Seattle City Clerk's Office
Comptroller File
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			CHAIRMAN	Your	REPORT O	Filed August 21, 19	52 W. C. THOMAS OMPTROLLER AND CITY CLERK
:				ame and respecti	F COMMITTEE	BY M. (THE COUNCIL
				ully recommen		AUGUST 25, 1952	COMM. of WHOLE
				d that		REFSRRED	DISPOSITION
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Rules

ANCIL H. PAYNE

OFFICE ADDRESS: 1420 House Office Building

Congress of the United States House of Representatives Washington, D. C.

August 25, 1952

The Honorable David Levine President City Council 5114 County-City Building Seattle, Washington

Dear Mr. Levine:

The 82nd Compress extended the Rent Control Act of 1947 (as amended) in order to assure rentals fair and equitable to both tenants and owners in areas suffering from a housing shortage. Seattle continues to experience a serious rental problem.

According to the United States Department of Commerce's June 1952 Housing Vacancy Survey, vacant dwelling units totalled only 2.9 percent of all privately-owned housing in Seattle. This figure included units only for sale and not for rent.

Seattle now enjoys a vital role in the national defense program. The city must also accept the responsibility that accompanies the program. The defense effort is sure to be hindered by excessive rentals. Certainly the Boeing Airplane Company's recruiting efforts will be impaired and other defense industries will find it increasingly difficult to attract workers to locate in Seattle if it becomes a higherental area.

While it is recognized that the federal housing program has resulted in considerable construction it must be pointed out that most of these apartments demand rentals in excess of low and medium income families.

In an area serving as a center of our national defense work, and in a region experiencing constant population growth, to remove rent controls would result in a severe hardship to limited income families.

I therefore urge you as members of the City Council, to take the action necessary to maintain rent control for Seattle.

Sincerely yours,

Lugh B. Mitchell

HBM:as



NATIONAL COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN

SEATTLE SECTION August 23, 1952

Seattle City Council County City Building Seattle, Washington

Dear Members of the City Council:

The Seattle Section National Council of Jewish Women urges you to support a continuation of rent control for the City of Seattle.

Since this is still a critical defense area the need for rent control here is as great as ever.

Our organization feels that this community benefits when its citizens are housed at a rent they can afferd.

Sincercly yours,

Francis Villacial

Mrs. Nathan Moses, President

Seattle Section

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It should be a rinamine vote to
help it on- and we thank your
a club of 50 in Seattle

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WANTED TO RENT

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Marie Control

NOTICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTICE IT IS DUE TO THE QUALITY OF THE DOCUMENT.

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Excellent Rifferences— Youn get work in g mobiler desires single apartment or private room with housekeping pulleges. Youngton 1900, extension 28t. 9-1 Sunday, Duginess hours, excefays.

Excellent Rifferences— Youngton Green the Section of the second Ā BO WI

City Council City of Seattle Seattle, Washington

Gentlemen:

This is a letter in protest of the removing of rent controls in Seattle.

I live in a bachelor apartment, which is far from adequate, as I have an eleven-year old boy and we need an apartment with at least one bedroom. I have been looking for something suitable for the past two years, and find that for a one-bedroom apartment I would have to pay at least \$75.00 a month, which is more than I can afford. If rent controls are removed, I won't be able to afford even a bachelor apartment.

It is true that there are some vacancies, but the ones that are at all reasonable are so dirty and run down that no one would want to live there if they were rent-free. The cheapest apartment that I have been able to find that was livable rented unfurnished for \$79.50. A working girl can not afford this much, and if controls are removed, what will she be able to afford??

There must be some solution to the housing situation, but it seems to me that the removal of rent controls is only going to intensify the problem rather than correct it. I believe that you would be doing the majority of the citizens in Seattle a service to vote for a continuance of controls.

Very truly yours,

Welen Dornberger Helen Dornberger 5234 University Way

Seattle 5, Washington

NOTICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTICE

Seattle 5, Wach. Mr. David Levine Auge Green of City Corineil, Country City Building, re August 4, 1952 chance to expless themalor al Our rent stabilized Mr. Tygo book Control, has sent out two surgent c signing the importance of real control to leave wine. We can yo ours o cut down in food hel ours o cut down in food hel lave adequate. So that leards up it is going to the read of the Devile is a strategie eiz, more familier coming in all the line, War I temporary tenning loved elificials to fine love lover to free to feel tought apple yes feech, there are 3. According to rece books accord Jacklorde ake all making g Earn-Toble Living, a good macylin on their 4. In the chamber of Commerce surry rugestweeth.

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Mr. David Levine, Fres., Seattle City Council, Seattle, Wash.

Dear Mr. Levine:

This is a sincere petition on behalf of myself, and all other insecure people who are unfortunate enough not to be home owners. Unless our local government protects us, we will be at the complete mercy of the landlords, and the sky will be the limit on rents asked, once controls are taken off. For it is impossible to find apartments...THERE ARE NO VACANCIES, I have looked and so have friends and acquaintances. To take the security of their homes away from our citizens is a very serious affair, and I do hope that all members of the City Council will realize what it means to be at the complete mercy of someone who is absolutely free to ask any amount of rent they desire. For human nature being what it is, the landlords will feel no compunction in getting rich quick, and thereby loosing tremendous impetus to the already out-of-hand inflationary spiral. It will rean more strikes as labor is affected; not to mention the almost oppearable squeeze on the white-collar worker, and those already suffer ng from stationary incomes, such as pensioners, widows, etc.

To be specific about my own case, I have lived in the same apt. for six years, have had the legal 25% raise in rent, have paid out something like \$5,000.00 in rent, and feel that this is my "home", and to be suddenly confronted with the frightening prospect of being suddenly thrown out without any place to go is terrifying, to say the least, for many, many tenants! In this apt. bldg. of 75 units, on the First Hill, it is a fact that the owners clear \$40,000.00 a year, over and above expenses...so surely they are not suffering.

So please give the plight of the tenant your sincere consideration. I am a registered voter and would like to sign my name, but my already insecure position would only be further jeopardized by so doing...the tenants are definitely under-dogs these days!

Pleadingly,

A Tenant

De the winder sequed lewarets, occupying apter 304.308. Bell st seaule, Mach respectively beaute oud request petition and represent to that rent controls to continued for at least continued for at least one year from Sept. 30-1952 one year from Sept. 30-1952 Mance - apt. # permonth 3750 Mrs Romes 35 3750

Elifford apris #101.
133 Boren ave north

Dear Mr. Le vine.

Fire taking the liberty to write you in the half !! Newh Control. I am one alone who at 67 yes of and have been retired after working in one place for 28 years and have been able. It save very little because of an invalid husband and a child to support. I am paying 37.50 a month for a bed living room, kitchen to Bath in a house which each writer has been inadequally heated and have all my own furniture. I get 40.40 from my former employers and 58.00 from Lorial Decurity. There is no one with whom I can go to live and must support myself. Our landload has already made arrangement to raise the Rents as soon as decontrol.

NOTICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTION IT IS DUE TO THE QUALITY OF THE DOCUMENT.

I live on \$98.40 monthly! I minagine
There are many worse of them 3.
What must we older people do!
What must one do where There we children to support and mustle is give them proper starts in life!

Your Very Ducciely

mo m. E. Reed

815 Pipe Seattle ! Wash. Members of the City Council: Seattle, Wash! Dear Sir Please Continue Rent Control in Seattle. In the past 2 2 years in which I lived at their Paddress. My sent has been raised there (3) times. There is no telephone service here so have to have my own Telephone are my job depends on plone Calle.

I have many friends in defense work in Scattle. yours truly, Dorothy Hest.

July 8 1952

members of City Council Llear siss. a resident and taxpayer in this city over 50 yrs. I bear atts best interest at theart and cannot see where descontrol of rents would be halpfull to anyone at this time The apt owners have fared' better since it was put on thou ever before may Istate my own experience to prove this. The terrents who occupied this dat paid 35 could occupy ich for 40 od of I paid for redecorating

Idid Which cost 8000 In three whs. I had notice The Control office my rent next time would be 44 40 The owner has had two raises in rent in 18 mis, In years partinall sales or leases they allowed 18% for vacancies, not so now, you want a year or town as I did for any aptunder \$7250, plenty above that, yes. Heaven help us if you take The Control off, Please don't Sincerely an old taxpayer,

realise tackington Connecliman after reading an article in the Scalle P. D their week regulary the terminates I rent centrals Theel it my duty as a Transsed venter and an overtaged voter to express my astordahment that there Should be any doubt or luck I prowledge in the minds of our officials as to

sout controls und mean to thousands of your cities tux burdened, white collared Lagotten man" renten who have met all the institutioning costs of living without any saise in salary and now much face this and still try to maintain a decent standard of living Corngine Brows that accel apartment house owners have Trever before made more money On their investiments, and given less in return since the war years I tomor Whereof I spuk as I have

the existence of a real henseny shortage here as the article stated Lurely our city connect will not be as lax and as disnitivested as our lust "do nothing Engress who voted for the termination of centrals. The city of Senttee already has a bud enough reputation all over the United States for its infeationing prices in Good, and ventals to say nothing of its dispessed State cales the xin is you much realize when the termination of

TICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN TYES NOTICE IT IS DUE TO THE QUALITY OF THE DOCUMENT.

been an asantinent dive for the greater fund adult life. lit fresent live in a neighborhood of apartinente. town and see people long day delighted and happy to more in to dirty apartments which havent been painted cleaned is decouled for years by the owners and these same Juper are so happy to fine a slace that they are too glad to clean paint, & decrate at their our efficiel

OTICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTICE IT IS DUE TO THE QUALITY OF THE DOCUMENT.

There lived in the same bulding for thereen years and fir all that times have cleaned sunted and even lought new lindeum for the touchen almy our expense and had to go out and work en when to do it There seen this pluce sold three times in the eyeurs Thuse lived here End both fremes owners made huge profits in their invisionents. The Assest owners have had the Jeace only a few months

around 57.50. The new tenant is changed 75-85 of go dollars or whalever he is sucker enough to pay and then he cleans it up at the one liperse ? myselfum jaying 57.50 Its a one som enfunched aft, which rested \$\$ 35 dollars When I much in and I know geople in this house That are suring 65 and El dollars for infunished the rom aquitments executly like mind Exthey should raise my

and have already managed to get nd of all liba few of the old tenants which they want to de, and are already Collecting fabriliars rents from the her linearts, and all thes where sent control is stell in existence The all shudder to think what We must face if the controls Circul Bept or Then an old tenant is ousted from one of the large agartments here which Ove the most deserable, and where have sented for

sent so high that I should have to more, a Cered muse in without Hunning to clean or punt because of the every I have best it up through the years These are all facts, that I would glady swear to and I wish ving much that I david sign my nume but I had a very unpleasant expenence when signed my name to a note Duroce to the rental bound porteeling the lust suce in sent and

because I was strught forward enough to submit a copy of it to the lundlord Sent you think all this is proof enough that we need sent centrale extended in Seattle the some as some of the larger Caster ales have done of there is any doubt in the minds of any of your board mending as to the drastre reed of Lunker sent cartrols they don't you send one of your

NOTICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTICE IT IS DUE TO THE QUALITY OF THE DOCUMENT. IS DUE TO THE QUALITY OF THE DOCUMENT

Mr. David Lerine, Pres. City Coursel, Draw Sive:

Anocoing the termendous pressure bring excited by The Realtons and apartment house browns association on The city council to han rest-control lights a condition which would impose near tragic consequences to tenants now living apartments in the older buildings more worder rust control, and unwilling to believe that our city council membro are underly briased by These "pressures" or indifferent to the welfare of so large a fee centage of its constituents of affect to fower sense of fiction and fair play in these of these harassed citizens, of whom I am me.

Rush decontrol would hone fit my the Realtons and apartment house someway who are in need of my tholection. It is a well-tonown fact that

tend apartment house suriers who are in need of no prolection. It is a well-known fact that real estate prices and rentals are at an all-time trigh, why give Them more advantages at the expense of the helpless tenants and mould to hould to how to already are struggling to make ends meet on limited budgets?!

