COUNCILBILL No. 112403



Law Department.
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AN ORDINANCE relating to land use; adding Section 23.22.062; amending Sections 23.22.100, 23.24.040, 23.24.045, 23.44.006, 23.44.010, 23.44.014, 23.44.018, 23.44.022, 23.44.034, 23.44.080, 23.45.005, 23.45.008, 23.45.014, 23.45.016, 23.47.008, 23.47.010, 23.47.016, 23.47.023, 23.48.002, 23.48.014, 23.49.054, 23.49.074, 23.49.104, 23.49.132, 23.49.160, 23.53.015, 23.54.015, 23.54.020, 23.55.002, 23.55.034, 23.55.042, 23.71.028, 23.76.024, 23.76.028, 23.84.018, 23.84.024, 23.84.026, 23.84.032, 23.84.038, 23.84.048, 23.86.018; 25.09.260; and repealing 23.44.072 of the Seattle Municipal Code to correct typographical errors, correct section references, clarify regulations, and make minor amendments.

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Third Reading	Signed:
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Law Department

The City of Seattle--Legislative Department

Date Reputed

	REPORT OF COMMITTEE	
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	the within Council Bill No onsidered the same and respectfully recommed that the same: ***********************************	
	Foll Cooncil: Passed 670 (Excused Contan, Malvery Fagelan)	
	Committee Chair	

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ORDINANCE 119239

AN ORDINANCE relating to land use; adding Section 23.22.062; amending Sections 23.22.100, 23.24.040, 23.24.045, 23.44.006, 23.44.010, 23.44.014, 23.44.018, 23.44.022, 23.44.034, 23.44.080, 23.45.005, 23.45.008, 23.45.014, 23.45.016, 23.47.008, 23.47.010, 23.47.016, 23.47.023, 23.48.002, 23.48.014, 23.49.054, 23.49.074, 23.49.104, 23.49.132, 23.49.160, 23.53.015, 23.54.015, 23.54.020, 23.55.002, 23.55.034, 23.55.042, 23.71.028, 23.76.024, 23.76.028, 23.84.018, 23.84.024, 23.84.026, 23.84.032, 23.84.038, 23.84.048, 23.86.018; 25.09.260; and repealing 23.44.072 of the Seattle Municipal Code to correct typographical errors, correct section references, clarify regulations, and make minor amendments.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. A new Section, 23.22.062, is hereby added to the Seattle Municipal Code (SMC) to read as follows:

23.22.062 Unit lot subdivisions.

- A. The provisions of this Section apply exclusively to the unit subdivision of townhouses, cottage housing, and clustered housing in Single Family, Residential Small Lot and Lowrise zones, and single family residences in Lowrise zones.
- B. Sites developed or proposed to be developed with dwelling units listed in subsection A above may be subdivided into individual unit lots. The development as a whole shall meet development standards applicable at the time the permit application is vested. As a result of the subdivision, development on individual unit lots may be nonconforming as to some or all of the development standards based on analysis of the individual unit lot, except that any private, usable open space for each dwelling unit shall be provided on the same lot as the dwelling unit it serves.
- C. Subsequent platting actions, additions or modifications to the structure(s) may not create or increase any nonconformity of the parent lot.
- D. Access easements and joint use and maintenance agreements shall be executed for use of common garage or parking areas, common open space (such as common courtyard open space for cottage housing), and other similar features, as recorded with the Director of the King County Department of Records and Elections.
- E. Within the parent lot, required parking for a dwelling unit may be provided on a different unit lot than the lot with the dwelling unit, as long as the right to use that

 V2 parking is formalized by an easement on the plat, as recorded with the Director of the King County Department of Records and Elections.

F. The fact that the unit lot is not a separate buildable lot and that additional development of the individual unit lots may be limited as a result of the application of development standards to the parent lot shall be noted on the plat, as recorded with the King County Department of Records and Elections.

Section 2. Subsection A of Section 23.22.100 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.22.100 Design standards.

Except as provided in Section 23.22.106, design of all subdivisions shall conform to the standards set forth in this subsection:

A. Street and Alleys.

- 1. All subdivisions shall be served by one (1) or more streets providing adequate ingress and egress to and from the subdivision.
- 2. ((Major)) New streets within each subdivision shall conform with the City's thoroughfare and circulation plans and shall provide for the continuation of ((major)) streets which serve the property contiguous to the subdivision. ((Unless warranted by special physical circumstances, s)) Streets serving lots on two (2) sides shall be at least sixty (60) feet wide unless a narrower street is warranted by special physical circumstances as determined by the Director, in consultation with the Director of Seattle Transportation, or as specified in Table 7 (for non-arterial streets) or Appendix A (for arterials) of the Street Improvement Manual.
- 3. Street intersections shall be as nearly at right angles as practicable and in no event shall the angle formed be less than thirty (30) degrees.
- 4. A cul-de-sac shall be designed according to the Street Design Manual to provide a circular turnaround at the closed end. A tee or other reasonable alternative may be authorized by the Hearing examiner in lieu of the turnaround. Cul-de-sac streets shall not exceed four hundred fifty (450) feet in length and the right-of-way shall be at least fifty (50) feet wide, except under special circumstances a lesser width will be permitted.
- 5. Street networks shall provide ready access for fire and other emergency vehicles and equipment, and routes of escape for inhabitants.
- 6. Alleys shall be at least sixteen (16) feet wide plus such additional width as shall be necessary for an adequate turning radius.

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Section 3. Subsection A of Section 23.24.040 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is further amended as follows:

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23.24.04
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23.24.040 Criteria for approval.

- A. The Director shall, after conferring with appropriate officials, use the following criteria to determine whether to grant, condition or deny a short plat:
- 1. Conformance to the applicable Land Use Policies and Land Use Code provisions;
- 2. Adequacy of access for vehicles, utilities and fire protection as provided in Section 23.53.005;
 - 3. Adequacy of drainage, water supply and sanitary sewage disposal;
- 4. Whether the public use and interests are served by permitting the proposed division of land;
- 5. Conformance to the applicable provisions of SMC Section 25.09.240, Short subdivisions and subdivisions, in environmentally critical areas;
- 6. Conformance to the provisions of Section 23.24.045, ((Townhouses)) Unit lot subdivisions, when the short subdivision is for the purpose of creating separate lots of record for the construction and/or transfer of title of townhouses, cottage housing, clustered housing, or single family housing.

* * *

Section 4. The section heading and subsection A of Section 23.24.045 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.24.045 Unit lot ((S))subdivisions.

A. The provisions of this Section apply exclusively to the unit subdivision of townhouses, cottage housing, and clustered housing ((7)) in <u>Single Family</u>, <u>Residential Small Lot and Lowrise zones</u>, or single family residences in Lowrise zones.

* * *

Section 5. Subsections A and J of Section 23.44.006 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 117263, is amended as follows:

23.44.006 Principal uses permitted outright.

The following principal uses shall be permitted outright in single-family zones:

A. Single-family Dwelling Unit. One (1) single-family dwelling unit shall be permitted on a lot, except when an accessory dwelling unit is approved pursuant to

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Section 23.44.041, and except as approved as part of an administrative conditional use permit under SMC 25.09.260;

* * *

J. Adult Family Homes. Adult family homes, ((designed)) as defined and licensed by the state of Washington.

Section 6. Subsection B of Section 23.44.010 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is further amended as follows:

23.44.010 Lot requirements.

* * *

- B. Exceptions to Minimum Lot Area. The following exceptions to minimum lot area are subject to the limits of subsection B5. A lot which does not satisfy the minimum lot area requirements of its zone may be developed or redeveloped as a separate building site according to the following:
- 1. In order to recognize separate building sites established in the public record under previous codes, to allow the consolidation of very small lots into larger lots, to adjust lot lines to permit more orderly development patterns, and to create additional buildable sites out of oversized lots which are compatible with surrounding lots, the following exceptions are permitted if the Director determines that:
- a. The lot was established as a separate building site in the public records of the county or City prior to July 24, 1957 by deed, contract of sale, mortgage, property tax segregation, platting or building permit and has an area of at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the minimum required lot area and at least eighty percent (80%) of the mean lot area of the lots on the same block face and within the same zone in which the lot is located (Exhibit 23.44.010 A); or
- b. The lot is or was created by subdivision, short subdivision or lot boundary adjustment, and is at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the minimum required lot area and is at least eighty percent (80%) of the mean lot area of the lots on the same block face within which the lot will be located and within the same zone (Exhibit 23.44.010 A); or
- 2. The lot area deficit is the result of a dedication or sale of a portion of the lot to the City or state for street or highway purposes and payment was received for only that portion of the lot, and the lot area remaining is at least fifty percent (50%) of the minimum required; or
- 3. The lot would qualify as a legal building site under this section but for a reduction in lot area due to court-ordered adverse possession, and the amount by which the lot was so reduced was less than ten percent (10%) of the former area of the lot,

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 provided that this exception shall not apply to lots reduced to less than fifty percent (50%) of the minimum area required under subsection A of Section 23.44.010; or

- 4. The lot was established as a separate building site in the public records of the county or City prior to July 24, 1957 by deed, contract of sale, mortgage, property tax segregation, platting or building permit, and falls into one of the following categories, provided that lots on totally submerged lands shall not qualify for this exception:
- a. The lot is not held in common ownership with any contiguous lot on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this subsection derives; or
- b. The lot is or has been held in common ownership with a contiguous lot on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this subsection derives and is or has been developed with a principal structure which is wholly within the lot boundaries; provided that no portion of any contiguous lot is required to meet the least restrictive of lot area, lot coverage, setback or yard requirements which were in effect at the time of the original construction of the principal structure, at the time of its subsequent additions, or which are in effect at the time of redevelopment of the lot (Exhibit 23.44.010 B); or
- c. The lot is or has been held in common ownership with a contiguous lot on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this subsection derives and is not developed with all or part of a principal structure; provided, that no portion of the lot is required to meet the least restrictive of lot area, lot coverage, setback or yard requirements which were in effect for a principal structure on the contiguous lot at the time of the construction of the principal structure, at the time of its subsequent additions, or which are in effect at the time of the development of the lot (Exhibit 23.44.010 B); and provided further, that if any portion of the lot to be developed has been used to meet the parking requirement in effect for a principal structure on a contiguous lot, such parking requirement can and shall be legally met on the contiguous lot.

For purposes of this subsection B4, removal of all or any part of a principal structure or destruction by fire or act of nature on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this subsection derives shall not qualify the lot for the minimum lot area exception (Exhibit 23.44.010 C) ((-)) : or

- 5. Development may occur on a substandard lot containing a riparian corridor buffer, a wetland and wetland buffer, or a steep slope and steep slope buffer pursuant to the provisions of SMC Chapter 25.09, Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas, if the following conditions apply:
- a. The substandard lot is not held in common ownership with an adjacent lot or lots at any time after the effective date of SMC Chapter 25.09, Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas; or
- b. The substandard lot is held in common ownership with an adjacent lot or lots, or has been held in common ownership at any time after the effective date of SMC Chapter 25.09, Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas, but proposed and future development will not intrude upon the environmentally critical area((-)); or

6. Lots contained in a clustered housing planned development (Section 23.44.024), a planned residential development (Section 23.44.034), or a clustered development in an environmentally critical area.

* * *

Section 7. Subsection D of Section 23.44.014 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.44.014 Yards.

* * *

- D. Exceptions from Standard Yard Requirements. No structure shall be placed in a required yard except pursuant to the following subsections:
- 1. Certain Accessory Structures. Any accessory structure may be constructed in a side yard which abuts the rear or side yard of another lot, or in that portion of the rear yard of a reversed corner lot within five feet of the key lot and not abutting the front yard of the key lot, upon recording with the King County Department of Records and Elections an agreement to this effect between the owners of record of the abutting properties. Any accessory structure which is a private garage may be located in that portion of a side yard which is either within thirty-five (35) feet of the centerline of an alley or within twenty-five (25) feet of any rear lot line which is not an alley lot line, without providing an agreement as provided in Section 23.44.016.
- 2. A single-family structure may extend into one (1) side yard if an easement is provided along the side or rear lot line of the abutting lot, sufficient to leave a ten (10) foot separation between that structure and any principal or accessory structures on the abutting lot. Features and projections such as porches, eaves, and chimneys shall be permitted in the ten (10) foot separation area as if the property line were five (5) feet from the wall of the house on the dominant lot, provided that no portion of either principal structure including eaves shall cross the actual property line. The easement shall be recorded with the King County Department of Records and Elections. The easement shall provide access for normal maintenance activities to the principal structure on the lot with less than the required side yard.
- 3. Certain Additions. Certain additions may extend into a required yard when the existing single-family structure is already nonconforming with respect to that yard. The presently nonconforming portion must be at least sixty (60) percent of the total width of the respective facade of the structure prior to the addition. The line formed by the nonconforming wall of the structure shall be the limit to which any additions may be built, except as described below. They may extend up to the height limit and may include basement additions. New additions to the nonconforming wall or walls shall comply with the following requirements (Exhibit 23.44.014 A):

- a. Side yard. When the addition is a side wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than three (3) feet to the side lot line;
- b. Rear yard. When the addition is a rear wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than twenty (20) feet to the rear lot line or centerline of an alley abutting the rear lot line;
- c. Front yard. When the addition is a front wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than fifteen (15) feet to the front lot line;
- d. When the nonconforming wall of the single-family structure is not parallel or is otherwise irregular, relative to the lot line, then the Director shall determine the limit of the wall extension, except that the wall extension shall not be located closer than specified in subsections D3a c above.
- 4. Uncovered Porches. Uncovered, unenclosed porches or steps may project into any required yard, provided that they are no higher than four (4) feet on average above existing grade, no closer than three (3) feet to any side lot line, no wider than six (6) feet and project no more than six (6) feet into required front or rear yards.
- 5. Special Features of a Structure. Special features of a structure may extend into required yards subject to the following standards only, unless permitted elsewhere in this chapter:
- a. External architectural details with no living area, such as chimneys, eaves, cornices and columns, may project no more than eighteen (18) inches into any required yard;
- b. Bay windows shall be limited to eight (8) feet in width and may project no more than two (2) feet into a required front, rear, and street side yard; ((and))
- c. Other projections which include interior space, such as garden windows, may extend no more than eighteen (18) inches into any required yard, starting a minimum of thirty (30) inches above finished floor, and with maximum dimensions of six (6) feet tall and eight (8) feet wide ((-));
- d. The combined area of features permitted in subsections D5b and c above may comprise no more than thirty (30) percent of the area of the facade.
- 6. Private Garages, Covered Unenclosed Decks or Roofs Over Patios in Rear Yards.
- a. Any attached private garages or covered, unenclosed decks or roofs over patios are portions of principal structures. They may extend into the required rear yard, but shall not be within twelve (12) feet of the centerline of any alley, nor within twelve (12) feet of any rear lot line which is not an alley lot line, nor closer than five (5) feet to any accessory structure. The height of private garages shall meet the provisions of Section 23.44.016 D2 and the height of the roof over unenclosed decks and patios may not exceed twelve (12) feet. The roof over these decks, patios and garages shall not be used as a deck. Any detached private garage meeting the requirements of Section 23.44.016, Parking location and access, or detached permitted accessory structure meeting the requirements of Section 23.44.040 General provisions, may be located in a rear yard. If a

private garage has its vehicular access facing the alley, the private garage shall not be within twelve (12) feet of the centerline of the alley.

- b. Garages meeting the standards of Section 23.44.016 and other accessory structures meeting the standards of Section 23.44.040, shall be permitted in required rear yards, subject to a maximum combined coverage of forty (40) percent of the required rear yard. In the case of a rear yard abutting an alley, rear yard coverage shall be calculated from the centerline of the alley.
- 7. Private Garages in Front Yards of Through Lots. On through lots less than one hundred twenty-five (125) feet in depth, either an accessory garage structure or a portion of the principal structure containing a garage shall be permitted to locate in one (1) of the front yards. Private garages, either as accessory structures or as a portion of the principal structure, shall be limited as set forth in Section 23.44.016. The front yard in which the garage may be located shall be determined by the Director based on the location of other accessory garages on the block. If no pattern of garage location can be determined, the Director shall determine in which yard the accessory garage shall be located based on the prevailing character and setback patterns of the block.
- 8. Access Bridges. Uncovered, unenclosed pedestrian bridges of any height, necessary for access and five (5) feet or less in width, are permitted in required yards except that in side yards an access bridge must be at least three (3) feet from any side lot line.
- 9. Barrier-Free Access. Access facilities for the disabled and elderly meeting Washington State Building Code, Chapter 11 are permitted in any required yards. 10. Freestanding Structures and Bulkheads.
- a. Fences, freestanding walls, signs and similar structures six (6) feet or less in height above existing or finished grade whichever is lower, may be erected in any required yard. The six (6) foot height may be averaged along sloping grade for each six (6) foot long segment of the fence, but in no case may any portion of the fence exceed eight (8) feet. Architectural features may be added to the top of the fence or freestanding wall above the six (6) foot height when the following provisions are met: horizontal architectural feature(s), no more than ten (10) inches high, and separated by a minimum of six (6) inches of open area, measured vertically from the top of the fence, may be permitted when the overall height of all parts of the structure, including post caps, are no more than eight (8) feet high; averaging the eight (8) foot height is not permitted. Structural supports for the horizontal architectural feature(s) may be spaced no closer than three (3) feet on center.
- b. The Director may allow variation from the development standards listed in subsection D10a above, according to the following:
 - i. No part of the structure may exceed eight (8) feet; and
- ii. Any portion of the structure above six (6) feet shall be predominately open, such that there is free circulation of light and air.
- c. Bulkheads and retaining walls used to raise grade may be placed in any required yard when limited to six (6) feet in height, measured above existing grade. A guardrail no higher than forty-two (42) inches may be placed on top of a bulkhead or

 retaining wall existing as of the date of the ordinance codified in this section. If a fence is placed on top of a new bulkhead or retaining wall, the maximum combined height is limited to nine and one-half (9-1/2) feet.

- d. Bulkheads and retaining walls used to protect a cut into existing grade may not exceed the minimum height necessary to support the cut or six (6) feet whichever is greater. When the bulkhead is measured from the low side and it exceeds six (6) feet, an open guardrail of no more than forty-two (42) inches meeting Building Code requirements may be placed on top of the bulkhead or retaining wall. A fence must be set back a minimum of three (3) feet from such a bulkhead or retaining wall.
- e. When located in the shoreline setbacks or in view corridors in the Shoreline District as regulated in Chapter 23.60, these structures shall not obscure views protected by Chapter 23.60 and the Director shall determine the permitted height.
- 11. Decks in Yards. Decks no greater than eighteen (18) inches above existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, may extend into required yards.
- 12. Heat Pumps. Heat pumps and similar mechanical equipment, not including incinerators, may be permitted in required yards if the requirements of the Noise Control Ordinance, Chapter 25.08, are not violated. Any heat pump or similar equipment shall not be located within three (3) feet of any lot line.
- 13. Solar Collectors. Solar collectors may be located in required yards, subject to the provisions of Section 23.44.046.
- 14. Front Yard Projections for Structures on Lots Thirty (30) Feet or Less in Width. For a structure on a lot which is thirty (30) feet or less in width, portions of the front facade which begin eight (8) feet or more above finished grade may project up to four (4) feet into the required front yard, provided that no portion of the facade, including eaves and gutters, shall be closer than five (5) feet to the front line (Exhibit 23.44.014 B).
- 15. Front and rear yards may be reduced by twenty-five (25) percent, but no more than five (5) feet, if the site contains a required environmentally critical area buffer or other area of the property which can not be disturbed pursuant to subsection A of Section 25.09.280 of SMC Chapter 25.09, Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas.
- 16. Arbors. Arbors may be permitted in required yards under the following conditions:
- a. In each required yard, an arbor may be erected with no more than a forty (40) square foot footprint, measured on a horizontal roof plane inclusive of eaves, to a maximum height of eight (8) feet. Both the sides and the roof of the arbor must be at least fifty (50) percent open, or, if latticework is used, there must be a minimum opening of two (2) inches between crosspieces.
- b. In each required yard abutting a street, an arbor over a private pedestrian walkway with no more than a thirty (30) square foot footprint, measured on the horizontal roof plane and inclusive of eaves, may be erected to a maximum height of eight (8) feet. The sides of the arbor shall be at least fifty (50) percent open, or if latticework is used, there must be a minimum opening of two (2) inches between crosspieces.

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 Section 8. Subsection E of Section 23.44.018 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.44.018 General provisions.

* * *

E. ((Any authorized conditional use)) Any use which was previously authorized by a conditional use permit but which has been discontinued shall not be reestablished or recommenced except pursuant to a new conditional use permit, provided that such permit is required for the use at the time re-establishment or recommencement is proposed. The following shall constitute conclusive evidence that the conditional use has been discontinued:

- 1. A permit to change the use of the property has been issued and the new use has been established; or
- 2. The property has not been devoted to the authorized conditional use for more than twenty-four (24) consecutive months.

Property which is vacant, except for dead storage of materials or equipment of the conditional use, shall not be considered as being devoted to the authorized conditional use. The expiration of licenses necessary for the conditional use shall be evidence that the property is not being devoted to the conditional use. A conditional use in a multifamily structure or a multi-tenant commercial structure shall not be considered as discontinued unless all units are either vacant or devoted to another use.

* * *

Section 9. Subsection E of Section 23.44.022 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.44.022 Institutions.

* * *

E. Dispersion.

1. The lot line of any proposed new or expanding institution, other than child care centers locating in legally established institutions, shall be located six hundred (600) feet or more from any lot line of any other institution in a residential zone, with the following exceptions:

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a. An institution may expand even though it is within six hu (600) feet of a public school if the public school is constructed on a new site subse	guent to
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- b. A proposed institution may be located less than six hundred (600) feet from a lot line of another institution if the Director determines that the intent of the dispersion criteria is achieved due to the presence of physical elements such as bodies of water, large open spaces or topographical breaks or other elements such as arterials, freeways or nonresidential uses, which provide substantial separation from other institutions.
- 2. A proposed child-care center serving not more than twenty-five (25) children which does not meet the criteria of subsection ((D))E1 of this section may be permitted to locate less than six hundred (600) feet from a lot line of another institution if the Director determines that, together with the nearby institution(s), the proposed child care center would not:
- a. Create physical scale and bulk incompatible with the surrounding neighborhood;
 - b. Create traffic safety hazards;
 - c. Create or significantly increase identified parking shortages; or
- d. Significantly increase noise levels to the detriment of surrounding residents.

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Section 10. Subsection B of Section 23.44.034 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance116262, is amended as follows:

23.44.034 Planned residential development (PRD).

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B. Type of Dwelling Units Permitted.

- 1. Only single-family dwelling units shall be permitted within one hundred (100) feet of a PRD's property line which abuts or is directly across the street from a single-family zoned lot, except as provided in subsection B2.
- 2. Either single-family dwelling units or ((ground related housing is)) townhouses are permitted when within one hundred (100) feet of a property line of a PRD which does not abut or is not across a street from a single-family zoned lot or is separated from the single-family zoned lot by physical barriers, such as bodies of water, ravines, greenbelts, freeways, expressways and other major traffic arterials or topographic breaks which provide substantial separation from the surrounding single-family neighborhood.

 3. Either single family dwelling units or ((ground related housing)) townhouses ((is)) are permitted when more than one hundred (100) feet from a PRD's property line.

4. ((Ground related housing)) Townhouses shall meet the development standards for structures in Lowrise 1 zones, unless otherwise specified in this subchapter.

* * *

Section 11. Section 23.44.072 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117202, is hereby repealed.

((23.44.072 Roomers, boarders, lodgers.

The renting of rooms, with or without meals, by a household for lodging purposes only, for the accommodation of not more than two (2) roomers, boarders or lodgers, is permitted outright as an accessory use within a dwelling unit as long as the total number of residents does not exceed eight (8).))

Section 12. Subsection D of Section 23.44.080, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 111590, is amended as follows:

23.44.080 Nonconforming uses.

* * *

D. A nonconforming ((multi-family)) residential use shall not be expanded or extended nor shall the number of dwelling units be increased. For a non-conforming residential use that was not a multifamily use, the number of residents may not be increased beyond the maximum number that was allowed by the standards of the zone at the time of approval or, if permitted by conditional use, the number shall not be allowed to increase above that number permitted by the conditional use approval. A structure occupied by a nonconforming ((multi-family)) residential use may be maintained, repaired, renovated or structurally altered but shall not be expanded or extended except as otherwise required by law, as necessary to improve access for the elderly and disabled, or as specifically permitted for nonconforming uses and nonconforming structures elsewhere in this Code. Structural features including, but not limited to, exterior decks and balconies, bay windows, dormers, eaves and solar collectors may be added to a principal structure, or a new or expanded accessory structure may be constructed, provided that the addition or new structure conforms to the development standards of the zone.

