistance ((by the owner)) pursuant to and



contingent upon compliance with the provisions of subsections G and H of SMC Section 22.206.265 at the rate of Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) for each tenant household with income during the ((past)) preceding twelve (12) months at or below fifty ((50)) percent (50%) of the ((county median income)) median family income for the Seattle-Bellevue-Everett Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area, adjusted for family size ("median family income"), and two (2) months' rent for each tenant household with income during the ((past)) preceding twelve (12) months above fifty ((50)) percent (50%) of the ((county median income)) median family income, provided all of the following conditions are met:

((1))a. The emergency order requires the housing unit occupied by the tenant to be vacated and closed;

((2))b. The conditions ((which)) that create the emergency arise from circumstances within the control of the property owner, including, but not limited to conditions arising from failure to perform maintenance on the premises, affirmative acts of the property owner, or termination of water or utility services provided by the property owner:

((3))c. The conditions ((which)) that create the emergency do not arise from an act of God or from the affirmative actions of a person or persons beyond the control of the property owner; and

 $((4))\underline{d}$ . The conditions ((which)) that create the emergency are not caused solely by the actions of the tenant.

2. The amount of relocation assistance to be paid pursuant to subsection F1 of SMC Section 22.206.260 to a tenant household with income during the preceding twelve (12)

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version #1

months at or below fifty percent (50%) of the median family income may be adjusted annually by the percentage change in the housing component of the Consumer/Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) for the Seattle-Bellevue-Everett Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Such adjustments are authorized to be made by Director's Rule.

- G. The <u>property</u> owner is required to ((<del>pay</del>)) <u>deposit with the Director the</u> relocation assistance provided in subsection F <u>in a form acceptable to the Director</u> no later than the deadline specified in the emergency order to vacate and close the building, housing unit or premises.
- H. No relocation assistance may be paid pursuant to subsection F1 of SMC Section

  22.206.260 to tenants with household incomes during the preceding twelve (12) months greater
  than fifty percent (50%) of the median family income unless the property owner has deposited
  the required assistance pursuant to subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260.
- Section 5. A new Section 22.206.265 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code to read as follows:

#### 22.206.265 Emergency relocation assistance payments.

- A. A tenant subject to an emergency order to vacate and close may request an emergency relocation assistance payment from the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account. The Director may establish by Rule application requirements for this Section.
- 1. To apply for emergency relocation assistance, a tenant household with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months at or below fifty percent (50%) of the median family income must:



and

assistance payment on an application form provided by the Director along with documentation sufficient to establish tenant household income for the preceding twelve (12) months and any additional information required by the Director;

b. Certify, in a manner approved by the Director, that the tenant has vacated a building, housing unit or premises pursuant to an emergency order to vacate and close;

a. Submit a completed and signed request for an emergency relocation

- c. Complete the application requirements contained in this subsection within seven (7) days of the date set for compliance with an emergency order to vacate and close a building, housing unit or premises.
- 2. To apply for emergency relocation assistance, a tenant household with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months greater than fifty percent (50%) of the median family income must:
- a. Submit a completed and signed request for an emergency relocation assistance payment on an application form provided by the Director along with documentation sufficient to establish the monthly rental amount of the building, housing unit or premises under the existing rental agreement for the most recent rental period and that the household income for the preceding twelve (12) months is greater than fifty percent (50%) of the median family income as well as any additional information required by the Director;
- b. Certify, in a manner approved by the Director, that the tenant has vacated a building, housing unit or premises pursuant to an emergency order to vacate and close; and



c. Complete the application requirements contained in this subsection within seven (7) days of the date set for compliance with an emergency order to vacate and close a building, housing unit or premises.

B. A relocation assistance payment deposited with the Director by a property owner pursuant to subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260 shall be paid to the tenant on whose behalf the deposit was made within three (3) business days after receipt by the Director of both the funds for relocation assistance and a completed and signed application for an emergency relocation assistance payment from the tenant.

C. If a tenant with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months at or below fifty percent (50%) of the median family income satisfactorily completes the application process described in subsection A1 and the property owner fails to deposit the relocation assistance as required by subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260, the Director may pay to such tenant from the Emergency Relocation Assistance Account, subject to the limitation established in subsection A of SMC Section 22.202.060, the full amount of relocation assistance that such tenant would have received had the property owner deposited the relocation assistance as required.