Thay I citeme example to illustrate my beday? In

are living in a 4/2 room infurnished afactorent Which we have occupied Twenty four years, own our fur nitures tay for electricity etc, and are paying and all-time high rental \$6250 per me an inventore of 27 per cent since 1948. all cleaning runsvaling and manatinance of equipment, services privily provided have him discontinued, this is not an esolated case, all terranto in This building has had similar treatment. If rest should he deomthold For Ferrow me are in for more and greater financial budgets, and These Consequences face every tenant in vory apartment house now under rest controls

The have no recourse save to The own ourselves upon The sense of Justice and mercy of our City Courses for protection from These who would envich Themselves refour expense. God grant that our not to let clown-I am trusting you not to botray my identity & any me who might inflict represal! Most respectfully

(Mus DM. Storro

4009-15 de Cive NE Sealthe 5 Mu Aug 2/01 52 My David Levuie. Dear Sin. Dan Werting Z) ash son to consider the elderly profole well 8 mall in comes When the Dent (on tool is dis cuased by the City Count. Our sent was raised two pears de how we can pay non.

The shall appreciate four help Sincerel & Sucy E. Matthews R. E. HOFFSTADT
4005 FIFTEENTH AVENUE, NORTHEAST
SEATTLE 5, WASHINGTON

Me Dand Lenne Cely Connect Leavele, wash My dea me Lenne. The bearing on ble extension freut content comes up ment ment week, as a tenant Iwish to suggest it extended. Many I his we thus area (Unidenty) are liney area (Unidented) levereg on a none los large fex Ed memils Unevenly peusen. Devoued when here bleauce alleo Greevain Jaw retired Istal do

ucome if the cost of living goes income if the cost of living goes lugle I shall have to livere the city. Heartsofn your consideralm Raeliel 6 Hopfort. The replace of the Coparlinent of the replace is breen entirely in which I live is breen entirely in which I live is breen entirely by the tenant and the amen by the tenant and the amen of full.

Seaule, Low. aug 21.1952

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Mr. De and Lenue City Council teel Su: notice lay paper there will be a neeting any 25, to consider lefting react controls in the celey. I do not feel lear lifeting Corleals at their time would be wise. apparently stere are pleasing of high period apartenaces and houses, but there is a great seasety of neadment priced develing units. The cost of living claimles trigher and higher Suice Och. 1950 land lords have been allowed 25 of reenease, and, any further werease would work hardsleep on persons with mederen and fixed mesomes liftereg controls. yours Freely Mus. O. R. Elevell

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203 Believe horth Secreto 2, Washington July 8, 1952

Prisident Statele Enincil Lavel, Washington

Dear lier -Surely rent controls mi Elis area wont be released! Hundriels of preply in this city are unemployed - and many ore on less them a Rundrid Luelars a month penaions. at the above address (Bellive aportmulo) are mosely pensioneers or unemployed such as mysulf. Share of us in middle age brackets

are denied commercial employment too - and yet this city, this state wants my votes at election time & one thank many people say if rent antrols are eifted they just went ful The least interested in their community here after. Some of the apartment times owners Raue been caught under the wire a chold Hause of 10% mo Hilma maki ur apartment owner skried Rouer a little

increase un rents but if entrals one entirely relieved it went he fair for a Vouse beekring (1/2 room) develing else mine to be naised from 425.50 to 35. Statele Las become ridiculously beyond normal living adjustments ots a fact if our state a government ment the support af elle intigens They'd butter begin hubing the middle class towards hout living. In American hard Rivitage isn't mouth for this graft & ontragens living expenses.

o shuk its pitiful human heiner Keur to struggle so to wist. In hovember o was in Harbaruner e who after fighting & years bown haith, Thu a major operation in Drawbuy from which I truet to was to substilling it - and east week working beyond my indurance ful ogain briating ribs a scapula, ets quite a struggle to me eilse a human bung ao The Lord mant it so. Sorry this is an unuly dutor it my orm is taked down & O court write normally Surverely, under mormal conditions hypatieth I litely under how Eypard This (mrs Chris h Hutcher)

RESOLUTION

- WHEREAS: The supply of rental housing in the City of Seattle is still far short of meeting the demand, and
- WHEREAS: The shortage of rental housing is particularly acute in the rental brackets which the average family can afford to pay, and
- WHEREAS: Any move to remove rent controls now would only result in diminishing the supply now available for the average citizen by pricing it beyond his ability to pay, and
- WHEREAS: Such a move would result in extreme hardship to many families now pressed by the high cost of living, and
- WHEREAS: Federal rent stabilization as it is now administered in the City of Seattle by the local rent office and the Seattle Rent Board, has been more than generous to the landlords in granting every necessary increase to meet today's higher cost of operation, and
- WHEREAS: With extremely few exceptions, the landlords of the City of Seattle are already in a better financial position than they have ever been, and
- WHEREAS: The City of Seattle contains many vital defense industries and installations, and
- WHEREAS: The City of Seattle is now entering a period of industrial expansion which will undoubtedly call for increased in-migration of workers, and
- WHEREAS: Without the restraining effects of Federal Rent Stabilization, rents would undoubtedly increase to such an extent as to seriously interfere with the defense program and cause much suffering among renters in the lower income brackets;
- THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED: by Local Union #1208, of the United Steelworkers of America, whose membership of one thousand is composed of both landlords and tenants, that the City of Seattle go on record and vote against the proposal of certain selfish pressure groups to bring about the end of Federal Rent Stabilization in the City of Seattle, and
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of the above resolution are to be forwarded to the Seattle City Council; Mayor Allen Pomeroy; Ivan Carson, Chairman of the Advisory Committee on Critical Defense Areas, New GAO Building, Washington 225, D.,C., Director of Rent Stabilization, Tighe E. Woods, Washington 25, D.C.

ADOPTED June 4, 1952

Eugene V. Dennett, Rec. Secy. 7324 34th Avenue S.W.

Seattle, 6, Washington

David H. Adams, President

Local Union #1208

United Steelworkers of America

203 Bellevue north Deattle 2, Frank July 7, 1952.

President of the City Council, County City Blog, Scattle, Dead Sir;

I am writing with respect to the discussion on rent control which I understand is to take place on July 10.

In the apartment house where I are located there are several people living on pensions or welfare or doing day work in homes. I, myself am a retired teacher trying to live as graciously as possible on \$103.70 a month. If the controls are taken off is is will work a great hadship on us and no doubt on many others in the same position. Since the other controls are to remain on until April 30,1953, it would seem logical to include rents in the same category.

So I ask you to earnestly consider our case and that of hundreds of others in like circumstances.

Sincerely ejeurs, Mollie Friss.

1454 East Harrisay St. Scattle To, all members of City Council. Through a small item in News Paper is to have a meeting before City Council, not grant ere are valo in high Cost afts, availa do not know. He are asking you to protect us. Thanking you for past favors Wesky. yours, Mrs. H. G. Patton.

7052 Pike Street Seattle, Washington June 30, 1952

Hon. Alfred R. Rochester City Council County-City Building Seattle 4, Washington

Dear Mr. Rochester:

The Apartment Operators Association of Seattle in the very near future will submit to the Seattle City Council a hearing for housing decentral, and from my personal experience I want to tell you what the housing situation in the City of Seattle is today. From my personal investigation, there is absolutely no shortage of housing accommodations in Seattle. There are hotels in this city that at times have over 50% vacancies. Also, the apartments are after business, as is the McKay Apartment Hotel. In spite of this, the local Office of Rent Stabilization maintains an attitude wholly unjustifiable towards the property owners. In 90% of the time, it wholly rejects or ignores the just applications for relief; these people are of very moderate means and are comparatively poor. An impartial investigation will prove that hundreds of these people have been ruined because the ORS failed or refused to give them any relief whatsoever.

I have made application to the local ORS giving concrete proof that it costs over \$52.00 per month to operate per unit of the McKay Apartment Hotel. I applied for \$55.00 minimum for those units that were below this figure, as to cover the debt expense in any unit, as there are units that are renting as low as \$30.00 per month. But it was arbitrarily refused. This \$55.00 that I asked for is below in comparison with other apartment hotels in the vicinity having similar services and conditions. As the McKay Apartment Hotel is a reinforced concrete building all corridors have tile floors, and each unit is well furnished with a private bath with tile flooring, kitchen with refrigerators and the living room with hardwood floors. And in spite of this we have units that the maximum ceiling price is \$30.00 per month. This is an outright discrimination against the McKay Apartment Hotel as all other apartment hotels of similar services are decontrolled.

I made an application, with proof that not only the McKay is known as an apartment hotel (a fact that the ORS has admitted) but we have all the services required by law, including city license, to conduct buiness as an apartment hotel. This in spite of the proofs the ORS has unjustifiably rejected it.

Then on the 16th of January, 1952, through the Apartment Operators Association we made an application for daily and weekly rates. Time and again Mr. Donald C. Haas, President of the Apartment Operators Association, and I were repeatedly assured by the ORS that this application would soon be granted, only to be orally notified on April 18, 1952, that this application was again rejected. It was our desire to take this up with the King County Rent Advisory Board, but could not do this until we got a written notification of the ORS final decision, which was not until April 30, 1952.

Under the law an apartment is entitled to rent increases for improvement, decoration, etc. Again on December 12, 1951, we made such application for 17 units for an increase for such improvements. There was spent about \$5,350.00 on these units, but on January 15, 1952, we were notified, after waiting five weeks, that we were granted a one-doller increase per month on one unit. I made an oral protest to Mr. C. Atwood, Director of the Rent Stabilization Board. Mr. Atwood wrote me a letter within a few days telling me that we were entitled to an increase to take up this expense within a 3-year period, and they were willing to grant us this increase if we were willing to comply with certain provisions of the law. Mr. Donald C. Haas on the 11th of February, 1952, wrote them on our behalf accepting their terms. Two and one-half months elapsed and we were still waiting for their decision. This is the treatment generally received by a property owner under ORS.

But now the question is, will decontrol raise rents? Definitely not, because in the McKay Apartment Hotel and undoubtedly in many other apartment and lodging houses, there are many, many units renting today away below the ORS ceiling price. Local rent decontrol will simply rid the property owners of a lot of unnecessary red tape, give him his cherished American liberty, and the opportunity to sit down with his fellow men and make mutual agreements. It will further give him an incentive to improve and maintain his properties in good condition and make them fit for people to live in them. It will very likely increase very few rentals which today are rented below depression prices. But today no housing operator dares to ask any substantial increase because practically all of them are trying hard to keep their place filled to capacity. Due to the fact of the large amount existing in the hotels and apartment hotels and also apartments and other lodgings.

Sincerely yours,

Evans E. Collias

massactor Lenie. July 6-1952-Pity Samcil. Dear Sus. Hotegar vill decide en rent gentrils July 10th flow are vacant afts in the ligher at a reasonable rate. an adot to a supple aft. recently received ao replies. John Danis Co. Real Estate has 35 large apt 18lds listed in their June Bullitica all with no oracants. There are Den houses too rent. We sont all afford the Engli rentals. Especially trying too Struggle along on a small infame & not be an Relief - aft. On were are making owner money chan ever. Here a vacant aft. Formerly a gurmiled aft. or house Jumished ted livers Healtets, tonle, Burtains, drakes rugs dishes, gooting intensits etg. They fainted balls, mod work, sepais. Keptalling Justiture. One amust play Jicall decoration Trepairs etc. etc. which is Genziderable- Pities that have been de goutrelled they advanced rents too Such an extent they commediately had to be de Controlled - Please Gorsider the aresthat Camot fay these high rents. Many workers would stay and from seattle i rents made Sutrolled and and antichely arraiting your decision. Thanking your 607. W. Galer St. apt 11.

City Council County-City Building Seattle 4, Washington

Members of the City Council:

Please file my name among those who are protesting the possible discontinuance of rent controls September 30th.