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Section 13. Subsection A of Section 23.45.005 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.45.005 Development standards for single-family structures.

A. Except for cottage housing developments, single family structures shall be subject to the development standards ((of the Lowrise Duplex/Triplex (LDT) zone)) for ground-related housing, except that open space shall be provided according to the provisions for single family structures in each zone, in ((s))Section 23.45.016 of this ((e))Chapter.

* * *

Section 14. Subsection B of Section 23.45.008 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117173, is amended as follows:

23.45.008 Density -- Lowrise zones.

* * *

- B. 1. In Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 zones, multifamily structures for low-income elderly or low-income disabled residents, or a ((eombination of the two)) low-income elderly/low-income disabled multifamily structure, operated by a public agency or a private nonprofit corporation shall have a maximum density as follows:
- Lowrise 3 One (1) dwelling unit per five hundred fifty (550) square feet of lot area.
- Lowrise 4 One (1) dwelling unit per four hundred (400) square feet of lot area.
- 2. In order to qualify for the density provisions of this subsection, a majority of the dwelling units of the structure shall be designed for and dedicated to tenancies of at least three (3) months.
- 3. The dwelling units shall remain as low-income elderly/((or)) low-income disabled multifamily structure ((housing)) for the life of the structure.

* * *

Section 15. Subsection F of Section 23.45.014 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.45.014 Setback requirements -- Lowrise zones.

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F. Projections into Required Setbacks.

- 1. Special Features of a Structure.
- a. External architectural details with no living space including cornices, eaves, sunshades, gutters, and vertical architectural features which are less than eight feet (8') in width, may project a maximum of eighteen inches (18") into any required setback.
- b. Bay windows shall be limited to eight (8) feet in width and may project no more than two feet (2') into a front, rear, or street side setback. In no case shall bay windows be closer than five feet (5') to any lot line.
- c. Other projections which include interior space, such as garden windows, may extend no more than eighteen inches (18") into any required yard, starting a minimum of thirty inches (30") above finished floor, and with maximum dimensions of six feet (6') tall and eight feet (8') wide.
- d. The combined area of features permitted in subsections F1b and c above may comprise no more than thirty percent (30%) of the area of the facade.
 - 2. Unenclosed Decks and Balconies.
- a. Unenclosed decks and balconies may project a maximum of four feet (4') into the required front setback provided they are a minimum of ten feet (10') from the front lot line in Lowrise Duplex/Triplex and Lowrise 1 zones and eight feet (8') from the front lot line in Lowrise 2, Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 zones.
- b. Except as provided in subsection G5 of Section 23.45.014, unenclosed decks and balconies shall be permitted in side setbacks, provided they are a minimum of five feet (5') from a side lot line, and may project into the required rear setback a maximum of four feet (4') provided they are a minimum of five feet (5') from a rear lot line.
- c. Unenclosed decks and balconies permitted in required setbacks shall be limited to a maximum width of twenty feet (20') and shall be separated by a distance equal to at least one-half (1/2) the width of the projection.
- ((3-)) <u>d.</u> All permitted projections into required front and rear setbacks shall begin a minimum of eight (8) feet above finished grade. ((except that an))
- 3. An unenclosed porch or steps may extend a maximum of six (6) feet into the required front setback at ground level, provided that it is set back the same distance from the front lot line as that required for unenclosed decks and balconies.

* * *

Section 16. Subsection B of Section 23.45.016 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

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23.45.016 Open space requirements -- Lowrise zones.

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B.	Develop	oment	Standa	rds
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- 1. Lowrise Duplex/Triplex Zones and Ground-related Housing in Lowrise 1, Lowrise 2, Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 Zones.
 - a. Lowrise Duplex/Triplex Zones -- Private Usable Open Space.
- (1) Private usable open space shall be provided at ground level in one (1) contiguous parcel with a minimum area of four hundred (400) square feet, except that in cottage housing developments, the quantity per unit shall be a minimum of two hundred (200) square feet. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.
- (2) Private usable open space shall be located a maximum of four (4) feet above or below a private entry to the unit it serves. The floor of the unit accessed by this entry shall have a minimum area of three hundred (300) square feet. This minimum area may include a private garage if habitable floor area of the same unit is located directly above.
- b. Lowrise Duplex/Triplex Zones -- Common Open Space. Required common open space shall be provided at ground level in one (1) contiguous parcel with a minimum area of six hundred (600) square feet, except that in cottage housing developments, the quantity per unit shall be a minimum of one hundred fifty (150) square feet. In cottage housing developments, each cottage shall abut the common open space. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.
- c. Lowrise 1, Lowrise 2, Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 Zones -- Ground-related Housing.
- (1) In Lowrise 1 zones the required open space shall be provided in one (1) contiguous parcel, except that in cottage housing developments, the open space shall be allotted as described in subsections A2b above and B1c(5) below. In Lowrise 2, Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 zones, the required open space for each ground-related dwelling unit is not required to be in one (1) contiguous area, but no open space area shall be less than one hundred twenty (120) square feet. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.
- (2) Required open space may be located a maximum of ten (10) feet above or below the unit it serves, except as permitted in subsection B1c(4), provided that the access to such open space does not go through or over common circulation areas, common or public open spaces, or the open space serving another unit.
- (3) At least fifty (50) percent of the required open space for a unit shall be level, provided that:
 - i. The open space may be terraced; and
 - ii. Minor adjustments in level shall be permitted as

long as the difference in elevation between the highest and lowest point does not exceed two (2) feet.

the structure.

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(4) For additional dwelling units proposed within a structure
existing on August 11, 1982, the vertical distance between the unit and the private,
landscaped open space may exceed ten (10) feet where the following criteria are met:
i. Where the structure was constructed with floor-to-
floor heights in excess of ten (10) feet, the open space may be located a maximum of ten
(10) feet plus the height between floors in excess of ten (10) feet, above or below the unit it serves; or
ii. Where the structure was constructed with the first
floor in excess of two (2) feet above grade, the open space may be located a maximum of
ten (10) feet plus the additional height of the first floor in excess of two (2) feet above
grade, above or below the unit it serves.
(5) Lowrise 1 Zone Cottage Housing Developments.
i. At least fifty (50) percent of the required total
open space per unit shall be provided as private usable open space in one (1) contiguous
parcel. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.
ii. Common open space shall be provided at ground
level in one (1) contiguous parcel with a minimum area per unit of one hundred fifty (150)
square feet. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.
Each cottage shall abut the common open space.
d. Required open space may be located in the front, sides or rear of
the structure.
e. To ensure privacy of open space, openings such as windows and
doors on the ground floor of walls of a dwelling unit or common area which directly face
the open space of a different unit((,)) are prohibited, unless such openings are screened by
view-obscuring fences, freestanding walls or wingwalls.
f. Parking areas, driveways and pedestrian access, ((other than))
except for pedestrian access ((required by)) meeting the Washington State Building Code,
Chapter 11, shall not be counted as open space.
g. Required private usable open space shall be landscaped
according to standards promulgated by the Director for ground-related dwelling units.
2. Lowrise 2, Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 Zones - Apartments.
a. No horizontal dimension for required ground-level open space
shall be less than ten feet (10').

b. Required open space is permitted in the front, sides or rear of

o. Required open space is permitted in the front, sides or rear of

- c. Parking areas, driveways and pedestrian access, except for pedestrian access meeting the Washington State Building Code. Chapter 11, shall not be counted as open space.
- d. In order to qualify as above-ground level open space, balconies, decks, and in L3 and L4 zones, individual unit decks on roofs, shall all have a minimum horizontal dimension of six (6) feet, and a total area of at least sixty (60) square feet, while common roof gardens in L3 and L4 zones shall have a minimum area of two

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1	hundred fifty (250) square feet. Common roof garden open space shall be landscaped
2	according to the rules promulgated by the Director.
3	e. For cluster development, at least twenty (20) percent of the
4	required open space shall be provided in one (1) contiguous area.
5	f. Terraced Housing on a Slope of Twenty-five (25) Percent or
6	More.
7	(1) No horizontal dimension for required ground-level open
8	space shall be less than ten (10) feet.
9	(2) Required open space is permitted in the front, sides or
10	rear of the structure.
11	(3) Parking areas, driveways and pedestrian access, except
12	for pedestrian access meeting the Washington State Building Code, Chapter 11, shall not
13	be counted as open space.
14	(4) In order to qualify as above-ground-level open space,
15	rooftop areas shall have a minimum horizontal dimension of at least ten (10) feet and a
16	total area of at least one hundred twenty (120) square feet.
17	g. Rooftop space within the following parameters shall not count
18	toward meeting open space requirements((,)): the area eight (8) feet from and in front of
19	a directional antenna and at least two (2) feet from the back of a directional antenna, or,
20	for an omnidirectional antenna, eight (8) feet away from the antenna in all directions. The
21	Seattle-King County Public Health Department may require a greater distance for paging
22	facilities after review of the Non-Ionizing Electromagnetic Radiation (NIER) report.
23	3. Open Space Exception. When all parking and access to parking is
24	uncovered and is surfaced in permeable material, except gravel, the quantity of required
25	ground-level open space shall be reduced by five (5) percent of the total lot area.
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28	Section 17. Subsections C and G of Section 23.47.008 of the SMC, which Section
29	was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:
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31	23.47.008 Mixed use development.
32	
33	* * *
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35	C. Height for Mixed Use Development.
36	1. Mixed use development shall be subject to the height provisions of
37	Section 23.47.012A.
38	2. Except in zones designated NC2/R and NC3/R, ((for)) mixed use
39	development ((, all nonresidential use)) at street level shall have a minimum floor to floor
40	height of thirteen (13) feet.
41	3. In zones with a thirty (30) foot or forty (40) foot height limit, the
42	Director shall permit the height of the structure to exceed the height limit of the zone by
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up to four (4) feet, only if the residential and nonresidential uses are located in the same structure and subject to the following:

- a. The additional height is necessary to meet code minimums for ceiling height (thirteen (13) feet floor to floor for nonresidential use at street level and seven (7) feet six (6) inches floor to ceiling for residential space); and
- b. The additional height will not permit an additional story to be built beyond what could be built under the applicable height limit if a thirteen (13) foot ceiling height were not required at street level.
- 4. In zones with a thirty (30) foot or forty (40) foot height limit, the Director may permit the height of the structure to exceed the height limit of the zone by up to four (4) feet, only if the residential and nonresidential uses are located in the same structure and subject to the following:
- a. The additional height will result in floor to floor heights of thirteen (13) feet or more for the nonresidential use at street level and at least nine (9) feet for each of the other levels of the structure; and
- b. The additional height of the structure will not permit an additional story to be built beyond what could be built under the applicable height limit if a thirteen (13) foot ceiling height were not required at street level; and
- c. If the additional height of the structure (up to four (4) feet) significantly blocks views from neighboring residential structures of the following: Mount Rainier, the Olympic and Cascade Mountains, the downtown skyline, Greenlake, Puget Sound, Lake Washington, Lake Union and the Ship Canal, the Director shall not permit the additional height except as necessary to meet Code minimums for ceiling height.

* * *

Section 18. Chart B of Section 23.47.010 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

	***	CHAI			
•	F	or Section	23.47.010 ZONE	*	
Nonresidential Uses Subject to Maximum Size Limit	NC1*	NC2*1	NC3*1	C1	C2
Nonresidential uses	4,000	15,000	N.M.S.L	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
including institutions and public facilities unless	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	•	35, 000 sq. ft. ⁴	35, 000 sq. ft.
otherwise speci- fied					
Medical Services	10,000	15,000	N.M.S.L	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
	sq. ft.	sq. ft	•		
Multi-purpose	10,000	50,000	N.M.S.L	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
convenience store	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	•		
Food processing and craft work	4,000 sq. ft.	5,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
Light manufacturing	X	5,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
Fast-food restaurant ²	750 sq.	750 sq. ft.	750 sq. ft	750 sq. ft.	750 sq. ft
	4,000	8,000	N.M.S.L	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	•		
Fuel Sales Sales, service and rental of commercial	X	X	25,000 sq. ft.	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
equipment and construction materials Passenger terminals					

Indoor participant sport and	4,000	15,000	25,000	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
recreation	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	sq. ft. ³		
General manufacturing	X	X	X	15,000 sq. ft.	N.M.S.L.
Wholesale showroom ware-	X	\mathbf{X}^{-1}	15,000	25,000	N.M.S.L.
house			sq. ft.	sq. ft.	
Mini-warehouses	X	X	15,000 sq. ft.	40,000 sq. ft.	N.M.S.L.
Public schools	NMSL	NMSL	NMSL	NMSL	NMSL

N.M.S.L. -- No Maximum Size Limitations

- X --- Does not apply, use not permitted in zone.
- 1 --- Maximum size for all nonresidential uses in NC2/R and NC3/R is described in Section 23.47.010 A2.
 - 2 --- Fast-food restaurants larger than 750 square feet are conditional uses.
 - 3 --- At the Seattle Center, maximum size limit does not apply.
 - 4 -- No maximum size limitation for nonresidential uses except

((O))office uses in C1 and C2 zones shall be limited to the size of the lot area or thirty-five thousand (35,000) square feet, whichever is greater. Office uses in C1 and C2 zones may be exempt from this limit if the structures meets specified standards for NC zones as listed in Section 23.47.010 A3.

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8 9 Section 19. Subsection D of Section 23.47.016 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:

23.47.016 Screening and landscaping standards.

* * *

- D. Screening and Landscaping Requirements for Specific Uses.
 - 1. Surface Parking Areas.

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^{* --} Increases in maximum size limits may be allowed for operating business establishments according to provisions of subsection G.

- a. When a surface parking area abuts a lot in a residential zone, six (6) foot high screening along the abutting lot line(s) shall be required. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area shall be required inside the screening (Exhibit 23.47.016 A).
- b. When a surface parking area is across an alley from a lot in a residential zone, six (6) foot high screening along the alley shall be required. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area shall be required inside the screening. The Director may reduce or waive the screening and landscaping requirement for part or all of the lot abutting the alley, or may waive only the landscaping requirement, when required parking can only be provided at the rear lot line and the alley is necessary to provide aisle space. In making the determination to waive or reduce the landscaping and screening requirements, the Director shall consider the following criteria:
- (1) Whether the lot width and depth permit a workable plan for the building and parking which would preserve the screening and landscaping; and (2) Whether the character of use across the alley, such as

multifamily parking structures, makes the screening and landscaping less necessary; and

(3) Whether the property is located in a pedestriandesignated zone and therefore access to parking from the street is not feasible or is undesirable; and

- (4) Whether a topographic break between the alley and the residential zone makes screening less necessary.
- c. Surface parking areas for nineteen (19) or fewer cars shall be screened by three (3) foot high screening along the street lot line.
- d. Surface parking areas for more than nineteen (19) cars shall provide three (3) foot high view-obscuring landscaping along street lot lines, and landscaping according to subsection A4 of this section. The Director may reduce or waive this requirement for reasons of safety, to assure adequate maneuvering room for service vehicles, or to prevent the number of parking spaces from being reduced to less than the required amount.
 - 2. Parking Within or Under Structures.
- a. When parking occupies any portion of the street-level frontage of a structure between a height of five (5) feet and eight (8) feet above sidewalk grade, the portion of the structure containing the parking shall be required to have a (5) five-foot deep landscaped area along street lot lines. In addition, the parking shall be screened by:
 - (1) The facade of the structure; or
- (2) Six (6) foot high screening between the structure and the landscaped area (Exhibit 23.47.016 B).
- b. A five (5) foot setback shall be required along all property lines abutting a residential zone for any portion ((of the ground level)) of a structure which contains parking at ground level that is not screened from the residential zone by the facade of the structure. ((The portion of the structure containing the parking shall be screened by the facade of the structure or the setback(s) shall be)) The setback shall be landscaped according to Section 23.47.016C3 and six (6) foot high screening along the abutting property line(s) shall be provided.

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c. When access is through a street-facing facade, the facade shall contain one garage door, not to exceed the maximum width allowed for the curbcut.

d. The perimeter of each floor of parking which is eight (8) feet or more above sidewalk grade shall have an opaque screen at least three and one-half (31/2) feet high.

3. Drive-in Business.

- a. Drive-in businesses, including gas stations, abutting or across an alley from a residentially zoned lot, shall provide six (6) foot high screening along the abutting or alley lot lines. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area inside the screening shall be required when the drive-in portion of the business or its queuing lanes abut a lot in a residential zone.
- b. Drive-in businesses other than gas stations in which the drive-in portion of the business or its queuing lanes is across the street from a residentially zoned lot shall provide three (3) foot high screening for the drive-in portion.
- c. Gas stations shall provide three (3) foot high screening along street lot lines in all NC1, NC2 and NC3 zones. In C1 and C2 zones, three (3) foot high screening shall only be required when a gas station is across the street from a residentially zoned lot.
 - 4. Outdoor Sales and Outdoor Display of Rental Equipment.
- a. When an outdoor sales area or outdoor display of rental equipment area is abutting or across an alley from a residentially zoned lot, six (6) foot high screening shall be provided along the abutting or alley lot lines.
- b. When an outdoor sales area or outdoor display of rental equipment is across the street from a residentially zoned lot, three (3) foot high screening along the street lot line shall be provided.

5. Outdoor Storage.

a. C1 Zones. Outdoor storage shall be screened by a structure's facade or by six (6) foot high screening between the storage area and all property lines. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area shall be provided between all street lot lines and the six (6) foot high screening (Exhibit 23.47.016 C).

b. C2 Zones.

- (1) When an outdoor storage area is across the street from a residentially zoned lot it shall be screened from the street by the facade of a structure, or by six (6) foot high screening along the street lot lines.
- (2) When a lot containing outdoor storage abuts a residentially zoned lot, the outdoor storage area shall set back fifty (50) feet from abutting residentially zoned lot lines and be screened by a structure's facade or by six (6) foot high screening between the outdoor storage and all abutting property lines (Exhibit 23.47.016 D).
- c. Outdoor Dry Storage of Boats. Screening shall be required for the outdoor dry storage of boats in the Shoreline District according to the provisions for outdoor storage in C1 zones, subsection C5a, unless the dry storage of boats is located in

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1	a C2 zone, in which case screening shall be required according to the provisions for
2	outdoor storage in C2 zones, subsection C5b.
3	6. Mobile Home Parks. Mobile home parks shall be screened by six (6)
4	foot high screening along all nonstreet lot lines. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area shall
5	be provided along all street lot lines of a mobile home park. A five (5) foot planting strip
6	with street trees may be provided instead of the five (5) foot deep landscaped area.
7	7. Lots Within the Shoreline District. On lots within the Shoreline District
8	where view corridors are required, the height of screening may be reduced and the
9	location and type of required landscaping may be modified so that view corridors are not
0	obstructed.
1	8. When one (1) of the specific uses listed in this subsection is proposed
2	for expansion, the applicable landscaping requirement shall be met. The Director may
3	reduce or waive the landscaping requirements where physically infeasible due to the
4	location of existing structures or required parking.
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9	Section 20. Subsection C of Section 23.47.023 of the SMC, which Section was
20	last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:
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22	Section 23.47.023 Standards for single-purpose residential structures.
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26	C. Single purpose residential structures shall meet all other development standards
27	applicable to mixed use development, except that the street level frontage ((uses)) may be
28	occupied by residential uses other than parking.
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31	Section 21. Subsection B of Section 23.48.002 of the Seattle Municipal Code,
32	which Section was adopted by Ordinance 118302, is amended as follows:
33	22 40 002
34	23.48.002 Scope of provisions
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36	***
37	B. Other regulations, such as requirements for streets, alleys and easements
38	(Chapter 23.53); standards for parking quantity, access and design (Chapter 23.54); signs
39	(Chapter 23.55); ((and)) methods for measurements (Chapter 23.86) and requirements for
10	communication utilities and accessory communication devices (Chapter 23.57) may
↓1	((pertain)) apply to development proposals.
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Section 22. Subsection D of Section 23.48.014 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 118302, is amended as follows:

23.48.014 General facade requirements.

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- D. Street-level Setback. On Class II Pedestrian Streets ((7)) and designated Green Streets ((and alleys)), structures may be set back up to twelve feet (12') from the property line subject to the following (Exhibit 23.48.014 B):
- 1. The setback area shall be landscaped according to the provisions of Section 23.48.026.
- 2. Additional setbacks shall be permitted for up to thirty percent (30%) of the length of the set-back street wall, provided that the additional setback is located a distance of twenty feet (20') or greater from any street corner.

Section 23. Subsection A of Section 23.49.054 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 112303, is amended as follows:

23.49.054 Downtown Office Core 1, street-level use requirements.

Street-level uses listed in subsection A shall be required on the streets designated on Map IIA. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

- A. Type of Uses. The following uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:
 - 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging;
 - 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
 - 3. Customer service offices;
 - 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters;
 - 5. Museums and libraries ((-)); and
 - 6. Public atriums.

* * *

Section 24. Subsection A of Section 23.49.074 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117263, is amended as follows:

23.49.074 Downtown Office Core 2, street-level use requirements.

Street-level uses <u>listed in subsection A</u> shall be required on the streets designated on Map IIIA. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

A. Type of Uses. The following uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:

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- 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging;
- 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
- 3. Customer service offices;
- 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters;
- 5. Museums and libraries ((-); and
- 6. Public atriums.

* * *

Section 25. Subsection A of Section 23.49.104 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 112303, is amended as follows:

23.49.104 Downtown Retail Core, street-level use requirements.

Street-level uses listed in subsection A ((of this section)) shall be required on all streets. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

A. Type of Uses. The following types of uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:

- 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging;
- 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
- 3. Customer service offices;
- 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters; and
- 5. Museums and libraries.

* * *

Section 26. Subsection A of Section 23.49.132 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 112303 is amended as follows:

23.49.132 Downtown Mixed Commercial, street-level use requirements.

Street-level uses listed in subsection A ((of this section)) shall be required on the streets designated on Map VA. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

- A. Type of Uses. The following uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:
 - 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging;
 - 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
 - 3. Customer service offices:
 - 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters; and
 - 5. Museums and libraries.

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Section 27. Subsection A of Section 23.49.160 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117263, is amended as follows:

23.49.160 Downtown Mixed residential, street-level requirements.

Street-level uses listed in subsection A ((of this section)) shall be required on the streets designated on Map VIB. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

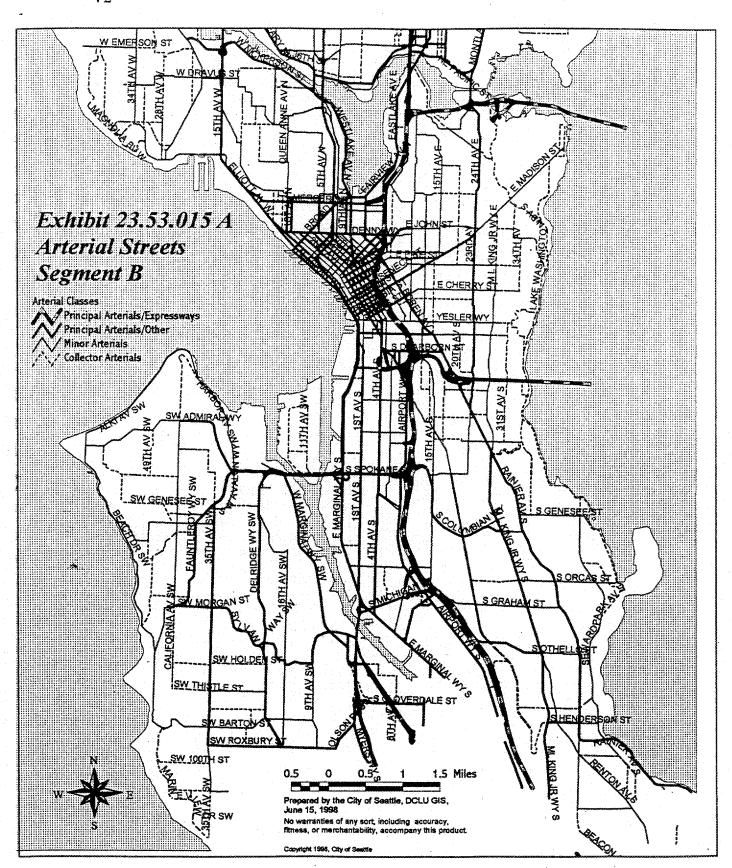
- A. Type of Uses. The following uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:
 - 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging;
 - 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
 - 3. Customer service offices:
 - 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters; and
 - 5. Museums and libraries.

