# Construction and Demolition Waste Recycling Ordinance

Libraries, Utilities and Center City
Council Committee
December 4, 2012



#### **Council Bill 117657 Overview**

- Phased <u>Disposal Bans</u> for Targeted
   C&D waste materials in 2014 and 2015
- Facility Certification for C&D waste processors in 2014
- Reporting Requirements for all construction and demolition projects requiring a permit in 2014



# Construction and Demolition Debris Universe

- Usually handled separately from municipal solid waste (MSW)
- Most delivered to private transfer stations and recycling facilities not under City service contracts
- City policies and programs for C&D waste not included in City MSW recycling goals and programs



# **C&D Destination (Tons per Year)**

Destination	2007	2009	2011
Landfill (includes landfill cover and waste stabilizer)	415,800	288,550	296,900
Recycled	204,900	162,700	178,700
Beneficial Use (wood processed into boiler fuel)	9,700	10,400	8,800
Diversion	<u>52%</u>	<u>60%</u>	<u>63%</u>
* The data does not include self-haul C&D materials to the City transfer stations			



## **2011 Material Diversion Levels (Tons)**

C&D Materials	Landfill	Recycle	Beneficial Use	Total	Diversion
Concrete*	8,088	147,839	0	155,927	95%
Clean Wood**	21,889	6,911	8,752	37,552	42%
Clean Gypsum**	4,044	16,033	0	20,077	80%
Demo Gypsum	18,670	0	0	18,670	0%
<b>Treated Wood</b>	13,202	1,123	0	14,325	8%
Roofing**	13,060	228	0	13,288	2%
Metals**	3,831	5,667	0	9,498	60%
Sand & Soil	5,325	0	0	5,325	0%
Hazardous	4,618	0	0	4,618	0%
Other C&D **	16,705	915	0	17,620	5%

<sup>\*</sup>Concrete banned from disposal in 2012



<sup>\*\*</sup> Clean Wood, gypsum, roofing, metals, cardboard, carpet, plastic film wrap targeted in proposed ordinance

### **C&D Waste Policy Development**

- 2007 Council Zero Waste Initiatives
- Recycling Potential Assessment Options
- 2012 Disposal Bans effective on Asphalt Paving, Brick and Concrete
- 2013 Seattle Solid Waste Plan 70% recycling goal for C&D waste based on RPA
- Legislation reflects elements from the Plan
- 2013 DPD Building Code Amendments to include waste diversion plan and salvage assessment



## Stakeholder Input

- Extensive stakeholder work in 2010 2012
   (see attached handout)
- Modified policy and legislation details based on input from construction trades, haulers and processors
- Stakeholder agreement on current proposed approach



# Proposed Legislation – Phased Landfill Disposal Bans (2012-2016)

Material	1/1/12	1/1/13	1/1/14	1/1/15	1/1/16
Asphalt Paving	Educate	Enforce			
<b>Bricks &amp; Concrete</b>	Educate	Enforce			
Metal & Cardboard			Educate	Enforce	
Carpet			Educate	Enforce	
Plastic Film Wrap			Educate	Enforce	
New Gypsum Scrap			Educate	Enforce	
Clean Wood				Educate	Enforce
Asphalt Roofing				Educate	Enforce



#### **Proposed Disposal Bans**

- Schedule reflects <u>revised timeline</u> from Council and 2013 SPU budget cuts
- Bans effective for <u>a year prior to any fines</u> for noncompliance
- <u>Civil infractions</u> for non-compliance on generators in 2<sup>nd</sup> year of a ban
- Administrative Rulemaking option for delaying schedule <u>if markets not available</u>



### **Facility Certification**

- January 2014 SPU to publish qualified facility list
- 2013 Administrative Rulemaking
   Criteria to include
- > Compliance with regulations
- Quarterly reporting to SPU
- Sampling of residuals for materials banned from landfill disposal
- Achievement of minimum recycling levels by type may be proposed



# Diversion Report Requirement for Building Permit Applicants

- As of January 2014 all projects submit an electronic Waste Diversion Report to DPD within 60 days of Final Inspection
- Documents tonnage and destination of materials
- Easiest path to compliance with disposal bans is through using qualified facilities
- Periodic audits may be conducted by SPU of reports
- January 2015 civil penalty may be assessed for failure to report or comply with disposal bans