Inasmuch as this is a "defense area" I feel that rent controls should be maintained in Seattle until such times as more rental units are available in the medium price group. Should rent controls be eliminated now, I would be forced to move into a less expensive apartment - if such could be located - as would many other residents of apartment dwellings in this City.

My thanks for giving this letter your attention.

Yours/very truly, Elizabeth L. Mertel

2417 - 41st North Seattle 2, Wash. NOTICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTICE IT IS DUE TO THE QUALITY OF THE DOCUMENT.

Honorable David Learnethe bustanders ? we would of is were luthough the washington Comes apartment, one of our reden + beder aparlment for the past three years I have gove in the red The operating costs on fono. Agul juse as have tried to keep the building up. have pleaded partnes him ent alter lovard for the past 10 the emag fullened my louding

and boould use hinder refused to a beautiful lameding cee five moon upto sould sink bines ale We boths + Kitchens and choice Location mad go tran voj 02.18 over potovoos know seas th completely redicarde me a that the & e Iras that we to realize a profit me Ichere are many vocan in the city Roin - overchaigning Love & others could lette mercan **UULL**

NOTICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTICE IT IS DUE TO THE QUALITY OF THE DOCUMENT.

shawing your for any consideration your might quie us. Respt.

> Mus Shos e Dayle 1065- E Prosper

To the Members of the City Council of Seattle, Wash.

Hon. Sirs & Madam:

As your body meets on the 7th to discuss the problem of Rent Control, I wish to express my hope that the Council will vote to continue Rent Control.

As a citizen and tax payer on property in Seattle for the past twenty-five years, I wish to state my position. I owned a small house which was rented and I thought the adjustment of rent was fair to both owner and renter and was happy to conform to it.

Now that I found it nessessary to move to an apartment some three years ago, I have found the great benefit of rent control, else our landlord would fleece the occupants to an alarmong degree.

The owner of my apartment where I reside told me that he could clear the apartment of all incumbrances in ten years. He paid \$150,000 for it makes no repairs whatsover, and has raised the rent twice.

for it, makes no repairs whatsover, and has raised the rent twice.

I had to hire an electrician to make my apartment sare-moved in five moments after place was vacated-found it filthy beyond description. I did not report it to the Rent Control but spent months. The yea years in trying to scrub, scout, paint floor of kitchen, paint walls, etc. some \$80.00 in repairs

I think I won't sign my name because there might be reprisals and I'm so busy with civic affairs (all voluntary) that I can't find

time to look for a better deal.

Here's hoping you make the right decision on Rent Control.

I have worked long and faithfully in every election for members of your group.

MOST SINCERELY

A Tax Payer

QUEEN ANNE COMMUNITY CLUB

August 15, 1952

Seattle City Council County-City Building Seattle, Wash.

Dear Members of the Councid:

The members of the Queen Anne Community Club adopted a resolution to request the council to favor the termination of rent control.

Very truly yours,

Mrs. G. Kirk Secr.

Mrs & Kirk

Seattle, Washington August 19, 1952

Rent Control Committee, Seattle City Council, Gentlemen;

I own two older apartment houses, but am not a member of the Agartment Owners Association.

I assume you want facts on which to base a finding of whether there remains a shortage of rental units.

Whereas several years ago any mint of a vacancy would create a storm of applicants, now I have a vacancy in each building, of a standard 3-room apertment, one renting at \$40 a month furnished, the other at \$45 a month unfurnished which have been shown repeatedly but not rented as yet. My locations are excellent, lower Queen Anne, and North Broadway. The buildings are well kept, freshly painted, and in good neighborhoods. This is an unusual situation because as late as last year when there was lots of vacancy in the new higher priced buildings, the aderately priced units were in good demand.

hent control is vicious and extravagent of tax funds to maintain a large and useless crew of federal employees. I hope your finding will be honest on the question of fact of whether there is an actual shortage of housing, and not a gesture to temporize with a ranting snarling mob of communists.

Respectfully,

TH Weave

F. H. Meaver 501 Olympic Place

206 Harvard N.

August 19, 1952

City Council, Seattle, Wash.

Gentlemen,

We sawn a small apartment building in the University district at 4134-11th are. N. E. We would like to show how removal of rent controls will help to provide more howing

of rent controls well help to the same 8 large in Seattle. In our building we have 8 large 4 room units. 4 of these are occupied by only one

person and lave heen for some time.

of course the rente will rise in some of the older buildings in Seattle because the rent control has kept the rente at an abnormal and control has kept the rente at an abnormal and unfair level. In the newer buildings where there are no controls rente may be too high but maybe they no controls rente may be too high but maybe they will drop some when there is competition with the like buildings.

The older buildings.

We have to rent large 4 room unite, heated,

for \$56.25 a month. We have a really nice brick

building, with mahogony woodwork, oak floors, tile in

building, with mahogony woodwork, oak floors, tile in

lathrooms. Westwind fame, electric ranges & refrigeration.

If we can raise the rent some of these tenants

will probably renterooms in these spartments, to help pay

the rent, thus providing more housing. Some may

buy houses, leaving another apartment unit that can be rented.

I am sure our building is typical of many buildings in Seattle and we invite an inspection of it. We have a vacancy at the present time and are redecorating it. We have not been getting enough sent to pay for fixing up the building like we want to but are doing the best we can.

Respectfully Yours Charmaine apter 4134-11th aver N. E. TO MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF SEATTLE

WE URGE YOU TO YOTE FOR DECONTROL OF RENTS IN SEATTLE!!

We have a punit apartment house with each unit having $4\frac{1}{2}$ large rooms. One unit is \$29.00 per month and the other units are \$35.50 per month with the owner occupying one unit. We find that we cannot operate efficiently with such low rents. We have applied for an increase of rents to cover our loss through the Rent Control Office but they have refused us. We have been operating at a loss for over a year but we cannot get an increase of rents through the Rent Office until we are practically bankrupt. We have had to neglect our property and consequently we are getting complaints from our tenants because we cannot make it comfortable for them but how can we when the rents are so low and the cost of living and expenses keep rising with each month. What can we apartment owners do if you vote to continue with rent controls?

LET US VOTE FOR DECONTROL OF RENTS IN SEATTLE so that our property will not be forced to be neglected and we can offer our tenants a more comfortable way of living---which would mean a better landlord-tenant relationship.

AND AND THE STATE OF THE SECOND SECURITIES.

EWHERST APARTMENTS Flage Shiogi

Tudge Sheogi

1914 East Marion

gesttle 22, Washington

Alfred Lunde 1420-4th Ave. West Seattle 99, Wn.

Honorable David Levine County City Building Seattle, Washington

Dear Sir:

Please do not request Federal rent control. Vacancies are numerous: I have three now and am advertising in the papers, getting only a couple of lookers a day. Last month at time of survey I had 4 vacancies. I have 27 units in the \$38.50-\$65.00 class, each with private bath and full kitchen, and including heat, light, and hot water.

I know that my tenants do not care much about control. I believe the only folks who do are those goaded by union bosses and politicians. This was proven in my building when I petitioned for decontrol resulting from conversion.

The petition was dated May 21, 1951. Form D-104 was posted for 16 days. Form D-121 was personally served on each affected tenant. Not one tenant answered. My petition was denied, so I petitioned again last December, repeating the same procedure. Again, not a single tenant answered. 24 units were affected. I know none answered because I received no copy. Thus I know none cared enough to fight decontrol. Of course, no outside pressure was brought in.

I can hardly believe you are seriously considering delivering us into the hands of the Washington D.C. law enforcement body. I beg you not to do so. I have read how blazingly high-handed the Federal Government can be, and I know that if we are under Federal control after September 20, we can expect to be treated like criminals.

It would be like Judge Roy De Grief's calling upon the Feds to put all his traffic violators in Sing Sing. Permit me to relate my own experience, putting myself in the pocket of far-away police. One time I and a couple of other youngsters went to a jail house in a Montana town (in 1933) for shelter. We were not violators. We were drifters, cold, hungry, right off a freight train. It was midnight and winter.

"Like to get out first thing in the morning," we chattered, shaking off the snow. One minute later, I can tell you, we were sorry we had asked. The man in uniform barked: "We didn't send for you. You delivered yourselves here. We will let you go whenever we are good and ready. Empty your pockets and sign here."

Since then I have often thought how dumb to ask distant authorities for help. A community should help itself. We in Seattle do not need to be controlled from Washington D.C. I have had 8 decontrolled units for several years, and never raised the rent on a tenant. The rents on these decontrolled units are as low as comparable controlled units in my building: around \$45-\$50 for 2-room regular apartments with heat, light and hot water.

We do not need rent control. Please permit us to prove it.

Yours respectfully,

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Property Management
REALTY MANAGEMENT, INC.

and Investments

522 DEXTER HORTON BLDG · SEATTLE 4

August 15, 1952

Hon. David Levine, Pres. City Council 514 County-City Building Seattle 4, Washington

Dear Sir:

Enclosed for your examination is a photostatic copy of a letter sent by the Area Rent Director by way of answering a Petition for Increased Rents To Secure a Fair Net Operating Return. We believe that if you will carefully read this letter you will be amazed that a supposedly responsible government agency could write so incoherent an answer to a most important question.

Note please: last sentence in paragraph No. 2 wherein a base ratio of 8% is mentioned but the petitioner is denied the explanation of how a base figure of 8% is arrived at. Paragraph No. 3 wherein the owner was critized for failure to submit figures for other income. No such figures were submitted as there was no other income.

Paragraph No. 3 wherein the payroll expenses is criticized yet the building in question is an older structure and a high cost of upkeep is inherent.

Paragraph No. 4 criticized the costs of attorneys fees yet the regulations are so burdensome in their execution and so complex in their interpretation as is evidenced by the enclosed letter that obviously the work done by our attorneys in relation to our petitions was essential.

The problems attached to rent control inherent in the acts are but a fraction of the real problem facing the managers of property. The largest part of the burden is imposed by the ridiculous, bureaucratic and despotic administration of the act.

For the reasons set forth, we respectively request the City Council not to again impose this burden upon the owners of real property in the City of Seattle.

Respectfully yours,

REALTY MANAGEMENT, ILC.

F. M. Melsom

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THE HARVEY APARTMENTS

2615 EAST CHERRY ST. SEATTLE 22, WASH.

April 16, 1952

Honorable Members City Council Seattle, Wn.

Dear Council Members:

Controls in any form, are a menace to the American Way of Life, they are despotic in character, creating discord and class hatred, they stifle private enterprise and dull our initiative, they are the political footballs of Government Bureaucracy.

Rent control was instituted because of a housing shortage. No housing shortage exists at this time. A total of 29 vacancies for the year 1951 out of 18 apartments available, indicates no apparent shortage. (Average rent \$39.00)

Controls are fine, as long as you are not the one being controlled. Now that everybody has had their fill of controls because they themselves are being controlled, lets do away with rent control and all other controls which interfere with the American Way of Life.

Yours truly

Fred Pohsl, Mgr.

Harvey Apts. 2615 E. Cherry St.

Seattle 22, Wn.

Seattle, Wash Aug. 23, 1953

Gity Council of Seattle County-City Bldg Seattle

Honorable Ladies and Gentlemen:

Re. Rent Control

Control of rent has worked a hardship for my husband and me. It will do so again if continued along such inflexible lines as we met under the present set-up. For several years we rented our house in Ravenna district

We live in it now, but expect to leave it again, this Fall. If we can get a fair rent rate similar to like places near us, we would be glad to keep the place for income. But we were victims of some inflexible rules or inconsiderate people in rent control authority, and never have had a reasonable rent from the place.

Even with increases due sice we took it over for our home and with further increases due from several improvements that we have put here, under mehods used now, we would not be entitled to a fair rate.

The thing that kept our rent low was a lack of consideration of circumstances pertaining to this house alone. We had to accept \$12.50 less permonth than houses across the street that had two less bedrooms, no garage Wurnishings and even no outside entrance to their basement. We had all these.