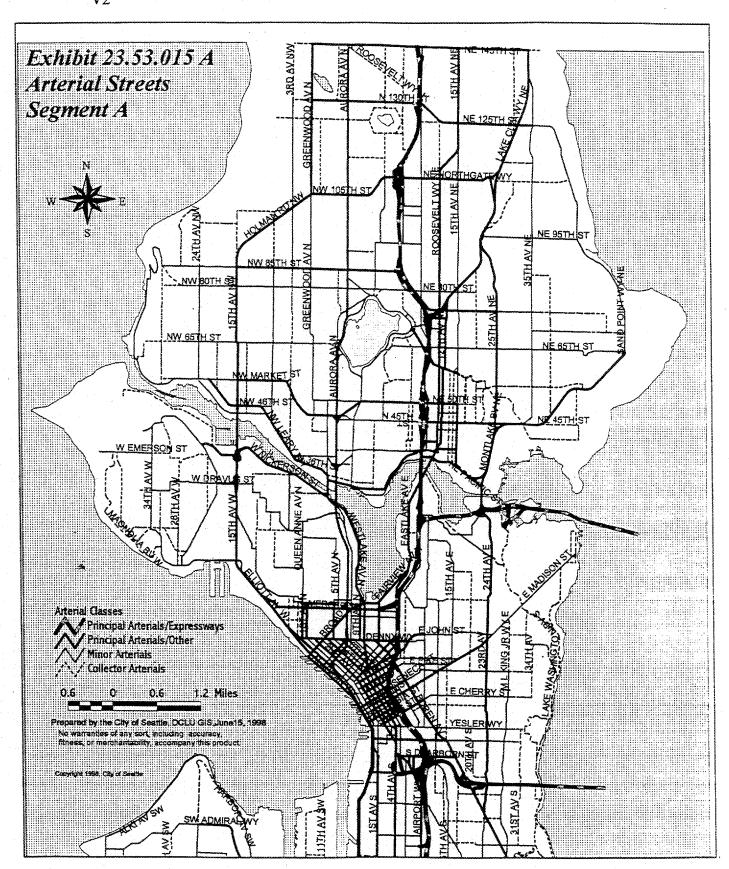
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Section 28. Exhibit 23.53.015A, Arterial Streets, Segments A and B, of the SMC is amended to provide an improved legend and more readable map as follows:

23.53.015 Improvement requirements for existing streets in residential and commercial zones

* * *





Section 29. Subsection B and Chart A of Section 23.54.015 ("Parking") of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118624, is amended as follows:

23.54.015 Required parking.

* * *

 B. In the case of a use not specifically mentioned on Chart A, the requirements for off-street parking shall be determined by the Director. If there is/are comparable uses, ((\(\frac{T}\))the Director's determination shall be based on the requirements for the most comparable use(s). Where, in the judgment of the Director, none of the uses on Chart A are comparable, the Director may base his or her determination as to the amount of parking required for the proposed use on detailed information provided by the applicant. The information required may include, but not be limited to, a description of the physical structure(s), identification of potential users, and analysis of likely parking demand.

* * *

Chart A for Section 23.54.015 PARKING

Use	Parking Requirements
Adult care center ¹	1 space for each 10 adults (clients) or 1 space for each staff member, whichever is greater; plus 1 loading and unloading space for each 20 adults (clients).
Adult family home	1 for each dwelling unit.
Adult motion picture theater	1 for each 8 fixed seats or 1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area not containing fixed seats.
Adult panoram	1 for each 8 fixed seats or 1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area not containing fixed seats.
Airport, land-based (waiting area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
Airport, water-based (waiting area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
Animal services	1 for each 350 square feet.
Animal husbandry (retail area only)	1 for each 350 square feet.
Aquaculture (retail area only)	1 for each 350 square feet.
Artist's studio/dwelling	1 for each dwelling unit.
Automotive parts or accessory sales	1 for each 350 square feet.
Ball courts	1 per court.
Bed and breakfast	1 for each dwelling, plus 1 for each 2 guest rooms or suites.
Bowling alley	5 for each lane.
Brewpub	1 for each 200 square feet.
Business support services	1 for each 2,000 square feet
Business incubators	1 for each 1,000 square feet.
Car wash	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Caretaker's quarters	1 for each dwelling unit.
Cargo terminal	1 for each 2,000 square feet.

Use	Parking Requirements
Cemetery	None.
Child care center ¹	1 space for each 10 children or 1 space for each staff member, whichever is greater; plus 1 loading and unloading space for each 20 children.
Colleges1	A number of spaces equal to 15 percent of the maximum number of students present at peak hour; plus 30 percent of the number of employees present at peak hour; plus 1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area in outdoor spectator sports facilities.
Commercial laundries	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Commercial moorage	1 for each 140 lineal feet of moorage.
Communication utilities	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Community centers ^{1, 2} and community clubs ^{1, 2}	1 for each 80 square feet of floor area of all auditoria and public assembly rooms not containing fixed seats; or 1 for every 8 fixed seats for floor area containing fixed seats; or if no auditorium or assembly room, 1 for each 350 square feet, excluding ball courts.
Community centers owned and operated by the Seattle Department of Parks and Recreation (DOPAR) 1, 2, 3	1 for each 555 square feet.
Congregate residences	1 for each 4 residents.
Construction services	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Custom and craft work	1 for each 1,000 square feet.
Dance halls (dance floor and table area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
Dry storage of boats	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Family support centers located in community centers owned and operated by the Seattle DOPAR 3	1 for each 100 square feet.

Use	Parking Requirements
Floating homes	1 for each dwelling unit.
Food processing for human consumption	1 for each 1,000 square feet.
Gas station	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
General retail sales and services	1 for each 350 square feet.
Ground-floor businesses in multi-family zones	None, maximum of 10.
Heavy commercial services	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Heliports (waiting area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
High-impact uses	1 for each 1,500 square feet or as determined by the Director.
Horticultural uses (retail area only)	1 for each 350 square feet.
Hospitals ¹	1 space for each 2 staff doctors; plus 1 additional space for each 5 employees; plus 1 for each 6 beds.
Hotels	1 for each 4 sleeping rooms or suites.
Institute for advanced study ¹	1 for each 1,000 square feet of administrative offices and similar spaces; plus 1 for each 10 fixed seats in all auditoria and public assembly rooms; or 1 for each 100 square feet of public assembly area not containing fixed seats.
Institutes for advanced study in single-family zones (existing)	3.5 for each 1,000 square feet of office space; plus 10 for each 1,000 square feet of additional building footprint to house and support conference center activities, or 37 for each 1,000 square feet of actual conference rooms to be constructed, whichever is greater.
Kennel	1 for each 2,000 square feet.

Use	Parking Requirements
Lecture and meeting hall	1 for each 8 fixed seats or
	1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly
	area not containing fixed seats.
Major durables, sales, service, and rental	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Manufacturing, general	1 for each 1,500 square feet.
Manufacturing, heavy	1 for each 1,500 square feet.
Manufacturing, light	1 for each 1,500 square feet.
Marine service station	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Medical services	1 for each 350 square feet.
Miniature golf	1 for each 2 holes.
Mini-warehouse	1 for each 30 storage units.
Mobile home park	1 for each mobile home.
Mortuary services	1 for each 350 square feet.
Motels	1 for each sleeping room or suite.
Motion picture studio	1 for each 1,500 square feet
Motion picture theater	1 for each 8 fixed seats or
•	1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly
	area not containing fixed seats.
Multi-family structures ⁴ except those listed below	Lots containing 2-10 dwelling units:
•	1.1 for each dwelling unit.
	Lots containing 11-30 dwelling units:
	1.15 for each dwelling unit.
	Lots containing 31-60 dwelling units:
	1.2 for each dwelling unit.
	Lots containing more than 60 dwelling units: 1.25 for each dwelling unit
	1.22 for each dwelling aill

Use	Parking Requirements
	In addition, for all multi-family structures whose average gross floor area per dwelling unit, excluding decks and all portions of a structure shared by multiple dwelling units, exceeds 500 square feet, an additional .0002 spaces per square foot in excess of 500 shall be required up to a maximum additional .15 spaces per dwelling unit; and
	When at least 50 percent of the dwelling units in a multi-family structure have 3 bedrooms, an additional .25 spaces per bedroom for each unit with 3 bedrooms shall be required; and
	Any multi-family structure which contains a dwelling unit with 4 or more bedrooms shall be required to provide an additional .25 spaces per bedroom for each unit with 4 or more bedrooms. ⁵
Multi-family structures containing dwelling units with 2 or more bedrooms, when within the area impacted by the University of Washington as shown on Map A following this section	1.5 spaces per unit with 2 or more bedrooms. The requirement for units with 3 or more bedrooms contained above shall also apply. All other requirements for units with fewer than 2 bedrooms shall be as contained above. ⁵
Multi-family structures, when within the Alki area as shown on Map B following this section	1.5 spaces per unit.
Multi-family development, for those ground- related structures within the development with 10 units or fewer	1 for each dwelling unit.
Multi-family structures for low-income elderly	1 for each 6 dwelling units.
Multi-family structures for low-income disabled	1 for each 4 dwelling units.
Multi-family structures: low-income elderly/low income disabled	1 for each 5 dwelling units
Multi-purpose convenience store	1 for each 350 square feet

Chart A for Section 23.54.015 (Continued)

Use	Parking Requirements		
Museum ¹	1 for each 80 square feet of all auditoria and		
	public assembly rooms, not containing fixed seats;		
	or 1 for every 10 fixed seats for floor area containing		
	fixed seats; plus		
	1 space for each 250 square feet of other gross		
	floor area open to the public.		
Non-household sales and services, except sales,	1 for each 2,000 square feet.		
service and rental of office equipment			
Nursing homes ⁶	1 space for each 2 staff doctors; plus		
	1 additional space for each 3 employees; plus		
	1 for each 6 beds.		
Office administration	1 for each 1 000 amount foot		
Office, administrative	1 for each 1,000 square feet.		
Office, customer service	1 for each 350 square feet.		
Outdoor storage	1 for each 2,000 square feet.		
Parks	None.		
Participant sports and recreation, indoor, unless	1 for each 350 square feet.		
otherwise specified			
Participant sports and recreation, outdoor, unless	1 for each 350 square feet.		
otherwise specified	1 for each 350 square feet.		
Passenger terminals (waiting area)	1 for each 100 square feet.		
Performing arts theater	1 for each 8 fixed seats or		
	1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly		
	area not containing fixed seats.		
Demonal transmission remains	1 few and 2 000 arrange food		
Personal transportation services	1 for each 2,000 square feet.		
Playgrounds	None.		
Power plants	1 for each 2,000 square feet.		

Chart A for Section 23.54.015 (Continued)

Use	Parking Requirements
Private club ¹	1 for each 80 square feet of floor area of all
	auditoria and public assembly rooms not
	containing fixed seats; or
	1 for every 8 fixed seats of floor area containing fixed seats; or
	if no auditorium or assembly room, 1 for each 350
	square feet, excluding ball courts.
Railroad rights-of-way	None.
Railroad switchyard	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Railroad switchyard with mechanized hump	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Recreational marinas	1 for each 75 lineal feet of moorage.
Recycling center	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Recycling collection station	None.
Religious facility ¹	1 for each 80 square feet of all auditoria and
	public assembly rooms.
Research and development laboratory	1 for each 1,000 square feet.
Restaurant	1 for each 200 square feet.
Restaurant, fast-food	1 for each 100 square feet.
Sales, service and rental of commercial	
equipment	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Sale and rental of large boats	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Sale and rental of motorized vehicles	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Sales, service and rental of office equipment	1 for each 350 square feet.
Sale of boat parts or accessories	1 for each 350 square feet.
Sale of heating fuel	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Salvage yard	1 for each 2,000 square feet.

Chart A for Section 23.54.015 (Continued)

Use	Parking Requirements
School, private elementary and secondary 1, 2	1 for each 80 square feet of all auditoria and public assembly room, or if no auditorium or assembly room, 1 for each staff member.
School, public elementary and secondary 1, 2, 7	1 for each 80 square feet of all auditorium or public assembly rooms, or 1 for every 8 fixed seats in auditoriums or public assembly rooms, containing fixed seats, for new public schools on a new or existing public school site.
Sewage treatment plant	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Single-family dwelling units	1 for each dwelling unit
Skating rink (rink area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
Solid waste transfer station	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Specialty food stores	1 for each 350 square feet.
Spectator sports facility	1 for each 10 fixed seats or 1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area not containing fixed seats.
Sport range	1 for each 2 stations.
Swimming pool (water area)	1 for each 150 square feet.
Taverns	1 for each 200 square feet.
Transit vehicle base	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Universities ⁸	A number of spaces equal to 15 percent of the maximum number of students present at peak hour; plus
	30 percent of the number of employees present at peak hour; plus 1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area in outdoor spectator sports facilities.
Utility service uses	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Vehicle repair, major	1 for each 2,000 square feet.

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Chart A for Section 23.54.015 (Continued)

Vehicle repair, minor 1 for each 2,000 square feet. Vessel repair, major 1 for each 2,000 square feet. 1 for each 2,000 square feet. Vessel repair, minor Vocational or fine arts school 1 for each 2 faculty and full-time employees; plus 1 for each 5 students (based on the maximum number of students in attendance at any one time). Warehouse 1 for each 1,500 square feet. Wholesale showroom 1 for each 1,500 square feet. Work-release centers 1 for each 2 full-time staff members; plus 1 for each 5 residents; plus 1 for each vehicle operated in connection with the work-release center.

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When permitted in single-family zones, the Director may modify the parking requirements pursuant to Section 23.44.022; when permitted in multi-family zones as a conditional use, the Director may modify the parking requirements pursuant to Section 23.45.122. The Director, in consultation with the Director of Seattle Transportation, may allow adult care and child care centers locating in existing structures to provide loading and unloading spaces on-street when no other alternative exists.

Indoor gymnasiums shall not be considered ball courts, nor shall they be considered auditoria or public assembly rooms unless they contain bleachers (fixed seats). If the gymnasium contains bleachers, the parking requirement for the entire gymnasium shall be one (1) parking space for every eight (8) fixed seats. Each twenty (20) inches of width of bleachers shall be counted as one (1) fixed seat for the purposes of determining parking requirements. If the gymnasium does not contain bleachers and is in a school, there is no parking requirement for the gymnasium. If the gymnasium does not contain bleachers and is in a community center, the parking requirement shall be one (1) space for each 350 square feet. If the gymnasium does not contain bleachers and is in a community center owned and operated by the Department of Parks and Recreation (DOPAR), the parking requirement shall be one (1) space for each five hundred fifty-five square feet.

10/30/98 2:12 PM V21 3 2 When family support centers are located within community centers owned 3 and operated by DOPAR, the Director may lower the combined parking requirement by up to a maximum of fifteen percent (15%), pursuant to 4 Section 23.54.020 I. 5 6 7 Parking spaces required for multi-family structures may be provided as tandem spaces according to subsection B of Section 23.54.020. 8 9 5 Bedroom--Any habitable room as defined by the Building Code which, in 10 11 the determination of the Director, is capable of being used as a bedroom. 12 6 13 When specified in single-family zones, Section 23.44.015, the Director may 14 waive some or all of the parking requirements. 15 7 For public schools, when an auditorium or other place of assembly is 16 demolished and a new one built in its place, parking requirements shall be 17 determined based on the new construction. When an existing public school 18 19 on an existing public school site is remodeled, additional parking is 20 required if an auditorium or other place of assembly is expanded or 21 additional fixed seats are added. Additional parking is required as shown 22 on Chart A for the increase in floor area or increase in number of seats 23 only. If the parking requirement for the increased area or seating is ten (10) percent or less than that for the existing auditorium or other place of 24 assembly, then no additional parking shall be required. 25 26 8 27 Development standards departure may be granted or required pursuant to the procedures and criteria set forth in Chapter 23.79 to reduce the required 28 or permitted number of parking spaces. 29 30

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Section 30. Subsection of Section 23.54.020 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.54.020 Parking quantity exceptions.

The parking quantity exceptions set forth in this section shall apply in all zones except downtown zones, which are regulated by Section 23.49.016, and Major Institution zones, which are regulated by Section 23.54.016.

- A. Adding Units to Existing Structures in Multifamily and ((Neighborhood)) Commercial Zones.
- 1. For the purposes of this section, "existing structures" shall be those structures which were established under permit, or for which a permit has been granted and has not expired as of the effective date of the applicable chapter of this Land Use Code, as follows:
 - a. In multifamily zones, August 10, 1982;
 - b. In commercial zones, June 9, 1986.
- 2. If an existing residential structure in a multifamily or ((neighborhood)) commercial zone has parking which meets the development standards, and the lot area is not increased, one (1) unit may be added without additional parking. If two (2) units are added, one (1) space will be required; three (3) units will require two (2) spaces, etc. Additional parking must meet all development standards for the particular zone.
 - 3. In a Lowrise Duplex/Triplex zone:
- a. When an existing residential structure provides less than one (1) parking space per unit, one (1) parking space shall be required for each additional dwelling unit when dwelling units are added to the structure or the structure is altered to create additional dwelling units;
- b. When an existing nonresidential structure is partially or completely converted to residential use, then no parking space shall be required for the first new dwelling unit, provided that the lot area is not increased and existing parking is screened and landscaped to the greatest extent practical. Additional parking provided shall meet all development standards for the Lowrise Duplex/Triplex zone.
- 4. If an existing structure does not conform to the development standards for parking, or is occupied by a nonconforming use, when:
 - -- Dwelling units are added to the structure; or
 - -- The structure is altered to create additional dwelling units; or
- The structure is completely converted to residential use, then no parking space need be provided for the first new or added dwelling unit, provided that the lot area is not increased and existing parking is screened and landscaped to the greatest extent practical. Additional parking provided shall meet all development standards for the particular zone. This exception shall not apply in Lowrise Duplex/Triplex zones.

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Section 31. Subsection C of Section 23.55.002 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 112830, is amended as follows:

23.55.002 Scope of provisions.

* * *

C. Signs are also regulated by the provisions of Chapter 32 of the Building Code, Title 22 of the Seattle Municipal Code, including the permit requirements of that title.

* * *

Section 32. Subsection D of Section 23.55.034 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:

23.55.034 Signs in downtown zones.

* * *

D. On-premises Signs.

- 1. Number and Type of Permitted Signs.
- a. Each use may have one (1) pole, ground, ((wall, marquee, under marquee,)) projecting or combination sign for each three hundred (300) lineal feet, or portion thereof, of frontage on public rights-of-way, except alleys.
- b. In addition to the signs permitted by subsection D1a, each use may have one (1) wall, awning, canopy, ((ground,)) marquee, or under-marquee ((or projecting)) sign((s)) for each thirty (30) lineal feet, or portion thereof, of frontage on public rights-of-way, except alleys.
- c. In addition to the signs permitted by subsections D1a and D1b, each multiple business center may have one (1) wall, marquee, under-marquee, projecting or combination sign for each three hundred (300) lineal feet, or portion thereof, of frontage on public rights-of-way, except alleys.
- d. Among the number and type of permitted signs in subsections D1a, D1b and D1c, a maximum of four (4) of these signs identifying hotels or public buildings may be located sixty-five (65) feet or more above the elevation of the sidewalk.
- e. Where the principal use or activity on the lot is outdoor retail sales, banner and strings of pennants maintained in good condition shall be allowed in addition to the signs permitted by subsections D1a, D1b and D1c.
- 2. There shall be no maximum area limits for on-premises signs, except for signs identifying hotels and public buildings sixty-five (65) feet or more above the

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elevation of the sidewalk, which shall not exceed eighteen (18) feet in length, height or any other direction.

* * *

Section 33. Subsections B and E of Section 23.55.042 of the SMC are amended as shown, and Exhibit 23.55.042A of that Section is amended to remove the designation of State Highway 509 from the 1st Avenue Bridge to the southern City limits and the amended map is attached as the new Exhibit 23.55.042A:

23.55.042 Off-premises and business signs adjacent to certain public highways.

* * *

- B. Off-premises and Business Signs Prohibited Near Certain Areas. No off-premises sign or business sign shall be erected within six hundred sixty (660) feet outgoing from the nearest edge of the main traveled way of any landscaped and/or scenic view section of a freeway, expressway, parkway or scenic route designated by this subsection and shown on Exhibit 23.55.042 A (Type A sections), and no off-premises sign shall be erected within two hundred (200) feet in any direction from the main traveled way of the exit and entrance ramps thereto, if any part of the advertising matter or informative content of the sign is visible from any place on the traveled way of the landscaped and/or scenic view section or ramp, except as provided in subsections C and D:
 - 1. West Seattle Freeway from Harbor Avenue S.W. to 35th Avenue S.W.;
- 2. The west side of the Alaskan Freeway from South Connecticut Street to the west portal of the Battery Street Tunnel. The east side of the Alaskan Freeway from South Connecticut Street to the west portal of the Battery Street Tunnel;
- 3. Interstate Highway No. 5 from the north City limits to the south City limits;
- 4. Interstate Highway No. 90 from the east City limits to Interstate Highway No. 5.
 - 5. State Route 520 (Evergreen Point Bridge) to Interstate Highway No. 5.

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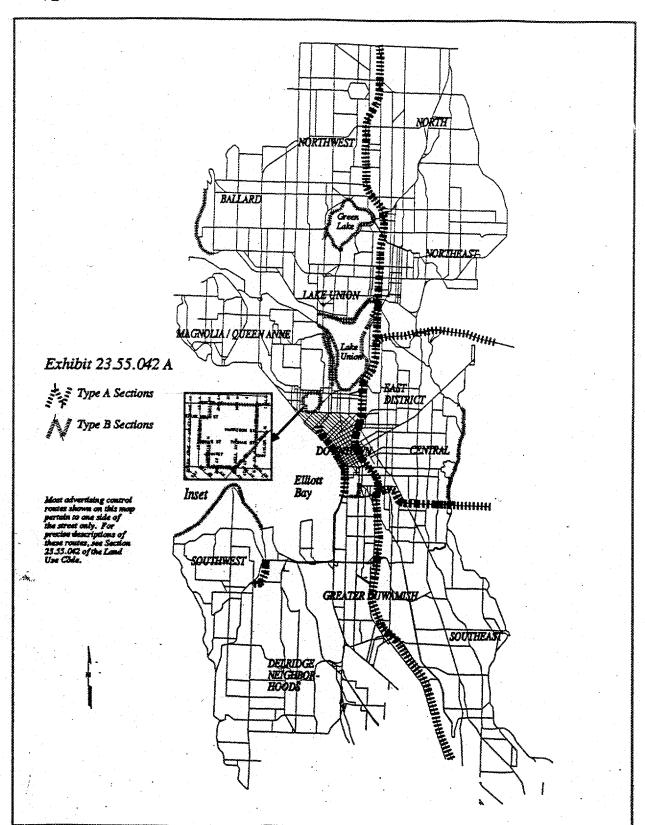
E. Off-premises Signs Prohibited Near Certain Areas. No off-premises sign shall be erected within six hundred sixty (660) feet outgoing from the nearest edge of the main traveled way of any landscaped and/or scenic view section designated by this subsection (Type B section) and shown on Exhibit 23.55.042 A, and no off-premises signs shall be erected within two hundred (200) feet in any direction from the main traveled way of the exit or entrance ramps thereto, if any part of the advertising matter or informative content

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	of the off-premises sign is visible from any place on the traveled way of the landscaped
	and/or scenic view section or ramp.
	1. The east side of Aurora Avenue North from the George Washington
	Memorial Bridge (Raye Street) to Prospect Street;
	2. The east side of Dexter Avenue North from Westlake Avenue North to
	Aloha Street;
	3. The east side of Westlake Avenue North from the Fremont Bridge to
20.5	Valley Street;
	4. The west side of Fairview Avenue North and Fairview Avenue East
	from Valley Street to the Lake Union Ship Canal;
	5. The north side of Valley Street from Westlake Avenue North to
	Fairview Avenue North;
	6. The south side of North 34th Street from the Fremont Bridge to North
	Pacific Street;
	7. The south side of North Northlake Way and Northeast Northlake Way
	from the George Washington Memorial Bridge to Tenth Avenue Northeast;
	8. The east side of Harbor Avenue Southwest from Southwest Florida
	Street to Duwamish Head;
	9. The northwesterly side of Alki Avenue Southwest from Duwamish Head
	to Alki Point;
	10. Lake Washington Boulevard and Lake Washington Boulevard South
	from Interstate 90 to Denny Blaine Park;
	11. The perimeter streets of Green Lake, consisting of Aurora Avenue
	North from West Green Lake Way North to West Green Lake Drive North; West Green
	Lake Drive North; East Green Lake Way North; and West Green Lake Way North;
	12. Northwest 54th Street and Seaview Avenue Northwest from the Hiram
	Chittenden Locks to Golden Gardens Park;
	13. All streets forming the perimeter of Seattle Center, as follows:
	Mercer Street from Warren Avenue North to Fifth Avenue North; Fifth
	Avenue North from Mercer Street to Broad Street; Broad Street from Fifth Avenue North
	to Denny Way; Denny Way from Broad Street to Second Avenue North; Second Avenue
	North from Denny Way to Thomas Street; Thomas Street from Second Avenue North to
	First Avenue North; First Avenue North from Thomas Street to Republican Street;
	Republican Street from First Avenue North to Warren Avenue; Warren Avenue from
	Republican Street to Mercer Street;
	14. The south side of North Pacific Street and Northeast Pacific Street
	from 34th Street North to Latona Avenue Northeast;
COMMUNICATION OF THE PERSON OF	15. Fourth Avenue South from <u>Airport Way South</u> ((Dearborn Street)) to
	South Royal Brougham and South Royal Brougham Way from Fourth Avenue South to

((South)) Occidental ((Street)) Avenue South.