D. If a tenant has been paid relocation assistance from the Emergency Relocation
Assistance Account pursuant to subsection C and is subsequently paid the relocation assistance
provided by subsections F and G of SMC Sections 22.206.260 directly by the property owner, the
tenant must reimburse The City of Seattle the full amount of relocation assistance paid from the
Emergency Relocation Assistance Account within three (3) business days of the receipt of the
relocation assistance payment from the property owner.



	E. If a tenant either fails to submit to the Director a completed and signed application for
eloca	tion assistance by the deadline established in subsection A or fails to negotiate a check or
warrar	nt for emergency relocation assistance within sixty (60) days of the date of the check or
warrar	nt, the Director shall refund to the property owner the full amount of relocation assistance
deposi	ted on behalf of a tenant pursuant to SMC Section 22.206.260 within seven (7) business
lays a	fter such failure by the tenant.

F. Any check or warrant for relocation assistance from the Emergency Relocation

Assistance Account that is not presented for payment within sixty (60) days may not be honored.

Section 6. Section 22.206.280 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which was last amended by Ordinance 120302, is amended as follows:

#### 22.206.280 Civil penalty.

A. In addition to any other sanction or remedial procedure that may be available, and except for violations of SMC Section 22.206.180, any person violating or failing to comply with any requirement of this Code shall be subject to a cumulative civil penalty in the amount of:

- 1. Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) per day for each housing unit in violation, and Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) per day for violations in the common area or on the premises surrounding the building or structure, from the date set for compliance until the person complies with the requirements of this Code; or
- 2. Seventy-five Dollars (\$75.00) per day for each building in violation of the standards contained in SMC Section 22.206.200, from the date set for compliance until the person complies with the requirements of that section.



3. One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day from the date a tenant fails to
reimburse The City of Seattle for emergency relocation assistance as required by subsection D or
SMC Section 22.206.265 until the date the relocation assistance is repaid to The City of Seattle.

- 4. One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day for any person who provides false or misleading information to the Director and as a result of the false or misleading information is paid emergency relocation assistance by The City of Seattle for which the person would not otherwise be eligible, from the date the person receives the emergency relocation assistance until the date the relocation assistance is repaid to The/City of Seattle.
- B. Any person who does not comply with an emergency order issued by the Director pursuant to this SMC Chapter 22.206 shall be subject to a cumulative civil penalty in the amount of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day from the date set for compliance until the Director certifies that the requirements of the emergency order are fully complied with.
- C. Any <u>property</u> owner who fails to ((<del>pay</del>)) <u>deposit</u> relocation assistance as required by ((<del>subsection</del>)) <u>subsections</u> F <u>and G</u> of SMC Section 22.206.260 shall be subject to a cumulative civil penalty ((<del>in the amount</del>)) of:
- 1. For each tenant with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months at or below fifty percent (50%) of the median family income for whom the property owner did not deposit relocation assistance as required by subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260:
  - a. Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00), plus



b. One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day ((for each tenant who is entitled to receive but who does not receive the required relocation assistance from the day such payment is required by this Code until the required payments are made.)) from the date such deposit by the property owner is required until the date the property owner pays to The City the penalty provided for in subsection C1a; or

- 2. For each tenant with a household income during the preceding twelve (12) months greater than fifty percent (50%) of the median family income for whom the property owner did not deposit relocation assistance as required by subsection G of SMC Section 22.206.260, One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per day from the date such deposit is required until the date on which the relocation assistance required by subsections F and G of SMC Section 22.206.260 is deposited with The City of Seattle.
- D. In addition to any other sanction or remedial procedure that may be available, any owner of housing units who violates <u>subsection C6 of SMC Section 22.206.160 ((C6))</u> shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).
- E. In addition to any other sanction or remedial procedure that may be available, anyone who obstructs, impedes, or interferes with an attempt to inspect a building or premises pursuant to the authority of an inspection warrant issued by any court or an attempt to inspect a housing unit after consent to inspect is given by a tenant of the housing unit shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).
- F. Any person who violates or fails to comply with subsections A5, A6 or A7 of SMC Section ((s)) 22.206.180 ((A5, 22.206.180 A6, or 22.206.180 A7)) shall be subject to a

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than Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) per violation. Each day that a separate ((aet)) action or inaction occurs that is a violation of subsections A5, A6 or A7 of SMC Section ((s)) 22.206.180 ((A5, 22.206.180 A6 or 22.206.180 A7)) constitutes a separate violation.