The ruling against us was because we had let some tenents stay on in our place without raise in rent whem others raised. But we did not want to put them out until they could find a place that they could afford. In time they moved in with another family and then we got a fair rent.

But rent control came along and the roll back time taken for freeze took us back to the lower rent. Our plea for consideration was not heeded.

Our ideas are that control may be needed, but nobody should be victime ized as we have been.

Yours truly Stahr Ruth & Stahr Mrs Rudolf Stahr

1 3

Seattle Wush. april 14 1952

Dear Council members:

Rent control in Seattle

has served its purpose, many houses and apartments are raeant. War time housing is being torn down.

In other cities, when the rent controls have been removed, the rent situation is much improved.

nentiel for more than the rent ceilings, which is

not good. With only one or two appraisers

for this whole district, they don't see the property, ale. amount of furniture, quality or location. Then how can they say, what rent we should get? all they know is the number of norms.

my rents are 47.50 with garage, 54.50 my rents are 47.50 with garage, 54.50 my rents are 47.50 with garage, 54.50 and 47.500, waterfront take washington with an autidoor livingroom, patio, freeplace, boatring, surming and an autidoor livingroom, patio, freeplace, boatring, surming and fishing also dock. 2-3 Room, four room, 41/2 room.

fishing also dock. 2-3 Room, four room, 41/2 room.

g had one roesney last acquest.

yours truly, mrs. maeleline Clark. Dear Council Members:

As we are sure that you believe in fair treatment for all citizens and taxpayers and are anxious to see that Seattle maintains its good name as a homeowner's city and an excellent place to raise children, we are taking the liberty of asking your help to try to correct a very confusing situation brought about by the present Federal Rent Control Office.

My wife and I have worked for many years to save enough money to make a down payment on a four-unit apartment house, which we have been living in for the past three years. We had hoped that some day we would be able to actually own it without encumbrances and derive a little income during our retirement, instead of asking the city and state to support us.

Instead, during the past three years we have had to make up a loss in operating costs out of our own monthly salaries to keep from losing our investment in it, simply because of rent control. It actually costs us twice as much to live in the accommodations as it does for any of our tenants. We try to make the building very clean and comfortable for all, have had no vacancies, but have a waiting list of people who would be glad to sell their homes to move in. In fact, two of the three present tenants did sell their homes, because it cost them less to pay the monthly apartment rent; but under the rent controls, we, as owners, have to make up the difference.

Our four units are exactly alike in size, accommodations, electric ranges, refrigeration, garages and lockers in the basement. but the unit that we occupy ourselves was frozen at \$14.50 more per month than exactly the same type of unit across the hall. There are two units to each floor. All units, though exactly alike, have a different ceiling rental, with ours the highest by far because we occupy it as the owners. We can get no adjustment from the Rent Control Office because they once allowed us a small loss-in-operation adjustment that took care of only a small part of the actual cost, and the operating costs are rising constantly.

In the interests of fair play, we feel that you can and should do everything in your power to correct this impossible and confusing situation, as representatives of all the good citizens and the small apartment, owners of Seattle, by voting to decontrol these rental units as soon as possible, before the mortgage holders take over the property.

Mery truly yours.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Frankel 337 - 18th Avenue No.

Seattle 2, Washington

Seattle Wash Aug 24 1952 David Levine City Council Dear Sir: We Certainly don't need rent control any France. I guess you have notteed where ever jon go you see signs apt for (Irent) I Know one party in Phinny dis and blk off mani It which I was Vacant over one you (Ithas just been rented and they advertised too, new was \$36,50 per mo. my sister has a place 7515 Ducen wood one blk from this other place and she has had I vacancysta mo. Shes says shes going to take down sigh looks bad up all the time. I used to have seven house Keeping rooms on Colif. one in West seattle across show. (5°016 Colf) always had one or

two Vacanties, rente na going from 23,50 to \$50 for two So hand to run under O. P.A. rules. my worst beef was more single people wanted to rent them, and wouldn't rent them to one for the rent was frozen so low for one I couldn't afford to run it. The people would ask what the rent was for 2 and I would tell them. and they would say I don't mind paying that, Then I would explain them I just louldn't do that the O. P. A. wouldn't allow it. Then I would have to explain that the laws could give permission D.C. and they could give per mission here : Some would get real mad. I had had it & 3 yn . I found I was so hand to now under control, so I sold it. But I still feal sorry for the poor landlord and I know what a naw deal he

The workers kick about paying a little more rent. But I see by the papers Phlip mury wages Have gone up from \$25, boo per you Sto \$40,000 lather afficer alike which comes out of he worken pocket That a naise of 60 per cent all at one time. Wouldn't they rai an aufull stink if land lords daked for half that amount Why in slowe part of the people and the rest goes free End they call this file enterprise. some thing drive and to and skurte of Renton a Vacanty's to the left of your your handly see any occupied. I was a week ago. Mrs Q S. Hintman



County City Building Seattle 4 Hakhington

Councilmen Sound Louine
Seattle 4 hazdington
War loundmon Shown to red this
Please to what spicteen to red this
city of Rent Control. The Resident Cont
deftate to below mouth with helieve the
statistics the regress tative from Baing made
the tritor ship from lobor can be too drong.
Constitution grass us freedom of enterprize; Control
encourage Dict torships Luxury and older
buildings are fugging accupancy. Look of
your add and compare weith to years ago,

ud Coulee Wash Near Members of the Courie Moses Lake has decided against Bent control. This doesn't make sence. They are renting a 1 Bm shack for 25 per West. all Motels have permanents who are paying 5 to 100 per Nete & Cannot find angehing else. I have had 6 changes in tenents in the last few months so its must be getting Very Competition These terents that are moving

NOTICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTI

here since the 30 and have here since the 30 and have these apt that Were Grogen at these former when the 25th then complened when the OPA. deceded in their favor. Seattle is credited that highest cost of hising the highest wages. Why should they fit rents our depression levels.

They half your Man Junes.

Wear council members afort which was the owner man apartment for years when I hired a Union Thire rule is We cannot charge over 35 of per month Their apt. Offore these managers signed up came my former money Jurished The Union Managers that a smaller aget so when the orps Vacated I was told it was a desortrol as it was never frozen I redecontated put The in the Kitchen & funished the apt rented it for 70 the Several years later I received notice from the & I was charged for ellegal rent I then learned when I signe With the Union I signed a Juge on the git for a rest agreement with the Knien I was told I must pay type rent on what I collected + my aget for only 350 per mo in spite of the recepts I can the Where I had hear getting for years. They will not do anything about it as it is now I get 35 for 3 Bm furnished on the first floor when Your getting 65 by & climb 3 flights of stairs for the same thing I Would ishe to get my fulling tock

Operate it fairly With all tenents as Jan accustomical of running a Fusiness Valso have a 2 Bm furnished tenents complaine? I they are gettigit for 1934 prices & Cannot raise it. another got garage unt free Wick his apt. The rent charges are so wayted With QPA interference. Id like full control over & get these rents adjusted so they will be fair to all of us instead of a lucky unoppreciativis few. Mario Seines

afaril 18. 1952

Dear Council Members,

licen on a long time and should be taken of I have 14. 3 room opts with private Bathr and a 5 room opts with private Bathr and a 5 room their property since June 3. 1932.

Joseph year we had seren changes in occupancy. It is expensive to fix up up un apt. and a lot of work. Cur rentels are from \$2.3125 to \$5. 40 50 We don't get enough Money out of the Investment to make repairs and Improvement without borrowing.

Wes. Sanderberg. 1802-12. Are

Jauret _ de-control Dentlemen: as a tenant of an OPO. controlled building, I am in favor of de-contral - why. because of the added (badly needld) needed decorating etc. (which) would take place in see beeithing if the landlorde were given a fair return on their investment at the present time we occupy a pleasant four room apartment (unfurnished) un a hick Ludding just four blocks mants of the Bon Marche for 37,50 a month There are eightien other units in the building none I believe renting much more than ones, & some of them less, In sides to operate without heing in The red - a comple of apartments

1

to some metally that converted into sleeping lawers the class of the the building. He would the awners are desurance of so converting Then book to aparlmed as soon as searcanically provide - ene as tenants are very eager to see The done He appears to pay a higher rental along with athers en the building hus nothing come of and request. Incidentally even with such law rentals their hour been vacanice (naturally not for long) her throughout the was years There was no tues ones indicating an acute shortage - this apparently is not true at this time as Tenanto have left to move ento more lux mesers questers. If sent was do controlled it is over seneral belief that over laudlord would not ast an unreamable rental. Certainly 37,50 is not enough for our apartonion.

308 Bee St. J. Me & Mis. G.M. Kyle

Seattle City Council County-City Eldg.. Scriple, Sesb.

Re: Opposition to Resolution for Local Continuous of Rent Control

There are over eight million owners and operators of small independent rental proporties in the United States. All of these people represent the highest type of American citizenship. All of them pay real estate taxes. They have sacrificed more for the melfare of their country during the last 11 years than any other class of our citizens. This others have been making fair profits, their returns have been limited, almost to the vanishing point. Their own individual labor has gone into their business of service to their tenants. There are many kinds of business rendering various kinds of service to people. There provide food, others service through transportation, others tirough entertainment, and others various other things and requirements. To other service business has been treated so unjustly as those rendering housing service to tenants.

Under the old femiel system of land tenure prevelent in England centuries ago, wast demains were deeded by the Fing to his overloads, and they, in turn, to their loads of the land, or load of the monor. People on these tracts of land were called serie and they went with the land. Decause of the practices of those days, the term "landload" acquired an uply and sinister meaning which has been bended down from that day to the present and this projudice has been wronoffully stirred up against those who merely bear the legal name of "landload".

The landlord of today is usually a man who, by hard work and thrift, has seved a sufficient amount of money to make a down payment on a piece of income property. A bank or moretgage company usually owns the larger equity in the property and he is nothing more than a "glorified janitor", who works hard, for a small return on his investment and on his labor, rendering service to his tenants. He received no medals for his secrifices in the war and no commendations, except from individual tenants who appreciate the comforts and quiet enjoyment to them of the service he has rendered. He is a man who not only has received a small return but who has sent his own sons to war, and be may be a disabled veteran who has been to war himself. Or the landlord may be a cidow who has placed the community returns of a lifetime into one of these small multiple rental units in order to bring up her family or keep off the welfare rells.

In these days of huge monopolies of shrost everything, it is refreshing to find eight million independent businesses exerating in the old-fashioned American way. Such small independent operation should be encouraged. They have sought no subsidy from the government, as many other businesses have done. They have berne their losses close. All they now ask is the right to own and operate their own property, from from bureoveratic controls. Perhaps this very fact of individuality is the meabness that has caused them to fall proy to the organized minorities and to the unfair and unjust confiscation of the control of their properties and of the usual returns awarded those in free enterprise and in comortitive business.

It must be considered that such control in normal times is absolutely unconstitutional and that private projectly cannot be taken for private use et all, nor can it be taken for sublic use except upon payment of just coopensation. For large the been over for

SALES OF

seven years. Most all other controls were relinquished, but rent control has remained with us for 11 long years. The west trust has to led the accordance of maintenance of coffee was more than doubled over note. Our transit system fares have doubled. The cost to the languard of maintenance and labor have doubled. All around him, the free enterprise system has prevailed, but he has had to carry on, paying all these prices, under the heel of rent control. (See American Logion magazine for September, 1952, page 20, "Is Our Constitution Doomed?)

The Question at Hand

The simple question to be decided is, - Should the owners and operators of a small percentage of rental units which have borne the burden of rent controls over a period of some 11 years, be compelled to continue under that burden, in spite of the fact that the Congress of the United States has freed them? This simple question can be decided by the consideration of a few indisputable facts.