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Section 34. Subsection B of Section 23.71.028 of the SMC, which Section was ted by Ordinance 116795, is amended as follows:

1.028 General Development Plan process.

- B. An Advisory Committee to the Director shall be established by the Director for General Development Plan required. The composition of the committee shall be a nced group representing all interests including the applicant, neighborhoods, the ness community, and property owners ((-)), except that the applicant's representative not participate in a vote on the recommendation to the Director, as described in B2 w. The Advisory Committee shall perform the following functions:
- 1. ((The Advisory Committee shall r)) Review the contents of a Draft eral Development Plan; and
- 2. Within a time period established by the Director, recommend to the Director any suggested changes or additions to the Draft General Development Plan.

Section 35. Subsection A of Section 23.76.024 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118409, is amended as follows:

23.76.024 Hearing Examiner open record hearing and decision for subdivisions.

A. Consolidation with Environmental Appeal. The Hearing Examiner shall conduct a public hearing, which shall constitute a hearing by the Council on the application for preliminary approval of the subdivision. At the same hearing the Hearing Examiner shall also hear any appeals of the Director's procedural environmental determination (determination of nonsignificance or determination of adequacy of a final environmental impact statement) and other Type II decisions.

Section 36. Subsection A of Section 23.76.028, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118012, is amended as follows:

23.76.028 Type I and II Master Use Permit issuance.

A. When a Type I or II Master Use Permit is approved for issuance, the applicant shall be so notified.

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 1. Type I Master Use Permits. Type I Master Use Permits shall be approved for issuance at the time of the Director's decision that the application conforms to all applicable laws (Section 23.76.020).

2. Type II Master Use Permits. Except for Type II permits containing a shoreline component as defined in SMC 23.76.006C2h, ((A)) a Type II Master Use Permit may be approved for issuance on the day following expiration of the applicable City of Seattle administrative appeal period or, if appealed, on the fourth day following a final City of Seattle administrative appeal decision to grant or conditionally grant the permit. Type II Master Use Permits containing a shoreline component may be issued pursuant to SMC 23.60.072. Master Use Permits shall not be issued to the applicant until all outstanding fees are paid.

* * *

Section 37. Section 23.84.018 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118624, is amended as follows:

23.84.018 "I."

* * *

"Institution" means structure(s) and related grounds used by organizations providing educational, medical, social and recreational services to the community, such as hospitals; vocational or fine arts schools; adult care centers and child care centers, whether operated for nonprofit or profit-making purposes; and nonprofit organizations such as colleges and universities, elementary and secondary schools, community centers and clubs, private clubs, religious facilities, museums, and institutes for advanced study.

- 1. "Adult care center" means an institution which regularly provides care to a group of adults for less than twenty-four (24) hours a day, whether for compensation or not.
- 2. "College" means a post-secondary educational institution, operated by a nonprofit organization, granting associate, bachelor and/or graduate degrees.
- 3. "Community center" means an institution used for civic or recreational purposes, operated by a nonprofit organization providing direct services to people on the premises rather than carrying out only administrative functions, and open to the general public on an equal basis. Activities in a community center may include classes and events sponsored by nonprofit organizations, community programs for the elderly, and other similar uses.
- 4. "Community club" means an institution used for athletic, social, civic or recreational purposes operated by a nonprofit organization, membership to which is open to the general public on an equal basis.

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- 5. "Child care center" means an institution which regularly provides care to a group of children for less than twenty-four (24) hours a day, whether for compensation or not. Preschools shall be considered to be child care centers.
- 6. "Family support center" means an institution that offers support services and instruction to families, such as parenting classes and family counseling, and is colocated with a Department of Parks and Recreation community center.
- 7. "Hospital" means an institution which provides accommodations, facilities and services over a continuous period of twenty-four (24) hours or more, for observation, diagnosis and care of individuals who are suffering from illness, injury, deformity or abnormality or from any condition requiring obstetrical, medical or surgical services, or alcohol or drug detoxification. This definition excludes nursing homes.
- 8. "Institute for advanced study" means an institution operated by a nonprofit organization for the advancement of knowledge through research, including the offering of seminars and courses, and technological and/or scientific laboratory research.
- 9. "Library" means an institution where literary, musical, artistic or reference materials are kept for use but not generally for sale.
- ((9))10. "Museum" means an institution operated by a nonprofit organization as a repository of natural, scientific, historical, cultural or literary objects of interest or works of art, and where the collection of such items is systematically managed for the purpose of exhibiting them to the public.
- ((10))11. "Private club" means an institution used for athletic, social or recreational purposes and operated by a private nonprofit organization, membership to which is by written invitation and election according to qualifications in the club's charter or bylaws and the use of which is generally restricted to members and their guests.
- ((11))12. "Religious facility" means an institution, such as a church, temple, mosque, synagogue or other structure, together with its accessory structures, used primarily for religious worship.
- ((12))13. "School, elementary or secondary" means an institution operated by a nonprofit organization primarily used for systematic academic or vocational instruction through the twelfth grade.
- ((13))14. "Vocational or fine arts school" means an institution which teaches trades, business courses, hairdressing and similar skills on a post-secondary level, or which teaches fine arts such as music, dance or painting to any age group, whether operated for nonprofit or profit-making purposes.
 - ((14))15. "University." See "College."

Section 38. Section 23.84.024 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is further amended as follows:

* * *

23.84.024 "L."

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 "Library." See Institution."

* * *

"Lot, parent" means the initial lot from which unit lots are subdivided for the exclusive use of townhouses, cottage housing, and clustered housing in Single Family. Residential Small Lot and Lowrise zones, single family residences in Lowrise zones, or any combination of the above types of residential development.

* * *

"Lot, unit" means one (1) of the individual lots created from the subdivision of a parent lot for the exclusive use of townhouses, cottage housing, clustered housing in Single Family, Residential Small Lot and Lowrise zones, single family residences in Lowrise zones, or any combination of the above types of residential development.

* * *

"Low-income disabled <u>multifamily structure</u> ((housing))" means a ((multifamily)) structure in which at least ninety (90) percent of the dwelling units are occupied by one (1) or more persons who qualify as disabled under the definition of handicapped pursuant to the Federal Fair Housing Amendment Act and who ((have income not exceeding income limits for low rent public housing as defined by Resolution 27472.)) constitute a low-income or low-moderate income household.

"Low-income elderly multifamily structure" means a ((multifamily)) structure in which at least ninety (90) percent of the dwelling units are occupied by one or more persons sixty-two (62) or more years of age who ((have incomes not exceeding income limits for low rent public housing for one and two person families as established by the Seattle Housing Authority.)) constitute a low-income or low-moderate income household.

"Low-income elderly/low-income disabled multifamily structure" means a structure in which each of at least ninety (90) percent of the dwelling units (not including vacant units) are occupied by a low-income or low-moderate income household that includes a person who qualifies as disabled under the definition of handicapped pursuant to the Federal Fair Housing Amendment Act or a person sixty-two (62) or older, so long as the housing qualifies for exemptions from prohibitions against discrimination against families with children and against age discrimination under all applicable fair housing laws and ordinances.

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Section 39. Section 23.84.026 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117202, is amended as follows:

23.84.026

* * *

"Nursing home" ((means a residence, licensed by the state, which provides fulltime convalescent and/or chronic care for individuals who, by reason of chronic illness or infirmity, are unable to care for themselves. No care for the acutely ill or surgical or obstetrical services shall be provided in such a residence. This definition excludes hospitals or sanitariums.)) See "Residential use."

Section 40. Section 23.84.032 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.84.032 "R."

"Residential use" means any one (1) of the following uses:

- 1. "Adult family home" means a residential use as defined and licensed by the State of Washington in a dwelling unit.
- 2. "Artist's studio/dwelling" means a combination working studio and dwelling unit for artists, consisting of a room or suite of rooms occupied by not more than one (1) household.
- 3. "Caretaker's quarters" means a residential use accessory to a nonresidential use consisting of a dwelling unit not exceeding eight hundred (800) square feet of living area and occupied by a caretaker or watchperson.
- 4. "Congregate residence" means a dwelling unit in which rooms or lodging, with or without meals, are provided for nine (9) or more nontransient persons not constituting a single household, excluding single-family residences for which special or reasonable accommodation has been granted.
- 5. "Domestic violence shelter" means a dwelling unit managed by a nonprofit organization which provides housing at a confidential location and support services for victims of family violence.
- 6. "Floating home" means a dwelling unit constructed on a float, which is moored, anchored or otherwise secured in the water.
- 7. "Mobile home park" means a residential use in which a tract of land is rented for the use of more than one (1) mobile home occupied as a dwelling unit.
- 8. "Multifamily structure" means a structure or portion of a structure containing two (2) or more dwelling units.



9. "Nursing home" means a residence, licensed by the state, that provides full-
time convalescent and/or chronic care for individuals who, by reason of chronic illness or
infirmity, are unable to care for themselves. No care for the acutely ill or surgical or
obstetrical services shall be provided in such a residence. This definition excludes
hospitals or sanitariums.

((9))10. Single-family dwelling unit" means a detached structure containing one (1) dwelling unit and having a permanent foundation. The structure may also contain an accessory dwelling unit.

* * *

Section 41. Section 23.84.038 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance117430, is amended as follows:

23.84.038 "T."

* * *

"Transportation facilities" means one (1) of the following commercial uses:

- 1. "Airport, land-based" means a transportation facility used for the takeoff and landing of airplanes.
- 2. "Airport, water-based" means a transportation facility used exclusively by aircraft which take off and land directly on the water.
- 3. "Cargo terminal" means a transportation facility in which quantities of goods or container cargo are, without undergoing any manufacturing processes, transferred to other carriers or stored outdoors in order to transfer them to other locations. Cargo terminals may include accessory warehouses, railroad yards, storage yards, and offices.
- 4. "Heliport" means a transportation facility in which an area on a roof or on the ground is used for the takeoff and landing of helicopters or other steep-gradient aircraft, and one (1) or more of the following services are provided: Cargo facilities, maintenance and overhaul, fueling service, tie-down space, hangers and other accessory buildings and open spaces.
- 5. "Helistop" means a transportation facility in which an area on a roof or on the ground is used for the takeoff and landing of helicopters or other steep-gradient aircraft, but not including fueling service, hangars, maintenance, overhaul or tie-down space for more than one (1) aircraft.
- 6. "Passenger terminal" means a transportation facility located on a sea or land transportation line, where people transfer from one (1) mode of vehicular transportation to another or between carriers within the same mode. Such carriers shall have regularly scheduled routes, and may include vans, trains, ships, tour buses or boats, or other types of transportation. Passenger terminals may include ticket counters, waiting areas,

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management offices, baggage handling facilities, and shops and restaurants. Metro street bus stops are not included in this definition.

- 7. "Personal transportation services" means a transportation facility in which either emergency transportation to hospitals, or general transportation by car, van, or limousine for a fee is provided. Such uses generally include dispatching offices and facilities for vehicle storage and maintenance.
 - 8. "Railroad switchyard" means a transportation facility in which:
 - a. Rail cars and engines are serviced and repaired; and
- b. Rail cars and engines are transferred between tracks and coupled to provide a new train configuration.
- 9. "Railroad switchyard with a mechanized hump" means a railroad switchyard which includes a mechanized classification system operating over an incline.
- 10. "Transit vehicle base" means a transportation facility in which a fleet of buses or light-rail cars is stored, maintained, and((/or)) repaired.

(See also "Fleet vehicles.")

* * *

Section 42. Section 23.84.048 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117430, is amended as follows:

23.84.048 "Z"

* * *

"Zone, commercial" means the following zones regulated by Title 23: NC1, NC2, NC3, C1 ((and)), C2 and SCM.

* * *

Section 43. Subsection G of Section 23.86.018 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:

23.86.018 Open space.

Certain zones require a minimum amount of open space to be provided on the lot. For those cases where open space is required, the following provisions shall apply:

* * *

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- G. In order for a ground area, roof area, deck or balcony to be considered as open space, it shall have a minimum area and provide a minimum horizontal dimension as established in each zone. In cases where the shape or configuration of the open space is irregular or unusual, the Director shall determine whether open space requirements have been met, notwithstanding the following provisions, based on whether the proposed configuration would result in open space that is truly usable for normal residential open space purposes. For the purpose of measuring the horizontal dimensions of open space, the following provisions shall apply:
- 1. For rectangular or square areas, each exterior dimension of the area shall meet the minimum dimension (Exhibit 23.86.018 A).
- 2. For irregularly shaped areas where all lines intersect at or approximately at ninety (90) degree angles, an area which is not less than sixty (60) percent of the minimum dimension in width and does not extend further than sixty (60) percent of the minimum dimension from a contiguous rectangular or square area of which all sides meet or exceed the minimum dimension, may be included as required open space (Exhibit 23.86.018 B).
- 3. For triangular areas, all exterior dimensions of the area shall meet or exceed the minimum dimensions (Exhibit 23.86.018 C).
- 4. For circular areas, the diameter of the circle shall meet the minimum dimension; for semicircular areas, the radius of the area shall meet the minimum dimension (Exhibit 23.86.018 D).
- ((5. In cases where the shape of the open space is so unusual that the above provisions cannot be applied, for example, a curvilinear shape, the Director shall determine when open space requirements have been met.))

* * *

Section 44. Subsection F of Section 25.09.260 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 116976, is amended as follows:

25.09.260 Administrative conditional use permit to recover development credit and permit clustered development on-site in single family zones.

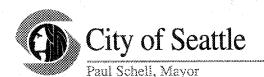
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 F. Clustering of Additional Dwelling Units.

The Director may approve more than one dwelling unit per lot and may approve smaller than required lot sizes and yards to accommodate recovery of development credit, and to encourage larger buffers, reduce impermeable surfaces, and decrease size of affected areas. Where dwelling units are attached, they shall not exceed the height, bulk and ((building height)) other applicable development standards of the Lowrise 1 (L1) zone.

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Full development credit on-site shall not be increased beyond that permitted by the
underlying single family zone.
diderlying single family zone.
* * *
Section 45. The provisions of this ordinance are declared to be separate and
severable. The invalidity of any particular provision shall not affect the validity of any
other provision.
Province Pro
Section 46. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty (30) days from
and after its approval by the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within
ten (10) days after presentation, it shall take effect as provided by Municipal Code Section
1.04.020.
Passed by the City Council the 30 day of November, 1998, and signed
Tassed by the City Council the 30 day of 100 yen 1990, and signed
by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 3000 day of
November 1998
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Sandonal
President of the City Council
Approved by me this and day of December, 1998.
Approved by me this Milday of Vecentre , 1998.
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Mayor
Filed by me this 2n day of 1 , 1998.
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City*Clerk

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Department of Construction and Land Use

R. F. Krochalis, Director

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Councilmember Sue Donaldson, President

Via: Mark Sidran, City Attorney

FROM:

Rick Krochalis, Director

DATE:

October 2, 1998

SUBJECT:

1998 Omnibus Legislation

I am pleased to submit to you the two attached ordinances which represent part of our ongoing commitment to maintenance of Title 23. Omnibus legislation addresses multiple issues which range from incorrect section references and other maintenance of the Land Use Code, to areas of somewhat more substance but of limited impact. This legislation contains amendments on subjects ranging from easements, conditional use, libraries, parking, and signs to handrails on floating homes. The second ordinance amends the shoreline chapter, which is separated from the other amendments because the State has different processing requirements for the Shoreline Master Program. All the issues of substance are briefly described in the attached report. Requests for these proposals came from citizens, other departments and DCLU staff.

The Department issued a Declaration of Non-Significance on August 20, 1998; the appeal period ended (no appeal) on September 10. The public hearing is scheduled for October 20, 1998. Implementation costs will be minor, and accommodated within existing resources. If you have questions, please call Diane Althaus at 233-3894 or John Skelton at 233-3883.

Director's Report and Recommendation on the 1998 Omnibus Amendments

October 1998

In addition to processing complex, substantive amendments to the Land Use Code, the Department of Construction and Land Use is also responsible for maintenance of this ±800 page code. The attached amendments are called maintenance or omnibus amendments due to their relatively small scale and scope of impact. Such amendments range from typos and incorrect section references, which will not be described further, to correcting inconsistencies between maps and text, for example, which have more substance but do not warrant a separate ordinance on their own. Following is a section-by-section description of the proposed amendments:

Section 23.22.062 and 23.24.045

Section 23.22.062 is new, and a duplicate of the already-adopted text in 23.24.045, so that unit subdivision regulations apply to both short plats and to full subdivisions. The provisions for unit subdivisions require that a clustering of housing meet development standards for the entire cluster (also called the "parent lot"), but allow subdivision of individual unit lots which are not required to meet development standards on a lot-by-lot basis. The amendments would apply the unit lot subdivision provisions to single family and residential small lot (RSL) zones where clustering is now permitted (planned residential developments and clustered housing planned developments).

23.22.100

Resolves an apparent inconsistency between the Land Use Code and the Street Improvement Manual and improves the cross-references.

23.44.006

For clustered housing in environmentally critical areas in single family zones, allows more than one dwelling unit on a lot (subdivision is not required). Also clarifies that the State of Washington defines, as well as licenses, adult family homes.

23.44.010

Clarifies that unit subdivision for planned residential developments and clustered housing planned developments may result in lots with less than the minimum lot size otherwise permitted in the zone.

23.44.014

Allows side yard-to-rear yard easements, in addition to side yard-to-side yard. Also clarifies that side yard agreements can be used to allow structures near the rear lot line of a reversed corner lot, as is suggested in other code sections but not clearly stated.

23,44,018

Clarifies that when a conditional use permit has been obtained and is still required, but the use has been discontinued, that a new conditional use permit is required.

23.44.034

Since townhouses are the only type of ground-related housing permitted in PRDs, changing "ground-related" to "townhouse" makes it more straightforward.

23.44.072

This section was to be deleted in the last omnibus, and it went through public review but the amendment was inadvertently omitted later in the process. The total number of unrelated residents per dwelling unit is limited to eight, and the Code no longer differentiates between who is a roomer and who is part of a household of unrelated people.

23.44.080

There is currently no provision for dealing with a nonconforming use in single family zones which had been previously authorized by conditional use then allowed to lapse, but which is no longer permitted, and which is residential but not multifamily. Addresses nonconforming group homes and similar uses which want to expand.

23.45.005

Corrects an error in referencing standards for single family housing in multifamily zones.

23.45.008

Creates a new category of use for structures which have a combination of low income elderly and low income disabled residents, and requires the more restrictive parking ratio of the two existing uses (see parking chart amendment also in 23.54.015).

23,45,014

Amends the multifamily section on projections into setbacks to make it consistent with the parallel section in single family zones. The proposal would delete the requirement that such projections must begin at least eight feet above grade.

23.45.016

Makes language consistent in the open space section and measurement section with regard to when access may be counted as meeting open space requirements.

23.47.008 and 23.47.023

Single purpose residential development is generally required to meet development standards for mixed use development. This amendment clarifies that the 13' first floor height requirement applies to single purpose projects as well as to mixed use projects.

23.47.010

Clarifies maximum size of use for non-residential uses in commercial zones.

23.47.016

Clarifies landscaped setbacks for parking structures.

23.48.002

Adds reference to the telecommunications chapter to the Seattle Cascade Mixed zone chapter.

23.48.014

Corrects an error which inadvertently required a setback from alleys.

23.49 (seven sections)

Adds libraries as a permitted street level use in downtown zones.

23.53.015

Improves the map's readability and legend

23.54.015

Allows DCLU to determine unique uses' parking requirements, where there is no comparable or reasonably applicable parking requirement. Also amends the parking chart to combine low-income elderly and low income disabled (see 23.45.008 above) use categories and require the more restrictive parking ratio.

23.54.020

Allows "add-a-unit" in Commercial zones (already permitted in multifamily and neighborhood commercial zones), which would accommodate such units as caretaker's quarters without requiring a parking space, under certain circumstances.

23.55.034

Eliminates overlap between two categories of on-premise signs

23.55.042

Makes map and text consistent

23.71.028

Clarifies that while a representative of the applicant is to be on the General Development Plan Advisory Committee, this representative shall not vote on the recommendation to the Director.

23.76.028

Clarifies shoreline MUP issuance and appeal period



23.84.018

Classifies a library as an institution in the definition chapter, which is consistent with the classification in single family zones.

23.84.024

In coordination with the changes to unit lot subdivision noted in the first amendment in this ordinance, the definitions of "unit lot" and "parent lot" would allow subdivision of clustered housing where already permitted in Single Family and Residential Small Lot zones.

23.84.026 and 23.84.032

Adds nursing homes to the list of residential uses; this is consistent with its definition.

23.84.032

Removes unnecessary phrase in congregate care definition.

23.84.038

Eliminates overlap between transit vehicle base and outdoor storage of vehicles

23.84.048

Adds Seattle Cascade Mixed (SCM) zone to the list of commercial zones.

23.86.018

Eliminates situation in definition/measurement of triangular open space which had been creating space which met the measurement section regulations but was not useable.

23.60.070 through 23.60.076

Conforms to state law (the State Department of Ecology issued a rule which contradicted the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) with regard to whether shoreline permits are to be sent to the State Attorney General; this proposal is consistent with the RCW).

23.60.196

Allows floating home rooftop open railings meeting Building Code safety regulations to exceed the height limit. Also incorporates a Director's Rule which similarly allowed chimneys and mechanical vents to exceed the height limit for floating homes.

25.09.260

Allows more than one dwelling unit on a lot in environmentally critical areas (ECA) clustered housing, i.e., clarifies that subdivision is not required.

Seattle City Council

INFORMATION ON THIS SIGN-UP SHEET IS PUBLIC RECORD

PUBLIC HEARING SIGN-UP SHEET

Omnihus Land Use Code Amendments

HEARING SIGN-UF SHEET

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ORDINANCE	

AN ORDINANCE relating to land use; adding Section 23.22.062; amending Sections 23.22.100, 23.24.040, 23.24.045, 23.44.006, 23.44.010, 23.44.014, 23.44.018, 23.44.022, 23.44.034, 23.44.080, 23.45.005, 23.45.008, 23.45.014, 23.45.016, 23.47.008, 23.47.010, 23.47.016, 23.47.023, 23.48.002, 23.48.014, 23.49.054, 23.49.074, 23.49.104, 23.49.132, 23.49.160, 23.53.015, 23.54.015, 23.54.020, 23.55.002, 23.55.034, 23.55.042, 23.71.028, 23.76.024, 23.76.028, 23.84.018, 23.84.024, 23.84.026, 23.84.032, 23.84.038, 23.84.048, 23.86.018; 25.09.260; and repealing 23.44.072 of the Seattle Municipal Code to correct typographical errors, correct section references, clarify regulations, and make minor amendments.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. A new Section, 23.22.062, is hereby added to the Seattle Municipal Code (SMC) to read as follows:

23.22.062 Unit lot subdivisions.

- A. The provisions of this Section apply exclusively to the unit subdivision of townhouses, cottage housing, and clustered housing in Single Family, Residential Small Lot and Lowrise zones, and single family residences in Lowrise zones.
- B. Sites developed or proposed to be developed with dwelling units listed in subsection A above may be subdivided into individual unit lots. The development as a whole shall meet development standards applicable at the time the permit application is vested. As a result of the subdivision, development on individual unit lots may be nonconforming as to some or all of the development standards based on analysis of the individual unit lot, except that any private, usable open space for each dwelling unit shall be provided on the same lot as the dwelling unit it serves.
- C. Subsequent platting actions, additions or modifications to the structure(s) may not create or increase any nonconformity of the parent lot.
- D. Access easements and joint use and maintenance agreements shall be executed for use of common garage or parking areas, common open space (such as common courtyard open space for cottage housing), and other similar features, as recorded with the Director of the King County Department of Records and Elections.
- E. Within the parent lot, required parking for a dwelling unit may be provided on a different unit lot than the lot with the dwelling unit, as long as the right to use that



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parking is formalized by an easement on the plat, as recorded with the Director of the King County Department of Records and Elections.