- G. The Director shall notify the City Attorney in writing of the name of any person subject to a civil penalty for violations of this Code, except that for violations of SMC Section 22.206.180, the Chief of Police shall notify the City Attorney. The City Attorney shall take appropriate action to collect the penalty. In any civil action for a penalty, the City has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that a violation exists or existed and, for violations of sections other than SMC Section 22.206.180, that the violation was not corrected by the date established by the Director in a notice, order or decision. The issuance of a notice of violation or an order following a review by the Director is not itself evidence that a violation exists.
- H. The violator may show, in mitigation of liability, that correction of the violation was commenced promptly upon receipt of notice, but that compliance within the time specified was prevented by an inability to obtain necessary materials or labor, inability to gain access to the subject building, or other condition or circumstance beyond the control of the violator, and upon a showing of the above described conditions, the court may enter judgment for less than the maximum penalty.

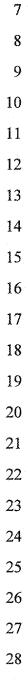


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Section 7. A new Section 22.206.295 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code to read as follows:

#### 22.206.295 Private right of action.

In addition to any other sanction or remedial procedure that may be available, any property owner who does not deposit emergency relocation assistance with The City of Seattle for a tenant pursuant to subsections F and G of SMC Section 22.206.260 shall be subject



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to a private civil action by such tenant to recover actual damages, attorney fees and court costs.

Section 8. The provisions of this ordinance are declared to be separate and severable. The invalidity of any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, or portion of this ordinance, or the invalidity of the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this ordinance, or the validity of its application to other persons or circumstance.

Section 9. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty (30) days from and after its approval by the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten (10) days after presentation, it shall take effect as provided by Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.

Passed by the City Council the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2002, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2002.

	President	of the City Council
pproved by me this day of _	, 2002.	
	Gregory J. Nickels	, Mayor
led by me this day of	, 2002.	:
	City Clerk	



#### STATE OF WASHINGTON - KING COUNTY

--ss.

155734 City of Seattle, Clerk's Office

No. ORDINANCE IN FULL

#### **Affidavit of Publication**

The undersigned, on oath states that he is an authorized representative of The Daily Journal of Commerce, a daily newspaper, which newspaper is a legal newspaper of general circulation and it is now and has been for more than six months prior to the date of publication hereinafter referred to, published in the English language continuously as a daily newspaper in Seattle, King County, Washington, and it is now and during all of said time was printed in an office maintained at the aforesaid place of publication of this newspaper. The Daily Journal of Commerce was on the 12th day of June, 1941, approved as a legal newspaper by the Superior Court of King County.

The notice in the exact form annexed, was published in regular issues of The Daily Journal of Commerce, which was regularly distributed to its subscribers during the below stated period. The annexed notice, a

CT:ORDINANCE 121076

was published on

3/13/2003

Subscribed and sworn to before me on

3/13/2003

Notary public for the State of Washington,

residing in Seattle

Affidavit of Publication

# City of Seattle

#### ORDINANCE 121078

ORDINANCE 121078

AN ORDINANCE relating to relocation assistance for emergency orders, amending SMC Section 22,200,020 relating to the intent of the Code regarding relocation assistance payments, amending SMC Section 22,202,050 relating to fines and penalties deposited in the Housing and Abstement Account; adding a new SMC Section 22,203,050 to establish an account for the payment of emergency relation assistance; amending SMC Section 22,206,260 to provide for annual edipartment to the amount of relocation assistance for emergency coders, adding a new SMC Section 22,206,265 to establish procedures for paying relocation assistance for emergency orders, amending SMC Section 22,206,286 to establish procedures for paying relocation assistance for emergency orders, amending SMC Section 22,206,280 to increase the penalty when a property owner fails to pay relocation assistance for an emergency order and adding a new SMC Section 22,206,283 providing a private right of action for tenerus.