- 1. All new housing built after 1947, all apartment hotels, such as the Exeter, Camlin and Cornelius, all motels, all conversions and all luxury apartments are not under rent control. They represent more than one-helf of all the rental properties in Teattle. Therefore, a majority of income properties have already been decontrolled and it is an unfair discrimination against a few remaining properties, to impose controls upon them. There are no controls on hotels or hotel rentals. There never has been any control on office or commercial buildings. The only ones controlled are the small operators, the little fellows, the vidows and those who have a small investment in income units, usually averaging less than 9 units each.
- 2. The policy of our Federal Congress has been stated several times in rent control laws, over a period of years. As stated in Chapter 163, Public Law 129, being the Housing Act of 1947, Title 2, Section 201.

Section 201;
"(a) - The Congress resifirms the declaration in the Price Control Extension Act of 1946, that unnecessary or unduly prolonged controls over rents would be inconsistent with the return to a peacetime economy and would tend to prevent the attainment of goals therein declared.

(b) - The Congress, therefore, declares that it is its purpose to terminate at the earliest practicable date all federal restrictions on rents of housing accommodations.

In accordance with the above policy, the Congress has declared that rent controls come to an end on September 30, 1952. Seattle is not a critical defense housing area. If it is, it can only be so declared by the federal government. This entire law has been a federal matter, not a state law nor a local law. There is no good reason for the City Council to keep rent controls on the City of Seattle alone, and there is every good reason why the federal law should be allowed to take its own course. There are no rent controls in Tacoma, Spokane, Fortland or Los Angeles and as a result there is no shortage of units for rental. To impose rent control here, would be to handleap these businesses of this city and cause them undue hardship in the face of high prices for everything to all the rest of the nation. Local taxes have been raised trerendously in the last year. According to the report of the Fing County Bent Advisory Board there is a percentage of vacancy in this city, which

of course means that there is me cortage, regardless of whether that percentage of vacancy is large or small. The City of Seattle has not imposed any price controls at all and it is no time to begin during this period of high wages and employment.

- 3. A great hue and cry is set up by the leaders of a few organizations, seeking a policy that they themselves are not following. Many war workers for example, have some here during a period of high employment. Both the husband and wife are employed at high wages. They do not occupy the choice rental controlled property. They live in 6.8 type 'ouring at quite high prices. Those who have held rent controlled housing, have been in these apartments for many years. They do not intend to give them up until rent controls end. Hundreds of these properties, ranging from 4 to 6 rooms, are occupied by one person alone because of rent controls. The Disabled American veterans, (if which I am a life member), have received several cost of living Increases in their compensation, which has doubled since the var. Most of them are working at good wages, some of them on civil service jobs under preference ratings. Some of them are in business for themselves. They profess to believe in the American free enterprise system, and they do not wish to receive any benefit at the expense of any other individual.
- 4. There is no reason for lining up one class of citizen against another. There is no reason for saying to the landlord and tenant, "Lets you and him fight". Many tenants are themselves landlords. Most of them run businesses. They expect the landlord to receive a fair return on his investment and on his labor. Often the tenant is for better off than the landlord. But there is one thing upon which both the landlord and tenant agree. The landlord does not want the tenant is have to lower his standard of living below that to which Americans are entitled. We live in a great prosperous country where over sixty million of our nearle are employed and entitled to the good things of life. It is unfair to the tenant and that he should be required to enter his apartment through dingy unlighted halls, where the rugs have been worn through, or patched over, to an apartment that has not been renovated for years, and cook on a stove that is over 20 years old. The tenants are entitled to all the good modern facilities. Under rent control they must renovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasteful. They would violate the law if they pay the landlord more money to provide them with better facilities and the landlord violates the law if he receives payment for any other facilities, without the consent of the O.P.A., which if pllowed, is generally inadequate for the purpose. In other words, where housing is limited to some extent, as it is, tenants should be allowed to make arrangements for the things to which they are entitled, to raise their standard of living.
- 5. The owners and operators of rental properties are also entitled to a fair return on their investment and a fair return for their labor. They are entitled to keep their properties up in a good condition of repair and to prevent depreciation and also to provide for emergency expenditures, such as for a new furnace, a new roof, new carpeting, new stoves in the kitchens, new devenport sets, etc.
- 6. But most of all, the owners of zental properties should be restored to the American right of ownership of their own property,

free from bureaucratic control. The rental prices and the rent control feature of the law is only one item. The U.S.News and world Report of August 15th, 1952, page 7, published by David Lavrence, states:

"Apartment rents are as likely to decline as to rise. Concessions often can be had now".

what the landlord desires is the right to manage and operate his property in a business-like way, according to his own methods and based on his own experiences and for the benefit of both himself and his tenants, even though it should result in less returns. It would be wrong and unjust to impose rent controls on a small percentage of our citizens especially when a majority in the rental business are from Control:

Respectfully submitted,

Mingle H. PHINT



Russell Jones

. FIRE

e AUTO

· CASUALTY

. FIDELITY & SURETY

220 BROADWAY NO. CAPITOL 8100 SEATTLE 2

REAL ESTATE

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

· CONTRACT COLLECTIONS

· APPRAISALS

August 22, 1952

Mr. Clarence F. Massart City Councilman County City Building Seattle, Washington

Dear Sir:

As you know for the past ten years I have been very close to the entire housing picture, including the control of properites by those other than the rightful owners. For some time I have been firmly convinced that the Government, through it's congress, should take steps to return the rental properties to the people who own them. Under prolonged controls all the people have suffered because of one ridiculous decision after another on the part of Federal Government Officials in charge of this political war-time baby.

For the past twelve to eighteen months our office has had available, rental housing at fair prices, at all times. Manytimes we have had twelve to fifteen units available from the very inexpensive apartments and up. As a Real Estate Broker, I have had an opport mity to watch at first hand, the change during this period among the renters, and I find that renters today are shoppers and are actually shopping for better rentals in so far as a rental market is concerned. This, of corse, is as it should be and we all know that America. can do a better job without the strangulation of needless Government controls.

If you find time and would care to, I would e only to glad to discuss any phases of this problem with you. I again urge you to do all in your power to defeat any at ampt to breath life in to this dying political war-time baby. We can all do our part today in helping to stop this drift towards socialism.

Yours Zruly,

YOUR PROTECTION IS OUR PROFESSION

JOHN PECK REALTY CO.

AGENT 5906 PHINNEY AVENUE PHONE: DE 1775

SEATTLE 3. WASHINGTON Aug. 22, 1952.

Mr. Clarence Massart, Councilman, County-City Bld'g., Seattle, Wash.

Dear Friend Clarence :

I remain,

I am opposed to Rent Control.

Some of the reasons are:

An owner can't control his property as long as tenant pays the rent.

The Government workers in the Rent Control Office area bunch of drones.

We are paying taxes to support them.

They are taking away our daily bread.

Most of the tenants could buy a home if they so chose.

There are over 7% vacancies in Seattle at the present time.

If rents are decontrolled, supply will take cars of demand.

Let us get Real Estate out of Government Control.

Look what it is doing in France and England.

I don't like so much red teps in business, neither do you.

We also must guard off Public Housing.

A home owner is a good taxpayer, but a tenant isn't.

Let us be Americans and do things in the American way!

Thanking you for being our honest representative,

Your friend, John Seck





Mr. C. F. Massarl, Councilman City of Seattle Seattle 4, Washington

Dear Mr. Massartt

I am writing to urge that Rent Control be allowed to expire on September 30th.

The continuance of control has without doubt, in my opinion, been to a great extent responsible for the tightness of the home rental market. It has forced the sale of houses that would otherwise have been rented, not only because of the fact that rents have been held down, but also because of the extreme difficulty, under control, to negotiate a rent or even to find out what the "legal" maximum rent would be.

Experience in cities which have been decontrolled has proved the desirability of getting rid of rent control. In some instances, such as Tacoma, the result has been a very competitive rental market. Rents there are very "soft" and there are numerous vacancies available at practically all rental rates.

It is also my firm conviction that there will be no material increase in rents here if rents are decontrolled.

I hope you will support the program to allow rent control to end on September 30th.

Sincerely yours,

Kenneth J. Morford 1226 - 39th North 813 West 59th Street Seettle 7, Washington August 23rd, 1952

Mrs. F.F. Powell Seattle City Council Saattle Washington

Deer Mrs. Powell:

It is my opinion that if rents are decontrolled in the City of Seattle, the entire State Republican ticket will go down to defeat in November.

Sincerely,

Carl Viking Holman

Republican candidate for United States Senator

Lusling Real Estate 812 Vance Building Seattle 1, Washington August 23, 1952

City Council of Seattle County City Building Seattle, Washington

Re: Rent Control

Gentlemen:

On Wednesday, August 20th, 1952, KING TV Special Events Program presented a debate on Elimination of Rent Control. During this debate Mr. Gibson quoted a "Salesman Wanted Ad" of mine where he completely misconstrued the intent of that ad. I said I believe that there would be an increased activity in the apartmenthouse market with the elimintaion of rent control. I still believe so, but that activity will not be due to increased rents, but due to relief from governmental red tape and regulations.

I repeat, I do not believe that there will be an overall increase in rents. There will be adjustments made, thats true. But there will be decreases as well as increases due basically to the inequities of the rent control law itself.

As a sales broker of small apartmenthouses, I find that over 20% of my listings are now charging under maximum allowable rents. That vacancies not only exist but are becoming an increasingly alarming problem. Rents can not increase, the law of supply and demand will not let them.

Trusting that this will help clarify my position, I remain

Sincerely yours,

Rusty Rosling Rosling Real Estave

Copy to:

Apartment Operators Assn. c/o Donald Haas Olympic National Building Seattle, Washington

Seattle, Wash. Sportment Operators Assn. Olympic - National Blog Seattle 4, Washington Att: Mr. Donald Haas Gentlemen: Enclosed is a Clipping taken from the Sunday P. D., dated May 23 rd presume of that it has been called to your attention. If not, please read and piers on to the city Council I believe he is rowing the agains of many leattle citizens. Very truly yours, Peter O. Mandt Ruth L. Mandt

May 24, 1952

Mea For End Of Rent Co

A present property have had very little to say concerning the operation of their property. The federal government has dictated the terms under which these people must operate.

A rental property owner cannot set the rental price on any unit in his building. He cannot evict an undesirable tenant example that the tenant agrees.

Owners and renters allke state that the inequalities in rental rates, as set up and controlled by the federal government, are unexplainable and unjustifiable.

We the taxpayers, must pay for a polleding program which was thrust upon property owners under the guise of a wartime need.

To it into time that the management of property be placed back into the hands of the owners? Is it necessary for owners of subsidize rent for the tenant in this subsidy; the rest of us pay for the rent control program that surely as sufficient must be rejected by those of using must be referred to rent undesirable or ontrolled housing. They are controlled housing.

to nobly expounded by the writers of our Constitution nearly two centuries ago.

We want to teach democracy and instill in the hearts of our youth the dangers involved in the types of government that usurp the rights of the individual.

HOWARD M. BUCK, 617-3d Ave. W. Scattle Public School Teacher

From the Past Intelligences -May 25, 1952

NOTICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTICE

agartment agerators as. 1159 Elympic Mat, Blds. Dear Mr. Haas: Since I will not be able to attend the meeting on the 10 th, I am sending this statement which ofou may read of the meeting. Have been lucky to keep my aptints feel. but had to cut the Rent in the 3 single rooms, enlarge one astrat. and reglace the hed and Refrigerator, put a new Rug, dresser + mirror in another one replace the hall Rus, buy a new washer all of which runs into quiet a sum of money. We certainly feel that Rent Control should be abolished especially since Federal Control is out. We simply cannot afford to improve the place if we have keep renting at the present prices, in fact it is a poor living. Sincerly four of Wolf.

1114 West Ray Street Seattle 99, Washington August 22, 1952

Seattle City Council County-City Building Seattle, Washington

Dear Sirs:

I am interested in rent control. I have studied it and met and talked with many people about it. They all agree, both tenant and landlord, that in its present setup rent control is very unfair.

About a year ago my daughter and her family came here from California to settle. They are paying \$95.00 for a 5-room house on the north side of Queen Anne Hill. The owner refused to do any work on it and they had to fix it up themselves.