F. The fact that the unit lot is not a separate buildable lot and that additional development of the individual unit lots may be limited as a result of the application of development standards to the parent lot shall be noted on the plat, as recorded with the King County Department of Records and Elections.

Section 2. Subsection A of Section 23.22.100 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.22.100 Design standards.

Except as provided in Section 23.22.106, design of all subdivisions shall conform to the standards set forth in this subsection:

A. Street and Alleys.

- 1. All subdivisions shall be served by one (1) or more streets providing adequate ingress and egress to and from the subdivision.
- 2. ((Major)) New streets within each subdivision shall conform with the City's thoroughfare and circulation plans and shall provide for the continuation of ((major)) streets which serve the property contiguous to the subdivision. ((Unless warranted by special physical circumstances, s)) Streets serving lots on two (2) sides shall be at least sixty (60) feet wide unless a narrower street is warranted by special physical circumstances as determined by the Director, in consultation with the Director of Seattle Transportation, or as specified in Table 7 (for non-arterial streets) or Appendix A (for arterials) of the Street Improvement Manual.
- 3. Street intersections shall be as nearly at right angles as practicable and in no event shall the angle formed be less than thirty (30) degrees.
- 4. A cul-de-sac shall be designed according to the Street Design Manual to provide a circular turnaround at the closed end. A tee or other reasonable alternative may be authorized by the Hearing examiner in lieu of the turnaround. Cul-de-sac streets shall not exceed four hundred fifty (450) feet in length and the right-of-way shall be at least fifty (50) feet wide, except under special circumstances a lesser width will be permitted.
- 5. Street networks shall provide ready access for fire and other emergency vehicles and equipment, and routes of escape for inhabitants.
- 6. Alleys shall be at least sixteen (16) feet wide plus such additional width as shall be necessary for an adequate turning radius.

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Section 3. Subsection A of Section 23.24.040 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is further amended as follows:



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23.24.040 Criteria for approval.

The Director shall, after conferring with appropriate officials, use the following criteria to determine whether to grant, condition or deny a short plat:

- 1. Conformance to the applicable Land Use Policies and Land Use Code provisions;
- 2. Adequacy of access for vehicles, utilities and fire protection as provided in Section 23.53.005;
 - 3. Adequacy of drainage, water supply and sanitary sewage disposal;
- 4. Whether the public use and interests are served by permitting the proposed division of land;
- 5. Conformance to the applicable provisions of SMC Section 25.09.240, Short subdivisions and subdivisions, in environmentally critical areas;
- 6. Conformance to the provisions of Section 23.24.045, ((Townhouses)) Unit lot subdivisions, when the short subdivision is for the purpose of creating separate lots of record for the construction and/or transfer of title of townhouses, cottage housing. clustered housing, or single family housing.

Section 4. The section heading and subsection A of Section 23.24.045 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.24.045 Unit lot ((S)) subdivisions.

A. The provisions of this Section apply exclusively to the unit subdivision of townhouses, cottage housing, and clustered housing ((7)) in Single Family, Residential Small Lot and Lowrise zones, or single family residences in Lowrise zones.

Section 5. Subsections A and J of Section 23.44.006 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 117263, is amended as follows:

23.44.006 Principal uses permitted outright.

The following principal uses shall be permitted outright in single-family zones:

A. Single-family Dwelling Unit. One (1) single-family dwelling unit shall be permitted on a lot, except when an accessory dwelling unit is approved pursuant to



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Section 23.44.041, and except as approved as part of an administrative conditional use permit under SMC 25.09.260;

J. Adult Family Homes. Adult family homes, ((designed)) as defined and licensed by the state of Washington.

Section 6. Subsection B of Section 23.44.010 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is further amended as follows:

Lot requirements. 23.44.010

- B. Exceptions to Minimum Lot Area. The following exceptions to minimum lot area are subject to the limits of subsection B5. A lot which does not satisfy the minimum lot area requirements of its zone may be developed or redeveloped as a separate building site according to the following:
- 1. In order to recognize separate building sites established in the public record under previous codes, to allow the consolidation of very small lots into larger lots, to adjust lot lines to permit more orderly development patterns, and to create additional buildable sites out of oversized lots which are compatible with surrounding lots, the following exceptions are permitted if the Director determines that:
- a. The lot was established as a separate building site in the public records of the county or City prior to July 24, 1957 by deed, contract of sale, mortgage, property tax segregation, platting or building permit and has an area of at least seventyfive percent (75%) of the minimum required lot area and at least eighty percent (80%) of the mean lot area of the lots on the same block face and within the same zone in which the lot is located (Exhibit 23.44.010 A); or
- b. The lot is or was created by subdivision, short subdivision or lot boundary adjustment, and is at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the minimum required lot area and is at least eighty percent (80%) of the mean lot area of the lots on the same block face within which the lot will be located and within the same zone (Exhibit 23.44.010 A); or
- 2. The lot area deficit is the result of a dedication or sale of a portion of the lot to the City or state for street or highway purposes and payment was received for only that portion of the lot, and the lot area remaining is at least fifty percent (50%) of the minimum required; or
- 3. The lot would qualify as a legal building site under this section but for a reduction in lot area due to court-ordered adverse possession, and the amount by which the lot was so reduced was less than ten percent (10%) of the former area of the lot,

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provided that this exception shall not apply to lots reduced to less than fifty percent (50%) of the minimum area required under subsection A of Section 23.44.010; or

- 4. The lot was established as a separate building site in the public records of the county or City prior to July 24, 1957 by deed, contract of sale, mortgage, property tax segregation, platting or building permit, and falls into one of the following categories, provided that lots on totally submerged lands shall not qualify for this exception:
- a. The lot is not held in common ownership with any contiguous lot on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this subsection derives; or
- b. The lot is or has been held in common ownership with a contiguous lot on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this subsection derives and is or has been developed with a principal structure which is wholly within the lot boundaries; provided that no portion of any contiguous lot is required to meet the least restrictive of lot area, lot coverage, setback or yard requirements which were in effect at the time of the original construction of the principal structure, at the time of its subsequent additions, or which are in effect at the time of redevelopment of the lot (Exhibit 23.44.010 B); or
- c. The lot is or has been held in common ownership with a contiguous lot on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this subsection derives and is not developed with all or part of a principal structure; provided, that no portion of the lot is required to meet the least restrictive of lot area, lot coverage, setback or yard requirements which were in effect for a principal structure on the contiguous lot at the time of the construction of the principal structure, at the time of its subsequent additions, or which are in effect at the time of the development of the lot (Exhibit 23.44.010 B); and provided further, that if any portion of the lot to be developed has been used to meet the parking requirement in effect for a principal structure on a contiguous lot, such parking requirement can and shall be legally met on the contiguous lot.

For purposes of this subsection B4, removal of all or any part of a principal structure or destruction by fire or act of nature on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this subsection derives shall not qualify the lot for the minimum lot area exception (Exhibit 23.44.010 C) ((-)) : or

- 5. Development may occur on a substandard lot containing a riparian corridor buffer, a wetland and wetland buffer, or a steep slope and steep slope buffer pursuant to the provisions of SMC Chapter 25.09, Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas, if the following conditions apply:
- a. The substandard lot is not held in common ownership with an adjacent lot or lots at any time after the effective date of SMC Chapter 25.09, Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas; or
- b. The substandard lot is held in common ownership with an adjacent lot or lots, or has been held in common ownership at any time after the effective date of SMC Chapter 25.09, Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas, but proposed and future development will not intrude upon the environmentally critical area((-)); or

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6. Lots contained in a clustered housing planned development (Section 23.44.024), a planned residential development (Section 23.44.034), or a clustered development in an environmentally critical area.

* * *

Section 7. Subsection D of Section 23.44.014 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.44.014 Yards.

* * *

- D. Exceptions from Standard Yard Requirements. No structure shall be placed in a required yard except pursuant to the following subsections:
- 1. Certain Accessory Structures. Any accessory structure may be constructed in a side yard which abuts the rear or side yard of another lot, or in that portion of the rear yard of a reversed corner lot within five feet of the key lot and not abutting the front yard of the key lot, upon recording with the King County Department of Records and Elections an agreement to this effect between the owners of record of the abutting properties. Any accessory structure which is a private garage may be located in that portion of a side yard which is either within thirty-five (35) feet of the centerline of an alley or within twenty-five (25) feet of any rear lot line which is not an alley lot line, without providing an agreement as provided in Section 23.44.016.
- 2. A single-family structure may extend into one (1) side yard if an easement is provided along the side or rear lot line of the abutting lot, sufficient to leave a ten (10) foot separation between that structure and any principal or accessory structures on the abutting lot. Features and projections such as porches, eaves, and chimneys shall be permitted in the ten (10) foot separation area as if the property line were five (5) feet from the wall of the house on the dominant lot, provided that no portion of either principal structure including eaves shall cross the actual property line. The easement shall be recorded with the King County Department of Records and Elections. The easement shall provide access for normal maintenance activities to the principal structure on the lot with less than the required side yard.
- 3. Certain Additions. Certain additions may extend into a required yard when the existing single-family structure is already nonconforming with respect to that yard. The presently nonconforming portion must be at least sixty (60) percent of the total width of the respective facade of the structure prior to the addition. The line formed by the nonconforming wall of the structure shall be the limit to which any additions may be built, except as described below. They may extend up to the height limit and may include basement additions. New additions to the nonconforming wall or walls shall comply with the following requirements (Exhibit 23.44.014 A):

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- a. Side yard. When the addition is a side wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than three (3) feet to the side lot line;
- b. Rear yard. When the addition is a rear wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than twenty (20) feet to the rear lot line or centerline of an alley abutting the rear lot line;
- c. Front yard. When the addition is a front wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than fifteen (15) feet to the front lot line;
- d. When the nonconforming wall of the single-family structure is not parallel or is otherwise irregular, relative to the lot line, then the Director shall determine the limit of the wall extension, except that the wall extension shall not be located closer than specified in subsections D3a -- c above.
- 4. Uncovered Porches. Uncovered, unenclosed porches or steps may project into any required yard, provided that they are no higher than four (4) feet on average above existing grade, no closer than three (3) feet to any side lot line, no wider than six (6) feet and project no more than six (6) feet into required front or rear yards.
- 5. Special Features of a Structure. Special features of a structure may extend into required yards subject to the following standards only, unless permitted elsewhere in this chapter:
- a. External architectural details with no living area, such as chimneys, eaves, cornices and columns, may project no more than eighteen (18) inches into any required yard;
- b. Bay windows shall be limited to eight (8) feet in width and may project no more than two (2) feet into a required front, rear, and street side yard; ((and))
- c. Other projections which include interior space, such as garden windows, may extend no more than eighteen (18) inches into any required yard, starting a minimum of thirty (30) inches above finished floor, and with maximum dimensions of six (6) feet tall and eight (8) feet wide ((-));
- d. The combined area of features permitted in subsections D5b and c above may comprise no more than thirty (30) percent of the area of the facade.
- 6. Private Garages, Covered Unenclosed Decks or Roofs Over Patios in Rear Yards.
- a. Any attached private garages or covered, unenclosed decks or roofs over patios are portions of principal structures. They may extend into the required rear yard, but shall not be within twelve (12) feet of the centerline of any alley, nor within twelve (12) feet of any rear lot line which is not an alley lot line, nor closer than five (5) feet to any accessory structure. The height of private garages shall meet the provisions of Section 23.44.016 D2 and the height of the roof over unenclosed decks and patios may not exceed twelve (12) feet. The roof over these decks, patios and garages shall not be used as a deck. Any detached private garage meeting the requirements of Section 23.44.016, Parking location and access, or detached permitted accessory structure meeting the requirements of Section 23.44.040 General provisions, may be located in a rear yard. If a

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private garage has its vehicular access facing the alley, the private garage shall not be within twelve (12) feet of the centerline of the alley.

- b. Garages meeting the standards of Section 23.44.016 and other accessory structures meeting the standards of Section 23.44.040, shall be permitted in required rear yards, subject to a maximum combined coverage of forty (40) percent of the required rear yard. In the case of a rear yard abutting an alley, rear yard coverage shall be calculated from the centerline of the alley.
- 7. Private Garages in Front Yards of Through Lots. On through lots less than one hundred twenty-five (125) feet in depth, either an accessory garage structure or a portion of the principal structure containing a garage shall be permitted to locate in one (1) of the front yards. Private garages, either as accessory structures or as a portion of the principal structure, shall be limited as set forth in Section 23.44.016. The front yard in which the garage may be located shall be determined by the Director based on the location of other accessory garages on the block. If no pattern of garage location can be determined, the Director shall determine in which yard the accessory garage shall be located based on the prevailing character and setback patterns of the block.
- 8. Access Bridges. Uncovered, unenclosed pedestrian bridges of any height, necessary for access and five (5) feet or less in width, are permitted in required yards except that in side yards an access bridge must be at least three (3) feet from any side lot line.
- 9. Barrier-Free Access. Access facilities for the disabled and elderly meeting Washington State Building Code, Chapter 11 are permitted in any required yards.

 10. Freestanding Structures and Bulkheads.
- a. Fences, freestanding walls, signs and similar structures six (6) feet or less in height above existing or finished grade whichever is lower, may be erected in any required yard. The six (6) foot height may be averaged along sloping grade for each six (6) foot long segment of the fence, but in no case may any portion of the fence exceed eight (8) feet. Architectural features may be added to the top of the fence or freestanding wall above the six (6) foot height when the following provisions are met: horizontal architectural feature(s), no more than ten (10) inches high, and separated by a minimum of six (6) inches of open area, measured vertically from the top of the fence, may be permitted when the overall height of all parts of the structure, including post caps, are no more than eight (8) feet high; averaging the eight (8) foot height is not permitted. Structural supports for the horizontal architectural feature(s) may be spaced no closer than three (3) feet on center.
- b. The Director may allow variation from the development standards listed in subsection D10a above, according to the following:
 - i. No part of the structure may exceed eight (8) feet; and
 - ii. Any portion of the structure above six (6) feet shall be
- predominately open, such that there is free circulation of light and air.
- c. Bulkheads and retaining walls used to raise grade may be placed in any required yard when limited to six (6) feet in height, measured above existing grade. A guardrail no higher than forty-two (42) inches may be placed on top of a bulkhead or



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 retaining wall existing as of the date of the ordinance codified in this section. If a fence is placed on top of a new bulkhead or retaining wall, the maximum combined height is limited to nine and one-half (9-1/2) feet.

- d. Bulkheads and retaining walls used to protect a cut into existing grade may not exceed the minimum height necessary to support the cut or six (6) feet whichever is greater. When the bulkhead is measured from the low side and it exceeds six (6) feet, an open guardrail of no more than forty-two (42) inches meeting Building Code requirements may be placed on top of the bulkhead or retaining wall. A fence must be set back a minimum of three (3) feet from such a bulkhead or retaining wall.
- e. When located in the shoreline setbacks or in view corridors in the Shoreline District as regulated in Chapter 23.60, these structures shall not obscure views protected by Chapter 23.60 and the Director shall determine the permitted height.
- 11. Decks in Yards. Decks no greater than eighteen (18) inches above existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, may extend into required yards.
- 12. Heat Pumps. Heat pumps and similar mechanical equipment, not including incinerators, may be permitted in required yards if the requirements of the Noise Control Ordinance, Chapter 25.08, are not violated. Any heat pump or similar equipment shall not be located within three (3) feet of any lot line.
- 13. Solar Collectors. Solar collectors may be located in required yards, subject to the provisions of Section 23.44.046.
- 14. Front Yard Projections for Structures on Lots Thirty (30) Feet or Less in Width. For a structure on a lot which is thirty (30) feet or less in width, portions of the front facade which begin eight (8) feet or more above finished grade may project up to four (4) feet into the required front yard, provided that no portion of the facade, including eaves and gutters, shall be closer than five (5) feet to the front line (Exhibit 23.44.014 B).
- 15. Front and rear yards may be reduced by twenty-five (25) percent, but no more than five (5) feet, if the site contains a required environmentally critical area buffer or other area of the property which can not be disturbed pursuant to subsection A of Section 25.09.280 of SMC Chapter 25.09, Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas.
- 16. Arbors. Arbors may be permitted in required yards under the following conditions:
- a. In each required yard, an arbor may be erected with no more than a forty (40) square foot footprint, measured on a horizontal roof plane inclusive of eaves, to a maximum height of eight (8) feet. Both the sides and the roof of the arbor must be at least fifty (50) percent open, or, if latticework is used, there must be a minimum opening of two (2) inches between crosspieces.
- b. In each required yard abutting a street, an arbor over a private pedestrian walkway with no more than a thirty (30) square foot footprint, measured on the horizontal roof plane and inclusive of eaves, may be erected to a maximum height of eight (8) feet. The sides of the arbor shall be at least fifty (50) percent open, or if latticework is used, there must be a minimum opening of two (2) inches between crosspieces.

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 Section 8. Subsection E of Section 23.44.018 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.44.018 General provisions.

* * *

 E. ((Any authorized conditional use)) Any use which was previously authorized by a conditional use permit but which has been discontinued shall not be reestablished or recommenced except pursuant to a new conditional use permit, provided that such permit is required for the use at the time re-establishment or recommencement is proposed. The following shall constitute conclusive evidence that the conditional use has been discontinued:

- 1. A permit to change the use of the property has been issued and the new use has been established; or
- 2. The property has not been devoted to the authorized conditional use for more than twenty-four (24) consecutive months.

Property which is vacant, except for dead storage of materials or equipment of the conditional use, shall not be considered as being devoted to the authorized conditional use. The expiration of licenses necessary for the conditional use shall be evidence that the property is not being devoted to the conditional use. A conditional use in a multifamily structure or a multi-tenant commercial structure shall not be considered as discontinued unless all units are either vacant or devoted to another use.

* * *

Section 9. Subsection E of Section 23.44.022 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows.

23.44.022 Institutions.

* * *

E. Dispersion.

1. The lot line of any proposed new or expanding institution, other than child care centers locating in legally established institutions, shall be located six hundred (600) feet or more from any lot line of any other institution in a residential zone, with the following exceptions:

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3:44 PM V1a. An institution may expand even though it is within six hundred 1 (600) feet of a public school if the public school is constructed on a new site subsequent to 2 December 12, 1985. 3 b. A proposed institution may be located less than six hundred 4 (600) feet from a let line of another institution if the Director determines that the intent of 5 the dispersion criteria is achieved due to the presence of physical elements such as bodies 6 of water, large open spaces or topographical breaks or other elements such as arterials, 7 freeways or nonresidential uses, which provide substantial separation from other 8 institutions. 9 2. A proposed child-care center serving not more than twenty-five (25) 10 children which does not meet the criteria of subsection ((D))E1 of this section may be 11 permitted to locate less than six hundred (600) feet from a lot line of another institution if 12 the Director determines that, together with the nearby institution(s), the proposed child 13 care center would not: 14 a. Create physical scale and bulk incompatible with the surrounding 15 neighborhood; 16 b. Create traffic safety hazards; 17 c. Create or significantly increase identified parking shortages; or 18 d. Significantly increase noise levels to the detriment of surrounding 19 residents. 20 21 22 23 24 Section 10. Subsection B of Section 23.44.034 of the SMC, which Section was 25 last amended by Ordinance116262, is amended as follows: 26 27 23.44.034 Planned residential development (PRD). 28 29 30 31 B. Type of Dwelling Units Permitted. 32 33 (100) feet of a PRD's property line which abuts or is directly across the street from a 34 single-family zoned lot, except as provided in subsection B2. 35 2. Either single-family dwelling units on ((ground related housing is)) 36 townhouses are permitted when within one hundred (100) feet of a property line of a PRD 37 which does not abut or is not across a street from a single family zoned lot or is separated 38 from the single-family zoned lot by physical barriers, such as bodies of water, ravines, 39 greenbelts, freeways, expressways and other major traffic arterials or topographic breaks 40 which provide substantial separation from the surrounding single-family neighborhood. 41

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3. Either single family dwelling units or ((ground related housing)) townhouses ((is)) are permitted when more than one hundred (100) feet from a PRD's property line.

4. ((Ground related housing)) Townhouses shall meet the development standards for structures in Lowrise 1 zones, unless otherwise specified in this subchapter.

Section 11. Section 23.44.072 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117202, is hereby repealed.

((23.44.072 Roomers, boarders, lodgers.

The renting of rooms, with or without meals, by a household for lodging purposes only, for the accommodation of not more than two (2) roomers, boarders or lodgers, is permitted outright as an accessory use within a dwelling unit as long as the total number of residents does not exceed eight (8).))

Section 12. Subsection D of Section 23.44.080, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 111590, is amended as follows:

23.44.080 Nonconforming uses

D. A nonconforming ((multi*family)) residential use shall not be expanded or extended nor shall the number of dwelling units be increased. For a non-conforming residential use that was not a multifamily use, the number of residents may not be increased beyond the maximum number that was allowed by the standards of the zone at the time of approval or, if permitted by conditional use, the number shall not be allowed to increase above that number permitted by the conditional use approval. A structure occupied by a nonconforming ((multi-family)) residential use may be maintained, repaired, renovated or structurally altered but shall not be expanded or extended except as otherwise required by law, as necessary to improve access for the elderly and disabled, or as specifically permitted for nonconforming uses and nonconforming structures elsewhere in this Code. Structural features including, but not limited to, exterior decks and balconies, bay windows, dormers, eaves and solar collectors may be added to a principal structure, or a new or expanded accessory structure may be constructed, provided that the addition or new structure conforms to the development standards of the zone.

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Section 13. Subsection A of Section 23.45.005 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.45.005 Development standards for single-family structures.

A. Except for cottage housing developments, single family structures shall be subject to the development standards ((of the Lowrise Duplex/Triplex (LDT) zone)) for ground-related housing, except that open space shall be provided according to the provisions for single family structures in each zone, in ((s))Section 23.45.016 of this ((e))Chapter.

Section 14. Subsection B of Section 23.45.008 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117173, is amended as follows:

23.45.008 Density -- Lowrise zones.

B. 1. In Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 zones, multifamily structures for low-income elderly or low-income disabled residents, or a ((combination of the two)) low-income elderly/low-income disabled multifamily structure, operated by a public agency or a private nonprofit corporation shall have a maximum density as follows:

Lowrise 3 - One (1) dwelling unit per five hundred fifty (550) square feet of lot area.

Lowrise 4 -- One (1) dwelling unit per four hundred (400) square feet of lot area.

- 2. In order to qualify for the density provisions of this subsection, a majority of the dwelling units of the structure shall be designed for and dedicated to tenancies of at least three (3) months.
- 3. The dwelling units shall remain as low-income elderly/((or)) low-income disabled multifamily structure ((housing)) for the life of the structure.

Section 15. Subsection F of Section 23.45.014 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.45.014 Setback requirements -- Lowrise zones.

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42 43 F. Projections into Required Setbacks.

1. Special Features of a Structure.

- a. External architectural details with no living space including cornices, eaves, sunshades, gutters, and vertical architectural features which are less than eight feet (8') in width, may project a maximum of eighteen inches (18") into any required setback.
- b. Bay windows shall be limited to eight (8) feet in width and may project no more than two feet (2') into a front, rear, or street side setback. In no case shall bay windows be closer than five feet (5') to any lot line.
- c. Other projections which include interior space, such as garden windows, may extend no more than eighteen inches (18") into any required yard, starting a minimum of thirty inches (30") above finished floor, and with maximum dimensions of six feet (6') tall and eight feet (8') wide.
- d. The combined area of features permitted in subsections F1b and c above may comprise no more than thirty percent (30%) of the area of the facade.
 - 2. Unenclosed Decks and Balconies.
- a. Unenclosed decks and balconies may project a maximum of four feet (4') into the required front setback provided they are a minimum of ten feet (10') from the front lot line in Lowrise Duplex/Triplex and Lowrise 1 zones and eight feet (8') from the front lot line in Lowrise 2, Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 zones.
- b. Except as provided in subsection G5 of Section 23.45.014, unenclosed decks and balconies shall be permitted in side setbacks, provided they are a minimum of five feet (5') from a side lot line, and may project into the required rear setback a maximum of four feet (4') provided they are a minimum of five feet (5') from a rear lot line.
- c. Unenclosed decks and balconies permitted in required setbacks shall be limited to a maximum width of twenty feet (20') and shall be separated by a distance equal to at least one-half (1/2) the width of the projection.
- 3. ((All permitted projections into required front and rear setbacks shall begin a minimum of eight (8) feet above finished grade except that a))An unenclosed porch or steps may extend a maximum of six (6) feet into the required front setback at ground level, provided that it is set back the same distance from the front lot line as that required for unenclosed decks and balconies.