WEEREAS, the Seattle Housing and

WHEREAS, the Seathle Housing and Building Maintenants Code (SMC Chapter 2,206) provides that property owners are required to pay relocation assistance to tenants who vacate their housing units pursuant to an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close issued because the condition of the building is an imminent threat to the health and safety of the occupants or the public; and

WHEREAS, tenants who are required to move by an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close often have very low incomes and lack the financial resources to score, on short notice, other affordable living accommodations, and

WHEREAS, an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close often gives tenants less than seventy-two (72) hours to vacate an unsafe premises; and

WHEREAS, the typical costs incurred by tenants within The City of Seattle to relocate often include screening and application loss, the cost to move household goods, utility services deposit and connection fees, advance payment of first and less month's rent, and security and damage deposits: and rity and damage deposits; and

WHEREAS, owners of properties who are required to pay relocation assistance to tenants who vacate pursuant to an Emergency Order to Vacate and Close issued under the Housing and Building Maintenance Code frequently do not pay within the himsframs required by the ordinance; and

WHEREAS, poor and low income tenants who vacate as required by an Emergency Order are at a greater risk of becoming homeless, because they do not have sufficient resources to secure alternative accommodations;

#### NOW, THEREFORE.

# HE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1 Section 22.200.020 of the Sentile Municipal Code, which was less amended by Ordinance 115671, is amended as follows:

# 22.300.020 Declaration of findings and

- A. It is found and deciared that there exist within The City of Seattle, buildings together with appurtenent structures and premises (which) that are substanderd, abstracting in danger of causing or contributing to the creation of slums or otherwise blighted areas and hexardous to the health, safety ((s)) and general welfare of the public.
- B. It is further found and declared that these conditions are the result of among other causes. Inadequate original centercasion, dilapidation; failure to repair, lack of proper santary facilities and maintenance, structural defects, vacant or shandowed buildings or properties, overcrowding, electrical, mechanical and when thefacts increasing the hazards of

- Sums that may by ordinance se appropriated to or designated as revenue to this
- Other sums that may by gift, bequest or grant be deposited in the account;
- Reimbursement of mentes paid by The City of Seattle as relocation assistance from this account; and
- Relocation assistance monies deposited by property owners with the Director pur-suant to subsection G of SMC Section 22 206 250.

Section 4. Section 22 206 260 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which was last amended by Ordinance 115671, is amended as follows:

#### 22,206,260 Emergency order.

A. Whenever the Director finds that any building, housing unit or premises is an imminent threat to the health or safety of the occupants or the public, an emergency order may be issued directing that the building, housing unit (isseed) or premises be restored to a condition of safety and specifying the time for compliance, in the alternative, the order may remise she interesting, housing unit or premises he immediately vacasted and closed to entry.

B. The emergency order shall be posted on the building, housing unit or premises, and shall be mailed by regulary first class mail to the last known address of the gropatry owners and, if applicable, to the occupants All property owners and occupants of such building, housing unit or premises are deemed to have notice of any emergency order so posted and mailed.

C. It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to comply with an emergency order issued by the Director requiring that the building housing unit (assist) or premises be restored to a condition of safety by a specified time.

a condition of safety by a specified time.

D. It shall be unlewful for any person to use or occupy, or to cause or permit any person to use or occupy the building, housing unit or premises after the date provided in an emergency order requiring the building, housing unit (leased) or premises to be vacated and closed until the Director certifies that the conditions described in the emergency order have been corrected and the building, housing unit (leased) or premises have been corrected and the building, housing unit (leased) or premises have been restored to a safe condition.

((i))a The emergency order requires the housing unit occupied by the tenant to be vacated and closed;

((20)). The conditions ((whosh)) that create the emergency arise from circumstances within the control of the groperty owner, including, but not limited to, conditions arising from failures to perform maintenance on the preparty owner, or termination of water or utility services provided by the groperty owner. <u>property</u> owner,

(G)c. The conditions ((which)) that create the emergency do not arise from an act of God or from the affirmative actions of a person or persons beyond the control of the property owner; and

(44)4. The conditions ((\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*)) that create the emergency are not caused solely by the actions of the tenant.

by the actions of the tenant.

2. The amount of relocation assistance to be paid pursuant to subsection. Plot SMC section 22.206.250 be a tenant bousehold with mome duting the presenting twelve. It is morths at or below fifty percent. 50.2 of the matical family income may be adjusted annually by the percentage change in the housing component of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers. Pr. 10 for the heating component of the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers. Pr. 10 for the Agustian Statistical Area as published by the United States Department of Labor Burgan of Labor Installers. Such adjustments are authorized to be made by Director's Ruise.

The property owner is required to