I have another place in mind. It is a 10-apartment, frame building on a very busy highway, poorly located. They get \$60.00 for a two-room apartment.

Now, I know of another building--a modern, brick building, located in the University district. They rent for \$40.00 to \$56.00 for two and four-room apartments.

Does rent control mean anything if half the city is under rent control and half getting all they can out of the people-some paying extremely low rents and the others paying extremely high rents? Now, I want to suggest a fair and better way.

I believe we have a good city council. Why can't they appoint a group of men to represent both landlord and tenant and have all unfair cases come to them for adjustment? I am sure it would be a big improvement over the way it is at present.

1 hope this meets your approval and something will be done about it.

Respectfully yours,

J. D. Silver

A. H. Silver

--- H. STIVEI

AH5:lw

members of the City Council.

The rental petters has changed Today there are many changes in eccupants. We, the Culver, who "never have a bacaucy" in the part had had six in less than one year - Several have bought homes Jane is the long lest of prospecting tenents to be ruced for the hest excited to one's Luisding. Noch one relievan friends, agancies and ado in the Japens to fiel bresseen These arenot the only change Totage pracheets are chapper. Even of they ment have housing they look at several places before making a decision. most of theme, though, are tired of living in present place and simply want a change. We have an eleven eent breek puiceing an queen anne. It is weel kept. all are 3/2 hoben went, each aroon a eorner. (Hardwood and tile.) \$ 52.50 The confurmation for 41.50-44.604 4.7.50 het seid ourselad of something not needed. Bent Couttal.

have another value we are to leached and another value of the band are best freing her band are best two chieferan.

adopt two chieferan.

That will give us seven a year.

Lits let the old Supply and a few form of the self supply again.

I prove the grand control things again.

I feetle 99, loadington.

afril 8th 1952.

Council Chambers Deaule Wash. To whom il - Snay Concern. I trust this will appeal to your good judgment. I do wish we contact have decontrol in Seaule. as stated September 30/952. We really have suffered greatly under the past-years of Federal Rent Control in our City. Frank satisfied with my scuto in my haise, building, mast-could have the 20% taise, which I have not applied for I do feel we should have the privilege and freedome. of running our buildings ina busines like manner, free from wrong, to be reported, and called on the carpet, or fend. Tell try and please our lenants. Brencerele - Shenff Owner of Montanila aplo

CITY REAL ESTATE INGURANCE RENTALS APPRAISALS

JOHN J. ELLIOTT CO.

REALTORS

3615 EAST 45TH STREET
"ON THE WAY TO LAURELHURST"
SEATTLE, 5, WASH.

MEMBER NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REAL ESTATE BOARDS SEATTLE REAL ESTATE BOARD

PHONE KENWOOD 1944

August 22, 1952

Honorable City Council County City Building Seattle Weshington

Gentlemen:

Re: Hearing to be held on Rent Control

For your information about three weeks ago we advertised for a house to rent for a family here from San Francisco. We had eleven answers and had no difficulty in getting a place for them.

Very truly yours,

John J. Elliott

Huffellier

gp/JJE

I AM IN FAVOR OF DE-CONTROL FOR SEATTLLE

Mr. Kenry Laney 3319 16 35 Mrs a. M. Paterson.

ICE: IF THE DOCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOTICE IT IS DUE TO THE QUALITY OF THE DOCUMENT.

City Conneil members

Gentle men:

It has come to our attention that you are currently investigating sent controls in this area sent since we are average "senters" you might be interested in our personal vives on the subject.

Bent controls were primarily devised to protect the public from ridiculous high rents during the last was when showing was a problem in Ceclinic

NOTICE: IF THE COCUMENT IN THIS FRAME IS LESS CLEAR THAN THIS NOT IT IS DUE TO THE OHALITY OF THE DOCUMENT.

lower rental grayses is becoming more & more plentiful here in Seattle we feel that the right to determine prices should revert to the principle of supply & demand has had the opportunity to work, prices well level of. This, I'm sure; will lawer some reat & raise others in

controls are lither unyair or inadequate. The da feel however, that controls should be continued in locations where housing is still critical, such as new army & Navy bases. But here in Seattle things are much better and this need for rent controls is past.

Sincèrely, Mr. and Mrs J. J. Melvay 115! - 19 th 70. I ginal

Seattle City Cor County-City Bldg. Seattle, Wash.

Re Opposition to Read tion for Local lontinuate of Read Control

There are over aght million owners and operators of small independent rental properties in the United States. All of these people represent the highest type of American citizenship. All of them pay real estate taxes. They have sacrificed more for the welfare or their country during the last II years than any other class of our citizens. While others have been making fair profits, their returns have been limited, almost to the vanishing point. Their own individual labor has gone into their business of service to their tenants. There are many kinds of business rendering various kinds of service to people. Some provide food, others service through transportation, others through entertainment, and others various other things and requirements. No other service business has been treated so unjustly as those rendering housing service to tenants.

Under the old feudal system of land tenure prevelant in England centuries ago, vast domains were deeded by the King to his overlords, and they, in turn, to their lords of the land, or lord of the manor. People on these tracts of land were called serfs and they went with the land. Because of the practices of those days, the term "landlord" acquired an ugly and sinister meaning which has been handed down from that day to the present and this prejudice has been wrongfully stirred up against those who merely bear the legal name of "landlord".

The landlord of today is usually a man who, by hard work and thrift, has saved a sufficient amount of money to make a down payment on a piece of income property. A bank or mortgage company usually owns the larger equity in the property and he is nothing more than a "glorified janitor", who works hard, for a small return on his investment and on his labor, rendering service to his tenants. He received no medals for his sacrifices in the war and no commendations, except from individual tenants who appreciate the comforts and quiet enjoyment to them of the service he has rendered. He is a man who not only has received a small return but who has sent his own sons to war, and he may be a disabled veteran who has been to war himself. Or the landlord may be a widow who has placed the community returns of a lifetime into one of these small multiple rental units in order to bring up her family or keep off the welfare rolls.

In these days of huge monopolies of almost everything, it is refreshing to find eight million independent businesses operating in the old-fashioned American way. Such small independent operation should be encouraged. They have sought no subsidy from the government, as many other businesses have done. They have borne their losses alone. All they now ask is the right to own and operate their own property, free from bureaucratic controls. Perhaps this very fact of individuality is the weakness that has caused them to fall prey to the organized minorities and to the unfair and unjust confiscation of the control of their properties and of the usual returns awarded those in free enterprise and in competitive business.

It must be considered that such control in normal times is absolutely unconstitutional and that private property cannot be taken for private use at all, nor can it be taken for public use except upon payment of just compensation. World war 2 has been over for

seven years. Most all other controls were relinquished, but rent control has remained with us for 11 long years. The meat trust has tripled the cost of meat. The price of coffee was more than doubled over night. Our transit system fares have doubled. The cost to the landlord of maintenance and labor have doubled. All around him, the free enterprise system has prevailed, but he has had to carry on, paying all these prices, under the heel of rent control. (See American Legion magazine for September, 1952, page 20, "Is Our Constitution Doomed?)

The Question at Hand

The simple question to be decided is, - Should the owners and operators of a small percentage of rental units which have borne the burden of rent controls over a period of some 11 years, be compelled to continue under that burden, in spite of the fact that the Congress of the United States has freed them? This simple question can be decided by the consideration of a few indisputable facts.

- l. All new housing built after 1947, all apartment hotels, such as the Exeter, Camlin and Cornelius, all motels, all conversions and all luxury apartments are not under rent control. They represent more than one-half of all the rental properties in Seattle. Therefore, a majority of income properties have already been decontrolled and it is an unfair discrimination against a few remaining properties, to impose controls upon them. There are no controls on hotels or hotel rentals. There never has been any control on office or commercial buildings. The only ones controlled are the small bperators, the little fellows, the widows and those who have a small investment in income units, usually averaging less than 9 units each.
- 2. The policy of our Federal Congress has been stated several times in rent control laws, over a period of years. As stated in Chapter 163, Public Law 129, being the Housing Act of 1947, Title 2, Section 201.

Section 201,

"(a) - The Congress reaffirms the declaration in the Price
Control Extension Act of 1946, that unnecessary or unduly
prolonged controls over rents would be inconsistent with
the return to a peacetime economy and would tend to prevent
the attainment of goals therein declared.

(b) - The Congress, therefore, declares that it is its purpose to terminate at the earliest practicable date all federal restrictions on rents of housing accommodations."

In accordance with the above policy, the Congress has declared that rent controls come to an end on September 30, 1952. Seattle is not a critical defense housing area. If it is, it can only be so declared by the federal government. This entire law has been a federal matter, not a state law nor a local law. There is no good reason for the City Council to keep rent controls on the City of Seattle alone, and there is every good reason why the federal law should be allowed to take its own course. There are no rent controls in Tacoma, Spokane, Portland or Los Angeles and as a result there is no shortage of units for rental. To impose rent control here, would be to handicap these businesses of this city and cause them undue hardship in the face of high prices for everything to all the rest of the nation. Local taxes have been raised tremendously in the last year. According to the report of the King County Rent Advisory Board there is a percentage of vacancy in this city, which

of course means that there is no shortage, regardless of whether that percentage of vacancy is large or small. The City of Seattle has not imposed any price controls at all and it is no time to begin during this period of high wages and employment.

- 3. A great hue and cry is set up by the leaders of a few organizations, seeking a policy that they themselves are not following. Many war workers for example, have come here during a period of high employment. Both the husband and wafe are employed at high wages. They do not occupy the choice rental controlled property. They live in 608 type housing, at quite high prices. Those who have held rent controlled housing, have been in these apartments for many years. They do not intend to give them up until rent controls end. Hundreds of these properties, ranging from 4 to 6 rooms, are occupied by one person alone because of rent controls. The Disabled American veterans, (of which I am a life member), have received several cost of living increases in their compensation, which has doubled since the war. Most of them are working at good wages, some of them on civil service jobs under preference ratings. Some of them are in business for themselves. They profess to believe in the American free enterprise system, and they do not wish to receive any benefit at the expense of any other individual.
- 4. There is no reason for lining up one class of citizen against another. There is no reason for saying to the landlord and tenant, "Lets you and him fight". Many tenants are themselves landlords. Most of them run businesses. They expect the landlord to receive a fair return on his investment and on his labor. Often the tenant is far better off than the landlord. But there is one thing upon which both the landlord and tenant agree. The landlord does not want the tenant to have to lower his standard of living below that to which Americans are entitled. We live in a great prosperous country where over sixty million of our people are employed and entitled to the goodthings of life. It is unfair to the tenant and that he should be required to enter his apartment through dingy unlighted halls, where the rugs have been worn through, or patched over, to an apartment that has not been renovated for years, and cook on a stove that is over 20 years old. The tenants are entitled to all the good modern facilities. Under rent control they must renovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasteful. They would violate the law if they pay the landlord more money to provide them with better facilities and the landlord violates the law if he receives payment for any other facilities, without the consent of the O.P.A., which if allowed, is generally inadequate for the purpose. In other words, where housing is limited to some extent, as it is, tenants should be allowed to make arrangements for the things to which they are entitled, to raise their standard of living.
- 5. The owners and operators of rental properties are also entitled to a fair return on their investment and a fair return for their labor. They are entitled to keep their properties up in a good condition of repair and to prevent depreciation and also to provide for emergency expenditures, such as for a new furnace, a new roof, new carpeting, new stoves in the kitchens, new davenport sets, etc.
- 6. But most of all, the owners of rental properties should be restored to the American right of ownership of their own property,

free from bureaucratic control. The rental prices and the rent control feature of the law is only one item. The U.S.News and World Report of August 15th, 1952, page 7, published by David Lawrence, states:

"Apartment rents are as likely to decline as to rise. Concessions often can be had now".

What the landlord desires is the right to manage and operate his property in a business-like way, according to his own methods and based on his own experiences and for the benefit of both himself and his tenants, even though it should result in less returns. It would be wrong and unjust to impose rent controls on a small percentage of our citizens especially when a majority in the rental business are free from control.