Section 16. Subsection B of Section 23.45.016 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.45.016 Open space requirements -- Lowrise zones.

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B. Development Standards.

1. Lowrise Duplex/Triplex Zones and Ground-related Housing in Lowrise 1, Lowrise 2, Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 Zones.

a. Lowrise Duplex/Triplex Zones - Private Usable Open Space.

(1) Private usable open space shall be provided at ground level in one (1) contiguous parcel with a minimum area of four hundred (400) square feet, except that in cottage housing developments, the quantity per unit shall be a minimum of two hundred (200) square feet. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.

(2) Private usable open space shall be located a maximum of four (4) feet above or below a private entry to the unit it serves. The floor of the unit accessed by this entry shall have a minimum area of three hundred (300) square feet. This minimum area may include a private garage if habitable floor area of the same unit is located directly above.

b. Lowrise Duplex/Triplex Zones - Common Open Space. Required common open space shall be provided at ground level in one (1) contiguous parcel with a minimum area of six hundred (600) square feet, except that in cottage housing developments, the quantity per unit shall be a minimum of one hundred fifty (150) square feet. In cottage housing developments, each cottage shall abut the common open space. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.

c. Lowrise 1, Lowrise 2, Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 Zones -

Ground-related Housing.

(1) In Lowrise 1 zones the required open space shall be provided in one (1) contiguous parcel, except that in cottage housing developments, the open space shall be allotted as described in subsections A2b above and B1c(5) below. In Lowrise 2. Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 zones, the required open space for each groundrelated dwelling unit is not required to be in one (1) contiguous area, but no open space area shall be less than one hundred twenty (120) square feet. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.

(2) Required open space may be located a maximum of ten (10) feet above or below the unit it serves, except as permitted in subsection B1c(4), provided that the access to such open space does not go through or over common circulation areas, common or public open spaces, or the open space serving another unit.

(3) At least fifty (50) percent of the required open space for a unit shall be level, provided that:

i. The open space may be terraced; and

ii. Minor adjustments in level shall be permitted as

long as the difference in elevation between the highest and lowest point does not exceed two (2) feet.



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(4) For additional dwelling units proposed within a structure existing on August 11, 1982, the vertical distance between the unit and the private,	;
landscaped open space may exceed ten (10) feet where the following criteria are met: i. Where the structure was constructed with floor-to-	
floor heights in excess of ten (10) feet, the open space may be located a maximum of ten (10) feet plus the height between floors in excess of ten (10) feet, above or below the unit it serves; or	
ii. Where the structure was constructed with the first	t
floor in excess of two (2) feet above grade, the open space may be located a maximum of ten (10) feet plus the additional height of the first floor in excess of two (2) feet above grade, above or below the unit it serves.	
(5) Lowrise 1 Zone Cottage Housing Developments.	
i. At least fifty (50) percent of the required total	
open space per unit shall be provided as private usable open space in one (1) contiguous	
parcel. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.	
ii. Common open space shall be provided at ground	
level in one (1) contiguous parcel with a minimum area per unit of one hundred fifty (150) [']
square feet. No horizontal dimension of the open space shall be less than ten (10) feet.	
Each cottage shall abut the common open space.	
d. Required open space may be located in the front, sides or rear of	f
the structure.	
e. To ensure privacy of open space, openings such as windows and	ì
doors on the ground floor of walls of a dwelling unit or common area which directly face	
the open space of a different unit((,)) are prohibited, unless such openings are screened by	
view-obscuring fences, freestanding walls or wingwalls.	
f. Parking areas, driveways and pedestrian access, ((other than))	
except for pedestrian access ((required by)) meeting the Washington State Building Code,	· }
Chapter 11, shall not be counted as open space.	
g. Required private usable open space shall be landscaped	
according to standards promulgated by the Director for ground-related dwelling units.	
2. Lowrise 2, Lowrise 3 and Lowrise 4 Zones Apartments.	
a. No horizontal dimension for required ground-level open space	
shall be less than ten feet (10').	
b. Required open space is permitted in the front, sides or rear of	
the structure.	
c. Parking areas, driveways and pedestrian access, except for	
pedestrian access meeting the Washington State Building Code, Chapter 11, shall not be counted as open space.	
d. In order to qualify as above-ground level open space, balconies	
decks, and in L3 and L4 zones, individual unit decks on roofs, shall all have a minimum	
horizontal dimension of six (6) feet, and a total area of at least sixty (60) square feet,	
while common roof gardens in L3 and L4 zones shall have a minimum area of two	

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hundred fifty (250) square feet. Common roof garden open space shall be landscaped according to the rules promulgated by the Director.
e For cluster development, at least twenty (20) percent of the
required open space shall be provided in one (1) contiguous area.
f. Terraced Housing on a Slope of Twenty-five (25) Percent or
More.
(1) No horizontal dimension for required ground-level open
space shall be less than ten (10) feet.
(2) Required open space is permitted in the front, sides or
rear of the structure.
(3) Parking areas, driveways and pedestrian access, except
for pedestrian access meeting the Washington State Building Code, Chapter 11, shall not
be counted as open space.
(4) In order to qualify as above-ground-level open space,
rooftop areas shall have a minimum horizontal dimension of at least ten (10) feet and a
total area of at least one hundred twenty (120) square feet.
g. Rooftop space within the following parameters shall not count
toward meeting open space requirements((7)) the area eight (8) feet from and in front of
a directional antenna and at least two (2) feet from the back of a directional antenna, or,
for an omnidirectional antenna, eight (8) feet away from the antenna in all directions. The
Seattle-King County Public Health Department may require a greater distance for paging
facilities after review of the Non-Ionizing Electromagnetic Radiation (NIER) report.
3. Open Space Exception. When all parking and access to parking is
uncovered and is surfaced in permeable material, except gravel, the quantity of required
ground-level open space shall be reduced by five (5) percent of the total lot area.
ground level open space shair so reason of inve (e) persons
Section 17. Subsections C and G of Section 23.47 008 of the SMC, which Section
was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:
23.47.008 Mixed use development.
C. Height for Mixed Use Development.
1. Mixed use development shall be subject to the height provisions of
Section 23.47.012A.
2. Except in zones designated NC2/R and NC3/R, ((for)) mixed use
development ((, all nonresidential use)) at street level shall have a minimum floor to floor
height of thirteen (13) feet.
3. In zones with a thirty (30) foot or forty (40) foot height limit, the
Director shall permit the height of the structure to exceed the height limit of the zone by
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up to four (4) feet, only if the residential and nonresidential uses are located in the same structure and subject to the following:

- a. The additional height is necessary to meet code minimums for ceiling height (thirteen (13) feet floor to floor for nonresidential use at street level and seven (7) feet six (6) inches floor to ceiling for residential space); and
- b. The additional height will not permit an additional story to be built beyond what could be built under the applicable height limit if a thirteen (13) foot ceiling height were not required at street level.
- 4. In zones with a thirty (30) foot or forty (40) foot height limit, the Director may permit the height of the structure to exceed the height limit of the zone by up to four (4) feet, only if the residential and nonresidential uses are located in the same structure and subject to the following:
- a. The additional height will result in floor to floor heights of thirteen (13) feet or more for the nonresidential use at street level and at least nine (9) feet for each of the other levels of the structure; and
- b. The additional height of the structure will not permit an additional story to be built beyond what could be built under the applicable height limit if a thirteen (13) foot ceiling height were not required at street level; and
- c. If the additional height of the structure (up to four (4) feet) significantly blocks views from neighboring residential structures of the following: Mount Rainier, the Olympic and Cascade Mountains, the downtown skyline, Greenlake, Puget Sound, Lake Washington, Lake Union and the Ship Canal, the Director shall not permit the additional height except as necessary to meet Code minimums for ceiling height.

* * *

Section 18. Chart B of Section 23.47.010 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:



		CHAR	ТВ		
	Fo	r Section	23.47.010		
			ZONE		
Nonresidential Uses					
Subject to Maximum	NC1*	NC2*1	NC3*1	C1	C2
Size Limit					
Nonresidential uses	4,000	15,000	N.M.S.L	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
including institutions	sq. ft.	sq. ft.		35, 000 sq.	35, 000 sq. ft.
and public				ft. ⁴	
facilities unless					
otherwise speci-					
fied	A.				
Medical Services	10,000	15,000	N.M.S.L	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
	sq. ft.	sq. ft			
Multi-purpose	10,000	50,000	N.M.S.L	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
convenience store	sq. ft.	sq. ft.			
Food processing and	4,000	5,000	10,000	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
craft work	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	sq. ft.		
Light manufacturing	X	5,000	10,000	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
		sq. ft.	sq. ft.		
2	**	ere o	750	750 6	750 cm ft
Fast-food restaurant ²	750 sq.	750 sq.	750 sq.	750 sq. ft.	750 sq. ft
	ft. 4,000	ft. 8,000	ft N.M.S.L	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
	4,000	8,000	14.171.5.1.	14.11.5.15.	14.141.0.1
	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	•		
				N. A.	
Fuel Sales					
Sales, service and rental	X	\mathbf{X}	25,000	N.M.S.L.\	N.M.S.L.
of commercial			sq. ft.		
equipment and					•
construction materials					
Passenger terminals					

Indoor participant sport	4,000 1	5,000	25,000	N.M.S.L.	N.M.S.L.
and recreation	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	sq. ft. ³		
General manufacturing	X	X	X	15,000	N.M.S.L.
Wholesale showroom	X	X	15,000	sq. ft. 25,000	N.M.S.L.
ware- house		1. 1.	sq. ft.	sq. ft.	
Mini-warehouses	X	X	15,000	40,000	N.M.S.L.
			sq. ft.	sq. ft.	
Public schools	NMSL I	NMSL	NMSL	NMSL	NMSL

N.M.S.L. -- No Maximum Size Limitations

- * -- Increases in maximum size limits may be allowed for operating business establishments according to provisions of subsection G.
 - X Does not apply, use not permitted in zone.
- 1 --- Maximum size for all nonresidential uses in NC2/R and NC3/R is described in Section 23.47.010 A2.
 - 2 --- Fast-food restaurants larger than 750 square feet are conditional uses.
 - 3 At the Seattle Center, maximum size limit does not apply.
 - 4 No maximum size limitation for nonresidential uses except

((Θ))office uses in C1 and C2 zones shall be limited to the size of the lot area or thirty-five thousand (35,000) square feet, whichever is greater. Office uses in C1 and C2 zones may be exempt from this limit if the structures meets specified standards for NC zones as listed in Section 23.47.010 A3.

Section 19. Subsection D of Section 23.47.016 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:

23.47.016 Screening and landscaping standards.

* * *

- D. Screening and Landscaping Requirements for Specific Uses.
 - 1. Surface Parking Areas.

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- a. When a surface parking area abuts a lot in a residential zone, six (6) foot high screening along the abutting lot line(s) shall be required. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area shall be required inside the screening (Exhibit 23.47.016 A).
- b. When a surface parking area is across an alley from a lot in a residential zone, six (6) foot high screening along the alley shall be required. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area shall be required inside the screening. The Director may reduce or waive the screening and landscaping requirement for part or all of the lot abutting the alley, or may waive only the landscaping requirement, when required parking can only be provided at the rear lot line and the alley is necessary to provide aisle space. In making the determination to waive or reduce the landscaping and screening requirements, the Director shall consider the following criteria:
- (1) Whether the lot width and depth permit a workable plan for the building and parking which would preserve the screening and landscaping; and
- (2) Whether the character of use across the alley, such as multifamily parking structures, makes the screening and landscaping less necessary; and
- (3) Whether the property is located in a pedestriandesignated zone and therefore access to parking from the street is not feasible or is undesirable; and
- (4) Whether a topographic break between the alley and the residential zone makes screening less necessary.
- c. Surface parking areas for nineteen (19) or fewer cars shall be screened by three (3) foot high screening along the street lot line.
- d. Surface parking areas for more than nineteen (19) cars shall provide three (3) foot high view-obscuring landscaping along street lot lines, and landscaping according to subsection A4 of this section. The Director may reduce or waive this requirement for reasons of safety, to assure adequate maneuvering room for service vehicles, or to prevent the number of parking spaces from being reduced to less than the required amount.
 - 2. Parking Within or Under Structures.
- a. When parking occupies any portion of the street-level frontage of a structure between a height of five (5) feet and eight (8) feet above sidewalk grade, the portion of the structure containing the parking shall be required to have a (5) five-foot deep landscaped area along street lot lines. In addition, the parking shall be screened by:
 - (1) The facade of the structure; or
- (2) Six (6) foot high screening between the structure and the landscaped area (Exhibit 23.47.016 B).
- b. A five (5) foot setback shall be required along all property lines abutting a residential zone for any portion ((of the ground level)) of a structure which contains parking at ground level that is not screened from the residential zone by the facade of the structure. ((The portion of the structure containing the parking shall be screened by the facade of the structure or the setback(s) shall be)) The setback shall be landscaped according to Section 23.47.016C3 and six (6) foot high screening along the abutting property line(s) shall be provided.

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- c. When access is through a street-facing facade, the facade shall contain one garage door, not to exceed the maximum width allowed for the curbcut.
- d. The perimeter of each floor of parking which is eight (8) feet or more above sidewalk grade shall have an opaque screen at least three and one-half (31/2) feet high.

3. Drive-in Business.

- a. Drive-in businesses, including gas stations, abutting or across an alley from a residentially zoned lot, shall provide six (6) foot high screening along the abutting or alley lot lines. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area inside the screening shall be required when the drive-in portion of the business or its queuing lanes abut a lot in a residential zone.
- b. Drive-in businesses other than gas stations in which the drive-in portion of the business or its queuing lanes is across the street from a residentially zoned lot shall provide three (3) foot high screening for the drive-in portion.
- c. Gas stations shall provide three (3) foot high screening along street lot lines in all NC1, NC2 and NC3 zones. In C1 and C2 zones, three (3) foot high screening shall only be required when a gas station is across the street from a residentially zoned lot.
 - 4. Outdoor Sales and Outdoor Display of Rental Equipment.
- a. When an outdoor sales area or outdoor display of rental equipment area is abutting or across an alley from a residentially zoned lot, six (6) foot high screening shall be provided along the abutting or alley lot lines.
- b. When an outdoor sales area or outdoor display of rental equipment is across the street from a residentially zoned lot, three (3) foot high screening along the street lot line shall be provided.

5. Outdoor Storage.

a. C1 Zones. Outdoor storage shall be screened by a structure's facade or by six (6) foot high screening between the storage area and all property lines. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area shall be provided between all street lot lines and the six (6) foot high screening (Exhibit 23.47.016 C).

b. C2 Zones.

- (1) When an outdoor storage area is across the street from a residentially zoned lot it shall be screened from the street by the facade of a structure, or by six (6) foot high screening along the street lot lines.
- (2) When a lot containing outdoor storage abuts a residentially zoned lot, the outdoor storage area shall set back fifty (50) feet from abutting residentially zoned lot lines and be screened by a structure's facade or by six (6) foot high screening between the outdoor storage and all abutting property lines (Exhibit 23.47.016 D).
- c. Outdoor Dry Storage of Boats. Screening shall be required for the outdoor dry storage of boats in the Shoreline District according to the provisions for outdoor storage in C1 zones, subsection C5a, unless the dry storage of boats is located in



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one, in which case screening shall be required according to the provisions for outdoor storage in C2 zones, subsection C5b.

- 6. Mobile Home Parks. Mobile home parks shall be screened by six (6) foot high screening along all nonstreet lot lines. A five (5) foot deep landscaped area shall be provided along all street lot lines of a mobile home park. A five (5) foot planting strip with street trees may be provided instead of the five (5) foot deep landscaped area.
- 7. Bots Within the Shoreline District. On lots within the Shoreline District where view corridors are required, the height of screening may be reduced and the location and type of required landscaping may be modified so that view corridors are not obstructed.
- 8. When one (1) of the specific uses listed in this subsection is proposed for expansion, the applicable landscaping requirement shall be met. The Director may reduce or waive the landscaping requirements where physically infeasible due to the location of existing structures or required parking.

Section 20. Subsection C of Section 23.47.023 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:

Section 23.47.023 Standards for single-purpose residential structures.

C. Single purpose residential structures shall meet all other development standards applicable to mixed use development, except that the street level frontage ((uses)) may be occupied by residential uses other than parking.

Section 21. Subsection B of Section 23.48.002 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 118302, is amended as follows:

Scope of provisions 23.48.002

B. Other regulations, such as requirements for streets, alleys and easements (Chapter 23.53); standards for parking quantity, access and design (Chapter 23.54); signs (Chapter 23.55); ((and)) methods for measurements (Chapter 23.86) and requirements for communication utilities and accessory communication devices (Chapter 23.57) may ((pertain)) apply to development proposals.



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Section 22. Subsection D of Section 23.48.014 of the Seattle Municipal Code, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 118302, is amended as follows:

23.48.014 General facade requirements.

- D. Street-level Setback On Class II Pedestrian Streets ((7)) and designated Green Streets ((and alleys)), structures may be set back up to twelve feet (12') from the property line subject to the following (Exhibit 23.48.014 B):
- 1. The setback area shall be landscaped according to the provisions of Section 23.48.026.
- 2. Additional setbacks shall be permitted for up to thirty percent (30%) of the length of the set-back street wall, provided that the additional setback is located a distance of twenty feet (20') or greater from any street corner.

Section 23. Subsection A of Section 23.49.054 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 112303, is amended as follows:

Downtown Office Core 1, street-level use requirements. 23,49,054

Street-level uses listed in subsection A shall be required on the streets designated on Map IIA. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

- A. Type of Uses. The following uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:
 - 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging;
 - 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
 - 3. Customer service offices;
 - 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters;
 - 5. Museums and libraries ((-)); and
 - 6. Public atriums.

Section 24. Subsection A of Section 23.49.074 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117263, is amended as follows:

Downtown Office Core 2, street-level use requirements. 23,49,074

Street-level uses listed in subsection A shall be required on the streets designated on Map IIIA. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

A. Type of Uses. The following uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:

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- 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging;
- 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
- 3. Customer service offices;
- 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters;
- 5. Museums and libraries ((-); and
- 6. Public atriums.

* * *

Section 25. Subsection A of Section 23.49.104 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 112303, is amended as follows:

23.49.104 Downtown Retail Core, street-level use requirements.

Street-level uses listed in subsection A ((of this section)) shall be required on all streets. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

A. Type of Uses. The following types of uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:

- 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging;
- 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
- 3. Customer service offices;
- 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters; and
- 5. Museums and libraries.

* * *

Section 26. Subsection A of Section 23 49.132 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 112303 is amended as follows:

23.49.132 Downtown Mixed Commercial, street-level use requirements.

Street-level uses listed in subsection A ((of-this section)) shall be required on the streets designated on Map VA. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

- A. Type of Uses. The following uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:
 - 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging,
 - 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
 - 3. Customer service offices:
 - 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters; and
 - 5. Museums and libraries.

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Section 27. Subsection A of Section 23.49.160 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117263, is amended as follows:

23.49.160 Downtown Mixed residential, street-level requirements.

Street-level uses listed in subsection A ((of this section)) shall be required on the streets designated on Map VIB. Required street-level uses shall meet the standards of this section.

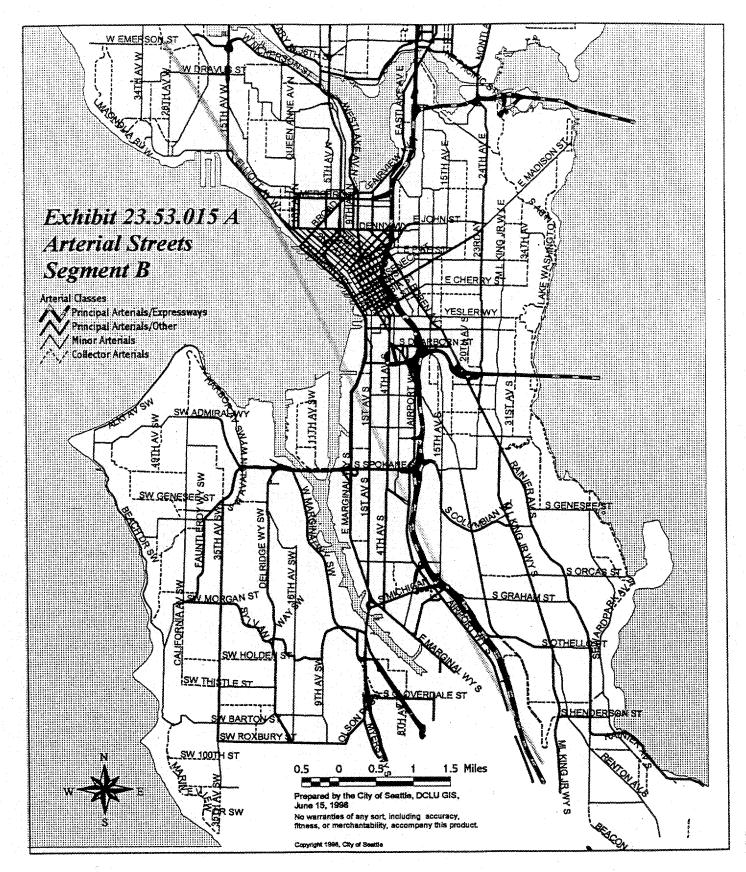
- A. Type of Uses. The following uses shall qualify as required street-level uses:
 - 1. Retail sales and services, except lodging;
 - 2. Human service uses and ((day)) child care centers;
 - 3. Customer service offices;
 - 4. Entertainment uses, including cinemas and theaters; and
 - 5. Museums and libraries.

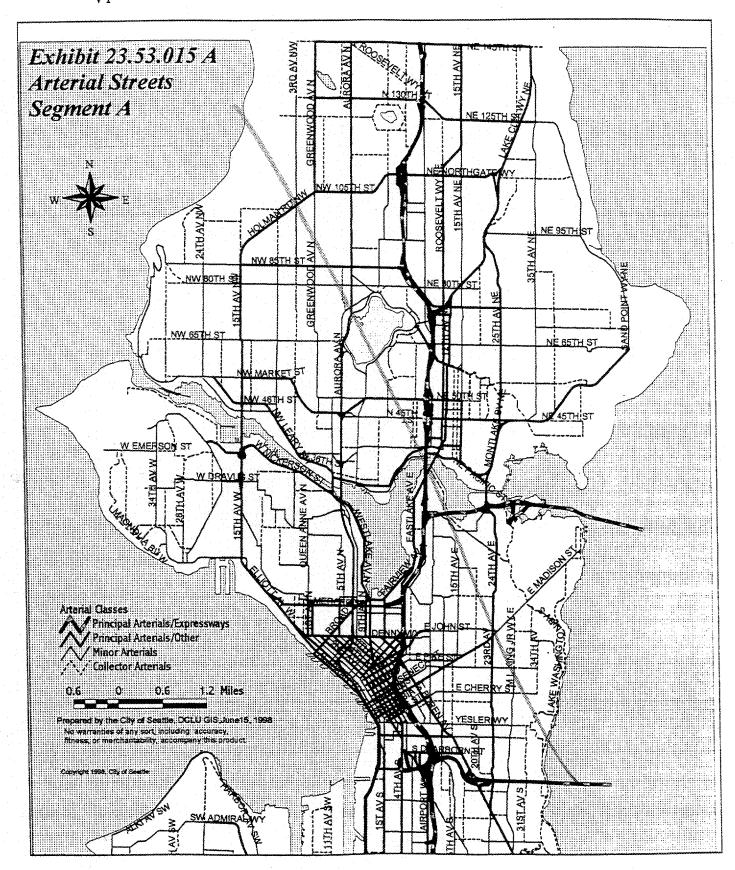
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Section 28. Exhibit 23.53.015A, Arterial Streets, Segments A and B, of the SMC is amended to provide an improved legend and more readable map as follows:

23.53.015 Improvement requirements for existing streets in residential and commercial zones

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6 7 Section 29. Subsection B and Chart A of Section 23.54.015 ("Parking") of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118624, is amended as follows:

23.54.015 Required parking.

* *

B. In the case of a use not specifically mentioned on Chart A, the requirements

for off-street parking shall be determined by the Director. If there is/are comparable uses,

comparable use(s). Where, in the judgment of the Director, none of the uses on Chart A

parking required for the proposed use on detailed information provided by the applicant.

The information required may include, but not be limited to, a description of the physical

((T))the Director's determination shall be based on the requirements for the most

are comparable, the Director may base his or her determination as to the amount of

structure(s), identification of potential users, and analysis of likely parking demand.

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Chart A for Section 23.54.015 PARKING

Use	Parking Requirements
Adult care center ¹	1 space for each 10 adults (clients) or
	1 space for each staff member, whichever is
	greater; plus 1 loading and unloading space for
	each 20 adults (clients).
Adult family home	1 for each dwelling unit.
Adult motion picture theater	1 for each 8 fixed seats or 1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area not containing fixed seats.
Adult panoram	1 for each 8 fixed seats or 1 for each 100 square
	feet of spectator assembly area not containing
	fixed seats.
Airport, land-based (waiting area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
Airport, water-based (waiting area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
Animal services	1 for each 350 square feet.
Animal husbandry (retail area only)	1 for each 350 square feet.
Aquaculture (retail area only)	1 for each 350 square feet.
Artist's studio/dwelling	I for each dwelling unit.
Automotive parts or accessory sales	1 for each 350 square feet.
Ball courts	1 per court.
Bed and breakfast	1 for each dwelling, plus 1 for each 2 guest rooms
	or suites.
Bowling alley	5 for each fane.
Brewpub	1 for each 200 square feet.
Business support services	1 for each 2,000 square feet
Business incubators	1 for each 1,000 square feet.
Car wash	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Caretaker's quarters	1 for each dwelling unit.
Cargo terminal	1 for each 2,000 square feet.

Use	Parking Requirements
Cemetery	None.
Child care center ¹	1 space for each 10 children or 1 space for each staff member, whichever is greater; plus 1 loading and unloading space for each 20 children.
Colleges 1	A number of spaces equal to 15 percent of the maximum number of students present at peak hour; plus 30 percent of the number of employees present at peak hour; plus 1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area in outdoor spectator sports facilities.
Commercial laundries	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Commercial moorage	1 for each 140 lineal feet of moorage.
Communication utilities	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Community centers ^{1, 2} and community clubs ^{1, 2}	1 for each 80 square feet of floor area of all auditoria and public assembly rooms not containing fixed seats; or 1 for every 8 fixed seats for floor area containing fixed seats; or if no auditorium or assembly room, 1 for each 350 square feet, excluding ball courts.
Community centers owned and operated by the Seattle Department of Parks and Recreation (DOPAR) 1, 2, 3	1 for each 555 square feet.
Congregate residences	1 for each 4 residents.
Construction services	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Custom and craft work	1 for each 1,000 square feet.
Dance halls (dance floor and table area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
Dry storage of boats	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Family support centers located in community centers owned and operated by the Seattle DOPAR 3	1 for each 100 square feet.

Use	Parking Requirements
Floating homes	1 for each dwelling unit.
Food processing for human consumption	1 for each 1,000 square feet.
Gas station	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
General retail sales and services	1 for each 350 square feet.
Ground-floor businesses in multi-family zones	None, maximum of 10.
Heavy commercial services	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Heliports (waiting area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
High-impact uses	1 for each 1,500 square feet or as determined by the Director.
Horticultural uses (retail area only)	1 for each 350 square feet.
Hospitals ¹	1 space for each 2 staff doctors; plus 1 additional space for each 5 employees; plus 1 for each 6 beds.
Hotels	1 for each 4 sleeping rooms or suites.
Institute for advanced study 1	1 for each 1,000 square feet of administrative offices and similar spaces; plus 1 for each 10 fixed seats in all auditoria and public assembly rooms; or
	1 for each 100 square feet of public assembly area not containing fixed seats.
Institutes for advanced study in single-family zones (existing)	3.5 for each 1,000 square feet of office space; plus 10 for each 1,000 square feet of additional building footprint to house and support conference center activities, or 37 for each 1,000 square feet of actual conference rooms to be constructed, whichever is greater.
Kennel	1 for each 2,000 square feet.

Use	Parking Requirements
Lecture and meeting hall	1 for each 8 fixed seats or
	1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly
	area not containing fixed seats.
Major durables, sales, service, and rental	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Manufacturing, general	1 for each 1,500 square feet.
Manufacturing, heavy	1 for each 1,500 square feet.
Manufacturing, light	1 for each 1,500 square feet.
Marine service station	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Medical services	1 for each 350 square feet.
Miniature golf	1 for each 2 holes.
Mini-warehouse	1 for each 30 storage units.
Mobile home park	1 for each mobile home.
Mortuary services	1 for each 350 square feet.
Motels	1 for each sleeping room or suite.
Motion picture studio	1 for each 1,500 square feet
Motion picture theater	1 for each 8 fixed seats or
£	1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly
	area not containing fixed seats.
Multi-family structures4 except those listed below	Lots containing 2-10 dwelling units:
	1.1 for each dwelling unit.
	Lots containing 11-30 dwelling units:
	1.15 for each dwelling unit.
	Lots containing 31-60 dwelling units:
	1.2 for each dwelling unit.
	Lots containing more than 60 dwelling units: 1.25 for each dwelling unit
	~

Use	Parking Requirements
	In addition, for all multi-family structures whose average gross floor area per dwelling unit, excluding decks and all portions of a structure shared by multiple dwelling units, exceeds 500 square feet, an additional .0002 spaces per square foot in excess of 500 shall be required up to a maximum additional .15 spaces per dwelling unit; and
	When at least 50 percent of the dwelling units in a multi-family structure have 3 bedrooms, an additional .25 spaces per bedroom for each unit with 3 bedrooms shall be required; and
	Any multi-family structure which contains a dwelling unit with 4 or more bedrooms shall be required to provide an additional .25 spaces per bedroom for each unit with 4 or more bedrooms. ⁵
Multi-family structures containing dwelling units with 2 or more bedrooms, when within the area impacted by the University of Washington as shown on Map A following this section	1.5 spaces per unit with 2 or more bedrooms. The requirement for units with 3 or more bedrooms contained above shall also apply. All other requirements for units with fewer than 2 bedrooms shall be as contained above. ⁵
Multi-family structures, when within the Alki area as shown on Map B following this section	1.5 spaces per unit.
Multi-family development, for those ground- related structures within the development with 10 units or fewer	1 for each dwelling unit.
Multi-family structures for low-income elderly	1 for each 6 dwelling units.
Multi-family structures for low-income disabled	1 for each 4 dwelling units.
Multi-family structures: low-income elderly/low income disabled	1 for each 5 dwelling units
Multi-purpose convenience store	1 for each 350 square feet

<u> </u>	
Use	Parking Requirements
Museum ¹	1 for each 80 square feet of all auditoria and
	public assembly rooms, not containing fixed seats;
	or
	1 for every 10 fixed seats for floor area containing
	fixed seats; plus
	1 space for each 250 square feet of other gross
	floor area open to the public.
Non-household sales and services, except sales,	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
service and rental of office equipment	
Nursing homes ⁶	1 space for each 2 staff doctors; plus
	1 additional space for each 3 employees; plus
	1 for each 6 beds.
Office, administrative	1 for each 1,000 square feet.
Office, customer service	1 for each 350 square feet.
Outdoor storage	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Parks	None.
Participant sports and recreation, indoor, unless	1 for each 350 square feet.
otherwise specified	
	<u>.</u>
Participant sports and recreation, outdoor, unless	1 for each 350 square feet.
otherwise specified	
	,
Passenger terminals (waiting area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
Performing arts theater	1 for each 8 fixed seats or
	1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly
	area not containing fixed seats.
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Personal transportation services	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Playgrounds	None.
D	1.6
Power plants	1 for each 2,000 square feet.

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L	Use	Parking Requirements
	Private club ¹	1 for each 80 square feet of floor area of all
		auditoria and public assembly rooms not
		containing fixed seats; or
		1 for every 8 fixed seats of floor area containing
		fixed seats; or
		if no auditorium or assembly room, 1 for each 350
		square feet, excluding ball courts.
		•
	Railroad rights-of-way	None.
	Railroad switchyard	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
	Railroad switchyard with mechanized hump	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
	*	
	Recreational marinas	1 for each 75 lineal feet of moorage.
	Recycling center	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
	Recycling collection station	None.
	,	
	Religious facility ¹	1 for each 80 square feet of all auditoria and
		public assembly rooms.
	Research and development laboratory	I for each 1,000 square feet.
		•
	Restaurant	1 for each 200 square feet.
		•
	Restaurant, fast-food	1 for each 100 square feet.
	Sales, service and rental of commercial	
	equipment	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
	4-4	
	Sale and rental of large boats	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
	2 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	
	Sale and rental of motorized vehicles	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
		7
	Sales, service and rental of office equipment	1 for each 350 square feet
	outer, service and remain or extremely	1 101 0404 555 54444 1001
	Sale of boat parts or accessories	1 for each 350 square feet.
	bate of boat parts of accessories	1 for each 350 square foot.
	Sale of heating fuel	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
	Sale of Heating Inci	1 101
	Salvage yard	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
	Sarago yaid	1 101 Cacii 2,000 square 100t.

Use Use	Parking Requirements
School, private elementary and secondary	1 for each 80 square feet of all auditoria and public assembly room, or if no auditorium or assembly room, 1 for each staff member.
School, public elementary and secondary 1, 2, 7	1 for each 80 square feet of all auditorium or public assembly rooms, or 1 for every 8 fixed seats in auditoriums or public assembly rooms, containing fixed seats, for new public schools on a new or existing public school site.
Sewage treatment plant	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Single-family dwelling units	1 for each dwelling unit
Skating rink (rink area)	1 for each 100 square feet.
Solid waste transfer station	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Specialty food stores	1 for each 350 square feet.
Spectator sports facility	1 for each 10 fixed seats or 1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area not containing fixed seats.
Sport range	1 for each 2 stations.
Swimming pool (water area)	1 for each 150 square feet.
Taverns	1 for each 200 square feet.
Transit vehicle base	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Universities ⁸	A number of spaces equal to 15 percent of the maximum number of students present at peak hour; plus 30 percent of the number of employees present at peak hour; plus 1 for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area in outdoor spectator sports facilities.
Utility service uses	1 for each 2,000 square feet.
Vehicle repair, major	1 for each 2,000 square feet.

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Chart A for Section 23.54.015 (Continued)

Vehicle repair, minor 1 for each 2,000 square feet. Vessel repair, major 1 for each 2,000 square feet. Vessel repair, minor 1 for each 2,000 square feet. Vocational or fine arts school 1 for each 2 faculty and full-time employees; plus 1 for each 5 students (based on the maximum number of students in attendance at any one time). Warehouse 1 for each 1,500 square feet. Wholesale showroom 1 for each 1,500 square feet. 1 for each 2 full-time staff members; plus Work-release centers 1 for each 5 residents; plus 1 for each vehicle operated in connection with the work-release center.

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When permitted in single-family zones, the Director may modify the parking requirements pursuant to Section 23.44.022; when permitted in multi-family zones as a conditional use, the Director may modify the parking requirements pursuant to Section 23.45.122. The Director, in consultation with the Director of Seattle Transportation, may allow adult care and child care centers locating in existing structures to provide loading and unloading spaces on-street when no other alternative exists.

Indoor gymnasiums shall not be considered ball courts, nor shall they be considered auditoria or public assembly rooms unless they contain bleachers (fixed seats). If the gymnasium contains bleachers, the parking requirement for the entire gymnasium shall be one (1) parking space for every eight (8) fixed seats. Each twenty (20) inches of width of bleachers shall be counted as one (1) fixed seat for the purposes of determining parking requirements. If the gymnasium does not contain bleachers and is in a school, there is no parking requirement for the gymnasium. If the gymnasium does not contain bleachers and is in a community center, the parking requirement shall be one (1) space for each 350 square feet. If the gymnasium does not contain bleachers and is in a community center owned and operated by the Department of Parks and Recreation (DOPAR), the parking requirement shall be one (1) space for each five hundred fifty-five square feet.

10/01/98 3:38 PM V11 When family support centers are located within community centers owned 2 and operated by DOPAR, the Director may lower the combined parking 3 requirement by up to a maximum of fifteen percent (15%), pursuant to 4 Section 23.54.020 I. 5 6 Parking spaces required for multi-family structures may be provided as 7 tandem spaces according to subsection B of Section 23.54.020. 8 9 5 Bedroom--Any habitable room as defined by the Building Code which, in 10 the determination of the Director, is capable of being used as a bedroom. 11 12 6 When specified in single-family zones, Section 23.44.015, the Director may 13 waive some or all of the parking requirements. 14 15 7 For public schools, when an auditorium or other place of assembly is 16 demolished and a new one built in its place, parking requirements shall be 17 determined based on the new construction. When an existing public school 18 on an existing public school site is remodeled, additional parking is 19 required if an auditorium or other place of assembly is expanded or 20 additional fixed seats are added. Additional parking is required as shown 21 on Chart A for the increase in floor area or increase in number of seats 22 only. If the parking requirement for the increased area or seating is ten 23 (10) percent or less than that for the existing auditorium or other place of 24 assembly, then no additional parking shall be required. 25 26 Development standards departure may be granted or required pursuant to 27 the procedures and criteria set forth in Chapter 23.79 to reduce the required 28 or permitted number of parking spaces. 29 30 31

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Section 30. Subsection of Section 23.54.020 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.54.020 Parking quantity exceptions.

 The parking quantity exceptions set forth in this section shall apply in all zones except downtown zones, which are regulated by Section 23.49.016, and Major Institution zones, which are regulated by Section 23.54.016.

 A. Adding Units to Existing Structures in Multifamily and ((Neighborhood)) Commercial Zones.

 1. For the purposes of this section, "existing structures" shall be those structures which were established under permit, or for which a permit has been granted and has not expired as of the effective date of the applicable chapter of this Land Use Code, as follows:

a. In multifamily zones, August 10, 1982;

b. In commercial zones, June 9, 1986.

2. If an existing residential structure in a multifamily or ((neighborhood)) commercial zone has parking which meets the development standards, and the lot area is not increased, one (1) unit may be added without additional parking. If two (2) units are added, one (1) space will be required; three (3) units will require two (2) spaces, etc. Additional parking must meet all development standards for the particular zone.

3. In a Lowrise Duplex/Triplex zone:

 a. When an existing residential structure provides less than one (1) parking space per unit, one (1) parking space shall be required for each additional dwelling unit when dwelling units are added to the structure or the structure is altered to create additional dwelling units;

b. When an existing nonresidential structure is partially or completely converted to residential use, then no parking space shall be required for the first new dwelling unit, provided that the lot area is not increased and existing parking is screened and landscaped to the greatest extent practical. Additional parking provided shall meet all development standards for the Lowrise Duplex/Triplex zone.

4. If an existing structure does not conform to the development standards for parking, or is occupied by a nonconforming use, when:

- Dwelling units are added to the structure; or

The structure is altered to create additional dwelling units; or
 The structure is completely converted to residential use, then

no parking space need be provided for the first new or added dwelling unit, provided that the lot area is not increased and existing parking is screened and landscaped to the greatest extent practical. Additional parking provided shall meet all development standards for the

particular zone. This exception shall not apply in Lowrise Duplex/Triplex zones.

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Section 31. Subsection C of Section 23.55.002 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 112830, is amended as follows:

23.55.002 Scope of provisions.

* * *

C. Signs are also regulated by the provisions of Chapter 32 of the Building Code, Title 22 of the Seattle Municipal Code, including the permit requirements of that title.

* * *

Section 32. Subsection D of Section 23.55.034 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:

23.55.034 Signs in downtown zones.

* * *

D. On-premises Signs.

- 1. Number and Type of Permitted Signs.
- a. Each use may have one (1) pole, ground, ((wall, marquee, under marquee,)) projecting or combination sign for each three hundred (300) lineal feet, or portion thereof, of frontage on public rights-of-way, except alleys.
- b. In addition to the signs permitted by subsection D1a, each use may have one (1) wall, awning, canopy, ((ground,)) marquee, or under-marquee ((or projecting)) sign((s)) for each thirty (30) lineal feet, or portion thereof, of frontage on public rights-of-way, except alleys.
- c. In addition to the signs permitted by subsections D1a and D1b, each multiple business center may have one (1) wall, marquee, under-marquee, projecting or combination sign for each three hundred (300) lineal feet, or portion thereof, of frontage on public rights-of-way, except alleys.
- d. Among the number and type of permitted signs in subsections D1a, D1b and D1c, a maximum of four (4) of these signs identifying hotels or public buildings may be located sixty-five (65) feet or more above the elevation of the sidewalk.
- e. Where the principal use or activity on the lot is outdoor retail sales, banner and strings of pennants maintained in good condition shall be allowed in addition to the signs permitted by subsections D1a, D1b and D1c.
- 2. There shall be no maximum area limits for on-premises signs, except for signs identifying hotels and public buildings sixty-five (65) feet or more above the

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elevation of the sidewalk, which shall not exceed eighteen (18) feet in length, height or any other direction.

Section 33. Subsections B and E of Section 23.55.042 of the SMC are amended as shown, and Exhibit 23.55 042A of that Section is amended to remove the designation of State Highway 509 from the 1st Avenue Bridge to the southern City limits and the amended map is attached as the new Exhibit 23.55.042A:

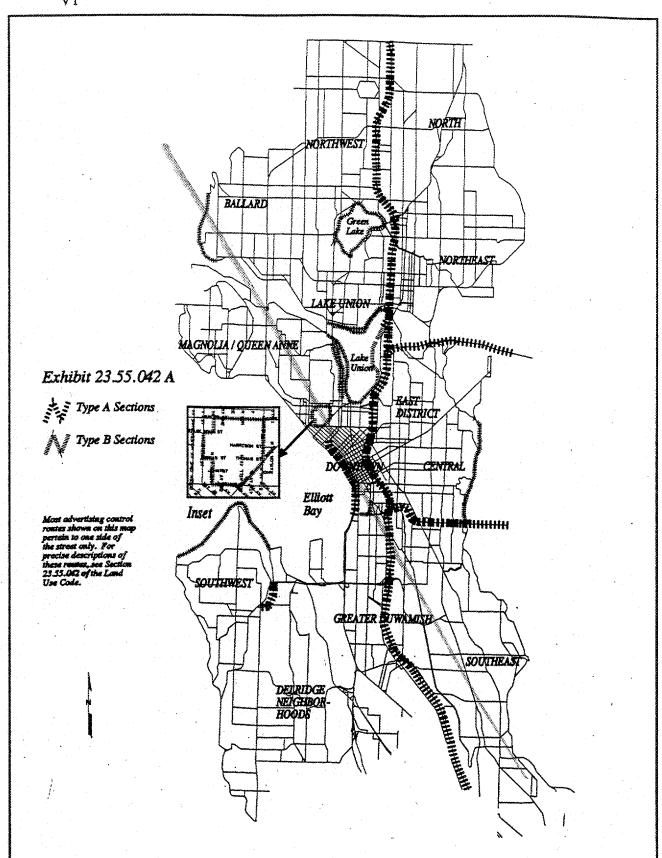
Off-premises and business signs adjacent to certain public 23.55.042 highways.

- B. Off-premises and Business Signs Prohibited Near Certain Areas. No offpremises sign or business sign shall be erected within six hundred sixty (660) feet outgoing from the nearest edge of the main traveled way of any landscaped and/or scenic view section of a freeway, expressway, parkway or scenic route designated by this subsection and shown on Exhibit 23.55.042 Å (Type A sections), and no off-premises sign shall be erected within two hundred (200) feet in any direction from the main traveled way of the exit and entrance ramps thereto, if any part of the advertising matter or informative content of the sign is visible from any place on the traveled way of the landscaped and/or scenic view section or ramp, except as provided in subsections C and D:
 - 1. West Seattle Freeway from Harbor Avenue S.W. to 35th Avenue S.W.;
- 2. The west side of the Alaskan Freeway from South Connecticut Street to the west portal of the Battery Street Tunnel. The east side of the Alaskan Freeway from South Connecticut Street to the west portal of the Battery Street Tunnel;
- 3. Interstate Highway No. 5 from the north City limits to the south City limits;
- 4. Interstate Highway No. 90 from the east City limits to Interstate Highway No. 5.
 - 5. State Route 520 (Evergreen Point Bridge) to Interstate Highway No. 5.

E. Off-premises Signs Prohibited Near Certain Areas. No off-premises sign shall be erected within six hundred sixty (660) feet outgoing from the nearest edge of the main traveled way of any landscaped and/or scenic view section designated by this subsection (Type B section) and shown on Exhibit 23.55.042 A, and no off-premises signs shall be erected within two hundred (200) feet in any direction from the main traveled way of the exit or entrance ramps thereto, if any part of the advertising matter or informative content

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of the off-premises sign is visible from any place on the traveled way of the landscaped and/or scenic view section or ramp.
1. The east side of Aurora Avenue North from the George Washington
Memorial Bridge (Raye Street) to Prospect Street;
2. The east side of Dexter Avenue North from Westlake Avenue North to
Aloha Street;
3. The east side of Westlake Avenue North from the Fremont Bridge to
Valley Street;
4. The west side of Fairview Avenue North and Fairview Avenue East
from Valley Street to the Lake Union Ship Canal;
5. The north side of Valley Street from Westlake Avenue North to
Fairview Avenue North;
6. The south side of North 34th Street from the Fremont Bridge to North
Pacific Street;
7. The south side of North Northlake Way and Northeast Northlake Way
from the George Washington Memorial Bridge to Tenth Avenue Northeast;
8. The east side of Harbor Avenue Southwest from Southwest Florida
Street to Duwamish Head;
9. The northwesterly side of Alki Avenue Southwest from Duwamish Head
to Alki Point;
10. Lake Washington Boulevard and Lake Washington Boulevard South
from Interstate 90 to Denny Blaine Park;
11. The perimeter streets of Green Lake, consisting of Aurora Avenue
North from West Green Lake Way North to West Green Lake Drive North; West Green
Lake Drive North; East Green Lake Way North; and West Green Lake Way North;
12. Northwest 54th Street and Seaview Avenue Northwest from the Hiram
Chittenden Locks to Golden Gardens Park;
13. All streets forming the perimeter of Seattle Center, as follows:
Mercer Street from Warren Avenue North to Fifth Avenue North; Fifth
Avenue North from Mercer Street to Broad Street; Broad Street from Fifth Avenue North
to Denny Way; Denny Way from Broad Street to Second Avenue North; Second Avenue
North from Denny Way to Thomas Street; Thomas Street from Second Avenue North to
First Avenue North; First Avenue North from Thomas Street to Republican Street;
Republican Street from First Avenue North to Warren Avenue; Warren Avenue from
Republican Street to Mercer Street;
14. The south side of North Pacific Street and Northeast Pacific Street
from 34th Street North to Latona Avenue Northeast;
15. Fourth Avenue South from Airport Way South ((Dearborn Street)) to
South Royal Brougham and South Royal Brougham Way from Fourth Avenue South to
((South)) Occidental ((Street)) Avenue South.



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Section 34. Subsection B of Section 23.71.028 of the SMC, which Section was adopted by Ordinance 116795, is amended as follows:

23.71.028 General Development Plan process.

* * *

- B. An Advisory Committee to the Director shall be established by the Director for each General Development Plan required. The composition of the committee shall be a balanced group representing all interests including the applicant, neighborhoods, the business community, and property owners ((-)), except that the applicant's representative shall not participate in a vote on the recommendation to the Director, as described in B2 below. The Advisory Committee shall perform the following functions:
- 1. ((The Advisory Committee shall r)) Review the contents of a Draft General Development Plan; and
- 2. Within a time period established by the Director, recommend to the Director any suggested changes or additions to the Draft General Development Plan.

Section 35. Subsection A of Section 23.76.024 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118409, is amended as follows:

23.76.024 Hearing Examiner open record hearing and decision for subdivisions.

A. Consolidation with Environmental Appeal. The Hearing Examiner shall conduct a public hearing, which shall constitute a hearing by the Council on the application for preliminary approval of the subdivision. At the same hearing the Hearing Examiner shall also hear any appeals of the Director's procedural environmental determination (determination of nonsignificance or determination of adequacy of a final environmental impact statement) and other Type II decisions.

* * *

Section 36. Subsection A of Section 23.76.028, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118012, is amended as follows:

23.76.028 Type I and II Master Use Permit issuance.

A. When a Type I or II Master Use Permit is approved for issuance, the applicant shall be so notified.

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 1. Type I Master Use Permits. Type I Master Use Permits shall be approved for issuance at the time of the Director's decision that the application conforms to all applicable laws (Section 23.76.020).