Respectfully submitted,

Paul G. Hoffman, industrialist, South Bend, Ind.:
"May I suggest that we not sell short our way of life.
Enslavement weakens people—freedom gives them strength. And in the long run, it is the strength or weakness of people that dictates the course of history."

32 Ollase read carefully.

Mufatte gave consider Rant control.

City Council City of Seattle

Dear Council Members:

Through my experience in apertment operation under rent control, I finally believe that the control is no longer necessary. The so-called war time shortage of housing has long been over. Every year hundreds of thousands of new homes and other types of living quarters have been constructed and are still being built in spite of the present seeminely difficult semi-war period. At present, the housing situation has improved to a point where apartments such as ours have frequent vacancies, not one but two and three units at one time, resulting in newspaper advertising to fill such vacancies. To cite one instance of difficulty encountered in filling vacancies, we have had to wait as long as 5 weeks for a suitable tenant. Our units range in rent from \$30 to \$55.

From my experience, I feel that operating apartments under rent control has been wasteful. Each and all cases of rent adjustments, including such simple cases as installing an electric refrigerator for a unit which has never been equipped with one, require time and effort in submitting forms, waiting and at times appealing to the higher government office. A slight clerical and technical error in completing forms results in necessary resubmittal of the forms, thus resulting in further delay.

It is not difficult to perceive that the situation such as ours under rent control has developed in the minds of many tenants an idea that they have just as much say in the units they rent as the landlord. Whereas the writer does not even infer that the tenants should be extra thankful or humble to the landlord, it is the writer's opinion that they should be at least cooperative but in many cases the rent control has greatly contributed to developing an unhealthy attitude on the part of certain tenants. Certainly, this was not intended by our lawmakers. Along this line, it may be stated that rent control has inculcated, though not intentionally perhaps, in the minds of tenants a concept that they are assured of places to stay by the big brother and that they need not exercise as much care in handling furniture furnished them as they should under normal circumstances, thus resulting in unnecessary material waste. Just recently, the writer sustained a loss of approximately \$125 because of irresponsible handling of furniture by one of his tenants.

All this is bad and is definitely contrary to our system of capitalism with freedom of enterprise and competition, which, after all, made America of today and lack of which kept certain foreign powers behind and in poverty. There is no substitute for free and healthy competition.

Inasmuch as many caties comparable to Seattle insofar as housing is concerned have decontrolled rent and are getting along satisfactorily, I firmly believe that rent control should be removed in this city.

Very truly yours,

of matoni T. Matsul

From EDGAR EDVER

TO The President and Members of Seattle City Council.
SUBJECT:-OPPOSING CONTINUANCE OF FEDERAL RENT CONTROLS.

AUG 23 1952 E.

I request that your honorable body withhold action looking to the continuation of Federal rent controls beyond September 30, 1952.

As briefly as a few of many reasons may be summed up, I submit:

PWRSONAL EXPERIENCE: During a necessary absence of one year beginning time, 1946, my residence was rented, without objection, to the registration by O.P.A. local office. Nearly four months later O.P.A. notice of a reduction of the house rent to 50% of the rental agreement was received in the East.. In a protest, rental of house next door to me, and a duplicate structure, was cited to show that its rental was approximately 50% higher than assigned to me. That house was at March, 1941, freeze date. Mine had never been previously rented and represented a larger investment in ownership.

My protest was curtly rejected and appeal was made to the Regional Board in San Francisco, with the same result. The Regional Edard made reply including information in conflict with further statements from Seattle office. I made appeal to Washington, D.C. moffice, with request for investigation and equality of treatment. Reply came four months later, after return to Seattle stating that the file had been reviewed "informally", which informality it is not permit of in
Westigation and submission of any additional facts. But the Expeditor, the present Tighe Woods, said the action was approved. This

"brush off" was sent through the office of a member of The Congress. (Incidentally, an Associated Press report of August 10, 1949, told how Mr. Woods' explanation to a Senate investigating Committee why he had hurried efforts on behalf of owners of Tanforan race track to facilitate construction work that had been banned in 1947.)

Page 2. City Council. (Personal, Continued)

It had been our intention to continue rental of the home because too large for two elderly persons, but the gross rental perposited by the Rental Czars, was less than any satisfactory apartment would require, so we reoccupied the house. To keep the record straight I again took up the matter with the Seattle rental office and obtained parity with the house next door. Before doing so, however, I had investigated the supposed "comparable" accommodations used by the Seattle office. It was man found that four pieces of property used had been greatly run down in 1941; had been bought/by the owners and brought to condition suitable for occupancy. There had been absolutely no basis for use of the houses, as of 3/1/1941, as "comparables" in 1946.

This is an inadequate summary of my personal experience.

If you have further interest, I will call in person with the huige
file for review., Upon your request.

SURVEYS:-I understand surveys will be submitted concernunits ing available rental/in relation to supply. Doubtless these will be reasonably accurate concerning partment houses. It is doubtful how complete they could be made as to spparate houses without a wide survey of individual units. Per centages to be accurate cannot be ascertained by "sampling" whor without specific inquiry whether home owners would be willing to rent their buildings. Many have learned of O.P.A methods and have dismissed the thought of renting while controls exist, because of aroitrary treatment and inadequate return on investment.

#3 City Council.

UNJUSTIFIED DISCRIMINATION:

Your vote to continue rent controls would be a vote to continue the separation of real estate rentals from every other form on investment for the purpose of rank discrimination. Far less contols in some segments have been intermittent, while rentals have been on the tight gripus of a bureaucracy for eleven years. In a few words this is what has been done, as shown by U.S. Government statistical reports:

The National Income increased from \$10\$.8 Billion in 1941 to \$239 billion in 1950 (greatly increasing since 1950), about 132%.

Factory payrolls index (with 100 for 1939) were 169.9 in points in 1941 and jumped to 371.8 points in 1950, according to Federal Reserve Bank--200 points about two years ago.

Building materials, wholesale, jumped from index prices from 103 to 223 points in the same period. Important to property owners.

Labor Department index shows average consumers' price index to have have advanced from 105 in 1941 to 186 171.9 in 1950 and in September, 1951, to 186 points.

During these inflationary processes the index shows that over 1941

Rents only advanced in 1950/by \$5 points. Please note, however, the index shows only four points advance at the end of 1946. In 1947 and since there have been liberalizations, but they excluded property not rented earlier, and certain building changes, which left those of us owning homes and rented /earlier than 1947, out in the cold. But they account for much of the whole small increases, totalling 25 points, compared with other huge advances in everything the owner has to buy. Truly the home owner is the forgotten man.

#4 City Council

FOR WHOSE BENEFIT AND AT WHAT COST.

The sum and substance of the actual operations of rent controls has been heavy levy upon property owners, and the beneficiaries have in large part persons who have been working at high wages and salaries. Investment return to owners and ability to pay on the part of renters has never been considered. Seattle has been noted for its home owing. Many owners are now retired and had counted on reasonable rental of homes later in life as part of their income. What of their situation?

Another aspect is that rent control has cost many millbon dollars. The amount is suggested by the fact that in February, 1950, \$26,000,000 was asked. When cut to \$17,500,000 was declared by the office to be inadequate for the year. This has gone on 11 years.

No one seems to have made a guess how much income tax that would have been paid by property fivners kan on fair rentals has been lost by reason of rent controls. Property owners have been taxed, truly, but the coblectors have been tenants.

in Congress

Both national parties/have been promising for four or more years to end the rent controls, but have again and again put it off a few months at a time. Why not assume they mean it and end the ordeal?

From Edgar Royer. 5224 15th Avenue, Northeast. Seattle 5, Mish. Edger Kayer

3232 - hoth S. W. Scattle 6, Sighington Tugust 23, 1952

Honorable Councilman Clarence Massart Scattle City Council County Gity Building Scattle 4, Washington

Dear Sir:

YOU HAVE THE OFFICETURITY TO VOTE FOR LIBERTY AND FREE ENTERFRISE. Our forefathers gave up their lives fighting for liberty and freedom. Opportunity, liberty and free enterprise are the fundamentals that inspired American citizens to develop America into the greatest nation in the world.

THE RUSSIAN COMMUNISTS CAN FORCE AMERICA to maintain the present system of government controls, they have won a tremendous victory. They will have saddled us with a system of socialism which over the period of years would be certain death to the original American way of life. Therefore we should do all possible to eliminate unecessary controls.

THE REST INCREASES INFERRED by Mr. Paul Coughlin on T.V. were very misleading and did not indicate all of the facts. The publicised rent increases of 15% in 1950 and the 10% in 1951 were allowable providing the totals of all rent increases granted DID NOT EXCEED 25% increase over the 1941 rent ceilings. The 1950 and 1951 publicised increases allowed me a total of \$.56 per month on a \$51.00 per month apartment.

THE AVERAGE SALARY OF ALL GRADES OF SHOP EMPLOYEES AT BOEING in the Seattle area is at least 19% of the 19h1 salaries and this does not include the raise in July 1952 or fringe benefits such as additional paid vacation, paid sick leave, paid insurance premiums etc. It is my opinion that if an accurate survey was made it would indicate that a large majority of the Boeing employees are home owners, and are therefore not directly affected by rent control.

T REGRET TO THINK THAT MY CHILDREN ARE GOING TO BE SHACKLED with taxes tomorrow because of generous spending today by representatives of the American people duly elected to manage our democratic government. \$30,000,000 a year which is being spent to operate rent control in the United States is a good place to start reducing y ur and my taxes.

THE THE LARGE HUMBER OF VACANCIES IN SEATTLE today rent control is no longer needed. The present rent centrol is only on the housing below \$80 a month or built before June 1947, which is unfair and discriminatory. Controls were lifted from Apt. Hotels, Hotels, and Auto Courts years ago. The Seattle Housing Authority Apparently believed that there was no housing shortage because they have authorized the elimination of large numbers of war housing units.

I AM TRUSTING THAT YOU will make your decision based on your knowledge of all the true facts of the case and allow rent controls in Seattle to discontinue Sept. 30, 1952

Sincerelly wours

herbert M. Reichert

Past Chairman of Seattle Professi nal Engineering Employees Association Member of the Seattle Municipal League Member of the Boeing Supervisors Club Member of the Seattle Apt. House Operators

Mr. David Levine, Councilman City of Seattle Seattle 4, Washington

Dear Mr. Levine:

I am writing to urge that Rent Control be allowed to expire on September 30th.

The continuance of control has without doubt, in my opinion, been to a great extent responsible for the tightness of the home rental market. It has forced the sale of houses that would otherwise have been rented, not only because of the fact that rents have been held down, but also because of the extreme difficulty, under control, to negotiate a rent or even to find out what the "legal" maximum rent would be.

Experience in cities which have been decontrolled has proved the desirability of getting rid of rent control. In some instances, such as Tacoma, the result has been a very competitive rental market. Rents there are very "soft" and there are numerous vacancies available at practically all rental rates.

It is also my firm conviction that there will be no material increase in rents here if rents are decontrolled.

I hope you will support the program to allow rent control to end on September 30th.

Sincerely yours,

Kenneth J. Morford 1226 - 39th North





- o FIRE
- o AUTO
- · CASUALTY
- . FIDELITY & SURETY

BROADWAY NO. CAPITOL 8100

SEATTLE 2

SEATTLE 2

- REAL ESTATE
- . PROPERTY MANAGEMENT
- CONTRACT COLLECTIONS
- APPRAISALS

August 22, 1952

Mr. David Levine City Councilman County City Building Seattle, Washington

Dear Sir:

As you know for the past ten years I have been very close to the entire housing picture, including the control of properties by those other than the rightful owners. For some time I have been firmly convinced that the Government, through it's congress, should take steps to return the rental properties to the people who own them. Under prolonged controls all the people have suffered because of one ridiculous decision after another on the part of Federal Government Officials in charge of this political war-time baby.