2. Type II Master Use Permits. Except for Type II permits containing a shoreline component as defined in SMC 23.76.006C2h, ((A)) a Type II Master Use Permit may be approved for issuance on the day following expiration of the applicable City of Seattle administrative appeal period or, if appealed, on the fourth day following a final City of Seattle administrative appeal decision to grant or conditionally grant the permit. Type II Master Use Permits containing a shoreline component may be issued pursuant to SMC 23.60.072. Master Use Permits shall not be issued to the applicant until all outstanding fees are paid.

* * *

Section 37. Section 23.84.018 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118624, is amended as follows:

23.84.018 "I."

* * *

"Institution" means structure(s) and related grounds used by organizations providing educational, medical, social and recreational services to the community, such as hospitals; vocational or fine arts schools; adult care centers and child care centers, whether operated for nonprofit or profit-making purposes; and nonprofit organizations such as colleges and universities, elementary and secondary schools, community centers and clubs, private clubs, religious facilities, museums, and institutes for advanced study.

- 1. "Adult care center" means an institution which regularly provides care to a group of adults for less than twenty-four (24) hours a day, whether for compensation or not.
- 2. "College" means a post-secondary educational institution, operated by a nonprofit organization, granting associate, bachelor and/or graduate degrees.
- 3. "Community center" means an institution used for civic or recreational purposes, operated by a nonprofit organization providing direct services to people on the premises rather than carrying out only administrative functions, and open to the general public on an equal basis. Activities in a community center may include classes and events sponsored by nonprofit organizations, community programs for the elderly, and other similar uses.
- 4. "Community club" means an institution used for athletic, social, civic or recreational purposes operated by a nonprofit organization, membership to which is open to the general public on an equal basis.

- 5. "Child care center" means an institution which regularly provides care to a group of children for less than twenty-four (24) hours a day, whether for compensation or not. Preschools shall be considered to be child care centers.
- 6. "Family support center" means an institution that offers support services and instruction to families, such as parenting classes and family counseling, and is colocated with a Department of Parks and Recreation community center.
- 7. "Hospital" means an institution which provides accommodations, facilities and services over a continuous period of twenty-four (24) hours or more, for observation, diagnosis and care of individuals who are suffering from illness, injury, deformity or abnormality or from any condition requiring obstetrical, medical or surgical services, or alcohol or drug detoxification. This definition excludes nursing homes.
- 8. "Institute for advanced study" means an institution operated by a nonprofit organization for the advancement of knowledge through research, including the offering of seminars and courses, and technological and/or scientific laboratory research.
- 9. "Library" means an institution where literary, musical, artistic or reference materials are kept for use but not generally for sale.
- ((9))10. "Museum" means an institution operated by a nonprofit organization as a repository of natural, scientific, historical, cultural or literary objects of interest or works of art, and where the collection of such items is systematically managed for the purpose of exhibiting them to the public.
- ((10))11. "Private club" means an institution used for athletic, social or recreational purposes and operated by a private nonprofit organization, membership to which is by written invitation and election according to qualifications in the club's charter or bylaws and the use of which is generally restricted to members and their guests.
- ((11))12. "Religious facility" means an institution, such as a church, temple, mosque, synagogue or other structure, together with its accessory structures, used primarily for religious worship.
- ((12))13. "School, elementary or secondary" means an institution operated by a nonprofit organization primarily used for systematic academic or vocational instruction through the twelfth grade.
- ((13))14. "Vocational or fine arts school" means an institution which teaches trades, business courses, hairdressing and similar skills on a post-secondary level, or which teaches fine arts such as music, dance or painting to any age group, whether operated for nonprofit or profit-making purposes.

((14))15. "University." See "College."

Section 38. Section 23.84.024 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is further amended as follows:

23.84.024 "L."

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"Library." See Institution."

any combination of the above types of residential development.

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 "Lot, parent" means the initial lot from which unit lots are subdivided for the exclusive use of townhouses, cottage housing, and clustered housing in Single Family. Residential Small Lot and Lowrise zones, single family residences in Lowrise zones, or

* * *

* * *

"Lot, unit" means one (1) of the individual lots created from the subdivision of a parent lot for the exclusive use of townhouses, cottage housing, clustered housing in Single Family, Residential Small Lot and Lowrise zones, single family residences in Lowrise zones, or any combination of the above types of residential development.

* * *

"Low-income disabled <u>multifamily structure</u> ((housing))" means a ((multifamily)) structure in which at least ninety (90) percent of the dwelling units are occupied by one (1) or more persons who qualify as disabled under the definition of handicapped pursuant to the Federal Fair Housing Amendment Act and who ((have income not exceeding income limits for low rent public housing as defined by Resolution 27472.)) constitute a low-income or low-moderate income household.

"Low-income elderly multifamily structure" means a ((multifamily)) structure in which at least ninety (90) percent of the dwelling units are occupied by one or more persons sixty-two (62) or more years of age who ((have incomes not exceeding income limits for low rent public housing for one and two person families as established by the Seattle Housing Authority.)) constitute a low-income or low-moderate income household.

"Low-income elderly/low-income disabled multifamily structure" means a structure in which each of at least ninety (90) percent of the dwelling units (not including vacant units) are occupied by a low-income or low-moderate income household that includes a person who qualifies as disabled under the definition of handicapped pursuant to the Federal Fair Housing Amendment Act or a person sixty-two (62) or older, so long as the housing qualifies for exemptions from prohibitions against discrimination against families with children and against age discrimination under all applicable fair housing laws and ordinances.

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Section 39. Section 23.84.026 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 117202, is amended as follows:

23.84.026 "N."

* * *

"Nursing home" ((means a residence, licensed by the state, which provides full-time convalescent and/or chronic care for individuals who, by reason of chronic illness or infirmity, are unable to care for themselves. No care for the acutely ill or surgical or obstetrical services shall be provided in such a residence. This definition excludes hospitals or sanitariums.)) See "Residential use."

Section 40. Section 23.84.032 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended as follows:

23.84.032 "R."

* * *

"Residential use" means any one (1) of the following uses:

- 1. "Adult family home" means a residential use as defined and licensed by the State of Washington in a dwelling unit.
- 2. "Artist's studio/dwelling" means a combination working studio and dwelling unit for artists, consisting of a room or suite of rooms occupied by not more than one (1) household.
- 3. "Caretaker's quarters" means a residential use accessory to a nonresidential use consisting of a dwelling unit not exceeding eight hundred (800) square feet of living area and occupied by a caretaker or watchperson.
- 4. "Congregate residence" means a dwelling unit in which rooms or lodging, with or without meals, are provided for nine (9) or more nontransient persons ((not-constituting a single household)), excluding single-family residences for which special or reasonable accommodation has been granted.
- 5. "Domestic violence shelter" means a dwelling unit managed by a nonprofit organization which provides housing at a confidential location and support services for victims of family violence.
- 6. "Floating home" means a dwelling unit constructed on a float, which is moored, anchored or otherwise secured in the water.
- 7. "Mobile home park" means a residential use in which a tract of land is rented for the use of more than one (1) mobile home occupied as a dwelling unit.
- 8. "Multifamily structure" means a structure or portion of a structure containing two (2) or more dwelling units.

9. "Nursing home" means a residence, licensed by the state, that provides full-time convalescent and/or chronic care for individuals who, by reason of chronic illness or infirmity, are unable to care for themselves. No care for the acutely ill or surgical or obstetrical services shall be provided in such a residence. This definition excludes hospitals or sanitariums.

((9))10. Single-family dwelling unit" means a detached structure containing one (1) dwelling unit and having a permanent foundation. The structure may also contain an accessory dwelling unit.

* * *

Section 41. Section 23.84.038 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance117430, is amended as follows:

23.84.038 "T."

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"Transportation facilities" means one (1) of the following commercial uses:

- 1. "Airport, land-based" means a transportation facility used for the takeoff and landing of airplanes.
- 2. "Airport, water-based" means a transportation facility used exclusively by aircraft which take off and land directly on the water.
- 3. "Cargo terminal" means a transportation facility in which quantities of goods or container cargo are, without undergoing any manufacturing processes, transferred to other carriers or stored outdoors in order to transfer them to other locations. Cargo terminals may include accessory warehouses, railroad yards, storage yards, and offices.
- 4. "Heliport" means a transportation facility in which an area on a roof or on the ground is used for the takeoff and landing of helicopters or other steep-gradient aircraft, and one (1) or more of the following services are provided: Cargo facilities, maintenance and overhaul, fueling service, tie-down space, hangers and other accessory buildings and open spaces.
- 5. "Helistop" means a transportation facility in which an area on a roof or on the ground is used for the takeoff and landing of helicopters or other steep-gradient aircraft, but not including fueling service, hangars, maintenance, overhaul or tie-down space for more than one (1) aircraft.
- 6. "Passenger terminal" means a transportation facility located on a sea or land transportation line, where people transfer from one (1) mode of vehicular transportation to another or between carriers within the same mode. Such carriers shall have regularly scheduled routes, and may include vans, trains, ships, tour buses or boats, or other types of transportation. Passenger terminals may include ticket counters, waiting areas,



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management offices, baggage handling facilities, and shops and restaurants. Metro street bus stops are not included in this definition.
7. "Personal transportation services" means a transportation facility in which
either emergency transportation to hospitals, or general transportation by car, van, or
limousine for a fee is provided. Such uses generally include dispatching offices and
facilities for vehicle storage and maintenance.
8. "Railroad switchyard" means a transportation facility in which:
a. Rail cars and engines are serviced and repaired; and
b. Rail cars and engines are transferred between tracks and coupled to
provide a new train configuration.
9. "Railroad switchyard with a mechanized hump" means a railroad switchyard
which includes a mechanized classification system operating over an incline.
10. "Transit vehicle base" means a transportation facility in which a fleet of buses
or light-rail cars is stored, maintained, and((/or)) repaired.
(See also "Fleet vehicles.")
* * *
Section 42. Section 23.84.048 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by
Ordinance 117430, is amended as follows:
23.84.048 "Z"
* * *
"Zone, commercial" means the following zones regulated by Title 23: NC1,
NC2, NC3, C1 ((and)), C2 and SCM.
* * *
Section 43. Subsection G of Section 23.86.018 of the SMC, which Section was
last amended by Ordinance 118414, is amended as follows:
23.86.018 Open space.
Certain zones require a minimum amount of open space to be provided on the lot.
For those cases where open space is required, the following provisions shall apply:

ty in which a fleet of buses tion was last amended by ed by Title 23: NC1, SMC, which Section was to be provided on the lot. ovisions shall apply:

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- G. In order for a ground area, roof area, deck or balcony to be considered as open space, it shall have a minimum area and provide a minimum horizontal dimension as established in each zone. In cases where the shape or configuration of the open space is irregular or unusual, the Director shall determine whether open space requirements have been met, notwithstanding the following provisions, based on whether the proposed configuration would result in open space that is truly usable for normal residential open space purposes. For the purpose of measuring the horizontal dimensions of open space, the following provisions shall apply:
- 1. For rectangular or square areas, each exterior dimension of the area shall meet the minimum dimension (Exhibit 23.86.018 A).
- 2. For irregularly shaped areas where all lines intersect at or approximately at ninety (90) degree angles, an area which is not less than sixty (60) percent of the minimum dimension in width and does not extend further than sixty (60) percent of the minimum dimension from a contiguous rectangular or square area of which all sides meet or exceed the minimum dimension, may be included as required open space (Exhibit 23.86.018 B).
- 3. For triangular areas, all exterior dimensions of the area shall meet or exceed the minimum dimensions (Exhibit 23.86.018 C).
- 4. For circular areas, the diameter of the circle shall meet the minimum dimension; for semicircular areas, the radius of the area shall meet the minimum dimension (Exhibit 23.86.018 D).
- ((5. In cases where the shape of the open space is so unusual that the above provisions cannot be applied, for example, a curvilinear shape, the Director shall determine when open space requirements have been met.))

Section 44. Subsection F of Section 25.09.260 of the SMC, which Section was last amended by Ordinance 116976, is amended as follows:

Administrative conditional use permit to recover development credit 25.09.260 and permit clustered development on-site in single family zones.

F. Clustering of Additional Dwelling Units. The Director may approve more than one dwelling unit per lot and may approve smaller than required lot sizes and yards to accommodate recovery of development credit, and to encourage larger buffers, reduce impermeable surfaces, and decrease size of affected areas. Where dwelling units are attached, they shall not exceed the height, bulk and ((building height)) other applicable development standards of the Lowrise 1 (L1) zone.

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Full development credit on-site shall not be incre	ased beyond that permitted by the
underlying single family zone.	
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* * *	
Section 45. The provisions of this ordina	ance are declared to be separate and
severable. The invalidity of any particular provi	sion shall not affect the validity of any
other provision.	
Province Province	
	hat and ha in famou thinty (20) days from
Section 46. This ordinance shall take eff	ect and be in force thirty (30) days from
and after its approval by the Mayor, but if not ap	oproved and returned by the Mayor with
ten (10) days after presentation, it shall take effe	ct as provided by Municipal Code Section
1.04.020.	
Passed by the City Council the day	of 1998 and sign
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THE MEMBER(S)	OF	THE	CITY	COUNCIL	WHOSE	SIGNATURE(S)	ARE	SHOWN BELOW:
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COMMITTEE(S)	REFERRED	TO:	-	

PRESIDENT'S SIGNATURE

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No. FULL ORDINAN

Affidavit of Publication

The undersigned, on oath states that he is an authorized representative of The Daily Journal of Commerce, a daily newspaper, which newspaper is a legal newspaper of general circulation and it is now and has been for more than six months prior to the date of publication hereinafter referred to, published in the English language continuously as a daily newspaper in Seattle, King County, Washington, and it is now and during all of said time was printed in an office maintained at the aforesaid place of publication of this newspaper. The Daily Journal of Commerce was on the 12th day of June, 1941, approved as a legal newspaper by the Superior Court of King County.

The notice in the exact form annexed, was published in regular issues of The Daily Journal of Commerce, which was regularly distributed to its subscribers during the below stated period. The annexed notice, a

CT:ORD 119239

was published on

12/17/98

The amount of the fee charged for the foregoing publication is the sum of \$, which amount has been paid in full.

Subscribed and sworn to before me on 12/17/98

Notary Public for the State of Washington, residing in Seattle

Subsection A of Section

cles and equipment, and routes of escape for inhabitants 6. Alleys shall be at least sixtess. (16) feet wide plus such additional width as shall be recessary for an adequate turning radius.

SECTION 3. Subsection A of Section was say possible a un simplicity Ab last amended by Ordinance 118414, is fur-

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and another all interests of the following a first of the following and a second of the second of th ** puntage spain of particles and the code provided in Section 20, 20, 40 minutes and fire protection as provided in Section 20, 40 minutes and fire protection 20, 40 minutes and fire prot

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SECTION 4. The section beading and subsection A of Section 2324,045 of the SMC which Section we list seconded by Ordennes 13794, is amended as follows:

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23 44 010 LOT REQUIREMENTS

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City of Seattle

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bet of the Rey in and not abutting the first ward of the Rey III, upon recording with the King County Unpartment of Bec. The said Elections as agreement as this effect between the cowners of precious that the abutting proposition and successory attractive which is a private parage may be to used in that proposition of an activate which is a private parage may be to used in the proposition of an activate within thirty-first and feet of the customer of an activate of an activate of the customer of an activate of the proposition of the propos

nent as provided in Sertion 23 A GRS

7. A single-family structure may extend and one CI aide yard if an exement is provided along the side or rear in the structure of the betting in sufficient to leave a len 1th foot separation between that structure and any principal or scenario structure, and he briting for Testures and properties and properties execute and the provided to the house a so if the property line were five from the wall of the known on the formation of the known or the provided that no portion of either principal structure including caves shall receive the actual property sine. The case ment shall be recorded with the King County Department of Recents and Elections The seasment shall be recorded with the King County Department of Recents and Elections The seasment shall be recorded with the King County Department of Recents and Elections The seasment shall browde access for normal mainteness activities to the principal structure and the to with less than the required side yard.

3. Certain Additions. Curram additions

than the required side yard

3. Certain Additions. Certain additions now extend into a required yard when the existing single-family structure is already nairconforming with respect to that yard. The presently aminonforming portion must be at least saxly (80) percent of the total width of the respective facade of the structure prior to the addition. The line formed by the nonconforming wall of the structure prior to the addition. The line formed by the nonconforming wall of the structure shall be the limit to which any additions may be built, except as described below. They may extend up to the neight limit and may aclude basement additions. New additions to the nonconforming wall or walls shall comply with the following requirements: Exhibit 23 44014 A. shall coracly with the followers: (Exhaus 23 44.014 &)

a Side yard. When the addition is a side wall, the existing wall line may be contained by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than three (3) feet to the side by line.

b. Rear yard. When the addition is a rear wall, the existing wall line may be continued by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than twenty (70) feet to the rear lot line or contexting of an alley shutting the rear lot line.

c Front yard. When the addition is a front wall, the exerting wall line may be entired by the addition except that in no case shall the addition be closer than lifteen (15) feet to the front lat line.

d. When the nenconforming wall of the single-family structure is not parallel or is there irregular, relative to the lot line, then the Directer shall determine the line of the wall extension shall not be located closer than specified its authorities D3a-c above. 4. Uncovered Parches Uncovered men

A Uncovered Porches Uncovered energy colored porches at stems may project into nov required yard, provided that they are no higher than boar 40 feet on average store existing grade, so obsert than there (3) feet now mide lot lime, no wider than kirk (6) feet and project no more than six (6) feet into required front or rear yards.

5 Special Features of a Structure Special features of a structure may extend into equired yards subject to the following tenderds only unless permitted elecuheres which the structure. in this chapter

« External architectural details with no lying area, such as chimneys, caves, cor-suces and codurass, may project to more than eighteen (18) inches into any required

b. Bey windows shall be limited to eight 8) feet in writin and may proped on more than two () (set into a required front, rear, and street arise parts (and))

c Other projections which include inter-er groce such as garden windows, may as-ized me error than eighteen (15) inches into that you have a starting a minimum of that you have shore fundoes from and with maximum dimensions of sax (a) feet tall and eight in feet wide (i.i.)

4 The combined area of fentures permit-ted in subsections 19th and a shore may comprise as more than thirty (30) percent of the area of the faceds.

6 Private Carages, Govered Deenelost Decks or Roots Over Patins in Rest Yards

the symmetric of at least security five periods of Read Care Paties in Real Yards are and at least sightly person 150% of the mean less they for person 150% of the mean less the first security five person 150% of the mean less the less to least to the the same and the first security five person 150% of the first security five person 150% of the mean less than 150% security five person 150% of the mean less than 150% security five person 150% of the mean less than 150% of the

send into required yards.

12. Heat Pumps Heat pumps and similar mechanical equipment, not including memerabus, may be permitted as required of the requirements of the Noise Cord Ordinance, Chapter 22.08, are not deal and heat pump or souther equipment shall not be located within three (3) lest of any let line.

13 Soist Collectors Solar collectors may be breated in required yards, subject to the provisions of Section 23.44.346

provisions of Section 23.44,046.

14. Front Yard Projections for Structures on Lots Thirty (30) Feet or Less in Width. For a structure on a lot which is thirty (30) feet or less in width, portions of the front parallel which begin eight (0) feet or new shore finished grade may project up to four (4) feet into the required front yard, provided that no partian of the facede, including covers and guiders, shall be closer than free (5) feet to the front line (fachibit 23, 44, 14, 18).

15. Prost and rear yards may be reduced by twenty-five (30) percent. But no more finan five (5) feet if the site centure a required encoronmentally critical area buffer or other area of the property which can not a disturbed pursuant to subsection A of Section 25.09 280 oil SMC Chapter 25.09 Regulations for Environmentally Critical Areas

Arbors Arbors may be permitted in required yards under this following condi-tions:

a in each required yard, an arbor may be creeted with ne more than a farty (40) square feet footprint, measured on a horizontal roof plane inclusive of exvess, (a seeing the control of the sides and the roof of the schor must be at least fifty (50) percent open, or flat lessors in used there must be a minimum opening of two (2) indices between creek

b in each required rard abutting a street, an arbot over a greate redestrian walkway with no more than a thirty (30) negative test fortputch heritorital roof plane saves may be secret. The addresses a maximum teight of eight (8) feet. The address of the action shall be at least fifty (50) percent open of if batticework is used, there must be minimum operating af two (2) inches between crosspices.

SECTION 8 Subsection End Section 23-44-018 of the SMC, which Section was just amended by Ordinance 118794, is amended

23 44 018 GENERAL PROVISIONS

E ((Any authorized conditional use)) Ary use office was previously assembled by a conditional use previously astherized by a conditional use periods and the lighted or recommenced safety in the research as new orditional use prints. Provided that such permit is regularly for the light in the restablishment of the light in the

I. A permit to change the use of the prop-ty has been issued and the new use has erty has been issued a been established, or

2. The property has not been devoted to the authorized conditional use for more than twenty-four (34) consecutive menths.

Property which is vecant, except for discontinuous and materials or equipment of the conditional use, shall not be considered as being decoded by the authorized conditional use. The conditional use and the conditional use and the conditional use shall be evidence that the property is not being decoded to the conditional use as conditional use in a multifered property is not being decoded to multifered structure of a multi-tenant commercial structure and the considered is a discontinuous unless all cause are after a discontinuous unless all cause are after a conditional uses in a multifered to the conditional use in a multifered to the conditional use in a multifered to the conditional uses in a multifered to the conditional unless all cause are at the recast or devoted to another use.

SECTION 9 Subsection E of Section 23.44.032 of the SMC which Section was lest amended by Ordinance 118784, is smended as follows:

23.44.023 INSTITUTIONS

1. The lot line of any proposed new or expanding institution, other than chief care enters beating in legally established institutions, shall be located 3.15 burders (800) feet or more from eavy of line of any other institution in a residential scan, with the following exceptions:

a. Ar institution may expand even though it is within any hundred (800) feet of a public school if the public school is con-centrated on a new site subsequent to De-cember 12, 1985.

L A proposal instantion may be incated use than sightender (60% set from a lifting of another institution of the foreign set from the ferromes that the institution of the dependence of physical atmost such as backed over large species or incorrupted in sections.

A Perrot for estage housing ments study family structure; a subject to the development stands the Lawrise Dupter/Frijex zonel for ground schede housing that open space shall be promised to the provisions for single family force of each zone, in ((s) Section 2 of this (e) Chapter

SECTION 14. Subsection B of 22.45.008 of the SMC which See last annealed by Cardinasce 11 amended as follows

23.45.008 DENSITY — ZONES

B | Levise 3 and Learner multifactive structures for sealed to or level entering distribute extraordinate of the two ledges where means the shaded in priviles persually a public applies nonprofit corporation shademan density as philoses.

Loweise 3 — One (1) swellin the hundred fifty (550) square

Lowese 4 — One (1) dwells four hundred (400) square feet o

2 In order to quality for the decline units of the structure signal for and dedicated in ten least three (3) months.

3 The dwelling units shall two accesses eitherly(foet) leve-alted multihoods structure ob-the life of the structure

SECTION 15 Subsection 2345-344 of the SMC which last amended by Orthoane amended as follows:

2445 014 SETBACK REQ LOWRISE ZONES

p. Projections into Require 1. Special Pentures of a Sti

External architectural inding space including communities gutters and vertural features which are feet (8 feet) in width, may man of agotten inches any required actback.

b Ber windows shall be (8) feet in width and may than two feet (2 feet) into-street side schack to an windows be closer than its gre lid line. any lot line.

of Other projections where or space such as garden we tend no more them eight inchest into any required minimum of thirty inches finished floor, and with a winter of size feet (6 feet) to \$2 feet to detect to \$2 feet to detect to \$2 feet to \$

A The combined area of ted in subsections F1b i comprise no more than (30%) of the area of the fa

2. Unenclased Decks #

Directlosed decks ? Project a maximum of far the required front settle maximum of ten the front let line in Lowe and Lowrise I zones and from the front for lisse rise 3 and Lowrise 4 zon

b Except as provided Section 21,45 014, une baltonies shall be per lacks, provided they ar-feet (5 feet) from a sid project into the requirement of four feet (a rear lot line.

c Unesclosed decks milled in required self-feel to a maximum wie feelt and shall be sep-equal to at least one hi the projection

(3.) 4 All permitte quired front and rear a ninmum of eight (whed grade, (except

3 As orientised fi tend a maximum of quired front sorteach used that from the Gront for unconcessed decks and