For the past twelve to eighteen months our office has had available, rantal housing at fair prices, at all times. Manytimes we have had twelve to fifteen units available from the very inexpensive apartments and up. As a Real Estate Broker, I have had an opportunity to watch at first hand, the change during this period among the renters, and I find that renters today are shoppers and are actually shopping for better rentals in so far as a rental market is concerned. This, of course, is as it should be and we all know that America can do a better job without the strangulation of needless Government controls.

If you find time and would care to, I would be only to glad to discuss any phases of this problem with you. I again urge you to do all in your power to defeat any attempt to breath life in to this dying political var-time baby. We can all do our part today in helping to stop this drift covards socialism.

Tours truly,

YOUR PROTECTION IS OUR PROFESSION

Trining J/1f

3332 - both S. W.

Seattle City Council County City Building

Honorable Councilman David Levine

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bincerely y urs,

Herbert M. Reichert

Fast Chairman of Seattle Professional Engineering Employees Association Member of the Scattle Municipal League Komber of the Bueing Supervisors Club Member of the Seattle Apt. House Operators

建筑数位设置

Seattle City Council County-City Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Re: Opposition to Resolution for Local Continuance of Rent Control

There are over eight million owners and operators of small independent rental properties in the United States. All of these people represent the highest type of American citizenship. All of them pay real estate taxes. They have sacrificed more for the welfare of their country during the last 11 years than any other class of our citizens. While others have been making fair profits, their returns have been limited, almost to the vanishing point. Their own individuel labor has gone into their business of service to their tenants. There are many kinds of business rendering various that of service to people. Some provide food, others service through transportation, others through entertainment, and others various other things and requirements. No other service business has been treated so unjustly as those rendering housing service to tenants.

Under the old feudal system of land tenure prevelont in England centuries ago, vast domains were deeded by the King to his overloads, and they, in turn, to their lords of the land, or lord of the manor. People on these tracts of land were called serfs and they went with the land. Because of the practices of those days, the term "landload" acquired an ugly and sinister meaning which has been handed down from that day to the present and this prejudice has been wrongfully stirred up against those who merely hear the legal name of "landload".

The landlord of today is usually a man who, by hard work and thrift, has saved a sufficient amount of money to make a down payment on a piece of income property. A bank or mortgage company usually owns the larger equity in the property and he is nothing more than a "glorified janitor", who works hard, for a small return on his investment and on his labor, rendering service to his tenants. He received no medals for his sacrifices in the war and no commendations, except from individual tenants who appreciate the comforts and quiet enjoyment to them of the service he has rendered. He is a man who not only has received a small return but who has sent his own sons to war, and 'e may be a disabled veteran who has been to war himself. Or the lar lord may be a widow who has placed the community returns of a lifetime is to one of these small multiple rental units in order to bring up her family or keep off the welfare rolls.

In these days of huge monopolies of almost everything, it is refreshing to find eight million independent businesses operating in the old-fashioned American vay. Such small independent operation should be encouraged. They have sought no subsidy from the government, as many other businesses have done. They have borne their losses alone. All they now ask is the right to own and operate their own property, free from bureaucratic controls. Perhaps this very fact of individuality is the weakness that has caused them to fall proy to the organized minorities and to the unfair and unjust confiscation of the control of their properties and of the usual returns awarded those in free enterprise and in competitive business.

It must be considered that such control in normal times is absolutely unconstitutional and that private property cannot be taken for private use at all, nor can it be taken for public use except upon payment of just compensation. "earld wer 2 has been over for

seven years. Most all other centrels were relinquished, but rent control has remained with us for 11 long years. The meat trust has tripled the cost of meat. The price of coffee was more than doubled over night. Our transit system fares have doubled. The cost to the landlord of maintenance and labor have doubled. All around him, the free enterprise system has prevailed, but he has had to carry on, paying all these prices, under the heel of rent control. (See American Legion magazine for September, 1952, page 20, "Is Our Constitution Doomed?)

The Question at Hand

The simple question to be decided is, - Should the owners and operators of a small percentage of rental units which have borne the burden of rent controls over a period of some 11 years, be compelled to continue under that burden, in spite of the fact that the Congress of the United States has freed them? This simple question can be decided by the consideration of a few indisputable facts.

- 1. All new housing built after 1947, all apartment hotels, such as the Exeter, Gamlin and Cornelius, all motels, all conversions and all luxury apartments are not under rent control. They represent more than one-half of all the rental properties in Scattle. Therefore a majority of income properties have already been decontrolled and it is an unfair discrimination against a few remaining properties, to impose controls upon them. There are no controls on hotels or hotel rentals. There never has been any control on office or commercial buildings. The only ones controlled are the small operators, the little fellows, the widows and those who have a small investment in income units, usually averaging less than 9 units each.
- 2. The policy of our Federal Congress has been stated several times in rent control laws, over a period of years. As stated in Chapter 163, Public Law 129, being the Housing Act of 1947, Title 2, Section 201,

"(a) - The Congress reaffirms the declaration in the Price Control Extension Act of 1946, that unnecessary or unduly prolonged controls over rents would be inconsistent with the return to a peacetime economy and would tend to prevent the attainment of goals therein declared.

(b) - The Congress, therefore, declares that it is its purpose to terminate at the earliest practicable date all federal restrictions on rents of housing accommodations.

In accordance with the above policy, the Congress has declared that rent controls come to an end on September 30, 1952. Seattle is not a critical defense housing area. If it is, it can only be so declared by the federal government. This entire law has been a federal matter, not a state law nor a local law. There is no good reason for the City Council to keep rent controls on the City of Seattle alone, and there is every good reason why the federal law should be allowed to take its own course. There are no rent controls in Tacoma, Spokane, Fortland or Los Angelia and as a result there is no shortage of units for rental. To import rent control there, would be to handicap these businesses of this city and cause here undue hardship in the face of high prices for everything to all the rest of the nation. Local taxes have been raised tremendously in the last year. According to the report of the King County Rent Advisory heard there is a percentage of vacancy in this city, which

of course means that there is no shortage, regardless of whether that percentage of vecency is large or small. The City of Seattle has not imposed any price controls at all and it is no time to begin during this period of high wages and employment.

- 3. A great hue and cry is set up by the leaders of a few organizations, seeking a policy that they themselves are not following. Many war workers for one ple, have come here during a period of high employment. Both the husband and wife are employed at high wages. They do not occupy the choice rental centrolled property. They live in 608 type housing, at quite high prices. Those who have held rent controlled housing, have been in these apartments for many years. They do not intend to give them up until rent controls end. Hundreds of these properties, ranging from 4 to 6 rooms, are occupied by one person alone because of rent controls. The Disabled American veterans, (of which I am a life member), have received several cost of living increases in their compensation, which has doubled since the war. Most of them are working at good wages, some of them on civil service jobs under preference ratings. Some of them are in business for themselves. They profess to believe in the American free enterprise system, and they do not wish to receive any benefit at the expense of any other individual.
- 4. There is no reason for lining up one class of citizen against another. There is no reason for saying to the landlord and tenant, "Lets you and him fight". Many tenants are themselves landlords. Most of them run businesses. They expect the landlord to receive a fair return on his investment and on his labor. Often the tenant is far better off than the landlord. But there is one thing upon which both the landlord and tenant agree. The landlord thing upon which both the landlord and tenant agree. The landlord that to which Americans are entitled. We live in a great prosperous country where over sixty million of our people are employed and centitled to the good things of life. It is unfair to the tenant as entitled to the good things of life. It is unfair to the tenant as unlighted hells, where the rugs have been worn through dingy unlighted hells, where the rugs have been worn through. Of patched over, to an apartment that has not been renovated for years, and cook on a stove that is over 90 years old. The tenants are entitled to all the good modern facilities. Under rent control they must to all the good modern facilities. Under rent control they must be allowed their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartments or live in conditions that are distasterenovate their own apartment of living is limited to some extent, as it is, tenants should be allowed to make arrangements for the things to which they are entitled, to reise their st
 - ontitled to a fair return on their investment and a fair return for their labor. They are entitled to keep their properties up in a good condition of repair and to prevent depreciation and also to provide for emergency expenditures, such as for a new furnace, a new roof, new carpeting, New Stoves in the kitchens, new dayenport sets, etc.
 - be restored to the American right of ownership of their own property;

free from bureaucratic control. The rental prices and the rent control feature of the law is only one item. The U.S.News and World Report of August 15th, 1952, page 7, published by David Lawrence, states:

"Apartment rents are as likely to decline as to rise. Concessions often can be had now".

What the landlord desires is the right to manage and operate his property in a business-like way, according to his own methods and based on his own experiences and for the benefit of both himself and his tenants, even though it should result in less returns. It would be wrong and unjust to impose rent controls on a small percentage of our citizens especially when a majority in the rental business are free from control.

Respectfully submitted,

RIBUELL H. PLUETT

MCKAY APARTMENT HOTEL 7051 PIKE STREET SEATTLE 1, WASHINGTON

August 20, 1952

Er. David Levine City Councilman County-City Building Seattle, Washington

My dear Mr. Levine,

I read in the papers where our city council unanimously decided not to postpone the decontrol hearing scheduled for August 25, as to give everybody a chance to be heard. Ferhaps it is a just decision. It is the American way.

However, the American way is to give justice to all, even when a minority is involved. In a letter that I wrote you some time ago I pointed out all the injustices that the local O.R.S. has heaped upon the small property owner. Today only a small percentage of rental units are controlled as all the hotels and big apartment hotels have been decontrolled long ago. It is the small fellow who worked in the factories, the mines, the farms and saved a little woney and invested it either in 2 duplex or a small apartment house to make a living. A lot of these people were union people and a lot of them still are: One of them is me; I belonged to the United kine workers for many years, besides being a wer vetran and worked hard to save, which I invested in the backey Apartment Hotel.

A lot of these people have lost all their life earnings or were compelled to sell at a loss because the twenty percent increase they received since 1940 was too small to cope with the high cost of decorating material, furniture, labor, etc. Today in Seattle with some 165,000 living units we have only some 30,000 controlled units. A small percentage. Se take is practically the only city on the Pacific Coast which has rent controls. Gan I ask why?

When recently the Apartment Association surveyed the city of Seattle I was the captain of Postal zone number one and personally canvassed a large section of it, and actually I was astonished at the amount of vacancies I found. I found good hotels that were willing to take in permenants either on a weekly or monthly basis for less than \$8 or \$10 a week. A hotel near Fike and 11th, out of 108 units had over seventy vacancies. One on Westlake, out of 120 units had over 80 vacancies. Still on my sheets I put only about \$\frac{1}{2}\$ of this on the amount of rooms that were renting on weekly or monthly basis during wer times.

REASONABLE RATES
DAILY, WEEKLY OR MONTHLY
PRIVATE BATH AND KITCHENETTE
IN EVERY UNIT

MCKAY APARTMENT HOTEL 705; PIKE STREET SEATTLE 1, WASHINGTON

With so many vacancies would the Apartment Operator dare to raise the rents too much? He will not dare to do so or he would find himself on the same plight some of the hotels are in Seattle today.

Here at the McKey Apartment Hotel I have over 30 units that are renting way below the ceiling price. But I have some twenty units that I get depression rates on them. Let me examplify. For instance unit number hold is renting for \$12.00 per month for two people. It has private tile bath, a fine kitchen, living room with hardwood floors, and well furnished. But number hos which is next to it and not as good an apartment, the ceiling price is \$80.80 per month and number hos still a much worse apartment, the ceiling price is about \$38 per month. Don't you think that is rather silly? And this is no exceptional condition in the City of Seattle. It is rather the general condition. I can write a whole book on this un-American practice of the O.A.S. but I believe I said enough to ellucidate the housing condition of Seattle.

However if the City Council is willing to appoint a man to make a joint survey either a sample or a general one I can prove it in a few hours, today there is plenty of available housing in Seattle and therefore no danger of units going up, Decontroled, it will simply equalize rents.

As to there being a housing shortage in Seattle--It is a myth!

With due regards,

Evans & Collean